"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, continued cool today and Friday; strong northwesterly winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

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ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Elsewhere N. Y. State, N. J., Conn. | THREE CENTS Other States.

PRESIDENT CALLS CONFEREES, URGES PRESS CENSORSHIP

Tells Senators Government Should Have Immediate Power Over Publications.

CONFEREES STILL APART

House and Senate Representatives Discuss Problem Two Hours Without Result.

SEEKING A COMPROMISE

Provision Affecting Only Military Movements Proposed to Conferees as a Basis.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—After a conference with President Wilson at the White House today, Senators Overman, Fletcher, and Nelson, the Senate conferees on the Espionage bill, went into conference with the House conferees in an attempt to agree upon some form of press censorship legislation that might pass both houses.

The three Senators were urged by the President to see if the Senate and House could not come to some agreement on censorship without delay. He did not urge any drastic censorship, but said a mild form, at least, was essential.

The Senate and House conferees threshed out the censorship problem for nearly two hours without coming to any point. After the conference, Senator Overman said they were no nearer agreement, and that he did not know what legislation might be formulated that would have any fair prospect of being passed.

As an outcome of the conference, however, the Senate conferees came to a tentative understanding that a bill might be introduced in the Senate following the lines of the Cummins-Thomas amendment to the Espionage bill. This amendment, which was defeated in the Senate 48 to 34 last week, provides:

In time of war the President is hereby authorized to prescribe and promulgate rules and regulations for the purpose of preventing the disclosure to the public, and thereby to the enemy, of information with respect to the movement, numbers, description, and disposition of any of the armed forces of the United States in naval or military operations, or with respect to any works intended for the fortification or defense of any place; and whoever, in time of war, shall wilfully violate any such rule or regulation shall be punished by a fine of not more than $10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or restrict, nor shall any regulation herein provided for limit or restrict, any discussion, comment, or criticism of the acts or policies of the Government or its representatives or the publication of the same.

The Only Possible Chance.

The Senate conferees came to no positive agreement to introduce a bill embracing the Cummins-Thomas features. They merely came to an opinion that it was the only kind of legislation, so far as they could see, that would have any chance of being passed. They realized that the Senate's having put itself on record against censorship, it would be difficult to get any measure accepted, no matter how mild. They knew that any censorship measure coming to the Senate again would be vigorously fought.

The House conferees expressed themselves as unalterably opposed to reintroducing any measure. They considered a bill with the Cummins-Thomas features, but discarded the idea as certain to be combated in the House. The joint conference is to meet again on Friday and attempt to come to some agreement.

President Wilson had his conference with the Senate conferees early in the day. He talked to them of what he called the imperative necessity that a censorship be established to prevent information of the movement of American ships and other war moves being conveyed to the enemy. The President spoke of the American expeditions that were to start for Europe—notably the Pershing expedition—and said it was vital to the secret conduct of military operations that no hint of such activity get to Germany.

The President impressed the Senators that he had confidence, as he wrote to Congressman Webb, that the majority of the newspapers in the United States would observe a "patriotic reticence" concerning anything that might be of use to the enemy, but there were, he regretted, some other newspapers that might not observe the same reticence. What he wanted, he said, was a mild form of censorship that would impose more than a moral obligation upon any newspapers that might tend to print news by which the enemy might profit.

Senator Overman told the President it was extremely doubtful if any censorship legislation could be passed. The President urged that the three conferees talk the matter over with the House conferees to ascertain if some compromise could not be arranged.

Urged Immediate Action.

The Executive wanted Congress to know, he said, that censorship legislation was needed at once. It ought to be put into effect before ships sailed for Europe with American forces. Military secrets that might be of vast importance to the enemy might now be communicated at any time, he said.

The Senators assured the President they would do what they could to come to a compromise with the House con-

Continued on Page 2.

American Ambulance Men Cited for Bravery by French

PARIS, May 23.—Seven members of Section 3 of the American Field Ambulance, which has been in the Balkans since October, are cited in Army Orders today. The men named are Donald C. Armour of Evanston, Ill.; A. Graham Carey of Cambridge, Mass.; Daniel Sargent of Wellesley, Mass.; Charles Baird of New York, Frank L. Baylies of New Bedford, Mass., and Cornelius Winant of New York. Armour is from Yale and Winant from Princeton. The others are Harvard men. Lovering Hill, a Harvard man, who has commanded the section for two years, is cited in the order for the fourth time.

The citations mention gallant work performed by the men named in picking up and saving wounded men around Monastir under the heaviest of shelling. Hill's work at Hartmannsweilerkopf and Verdun also is mentioned.

WILSON EXPLAINS RED CROSS SPEECH

Corrects Impression That He Said We Had No Grievance Against Germany.

WEST MISLED, SAYS LEWIS

Senator Thinks President Is Unfortunate in Speaking Without His MS.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Representative Pou, Chairman of the House Committee on Rules, made public tonight a letter received from the President regarding Mr. Wilson's speech before the Red Cross Society on May 12. The statement of Mr. Pou, containing a copy of the President's letter, is as follows:

"Mr. Pou wrote the President on May 19, saying that there was some misunderstanding of part of the President's Red Cross speech delivered before the American Red Cross Society in Washington City on May 12, 1917. The following is a copy of the reply he received this morning:

21 May, 1917.

My Dear Mr. Pou:

Certainly no apology was necessary for your letter of May 19. It was an act of friendship on your part to write it and of loyalty also to the great cause we are engaged in.

Your interpretation of my message I supposed would be the interpretation everybody would give it. I meant just what you say, that our grievance, "while entirely sufficient, was the same as that of other neutral nations," perhaps aggravated by the fact that Germany had made us special promises which she had grossly ignored.

I would be very much obliged to you for any steps you might take to correct this damaging and erroneous, and, I must believe, insincere, interpretation of my address to the Red Cross. Cordially and sincerely yours,

WOODROW WILSON.

Senator J. Hamilton Lewis of Illinois, Democratic whip of the Senate, in a speech in the Senate today, went to the defense of President Wilson in the misunderstanding that has arisen over the Red Cross speech.

Senator Lewis read to the Senate a circular letter spread broadcast in Illinois in which the utterance attributed to the President—and which the Executive repudiated in his letter of yesterday to Representative Heflin—was quoted as an argument against the nation responding to the call to subscribe to the Liberty Loan.

The circular letter adverted to the trip of Secretary McAdoo through the West to stimulate interest in the Liberty Loan bonds. It asked, cynically, whether the Secretary was wasting time and whether he was too optimistic to expect people to buy Liberty Loan bonds so as to wage a war against a country against which America had "no grievance." The circular asked if the country could be expected to grow enthused over drastic food legislation, conscription and other war measures, if there was nothing for which to fight.

"This, to my thinking," said Senator Lewis, after reading the circular, "is a reflection of a sentiment that prevails too generally in the West. I regret that there has been a complete misapprehension as to what the President said. If the West, for which I speak in part, believes we have no grievance and believes the President said we had no grievance, there will be a great difficulty on the part of the Secretary of the Treasury or any official of the Government to either obtain the fund from out of the West or the sons of the West to fight the war.

"It seems to me—and I trust this observation that I am making will not be indelicate—that the President of the United States is rather unfortunate when he speaks without his manuscript. He seems to have been misrepresented or wholly misunderstood at Indianapolis. His speech concerning the co-operation of the Senate in what he referred to as teamwork was held up before this country as an assertion by the President of a direct dictatorship of Congress, an assertion that we should have obeyed the direction of a Captain without regard to the merits of the conflict or the virtue of the undertaking.

"This misunderstanding of the President's Indianapolis address called forth many explanations from many sources. It was a long time before a correct interpretation of it was accepted by the country. Again, when the President spoke at Philadelphia to an assemblage of the new citizens, the expression being used of a nation 'too proud to fight,' we were for a long time confronted with the accusation that the President had told the world that America was too proud to resent a grievance or to redress a wrong.

"Surely no such thing was ever intended. To make brave and bold upon this floor to set forth that the expression was an adaptation of a very ancient passage that had been used by Chatham in the English Parliament and by Charles Sumner on this floor in his defense of Lincoln touching the Geneva award, and that this misapprehension and misinterpretation had caused the President to be misrepresented and the country to be misunderstood.

"In the West, if these circulars referred to had been generally distrib-

Continued on Page 2.

Investor's Blue Book, valuable, sent free. New York Evening Post.—Advt.

ONE MAN TO BUY ALL WAR SUPPLIES FOR SIX NATIONS

Allies Agree with America to Centre Purchases in a Single Bureau at Washington.

UNDER A SUPREME HEAD

Gigantic Enterprise Will Involve an Annual Outlay of $10,000,000,000.

CALLS FOR ARMY OF EXPERTS

Munitions, Food, Clothing, &c., Each to be Under Direction of a Skilled Sub-Chief.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—A program under which the American Government would pool its purchasing, for the sake of attaining maximum efficiency, with that of all the Allies, construct a buying machine into which hundreds of experts in many lines would fit as cogwheels, and place one man in charge of the whole gigantic enterprise is under consideration and fast assuming definite outline.

This man would be the world's superbuyer. Into his hands the nations at war with Germany would place approximately $10,000,000,000 a year, a store of money exceeding the fabled treasures of the ancient Incas and with no parallel in modern history.

So far has the program progressed that the officials intrusted with its execution already have a definite idea as to whom they will choose. While no final decision has been reached as to whether one man or a small commission shall be chosen, indications are that it will be one man, and that his selection will be announced within the next fortnight.

Great Britain, France, Russia, Italy, Japan, Belgium—virtually all the nations linked with America in the war against Prussian autocracy—have agreed to the essentials of the scheme, and will sign an agreement making it effective as soon as the tremendous amount of detail involved can be adjusted. At present the program hinges on the extent to which the United States will participate in the pooling arrangement. Plans are being formulated under which the needs of the American Army and Navy would be placed in the hands of the commission. Heretofore the navy has been supplied by its own buyers, and the army, similarly, has bought everything it requires from brass buttons to heavy artillery through contracts placed by the War Department.

$3,500,000,000 a Year for Us.

The army and navy, experts estimate, will spend approximately $3,500,000,000 during the first year of war. The Allies will spend approximately $6,000,000,000 a year, more if American credit and American producers can make it possible for them to spend more. To eliminate duplication of effort and competitive bidding, it is proposed to bring all these vast purchases under the direction of a single organization. To do this, the War Department and the Navy Department would have to surrender, in theory—but not in fact, officials say—a part of their purchasing prerogatives. The theory advanced by officials favoring the change is that greater efficiency and larger purchasing power of the money thus expended would result, in addition to elimination of any element of competition.

The mechanism of the organization would consist primarily of a directing head and subdivisions or bureaus, each in charge of purchases of certain commodities. As advisers, the organization probably would consult financial and other experts familiar with every line of industrial and commercial activity.

The bureau in charge of food purchases would rank among the most important of the subdivisions. Present plans call for placing responsibility for all such purchases in the hands of a man known the world over for his ability along this line. To him would fall the task of co-ordinating the requisitions of the world upon America's larder, or distributing American food equitably among the Allies and of keeping such close check upon production and outgo that there would be no shortage of necessities among the American people themselves. To assist this bureau head there would be an army of expert buyers familiar with American markets and selected for their ability.

Bureau for Munitions.

Equally important would be the Munitions Bureau. To this subdivision would fall the work of co-ordinating the Allies' demands for munitions and the demands of the United States Army and Navy. Experts from the army and navy probably would play an important part in the work of this bureau. They would be assisted by a large field force to keep a close record of output, producing ability of American munitions plants and the needs of American military and naval establishments which, of course, would take precedence over the needs of the Allies.

The world's greatest clothing buyer would have charge of another subdivision of the organization; a separate bureau probably would be devoted to the purchase of coal and oil for fuel; another to railway equipment, and others to many other groups of the things needed by the nation at war.

Much of the labor at present being done by the Allies' organizations and the Council of National Defense would pass automatically to the control of the purchasing commission. Officials re-

Continued on Page 3.

Our Destroyers Help to Cut U-Boats' Toll; 18 Vessels Above 1,600 Tons Sunk Last Week

LONDON, May 23.—The weekly statement of the Admiralty giving the number of ships sunk last week is as follows:

Arrivals, all nationalities, 2,664.
Sailings, 2,750.
British merchantmen of 1,000 tons or over, sunk by mine or submarine, 18; under 1,600 tons, 9.
British merchantmen unsuccessfully attacked, 9
British fishing vessels sunk, 3.

These figures show the allied navies are keeping up the good work of the previous fortnight, (last week's total of vessels over 1,600 was the same as the week before, and the total of vessels below 1,000 tons was only four more than the previous week,) and the American unit, although still a small one, shares the credit for excellent work. Not only are the sinkings being kept at a fairly low figure, but the offensive against U-boats also continues to show favorable results.

The results of the naval work in the last two weeks are regarded as really indicating an important victory over the Germans. There has been a constant improvement in the methods of the Allies in opposing and suppressing U-boat activity, and these methods have become more and more successful with longer days and finer weather and increasing familiarity on the part of the skippers of merchantmen with the methods of naval control. An Admiralty official, speaking to The Associated Press, said:

"The American destroyers are playing no small part in the anti-submarine war, and our officers have expressed the greatest enthusiasm at the spirit, enterprise, acumen, and quick-wittedness with which the American unit has taken up its work.

"The Americans are already thoroughly conversant with our methods, and we hope that they soon will begin teaching us some new angles. Of course, there is little to be said to the public regarding the methods. But thus far we are working on the principle that there is no royal road to success against U-boats. Hard work and infinite pains is our recipe. It is the old American doctrine of keeping everlastingly at it."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—The German authorities once again have postponed the date upon which they were to announce to their people that England would be starved out by unrestricted submarine warfare. First it was April 1, then it was June 1, and now it is postponed to Oct. 1. With a few more such postponements, it is thought here, even the most optimistic Germans may feel it imperative to revise their opinion as to the United States being unable to render efficient assistance before England is brought to its knees.

The atmosphere at the British Admiralty today was suffused with cheerfulness over the submarine situation. The figures of the destruction last week are quite good. A high official said that the improvement was not only marked, but also was likely to increase. The American destroyers are doing their full share in the good work, and the bluejackets on leave are very popular with the civil population.

No royal remedy for the U-boat peril has yet been discovered, and the reduced losses are due to the improvements of the many existing devices and the systematic employment of them.

The Admiralty is fully aware that it must prepare to meet feverish efforts on the part of Germany, whose one desire is to prevent another Winter campaign. Officials here would not be surprised at a peace move shortly on the part of leaders of German commerce like Herr Ballin.

It is noted with interest that Reventlow, the mouthpiece of the German military party, recently, in discussing peace terms, spoke of the necessity of considering in the negotiations such humdrum commercial matters as the shipping of raw materials. This is considered here as evidence that even the extreme militarists are obliged to listen to the anxieties of the commercial leaders.

U. S. STEEL ENTERS SHIPBUILDING FIELD

Buys 60 Acres on Newark Bay Through Its Subsidiary, the American Bridge Company.

PLANS RAPID CONSTRUCTION

Standardized Boats from 5,000 to 8,000 Tons Will Probably Be Turned Out.

The United States Steel Corporation is preparing to enter the shipbuilding field on a large scale through its subsidiary, the American Bridge Company. Sixty acres of land have been bought in the Hackensack Meadows, on Newark Bay, in a locality where comparatively little dredging will be required to get sufficient depth of water for large freight ships to make their way out through Staten Island Sound to the sea. The plans of the corporation have not been worked out, but in the steel trade it is understood that the management is contemplating the rapid construction of standardized cargo boats running from 5,000 to 8,000 tons dead weight.

When E. H. Gary, Chairman of the corporation, was asked yesterday about rumors in the trade that a site had been bought for a shipyard, he said:

"The American Bridge Company has secured acreage in the Meadows. Plans in respect to development have not been completed."

Judge Gary said on Tuesday, in discussing the suit before the Supreme Court to dissolve the corporation, that facilities were being increased as rapidly as possible to handle Government work. It is supposed that he has in mind, as one element, the contemplated steps to increase ocean tonnage by means of the bridge company's undertaking. Dispatches from Washington last Saturday stated that a bridge company would be ready in six months to turn out a 5,000 ton ship a day, and this is supposed to refer to the American Bridge Company's prospects, although Steel Corporation men have refrained from discussing the report.

The American Bridge Company has had two years' experience in making and fabricating materials for standardized ships. Early in the war Charles P. M. Jack, head of the Chester Shipbuilding Company, at Chester, Penn., went to the bridge company's officers with a project for building steel freight carrying boats. Mr. Jack's plan provided for the rolling and fabricating of the plates, beams, structural forms, &c., in accordance with specifications to be furnished the bridge concern by the shipyard. The steel was to be made ready in so complete a fashion that the men at the shipyard would have little to do except bolt the parts together.

The bridge company and the Chester Shipbuilding management worked out the details, and six months ago the first ship took to the water. The launching was attended by officers and employes of the bridge company and the inspection made then of the completed vessel and others on the ways proved the undertaking a success. The Chester yard has increased its facilities until a dozen or more ships can be constructed at the same time, and the bridge company has engaged to furnish the complete parts of the ships under a contract running, it is understood, until well into 1918.

The American Bridge Company has been building steel barges at its Pittsburgh plant for several years, but this is the first approach of any of the subsidiary concerns of the Steel Corporation has made to ship construction. The company owns twelve open hearth furnaces, four rolling mills, and sixteen bridge and structural steel plants. It is expected that the bulk of the steel to be used in the new undertaking will be fabricated at the plants in Trenton, N. J.; Pencoyd and Ambridge, Penn. The structural and fabricating works at Trenton have been occupied only moderately for more than a year, and most of the equipment is available for the manufacture of ship material

GERMAN RADICALS MAY FACE TREASON CHARGES

Talk of Prosecuting Ledebour and Other Socialists for Fomenting Munition Strikes.

AMSTERDAM, May 23, (via London.)—Proceedings against some of the boldest and most prominent German Radicals on the charge of high treason is contemplated, the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin says. An investigation is under way of the participation in the meetings in Berlin in connection with the munition strike of Georg Ledebour, Herr Vogthern, Herr Buchner and Herr Wittmann, Independent Socialists. This inquiry is being made, the newspaper says, with a view to bringing proceedings similar to those brought against Adolph Hoffmann, Socialist member of the Prussian Diet, for treason.

Dr. Brush's Kumyss is a good drink from infancy to old age.—Advt.

MARCONI BRINGS ANTI-U-BOAT PLAN

Inventor of Wireless Here to Give Navy Department Result of His Researches.

SUCCESSFUL IN ADRIATIC

Thirty Submarines Destroyed There in a Month by His Method, It Is Said.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Important developments in the effort to solve the submarine problem are expected as a result of conferences to be held here between Navy Department officials and the Italian commission, of which William Marconi, inventor of the wireless, is a member.

Shortly after the commission arrived in Washington today there was a report that Mr. Marconi had made discoveries which promised definite results, and that he was anxious to have an exchange of views with the navy experts who are working on the problem. The inventor has spent much time in England, where he has taken up the matter with officials of the Admiralty.

That Mr. Marconi has a definite invention which may soon rid the seas of the submarines was not confirmed, however, and pending his visit to the Navy Department Mr. Marconi refused to make any statement. Official Washington showed a disposition to disregard the reports or at least to handle such topics as information which could not be made public at this time at least.

It was generally admitted, however, that one of the main features of the visit of the commissioners here would be the consideration of the fight on the submarines, and that Mr. Marconi was prepared to present to the Government the results of his inquiries along that line. The British and French navies, it is understood, are now profiting by the advice he has given about ways and means to foil subterfuges employed by the German submarine commanders to hide the location of their ships.

The report here included a statement that within the last month thirty submarines had been destroyed in Italian waters and that the genius of Marconi was responsible for this feat. A statement along similar lines, with the name of Marconi omitted, was given out for publication a short time ago by Italian representatives here. It was then stated that the Italian navy had succeeded in practically eliminating the Austrian submarines from the Adriatic and the destruction of thirteen submarines "within the last few weeks" was mentioned.

BRITISH STOP WORK ON EXPLOSIVES PLANT

Huge Factory Near Bristol Given Up on Account of Our Coming Into War.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 24.—The Government's decision that, "in view of the situation created by the entry of the United States into the war," it is no longer necessary to proceed with the erection of a large explosive factory near Bristol, has been almost the sole topic in Bristol and the surrounding districts for the last few days. The factory is of huge extent. Many thousands of laborers and other workers were engaged in the construction and hundreds of thousands of pounds were expended in the undertaking.

The order to abandon the work came, says The Daily Chronicle, toward the end of last week, and the result is an extraordinary state of affairs. Some contractors who received an official intimation of the decision promptly ceased the work of construction and in many cases proceeded to the work of demolition. Others, not having received similar instructions, proceeded blindly with the work. At one point a firm of contractors is proceeding steadily with the erection of a long row of buildings, at the other end of which a different firm is as industriously engaged in its demolition.

Over forty tenant farmers have taken off some of the best grazing land in West England to make room for the factory. Houses and barns were pulled down and everything cleared for building operations. Everything now, it seems, is to be replaced and the farmers are to be reinstated.

WARNS AMERICANS TO TAKE NO PART IN PEACE CONCLAVE

Lansing Denies Passports to Socialist Delegates to Stockholm Convention.

CITES SEVERE PENALTIES

Logan Act of 1799 Fixes Three Years in Prison and $5,000 Fine for Such Activities.

SOCIALISTS ARE INDIGNANT

Hillquit, Lee, and Berger Denounce State Department's Course as a Blunder.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Emphatic disapproval of the peace propaganda of European Socialists was expressed today by the American Government, which denied passports to American delegates to the Stockholm conference and issued a warning that any American taking part in the negotiations would be legally liable to severe punishment.

No formal announcement of purpose was issued, but officials explained that the Government's course would have the twofold effect of discrediting generally any peace moves by unauthorized persons and of condemning in particular the present Socialist agitation, regarded since its inception as inspired by Germany.

In making known the decision not to give passports to the American Socialists designated to take part in the Stockholm conference, Secretary Lansing cited the Logan act of 1799 as defining the punishments which might be expected by any American now in Stockholm or who might go there without a passport and participate in the peace discussions. Under this law unauthorized persons who directly or indirectly treat with foreign agents regarding controversies of the United States may be imprisoned for three years and fined $5,000.

The American delegates to the conference, authorized to represent the American Socialist Party over the protest of some of its foremost members, are Victor L. Berger of Milwaukee and Morris Hillquit and Algernon Lee of New York. They were selected by the party's Executive Committee after a notable group of Socialists, headed by Charles Edward Russell and William English Walling, had condemned the movement in a joint statement as "the most dangerous of all the Kaiser's plots."

Delegates Pro-German.

The same statement denounced Hillquit and Lee, who are Socialist writers, as radically pro-German. Berger, a native of Austria-Hungary, has been editor of several German language newspapers in Milwaukee, and in 1911 was elected as the first Socialist to sit in Congress.

American diplomatic agents abroad have kept a close watch on the Socialist movement and their reports are understood to show clearly that the plan for a conference at Stockholm had its origin in Germany, and has met with the active encouragement of the German Government. Passports already have been granted to German delegates, who will keep at the front of the negotiations the slogan of "no annexations," interpreted here as a cardinal feature of Germany's program for a truce to further consolidate a great Central European empire.

Russian Socialists also have selected delegates to the meeting, as a result, it is believed here, of German influence. It was in Russia that the proposal of "no annexations" first came into prominence, and it was taken up by the German Socialists, who have urged upon their Government an immediate declaration renouncing conquered territory in the East and West. Such proposals are regarded here as only a blind to end the war while Germany's expansion to the South is secure.

The Socialist Party of Great Britain has refused to send representatives to Stockholm, its Executive Committee declaring that such a conference "is of no real importance and can only bring ridicule on the Socialist cause."

Officials made it clear tonight that their decision should be regarded rather as a disapproval of the peace move than as a reflection upon sincerity of Socialists in this country. It was emphasized that great danger might result if unauthorized persons attempted at present to negotiate regarding peace with foreign agents who appear in reality to be the instruments of a cleverly directed German war move.

Origin of the Logan Act.

The so-called Logan act, under which Secretary Lansing pointed out that such attempts could be punished, was passed by Congress in 1799 after Dr. George Logan, a member of the Society of Friends and a leader in Pennsylvania politics, had made a tour of France on a self-constituted mission calculated to close the widening breach between the American and French Governments. At that time diplomatic relations between the two countries had been severed and there was every indication that war soon would follow.

The act reads:

Every citizen of the United States, whether actually resident or abiding within the same or in any foreign country, who without the permission or authority of the Government, directly or indirectly, commences or carries on any verbal or written correspondence or intercourse with any foreign Government or any officer or agent thereof with an intent to in-

Continued on Page 2.

Belgium Is Assured of Russian Support

HAVRE, May 23.—Baron Beyens, the Belgian Foreign Minister, today received a telegram from Michael Tereschtenko, the Russian Foreign Minister, in which he greeted Belgium, and declared:

"Russia will continue to pursue this war, not for the purpose of conquest or envy, but to assure all nations the right to shape their own affairs and to secure a peace guaranteeing against new attacks."

Baron Beyens sent this message in reply:

"Belgium, the victim of a most odious aggression and struggling for its existence, greets with joy the assurance Russia gives, through you, that she will pursue this war until the establishment of a peace guaranteeing against new attacks."

ROCKEFELLER GIFT OF $25,705,500

New Donation Makes Endowment of Foundation More Than $125,000,000.

$10,000,000 FOR WAR NEEDS

Trustees Set Aside Great Sum to Meet Present and Future Obligations.

The Rockefeller Foundation announced last night, through Dr. George E. Vincent, its newly appointed President, who assumed office on Monday, that John D. Rockefeller had made a gift of $25,765,506 to the Foundation on Feb. 23, which makes the total endowment more than $125,000,000.

Announcement was also made by Dr. Vincent that the Board of Trustees at a meeting yesterday voted to set aside $10,000,000 to meet present and future obligations arising out of the war. Should this money be entirely spent before the next meeting of the Board of Trustees on Jan. 8, 1918, an additional appropriation can be made on thirty days' notice. The Board of Trustees also voted yesterday to make the following gifts:

To the permanent endowment fund of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research	$2,000,000
To the School of Hygiene and Public Health of the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, to cover the 1916-1917 budget	70,200
To the Mobile Motor Hospital unit of the Medical School of Yale University	25,000

Discussing the gifts and the contemplated work of the foundation, Dr. Vincent said:

"The board found itself in the position after making its gifts that it was not possible to meet the present and future obligations arising out of the war without encroaching on the principal. It was, therefore, decided to set aside the $10,000,000 to meet the growing needs of the work which is being carried on.

"For example, the work of the Institute for Medical Research has developed so rapidly since the war, and the demands made upon it have increased to such an extent, that the annual expenditure has exceeded the income from the endowment. In order to give the institute its permanency and independence it seemed best to increase the endowment to $2,000,000."

Dr. Vincent said that the gift to the School of Hygiene and Public Health was made in order to permit the institution to assemble its Faculty and arrange the program preliminary to the opening for students in 1918. The Foundation gave the school $167,000 last June toward the building fund.

"The Foundation is particularly interested in the proposed mobile motor hospital of the Yale Medical School," Dr. Vincent said. "The total cost of the unit will be about $167,000, and this is a contribution toward the fund. The French have already developed this type of hospital with success, and so we are watching the American experiment with interest. Under the plan it is possible to set up 100 or 200 beds with a complete operating room and food kitchen close to the firing line in a very short time. The Government will maintain the Yale unit after it is once started."

Dr. Vincent paid a tribute to the Red Cross War Council, as reorganized, and promised a "liberal contribution" to the Red Cross in the near future. Speaking of the council, he said:

"There is very great grounds for satisfaction in the fact that President Wilson has appointed the Red Cross Council with such a men as Henry P. Davison at the head and Judge Lovett on a committee. The prospects for a thoroughly organized and comprehensive plan for dealing with the whole domestic problem as well as the medical and relief work in the allied countries is sure to command confidence. There is reason to believe that the Red Cross in the near future will offer the country an opportunity to support a statesmanlike program for dealing with war problems. The foundation has faith in the administration of the Red Cross and hopes to make a liberal contribution to the funds which the organization will ask of the American people."

Dr. Vincent announced the resignation of Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University, as a member of the board of the Foundation. Three new members were installed at yesterday's meeting. They were Charles Evans Hughes, Julius Rosenwald of Chicago, and Dr. Wallace Buttrick of New York. Dr. Vincent said that Dr. Eliot felt that he could not give the required attention to the work of the Foundation because of his many other activities.

The present members of the board are Simon Flexner, Frederick T. Gates, A. Barton Hepburn, Harry Pratt Judson, Charles Evans Hughes, Starr J.

Continued on Page 3.

Save $5.05 on Your New Panama. 3,000 expert Dealers subscribe Panamas, $3 values, at $2.95. SUNDAY, 25 Es. Willam St.—Advt.

WAR TAX MEASURE PASSED BY HOUSE; 329 AYES, 76 NOES

Opposition Comes Entirely from Republicans—Bill Levies $1,857,000,100 a Year.

ADVERTISING TAX CUT OUT

Reduction of Tax on Auto Factories Defeated—Express Impost Reduced.

PRESIDENT APPROVES BILL

Denial by Kitchin on His Authority That He Considers the Measure "Vicious."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The War Taxation bill, levying about $1,857,000,000 annually in direct taxes, passed the House late today 329 to 76, with four voting "Present." The opposition came entirely from Republicans. Representative Mann, the Republican leader, led an unsuccessful attempt to recommit the bill. He contended that the tax levy was too high and that a greater proportion of the expenses of the war should be met by bonds, with a gradual imposition of taxes.

The bill, as reported, was drawn to produce $1,810,000,000 in revenue. By adopting the Lenroot amendments, imposing higher surtaxes on all incomes above $40,000, the House added approximately $60,000,000 to that total. The House, however, eliminated the proposed tax on advertising, which reduced the total by $7,500,000, and reduced the tax on express shipments from 10 to 6 per cent. This is estimated to decrease the total by an additional $6,000,000.

Five rollcalls were taken before final approval was given to the bill. Mr. Mann's motion to recommit was defeated, 246 to 161. Some Democrats voted for this motion. The Democratic floor leader, Mr. Kitchin, made a fervent appeal for unanimous action.

Approved by the President.

As the debate closed Congressman Crisp of Georgia, a member of the Ways and Means Committee, asked Mr. Kitchin's opinion as to the truth of a story published in a North Carolina paper that the President was displeased with the House Revenue bill and regarded it as a "vicious" measure which would meet his veto if not materially modified by the Senate.

"My attention has been called to that article," said Mr. Kitchin, "and I have taken the matter up with the President. He authorizes me to say there is not the shadow of truth in that statement."

There is a general belief in legislative circles that the Senate will practically redraft the bill, with special scrutiny of the excess profits tax and the higher postage rates on newspapers and magazines.

Replying to Mr. Mann, Mr. Kitchin admitted there were inequities in the bill, adding: "What else can be expected in a wartime measure?"

"This Congress has voted for war," said Mr. Kitchin, who himself opposed the war resolution, "and we should show by our vote today that we all are willing to suffer hardships, that we are willing to go to any end for the quick and successful conclusion of this war, that peace may come to all mankind."

"I am afraid we are killing the goose that lays the golden eggs," said Mr. Mann in announcing that he would vote against the bill. "I do not believe that so great an amount should be raised by direct taxes at this time. We should meet a large part of the expenses of this war by bonds, passing tax bills as necessary from year to year, instead of levying in one bill nearly two billions in taxes."

Postal Substitute Retained.

On a roll call vote the House approved the substitute section offered last night by the Ways and Means Committee covering the increase postage rates on second class mail matter. These higher rates were approved, 256 to 150. In demanding a record vote Mr. Mann announced that if the committee substitute were rejected he would move to strike all reference to second class mail matter from the bill and leave the rates as they were at present.

The modified rates, as already announced, provide that the increases shall take effect in three stages, the minimum rates ranging from 1 1-6 to 1½ cents a pound for the first zone to 2 2-3 to 3 cents for the eighth zone.

The House voted 345 to 60 to retain the Lenroot amendments, increasing the surtaxes on all incomes above $40,000. A record vote defeated the Doremus amendment, approved in Committee of the Whole, for a lower tax on automobile factories. The Doremus amendment provided that the tax should not be levied against manufacturers making less than 8 per cent. upon capital invested. The House retained the original language of the bill, which assesses a 5 per cent. tax on the factory price of automobiles, trucks, motor cycles, and tires for the same. The vote against the Doremus amendment was 233 to 174.

On motion of Mr. Kitchin the House eliminated the proposed 5 per cent. tax on "advertising or advertising space other than in newspapers or periodicals." This tax would have applied principally to electric light, billboard, and street car advertisements. Mr. Kitchin said advertisers probably would be indirectly taxed by the higher postage rates on magazines and newspapers.

The House adopted an amendment offered by Mr. Fitzgerald of New York

providing that after Jan. 1, 1918, all persons, firms, corporations, and associations subject to the income, munitions, and excess profits tax shall remit for their taxes when returns are made. Under the existing law taxes may be paid within three months after the returns are made. Mr. Fitzgerald said this arrangement imposed needless bookkeeping upon the Treasury Department.

Increase of second class postage rates on advertising portions of publications is proposed in an amendment to the War Revenue bill introduced today by Senator Hardwick of Georgia. It would leave the present cent a pound rate on news sections of publications, but increase that of advertising sections to 3 cents a pound until July 1, 1918; 6 cents a pound until July 1, 1919, and 8 cents a pound thereafter.

REPORT TORPEDOING OF AN AMERICAN SHIP

Marine Men Hear That 8,000-Ton Vessel, Formerly German, Was Sunk in Mediterranean.

An unofficial report was circulated yesterday in shipping circles that an eight-thousand-ton steamship flying the American flag and formerly of German registry had been torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean.

Shipping men said that the only one of the German ships answering that description which had sailed from New York recently was the Tras Os Montes, formerly the Bulow, which was interned at Lisbon and later in the war was seized by the Portuguese Government.

The steamship left New York a month ago for Havre under charter to the French Government with a Portuguese crew and flew the flag of that nation. It was possible, shipping agents said, that she might have been loaded again at Havre for an Italian port; but she would not have been under the American flag.

The Tras Os Montes came to New York under charter to the Canadian Steamships, Ltd., to run on the passenger service between New York and Bermuda, but it was decided she was not needed on account of the falling off of traffic due to the war. She was a twin screw steamship built at Geestemunde in 1906 for the North German Lloyd passenger and freight service from Bremen via the Suez Canal to China and Japan, and was 402 feet 4 inches long, of 8,065 gross tonnage, 57 feet 6 inches beam, and 36 feet depth of hold.

DUTCH CRITIC DERIDES OUR AID TO THE ALLIES

Calls Promise of Pershing Division a Bluff, Our Preparations 'Senseless Advertisement.'

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, May 23.—The military critic of De Nieuwe Courant expresses contempt of the help America is likely to give the Entente in the course of this war.

"Why do they pretend to be so silly?" he asks. "Will they never take this war seriously? Whom do they expect to intimidate with their senseless advertisement—the Central Powers or the neutrals?"

He then observes that the report that an American division will soon fight in France is sheer bluff. "Ach!" he says. "That story of General Pershing coming is all humbug, misplaced and childish boasting for such a serious war."

He asks what is the use of sending a squadron of American destroyers when "the whole British fleet cannot tackle the submarine danger."

Finally he remarks that the volunteer system is to have preference in bringing the American army to war strength. "We know," he says, "what difficulties, disappointment, and delays the volunteer system produced in England, which was so close to the war, and can guess how much worse will be the case in America."

ONE MAN TO BUY ALL WAR SUPPLIES

Continued from Page 1.

gard it as likely that the new commission will take over many duties of the council, including the duty of keeping in close touch with transportation facilities.

Meantime the purchases of the Allies in this country are progressing about as usual, with the important addition that the Government already is keeping in close touch with the manner in which they are spending money lent to them, and in some cases actually directing how it shall be spent. Thus, in the case of Russia, American officials are seeming to place advantageously orders for 500 locomotives and 10,000 cars. This equipment is needed at the earliest moment it is understood, but the Government has undertaken to see that there shall be no unsettlement of business conditions in this line due to the placing of so large an order.

Britain's Huge Purchases.

Plans for the commission cast an interesting sidelight upon the prospective needs of the Allies and the methods pursued in the past of making purchases here. Statistics, never published but laid before American officials, tell in many formidable tabulations, often startling in their import, of the obligations given by foreign Governments here and of the purchases made.

The full amount of allied purchases in America since the war started probably will be made public soon. The figures are understood to reveal that the part Great Britain is reputed to have played as banker here for all the Allies has not been overestimated. The record of virtually all the money she has spent here for herself and her allies is under close scrutiny as an index to future requirements.

Contracts entered into before America formally accepted Germany's challenge to war still are in effect in many cases, and some of the funds supplied the Allies are being applied on these contracts. In many instances, it is understood, Great Britain pledged her credit for supplies to go to her allies, notably Russia, and the adjustment of the tangled skein of agreements involves days of intensive effort which must elapse before the proposed new agreement will become entirely effective.

Russia's demands are revealed as extremely heavy. The report of the British commission, headed by Lord Milner, which went to Russia early in the year and made an exhaustive study of her requirements, has been placed, verbatim, before the American officials. The report is understood to reveal that Russia is in a position to utilize virtually all the supplies, many of a non-military nature, for which transportation facilities can be found. Some of these supplies will be sent from Great Britain, some from other allied nations, and some from the United States. The report is complete for the year of 1917 and discloses, among other things, Great Britain's confidence that Russia will continue to remain an active factor in the war.

How much of the burden of Russia's needs will be assumed by this country is to be determined and probably will be the subject of suggestions by the commission headed by Elihu Root.

The program has not yet reached the stage where it can be said definitely to what extent the United States will be called upon to finance the Allies during the first year of war. Indications are, however, that the $3,000,000,000 loan already authorized hardly will be sufficient.

To Change Russian Envoys.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, May 22.—M. Paléologue, the French Ambassador here, who has left for Paris, will not return.

Russian diplomatists abroad will be replaced by men who are in agreement with the new foreign policy.

NEW PEACE EFFORT ON AUSTRIA'S PART?

Amsterdam Catholic Organ Hears the Emperor Will Act at the Pope's Instigation.

WANTS POLISH CONCESSIONS

Charles Hopes to Place Austrian on the Throne—Banking on Peace with Russia.

AMSTERDAM, May 23, (via London.)—The Roman Catholic newspaper Tijd says that it understands on good authority that in accordance with the wishes of Pope Benedict the Austrian Court is initiating a new peace effort.

LONDON, Friday, May 24.—The Amsterdam correspondent of The Times, referring to rumors of a Catholic peace move, says that it has been repeatedly stated in Vatican circles that Mgr. Pacelli, the new Papal Nuncio to Munich, bears an autograph letter from Pope Benedict for the King of Bavaria and Emperor William.

These reports, the correspondent adds, are to the effect that it is certain that the Nuncio is taking important communications for both Governments, concerning which the greatest secrecy is being observed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—Information has been received in authoritative quarters here suggesting that Austria is endeavoring to induce Germany to promise that the head of the revived Kingdom of Poland shall be an Austrian Prince. Developments are being watched with great interest, as indicating either that Germany feels the necessity of making concessions to her ally in order to counteract tendencies toward making a separate peace which have recently developed in the Dual Monarchy, or that Germany's military grip on Austria is less strong than is usually supposed. It is believed that any concession on the point of the Polish Kingship would be extremely distasteful to Berlin, and if it should be made it would be interpreted, as clearly showing that Germany realizes that she must humor Austria to keep her in line.

BANKS ON PEACE WITH RUSSIA.

Austria's Only Hope Said to Rest on That and a Good Harvest.

Hopes of peace with Russia and of this year's crops being better than those of last year have during recent weeks been the sole factors in whatever optimism existed in Austria-Hungary concerning the outcome of the European war, according to a staff correspondent of The Associated Press, who has just returned from Vienna.

It was thought that if Austria reached an understanding with Russia that would incline the Entente Governments to enter negotiations for peace, or that in the absence of such an inclination on their part the troops of the Central Powers on the east front would be released for operations against the Italians and the Allies on the west front, this failing, a crop as good as, or better than, last season's appeared to most classes the only cause for seeing anything bright in the future. The Government shared this view, and this led to several attempts by it to give the Russians to understand that peace with the Central Powers could be obtained under conditions considered favorable in Berlin and Vienna.

Those concerned in the matter of food conservation in Austria-Hungary realize that only the very best of seasons could give the country a crop as good even as last year's. The country was before the war an exporter of foodstuffs, and the area of arable lands does not enter into the question of war crops. For land not cultivated intensively good production in the monarchy has become largely a matter of fertilizing. This is especially true of Hungary. Farms depending upon intensive cultivation have fallen short in crop returns principally for the reason that the necessary labor has not been available.

Though the potash fertilizers of Germany are available to Austria-Hungary, every demand made by farmland fertilization is not met by them, for the reason that these supply but a part of the elements needed to foster a vigorous plant life. In the past these elements have been provided by stable manure for intensive farming and phosphorous fertilizers imported from abroad. The latter can be had secured at present, and manure has become scarce owing to the great reduction in live stock due to the war.

Farming in Austria-Hungary, as in Germany, has for the last two years taken much more out of the soil than it was possible to return to it, the result being that two crops have been raised on what may be considered as being the reserve store of the elements needed to produce a crop. With the duration of the war the possibilities of keeping the soil in good condition have decreased constantly, so that today most farmland in Central Europe may be considered as being on the verge of exhaustion. The bad weather this year could not produce a good crop, according to many landowners with whom the matter was discussed.

The shortage in farm labor also argues against a good crop this year. Most of the farming is done by the women, the older children, men unfit for military service, and prisoners of war. The quality of their labor has been rather better than was expected, but it falls short by far of what the men in the trenches could do. Not alone is the ploughing and cultivation indifferently done, but the hands available are in many cases unable to cultivate the area allotted to them. Last year, for instance, much grain was ruined by being left on the fields after ripening, rain spoiling it.

A lack of vitriol, principal ingredient in spraying solution used to free crop plants from parasites, has also been a serious factor in poor crop returns in the monarchy. In many parts it has led to total failures in potato crops, and many of Austria-Hungary's splendid vineyards and orchards have been ruined because vitriol, being a copper product, could not be obtained.

SAYS ENGLAND'S AIMS AGREE WITH RUSSIA'S

Cecil Indorses Petrograd Statement—Papers Sure Allies Are in Accord.

LONDON, May 23.—Replying in the House of Commons today to criticisms from Russia of his speech on the war aims of Great Britain, delivered May 16, Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, said they were based on an entire misconception of what he said.

"I laid stress," he explained, "on the fact that our aims and aspirations were dictated solely by our declaration to secure peace founded on national liberty and international amity, and that all imperialistic aims, based on force or conquest, were completely absent from our purpose. The most recent declaration of the reconstituted Government of Russia is in complete harmony with this policy."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 24.—The Daily Chronicle, applauding editorially the speech of Premier Ribot in the French Chamber yesterday, says:

"All the best information before us goes to corroborate his view. There is no real division between the principles actuating the leaders of the Russian democracy and those actuating the democratic statesmen of Great Britain, France, Italy, and the United States in regard to the aims for which we fight and the kind of peace we desire to crown our efforts. Those who wantonly labor to discover such a division may, of course, if they labor hard enough, end by creating one, but their effort, which is exactly what Germany wants, threatens and harms, as far as it goes, not merely the cohesion of the alliance, but the whole cause of democracy."

In declaring that the situation in Russia is too often misrepresented by Russian correspondents, The Chronicle says:

"Reference to Russian papers shows nothing easier than to misrepresent the revolutionary leaders by cabling selected phrases from their speeches. The balance of opinion, as expressed by the revolutionary leaders, seems entirely on the side of the conception of the war entertained by the western Allies. All of them condemn a separate peace. All of them profess the keenest interest in re-establishing the efficiency of their army and pulling their weight in the common enterprise. All of them realize that Prussianism must be defeated if democracy is to be safe. We see no reason to believe there will be any difference between their view and ours regarding annexation."

The Chronicle concludes by condemning those who deprecate the Russian Army or advocate a premature peace because of Russian conditions, and says:

"To do so is merely to play the enemy's game. Germany's great and only hope is to end the war by October. She is neither willing nor able to face carrying it through another Winter, hence the activity of her propaganda in Russia."

BELITTLES SOCIALIST THREAT.

Vorwaerts Says Pan-Germans Predicted Revolution First.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 23.—At the last sitting of the Reichstag Philipp Scheidemann, the Socialist leader, asserted that a revolution would certainly result in Germany if the Entente Powers should renounce all claims for annexation and indemnity and if the Central Powers should insist on continuing a war of conquest. The whole house fell to booing and drowned Herr Scheidemann's further remarks, which were supposedly intended to qualify his hasty prediction.

From two letters published in Vorwaerts today it becomes apparent that Herr Scheidemann did not wish the Socialist Party to lag behind its principal opponent, the Pan-German Party, which as long ago as May, 1915, sought to influence the Chancellor in the same way. At that time one of the Pan-Germans' most active and distinguished exponents in Bavaria, General Baron von Gebsattel, wrote the Chancellor a letter in the name of the Executive Committee of the whole Pan-German organization, in which he offered "a frank word as to the consequences if the war resulted in a peace not in conformity with the necessities of Germany." He continued to explain that he was a man full of evidence that the Imperial Government had too closely limited the scope of its war aims, "which fact impresses the most faithful and politically most reliable circles as meaning the renunciation of the advantages accruing from our certain victory."

"My conscience bids me to warn you," the General wrote, "that such a renunciation would be a fatal political mistake, and that its next consequence would be revolution. That word must be pronounced. The monarchy would be endangered, perhaps even deposed, which would be the end of our nation.

To this letter Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg replied May 13, 1915, saying that the war and its experiences had materially enhanced the national will, but had not succeeded in remedying lack of political understanding in Pan-German circles, where, to judge from General Gebsattel's letter, this lack had evidently assumed grotesque proportions.

If, as General Gebsattel said, there were signs of bitterness and even of despair among the people that pointed to an approaching revolution, then there were but two possibilities. Either it was true, and then the responsibility would rest with those men who fanned this dangerous mood, or it was not true, which would mean a threat and an attempt by the minority to subject to their will the responsible leaders of the nation's advisers of the Crown."

This correspondence is now exactly two years old, but it is still interesting because of the threat of revolution made by one distinguished member of the Pan-German and Feudal set.

Herr Scheidemann's remark in the Reichstag the other day was but a mockery of the attitude of General Baron von Gebsattel, for whose remarks the Conservative Reichstag Party would certainly not have had any fears. Two years ago General Gebsattel threatened the Chancellor with a revolution, but the German people never dreamed of fulfilling his prophecy, and if THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is any judge of the political situation, Herr Scheidemann's prediction will have a like fate.

CONFIRMS ALSACE PARTITION.

"Decision Has Been Reached," Hertling Tells a Hungarian Paper.

AMSTERDAM, May 23, (via London.)—In an interview republished by German newspapers from a Hungarian paper Count Hertling, Bavarian Premier, is quoted as having said in regard to the reported partition of Alsace-Lorraine between Prussian and Bavaria:

"It is completely new and hitherto has been unknown that a decision has been reached about the position of Alsace-Lorraine."

Count Hertling expressed the conviction that the war would end by Fall and said the results of the submarine warfare were satisfactory.

MAY LET NEWSPAPER MEN GO WITH OUR ARMY

Baker Says He Favors It, but Much Depends on What French Officers Say.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Assurances were given by Secretary Baker today that the American press would be allowed as liberal representation as practicable with the first expeditionary force to be sent to France under Major Gen. Pershing. Because the troops are going to French soil, he said, it is deemed necessary to reach an understanding in advance with the authorities there as to the limitations to be placed upon the publication of information on which might be of value to the enemy.

General Pershing will report to the department as soon as he has talked the matter over with French officials and arrangements for American correspondents to accompany the troops will then be made.

Secretary Baker indicated his own desire to tell the American people just as much as possible of what American troops are doing while at the front.

LAUDS AMERICAN AIRMEN.

Dutch Author Denies Stories of Failure of American Airplanes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, May 23.—The Dutch author Van Meel, who arrived here by the Ryndam, makes an interesting statement in the Telegraf regarding American aviation. He denies indignantly stories circulated in Holland to the effect that machines bought in America for the Dutch Indies have been failures. He explains that, owing to the mass of production, the American machines do not display the high grade of exactitude of the European machines used since the war, but says they are nevertheless very serviceable.

Up to the present aviation has been encouraged mainly as a sport in America, but aviators are devoting themselves to air tricks which make Pegoud's look cheap, the endurance record being held by a woman in a trip from Chicago to New York.

"But now America has gone into war," he concludes, "we shall see what she can do. Flying men are being trained and factories fitted for production. American energy will make itself felt in this connection, for Americans stop at nothing, and when once they tackle a job they do it well."

No U-Boat Protest by Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, May 23.—Ernesto Garza Peres, in charge of the Foreign Office, denies that Mexico has made any representations to Germany on the submarine issue. A dispatch from Amsterdam, which stated that the Mexican Minister to Germany was believed to have protested on behalf of Mexico against unrestricted submarine warfare was shown to Señor Peres. He declared the Mexican Government had not authorized any such representations, and that Mexico had nothing to say to Germany on this subject.

PRESIDENT URGES PRESS CENSORSHIP

Continued from Page 1.

ferees. They also agreed to sound sentiment in the Senate to ascertain what character of censorship legislation would have any prospect of being passed. This they will do before the conference to be held Friday.

At a meeting of the Washington correspondents of out-of-town newspapers held today to take action on regulations for a voluntary press censorship proposed by the Committee on Public Information appointed by President Wilson, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the following be adopted as a minute of a special meeting of the Washington correspondents of American newspapers, and a copy of it furnished to the standing Committee of Correspondents in charge of the press galleries of Congress for inclusion in its record:

The Washington correspondents of American newspapers believe that the patriotism and loyal discretion of the press of the United States have been emphatically demonstrated during the present emergency by the voluntary suppression of important information of possible value to the enemy, such as, among other things, the location of our fleet, the movement and location of our troops, the names of merchant vessels arriving at or departing from American ports, and the names of these ports in order to prevent knowledge of their movements reaching the German submarines, the itinerary of members of foreign nations representing the nations allied with us in this war and the presence of American destroyers in European waters.

And it is further the sense of this meeting that there shall be no action on the proposed voluntary censorship at this time.

Some Senators Change Attitude.

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The newspaper censorship fight was reopened in Congress today, following President Wilson's action in personally intervening to insist upon inclusion of some form of press regulation in the Administration Espionage bill. Whether the Administration would attempt to force through a censorship authorization was said tonight to depend upon soundings being made by leaders among the House and Senate membership, especially the former.

Should the leaders find that there is a reasonable prospect of acceptance by the House of a modified censorship plan it was stated tonight that the conferees had agreed, tentatively, to adopt and present a provision along the lines of the Cummins-Thomas amendment.

President Wilson is said to have accepted the principle of this provision, which was offered during recent Senate debate and rejected.

The Senate conferees, who have been opposing any censorship authorization, are understood to be willing to accept the new proposal as a substitute for that of Representative Gard of Ohio, written into the House bill and regarded as much more drastic. The House clause authorizes the President by proclamation to prescribe what news shall not be published, leaving the courts to determine if publication is in deliberate violation of prohibitory regulations.

Although the Senate vote to eliminate censorship entirely was 48 to 34, it was understood tonight that President Wilson's insistence had resulted in some Senators changing their minds. A few, it was stated upon authority, who voted against censorship, are now ready to favor it. Senators leading the fight against press regulation, however, still are confident of ultimate success.

The outcome is regarded as depending largely upon the House, because of the Republican conference action yesterday against censorship, together with known and strong opposition of many Democrats.

Press Comment on the Censorship Plan.

NEW YORK.

"Wicked" to Silence Just Criticism.

From The Tribune.

It is not only a wicked thing, but a futile thing, to attempt to silence just criticism and those who honestly seek to destroy evils by exposing them. Tyranny has always founded itself upon the press gag, and the press has always prevailed to the ruin of tyranny. The little Czar who yesterday reigned in Petrograd and now shovels snow elsewhere was a champion of the press gag. The Hohenzollern monarch, whom we are fighting, still deludes his people by controlling their press to his ends and against the publication of the truth.

Why, then, has Mr. Wilson adopted the chief instrument of the Czar and the Kaiser as an essential and all-essential instrument in a war for democracy and against tyranny? Will it not wake an interesting echo in Russian conferences now, when it is reported that the head of the American Republic advocates, demands, the right to silence a free press and shackle all expression of public opinion?

No President in our history ever made a greater mistake than Mr. Wilson has now made. If only he has his way, this power will not merely wreck his Administration, but it will hereafter awaken a revolt in public opinion unknown in this country since our last King lost his American colonies by policies which Mr. Wilson would now imitate.

It is the duty of every Senator and every Representative to stand fast now against the present demand of the President.

Thinks Lane Bill Can Be Framed.

From The World.

There ought to be enough statesmanship in Washington to frame a censorship bill which will give the Government whatever authority it needs to protect vital military secrets and which will at the same time fully safeguard the rights and liberties of the press and the people. The task is not difficult if it is approached in the right spirit and with a clear understanding of the aims that are to be achieved. The original bill drawn by the Department of Justice was shockingly despotic in its measure, under which practically anybody and everybody could be sent to jail.

The World wants a sane censorship law not alone for the protection of the Government, but for the protection of the press. The Government already has enormous power if it chooses to exercise it. The newspapers have no power at all under the law. Nothing stands between them and wholesale prosecutions for treason at this time, however trivial the offense, except the reluctance of the Administration to employ a war power that we know has been used ruthlessly in the past, and under similar conditions of public hysteria might be used as ruthlessly again.

WASHINGTON.

"Censor" Criticises Washington Herald.

From The Herald.

The Administration drive for a drastic press censorship has been renewed. The tremendous influence of President Wilson is behind the campaign to shackle the press while the war is being fought, to rob it of the rights guaranteed by the Constitution, to establish an autocratic menace to those organs of public opinion which may have the courage to criticise the conduct of the great struggle upon which the nation is engaged. We think that he asks power from Congress which it is dangerous to intrust to any single man in a democracy or any group of men, no matter how pure and crystalline his motives may be.

Cannot any newspaper which gives vent to treasonable utterances—giving aid or comfort to the enemy or information of aid to the enemy is treason—be prosecuted under the treason clause of the Constitution?

Administration spokesmen have been loud in protesting that they did not dream of trying to control editorial opinion or criticism. Yet, despite these protestations, despite the fact that there is no censorship law now, The Washington Herald was involved in a curiously significant incident yesterday.

An editorial was published on "Defective Shells," regarding the tragedy of the Mongolia. It declared that the series of accidents on armed ships indicated clearly that something must be wrong in the Navy Department.

Within a few hours after the editorial appeared George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, who will be the official Government censor if a censorship law is enacted, called the Washington Herald on the telephone, questioning the spirit and correctness of the statements contained in it.

If this is not an attempt to control editorial opinion, what is it? There were no misstatements of fact in the editorial; a single typographical error, turning "seventeen" years into "seven," was its only inaccuracy. Mr. Creel did not venture to impugn any of The Herald's statements of fact, which were based on Admiral Earle's official report; but he did question the editorial.

The incident would be beneath a moment's notice if it were not a straw showing which way the wind was blowing. If the press of the nation, if the people of the nation, are not alive to the sinister elements involved in the proposed censorship, it is high ttime that they "wake up."

BOSTON.

"No Need of the Press Gag."

From The Boston Advertiser.

We do not yet see the need of the press gag for which the President strives so insistently. What are the kinds of information which ought not to be printed and which a few publishers are persistently printing? Is it intended to stop at all hazards the ventilation of incompetence in the army and navy machinery? Is the real object to make it perilous for publicists to bring to the American people facts which the war bureaucracy would find it more convenient to suppress? It seems to us that the burden of proof for a surrender of one of the most important constitutional guarantees rests not upon those who defend the freedom of the press, but upon those who desire to curtail it.

We Must Have Free Speech.

From The Boston Record.

It appears to us that the dangers inherent in and inseparable from any such censorship bill as is contemplated, are far more to be feared than these newspapers "who cannot be relied upon, and whose interests and desires will lead to actions on their part highly dangerous to the nation. There is inherent strength in democracy, which fails only when democracy's foundations are menaced. Free speech is one of the foundations.

ALBANY.

"Merely Pickwickian."

From The Albany Knickerbocker Press.

Merely pickwickian. Too much indignation should not be wasted on President Wilson's letter to "Mr. Tom Webb," demanding that a newspaper censorship provision be enacted by the House of Representatives. Newspapers worth their salt are not worrying about a censorship. They will do their duty to the country and to their readers, to the best of their humble ability to discern it.

Thinks the President Is Right.

From The Albany Argus.

It is a sign of returning sense, after the weak bending to clamor, that the Senate and House conferees have reached an agreement, tentatively, on a provision for censorship in the Espionage bill. The President is unmistakably right in asking this much, and the country's sentiment should make itself heard so vigorously as to compel its enactment.

SYRACUSE.

Says President Seeks Too Much.

From The Syracuse Journal.

President Wilson would reverse the old order of the "Ninety and nine" by turning a huge flock out of the fold of honesty, fairness, and patriotic editorial service so that he could convert the place into a prison for the punishment of a few newspaper sheep that might possibly insist upon remaining out in the storm of unguarded expression. The President has the power now to stop any such utterances as might prove injurious to the national cause, and he is bulwarked in this position by a public opinion that could regulate with effectiveness in instances where the Executive will might lack force.

If what the Administration proposes goes through, the Government will be in absolute charge of the newspaper business office, and the so-called "War Officers" will be in control of the news and editorial department. A foreign conquering military can hardly do more damage to American newspapers than is proposed in Washington.

UTICA.

Thinks Censorship Is Necessary.

From The Utica Observer.

While President Wilson feels complete reliance on the patriotism of American newspapers as a whole, he deems authority necessary to invoke a censorship of some sort in locating those which might be detrimental to the national interest. It is not doubted that there are such cases. There have been frequent evidences of this in the past two years, and they are not altogether wanting today, especially among some of the foreign language papers. But why not so shape the law that a mischievous or intentional offender would hesitate before he would dare incur the punishment provided? Is it as grave a crime to print in a newspaper anything that hazards public safety as it is to convey privately to an enemy those military secrets which should be kept inviolate.

BALTIMORE.

Sees No Reason for Apprehension.

From The Baltimore Sun.

If anybody has a right to object to censorship it is surely the press and not Congressmen, and yet the opposition to any form of supervision is coming from the latter and not the former. We have already expressed the decided opinion that the censorship provisions of the Espionage bill as originally written were unnecessary and indefinably drastic, but as modified in the House the regulatory power touches no vital right and has been accepted by the large majority of newspapers as justified by war conditions. The action of the Republicans in the House is calculated to give a partisan color to a question that has no relation to politics, and should be studiously separated from all such influences. If the Administration proposed a policy which would gag the press, make criticism of public officials dangerous, or threaten essential freedom of speech, we might all wisely join in denouncing and opposing it. But, in point of fact, nothing of the kind can happen under the modifications made by the House, and there is absolutely no reason to apprehend under the revised measure any curtailment in information which the country ought to possess or any repression of wholesome editorial comment on official acts.

RICHMOND.

Supports President's Stand.

From the Richmond Times-Dispatch.

To take the arbitrary position that no censorship powers of any character should be granted to the President is manifestly wrong. Jealously as we guard the right of freedom of speech we must also guard against the menace of unrestrained and even treasonable speech in a time of national peril. It is undoubtedly true that a very great majority of the publications in this country can be trusted implicitly not to print any information they might be requested by the Government not to publish, or that they might themselves consider unwise or improper. But it is undoubtedly true, also, that there are some that cannot be so trusted. And there should be a grant of clearly defined power to punish the latter class and to prevent as far as possible danger from that class.

Will Not Surrender Its Rights.

From The Richmond Virginian.

We fear no gag measure at the hands of the Administration, nor would we submit to any form of censorship which would infringe on our right freely and fully to criticise military operations and methods. The exercise of such a right is essential to the safety of the nation, and must not and will not be surrendered. On the other hand, we emphatically favor a censorship which will prevent careless or ignorant or unpatriotic editors from disclosing military movements or plans, over which form of news ninety-nine out of every hundred newspapers already enforce a self-imposed censorship.

INDIANAPOLIS.

For a Limited Censorship.

From The News.

The President's faith in the newspapers has not been misplaced. No one outside of the newspaper offices knew that our destroyers had gone abroad until they had been for several days actively engaged in the hunt for submarines. No one knows today where the rest of the Atlantic Fleet is or what it is doing. Pershing's army will, no doubt, be in France before the nation knows that it has sailed. That is a pretty good record for a country in which papers and people alike are so extraordinarily keen for news. Nevertheless, if a censorship can be established that will not limit the right to discuss freely men and measures, and will not be used as a shield for incompetence, it ought by all means to be done. For there are, as the President says, papers that "cannot be relied upon."

LOUISVILLE.

Cites Britain's Experience.

From The Louisville Times.

With the British experience in view, the Government of the United States must approach the matter of press censorship with great care. If intelligence of strategic meaning is at stake, there is no newspaper in the land with one spark of patriotism that would think of publishing it over the judgment of the military authorities. The Government must consider these facts, must regard the press as absolutely sincere in its urgency for full and definite information to the people on the progress of the war. The American people are resolute, calm, and intelligent. They cannot be by no means an enterprise in any way hostile or dangerous to the interests of the United States or allied powers. On the contrary, it is a conference called to promote the same general objects for which this country is now fighting, as stated by President Wilson only yesterday. It is a very unwise decision, because it cannot fail to have a very unfavorable effect on Europe and Russia in general."

The action of this Government will certainly be known on the other side. It will stand out in bold contrast with the action of all other nations. I do not expect very favorable comment upon the intelligence or wisdom of this Government in taking this step, which means the virtual internment of Socialists in this country."

Algernon Lee expressed himself as follows:

"The refusal of passports to American delegates will, I am afraid, tend to create the impression all over Europe and especially in Russia and Germany that our Government shares the imperialistic purposes which are undoubtedly held by some influential elements of all the countries."

Although he had persistently opposed the Stockholm conference as a German plot, William English Walling expressed yesterday that the decision of the State Department was a mistake. His reasons, however, differed from those given by Hillquit and Lee. He thought the move was unwise because it did not in any way prevent the conference at Stockholm from being held, and only tended to make martyrs of the delegates who were prohibited from attending.

"I stated to the State Department several days ago," said Mr. Walling, "that passports ought not to be denied, first, because it would not block the conference, and, secondly, because it would make martyrs of these Socialist delegates. However, it may well be that the State Department had no discretion in the matter and was compelled to act in accordance with the Logan law. Of course, if such a law is upon the statute books, the State Department could do nothing else but enforce it.

"The German delegates to this conference, both from the majority and minority faction, really represent the German Government, not as agents technically, but virtually so, because they are putting forth the very ideas that the government wants them to put forth. They got their passports from the German Government simply because they intended to act along lines indorsed by the Government.

"It must be understood that the issuance of passports in Germany is a different matter from what it is in this country. While the issuance of a passport is governed by law and regulations. In Germany it amount's to a privilege. This privilege having been accorded to the German delegates, it must be regarded as an act of approval, which makes them virtual agents of their Government."

Mr. Walling said he did not think the stand taken by this country would antagonize the Russian Government, once the reasons for the decision were made clear to them.

The New Yorker Volkszeitung, the organ of the German-speaking Socialists in the United States, attacked the selection of Victor Berger as a delegate, in an editorial yesterday:

"We protest against the appointment of Berger, who in no wise represents the views of the Socialist Party of our country regarding the questions to be decided at Stockholm," said the editorial. "Berger should never have been about the last man to be sent over there as a Socialist representative."

At the office of the Volkszeitung it was explained that the objections to Berger were grounded in the fact that he had always expressed himself in sympathy with the Scheidemann group in Germany that supported the Kaiser and his alms.

BERGER WILL PERSIST.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 23.—Victor Berger, in commenting on the Governments' refusal to give passports to the delegates to the Stockholm Convention, said:

"The Socialists will stand on their rights and try to get passports to which they are entitled as American citizens, going to Stockholm on a legitimate mission. If the order from the State Department is not considered the United States will be the only country in the world not represented. England, Germany, France, Italy, Spain, and Rumania will have delegates. Russia will be there in full force, but America is afraid that their delegates going to Stockholm will bring about peace.

"The threat of Mr. Lansing to apply the Logan law of 1799 against Socialists who would go to Stockholm is rather characteristic for a Government fighting for democracy. However, it is entirely gratuitous, since it is not the intention of any delegate to sneak his way over. Moreover, no boat will accept a passenger who has no passports."

Mr. Berger denies the rumors of splits in the Socialist Party of the world.

"Different tactics there may be sometimes," he said, "but only one object at heart. Difference of tactics are forgotten as soon as they get together. All countries will be represented at the Stockholm conference, notwithstanding reports to the contrary."

PORTLAND, ORE.

Wants a Board of Newspaper Men.

From The Oregonian.

The newspapers * * * most forcibly object to a censorship under the control of the very officials who are most exposed to criticism—the heads of the departments which are charged with the conduct of the war. The President can obtain all that he desires, and can at the same time meet all the objections of the newspapers, if he will consent to the appointment of a committee of responsible newspaper men, which would be entirely independent of any department of the Government and which would decide whether any matter could properly be published.

NASHVILLE.

Thinks Censorship Is Needed.

From The Nashville Tennessean and American.

At a time when the safety of the nation, the existence of the nation—aye, the safety and the existence of civilization itself—are at stake, the power must be lodged somewhere to lay a hand on the newspaper that would blab the Government's secrets and say it nay.

KANSAS CITY.

Wants No "Star Chamber War."

From The Star.

A Star Chamber war cannot be made a popular war in this country. There is doubt if it could be made a successful war. The country has yet no means of knowing whether the men at the head of affairs are the right men. It is willing to trust them to make a beginning, but if they fail it wants to know it, and it wants to know it the moment they fail, not months later. The only way one country can be sure of discovering incompetence at its inception is by free, frank, and intelligent discussion of events as they transpire. To hide the facts, to permit officials to conceal themselves and their acts behind the curtain of a censorship, would be to leave blind chance the conduct of a war in which democracy's existence is at stake. Democracy cannot afford to take that chance.

OMAHA.

"Rank Folly" to Copy Britain's Error.

From The News.

Since we in this country have seen how disastrous has been England's experience with military censorship, it is rank folly for us to copy the same form of military censorship. And yet that is what we will do if Congress retains the Espionage bill in its present form. A suppression of facts is serious enough in being a violation of the constitutional guaranty of freedom of speech and of the press. But an additional danger threatens. It consists of the possibility and even probability that a military censorship will attempt to deceive public opinion as it has done in England. Such a thing would be a calamity.

NO AMERICANS IN PEACE CONCLAVE

Continued from Page 1.

fluence the measures or conduct of any foreign Government or of any officer or agent thereof, in relation to any disputes or controversies with the United States, or to defeat the measures of the Government of the United States; and every person being a citizen of or resident within the United States and not duly authorized who counsels, advises, or assists, in any such correspondence with such intent shall be punished by fine of not more than $5,000 and by imprisonment during a term not less than six months nor more than three years.

Representative Meyer London, Socialist member of the House, made the following comment tonight on the decision of the State Department:

"I am very much surprised to hear of this attitude of the State Department. I cannot understand that sort of action. It seems to me that we should encourage the sending of delegates anywhere and at any time to promote the cause of peace in this war. I have just heard of the view of the State Department. It is my intention to take the matter up tomorrow and see what may be done. I may have something more to say later."

Hillquit Goes to Washington.

On hearing last night that the State Department had decided to issue no passports to the American delegates to the Socialist conference at Stockholm, Morris Hillquit, who was selected with Algernon Lee and Victor L. Berger to represent the Socialist Party of this country at the conference, started for Washington with the intention of trying to persuade the Government to change its attitude.

Mr. Hillquit said he deplored the position taken by the Government as unfair and unwise, because he thought it would inspire the resentment of Socialists all over the world, and especially in Russia.

"The reference to the law of 1799," said Mr. Hillquit, "does not apply to our case because this is not a conference of Governments, but a voluntary conference of the citizens of various countries. Participation in such a conference cannot be construed as carrying on negotiations with hostile Governments. I go to Washington tonight in an effort to persuade the State Department to reconsider the decision because I think it is unjust and unwise.

"What I cannot see is there is no good reason why any citizen of the United States should be curtailed in his freedom of travel and in his freedom of expressing his opinion. The Stockholm conference is by no means an enterprise in any way hostile or dangerous to the interests of the United States or allied powers. On the contrary, it is a conference called to promote the same general objects for which this country is now fighting, as stated by President Wilson only yesterday. It is a very unwise decision, because it cannot fail to have a very unfavorable effect on Europe and Russia in general."

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KING RECEIVES AMERICAN UNIT

Base Hospital No. 4 Welcomed at Buckingham Palace as Pioneer Contingent.

CHAT WITH KING AND QUEEN

Court Etiquette Put in the Background and Democracy Rules the Proceedings.

ENGINEERS ALSO IN LONDON

Y. M. C. A. Workers Received by the Mayor—Second Medical Unit Reaches Port.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 23.—America's pioneer army medical unit received a warm welcome from King George at Buckingham Palace today. Twenty-five surgeons and more than double that number of nurses, belonging to No. 4 base hospital of the United States Army, paraded in the gardens of the palace under command of Major Gilchrist, with Colonel Begbie of the British Army, who has been attached to the unit during its stay in England assisting in the arrangements.

King George was greatly impressed by the general appearance of the American medical men and nurses, whose workmanlike and at the same time effective uniforms had a Gainsborough-like background in the green lawns and noble trees of the palace gardens.

Dr. Crile, who is medical head of the unit, already has gone to France and the rest of the American arrivals will speedily follow him.

The present contingent, which hails from Cleveland, Ohio, is a pioneer contingent in a double sense. It is the first of half a dozen lots, of whom the second arrived in England today, these latter being Harvard University's contribution to the cause.

The King, who was accompanied by the Queen, the Prince of Wales, and Princess Mary, and attended by members of the royal household, delivered a brief address of welcome and then walked along the line of surgeons shaking hands with each member of the unit as the surgeons were introduced by Major Gilchrist.

Introduced to King George.

The nurses then paraded before the King and Queen, each of them being presented by name by Miss Allison, their matron, and their assistant matron, Miss Leete. Handshakings were punctuated in many cases by brief conversations, the initiative in which was occasionally taken by the American visitors, evidently greatly to the delight of the King and Queen, neither of whom appeared to be obsessed by punctilious regard for the rule that one should not speak to royalty until spoken to.

This was notably the case with one of the surgeons, a Westerner, whose very appearance radiated democracy and who chatted with Queen Mary as freely and pleasantly as he might have done with any other person of less degree.

Besides the members of the royal family and of the royal household, who included Lord Stamfordham, Lord Annaly, Earl Cromer, Colonel Sir Clive Wigram, Sir Derek Keppel and Sir Edward Wellington, there had come to welcome the American visitors Sir Alfred Keogh, Director General of the British Army medical service, and Miss Beacher, matron in chief of Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service, a woman upon whose shoulders has fallen most of the work of organization among those doing nursing work in the war.

American correspondents had been invited to the palace to witness the pleasant little ceremony. From the visitors they gathered an impression of general gratification which royal courtesy had given, though one woman who was in charge of a squad of typewriters attached to the unit bustled around with a warning that "Nobody must say anything to the reporters."

The Royal Society of Medicine has invited officers of the American medical units to use the Wimpole Street quarters of the club, and also to attend lectures and clinical demonstrations which are especially valuable in showing the latest methods of treating wounds.

LONDON, Thursday, May 24.—Three separate groups of Americans, all bent on war work, were welcomed in London yesterday. The first detachment of United States army engineers, under command of Major Parsons, arrived last night.

The first American medical unit, which reached England last week, was received by King George at Buckingham Palace.

Sixty students from Harvard, Yale, Princeton, and Northwestern Universities, who arrived in England for duty in connection with war work of the Young Men's Christian Association, were welcomed by the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House. Sherwood Eddy of Yale headed the delegation, which is the first of numerous ones that are to be sent here with the sanction of the American Government. These men will release for service with the colors Englishmen who are now on duty in the association's huts all over the British Isles.

The second medical unit from the United States has also arrived in Great Britain.

In his address to the American medical unit at Buckingham Palace King George said:

"It is with the utmost pleasure and satisfaction that the Queen and I welcome you here today. We greet you as the first detachment of the American army which has landed on our shores since your great republic resolved to join in the world struggle for the ideals of civilization.

"We deeply appreciate this prompt and generous response to our needs. It is characteristic of the humanity and chivalry which have ever been evinced by the American nation that the first assistance rendered the Allies is in connection with the profession of healing and the work of mercy."

It is understood that the American detachment is being trained in British methods and will proceed to France as a pioneer force which will be able to teach other American medical corps the methods employed in active service.

FOUR ENGINEERS WERE SENT.

Ordered by War Department to Study French Railways' Needs.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The War Department two weeks ago ordered four army engineers to France to determine the precise needs of French railways, for the repair and maintenance of which nine engineering regiments are now being organized in the United States.

This party, which has reached London, consists of William Barclay Parsons and William J. Wilgus of New York, Majors in the Reserve Corps; W. A. Garrett of Chicago, Vice President of the Chicago & Great Western, a reserve officer, and Captain A. B. Barber of the regular army engineer corps. They will make recommendations affecting the organization of the railway engineering troops.

Captain Barber expects also to study problems of trench construction.

Presbyterian Hospital Unit Arrives.

Two hundred and fifty members of the Presbyterian Base Hospital Unit No. 2 of the American Red Cross arrived safely yesterday at an English port. The unit consisted of 23 surgeons, 65 nurses, and 162 enlisted men. Major Elbert E. Persons of the Army Medical Corps is commander and Dr George E. Brewer is the director of the unit. The doctors and the majority of the nurses were selected from the Presbyterian Hospital and the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons.

RESERVES COMPLAIN; CAUSE INVESTIGATION

Inadequate Equipment at Navy Pier in Boston—60 Detained for Meningitis Observation.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 23.—In consequence of publications reporting intolerable conditions, suffering, and even deaths at the Commonwealth Pier in South Boston, where some 1,800 members of the Naval Reserve from all parts of the country are quartered, three surgeons, detailed by Captain William R. Rush, Commandant of the First Naval District, were detailed today to investigate contagious diseases at the pier. Captain Rush also invited newspaper men to accompany them.

The result of this scrutiny was to disprove the charges so far as insufficient food and ill-treatment were concerned, and the health conditions were pronounced as nearly perfect as the structure of the pier, which is covered and floored with concrete, would admit.

Owing to the shortage of equipment, which extends to nearly all departments at the station, it has been difficult to protect the men adequately from harsh winds and rain when on outside work. It has also made the men who are not equipped discontented. This discontent, among men but recently come from home, has shown itself in criticism that seasoned campaigners would not make.

There has been delay in paying the men and consequent grumbling. One man stated today that he had been six months in the service and had received but $12. Some seventy-eight of the men are as yet without uniforms, and there is a marked scarcity of rifles.

Those faults were to be attributed, today's investigators agreed, to shortcomings of the Navy Department and not to the officers responsible for conditions at the pier. Lieutenant Edward L. McSheahy, the commanding officer of the receiving ship, said this afternoon:

"We have sixty men now under observation in an isolated ward because the medical officers are not quite positive whether the men have meningitis or not. Those cases, and we have had one or two, came from Chicago. We have had complaints from men in here that they were messing with men who were known to have the disease. We have tried our hardest to discover the men. They have not reported to the doctors at sick call. The trouble is that under the law now a man in the navy who has a disease due to his own misconduct has his pay checked while he is in the sick bay. That results in the men not reporting as sick.

"I don't doubt but that there are a number of that sort of cases on this ship. The place is not ideal in my opinion as a training ship. We were not prepared to handle any such number of men, but we are getting better every day. Six hundred and thirty-eight men came from Chicago and haven't had any pay yet, because the pay cards did not come. I have telegraphed four or five times to straighten this out, and now I have all but forty of the cards here and they will be paid. I can't pay any money unless I have the pay account, but no man has to borrow money if he will make his troubles known. Some of the men who, perhaps, have complained about their pay have court-martial records.

"The hammocks are strung twenty-four inches apart in sections. Regulations aboard ship put the distance at eighteen inches. There is not sunlight enough here, perhaps, but they are in better shape so far as room to move around than they would be aboard ship. No man has fallen out of a hammock and killed himself here. Discipline is good. I ought to have thirty or forty more chief petty officers. I am using reserve officers in order that when I can find enough that know the business. Food is good. I have sat, myself, at noon at the men's mess. I would suggest a number of changes if we were to stay here any length of time, and the proper authorities know what they are. I welcome any sort of an investigation at any time from any source."

Although some of the men told the newspaper investigators that there had been three deaths among the recruits, officially there has been one death. The victim was Paul Burgett, an apprentice seaman from Lewiston, Ill. He died of double pneumonia at the Naval Hospital, Chelsea, on May 13, the day that he was admitted to that institution. He came to the pier from Chicago with other men from the lakes region, and had been here but a short time when stricken. Two men are now at the hospital, suffering with spinal meningitis, and a third is ill at home. Beyond this the officers state there is no serious sickness nor danger of any.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—When the attention of Secretary Daniels was invited tonight to reports that there were cases of spinal meningitis among the Naval Reserves at Boston, he said that a report of that character had been brought to the attention of the department today by a Boston editor, and that instructions had been given to the Commandant of the Boston Navy Yard to investigate, and then make a full report to the Navy Department on the matter.

When the Boston editor communicated with the Navy Department today Secretary Daniels said he instructed Admiral Leigh Palmer, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, to make an immediate inquiry. Admiral Palmer called up the Commandant of the Boston Yard by long-distance telephone, who informed him that the situation had been very greatly exaggerated by the report; that he would be glad to have the newspapers send representatives to investigate conditions and let them have the facts.

The cases under observation at Boston did not involve men of the regular navy, but men of the Naval Reserve. It was learned that the navy had more Reserve men at Boston than it had facilities to handle, but that steps were being taken to expand those facilities. The Commandant at Boston has been instructed to make a full report on the matter.

Y. M. C. A. WAR FUND GROWS.

Council Now Has $2,000,000 to Carry On Its Work in Army Camps.

The National War Council of the Young Men's Christian Association, in a statement issued yesterday, announced that it has already raised about $2,000,000 of the $3,000,000 needed to carry into effect the extensive war program which the association has worked out for the comfort and instruction of the soldiers and sailors of the United States.

A few nights ago Maor Gerald Birks of the Overseas Forces of the Y. M. C. A. addressed 140 New York women and at the end of his talk the women present subscribed $101,000 to the fund. The names of the donors are withheld by the association.

Major Gen. Bell, commanding the Eastern Department of the Army, said yesterday he hoped that every divisional training camp to be created in the United States, as well as every division of troops sent overseas, could have its full quota of working Y. M. C. A. units.

"I regard the Young Men's Christian Association," said General Bell, "to be as necessary to the army as the Red Cross. It greatly contributes to the improvement of the morale of the troops and is of great assistance in the maintenance of discipline."

The War Council of the association has let contracts for the construction of Y. M. C. A. buildings at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.; Fort Slocum, N. Y.; Fort Standish, Mass.; the aviation station at Mineola, and the naval station at Newport, R. I.

ASKS WOMEN TO SUBSCRIBE.

Mrs. McAdoo Appeals for Support of Liberty Loan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The work of women in promoting the sale of the Liberty Loan bonds is being rapidly organized for effective results. A meeting has been called for June 1 at the Treasury Department, at which Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, Chairman of the Woman's Committee, will preside. In issuing the call for the meeting Mrs. McAdoo said:

"The woman who buys a Liberty bond stands behind a soldier. She furnishes him with food and clothing and care in illness or disaster just as truly as though she were on the battlefield by his side."

BILLION FOR LOAN IS EXPECTED HERE

Many Large Financial Institutions Defer Announcing Total of Their Subscriptions.

BANK WILL TAKE $6,300,000

Mechanics and Metals Offering Stated—Edison to Ask His Employes to Help.

While definite figures are not available as to whether New York State has reached in actual subscriptions to the Liberty Loan the minimum of $535,000,000 expected by the Treasury Department, it is predicted by financiers that the subscriptions of the New York Federal Reserve District will aggregate finally at least $1,000,000,000, and a number of bankers believe the total will be nearer $1,500,000,000. The New York district includes all the State and small portions of New Jersey and Connecticut.

Many subscriptions of substantial size have been filed, or are about to be filed, of which no public record is available. Only two $25,000,000 subscriptions have been announced—one by the United States Steel Corporation and the other by the First National Bank of New York—but it is known that each of several other large institutions will subscribe $25,000,000 if not considerably more. Many of the largest banks and trust companies have not publicly indicated what they intend to take and what applications they had received from customers.

More Large Subscriptions.

It was announced yesterday by the Mechanics and Metals National Bank that it had received from its customers subscriptions for $6,300,000. Among other subscriptions reported were $2,500,000 by the New York Shipbuilding Company, $2,000,000 by the Norfolk & Western Railway Company, $1,130,000 by the Atlantic Coast Line, $500,000 by the Owens Bottle Machine Company, $250,000 by Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, $125,000 by Henry Zuckerman & Co., $100,000 by the Transatlantic Trust Company; $100,000 by the New Bedford Cordage Company, $50,000 by the Standard Oil Company of Kansas, and $50,000 by Franklin Simon & Co.

The Executive Committee of The Associated Press unanimously resolved to transfer $200,000 of the emergency reserve fund, an accumulation set aside for extraordinary news events, to the purchase of Liberty Loan bonds.

The Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Company declared an extra dividend of $5 a share, to be paid in Liberty bonds as soon as available.

Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, amplified yesterday his Newark statement of Tuesday night that his bank was ready to lend $100,000,000 at 3½ per cent. on notes secured by Liberty bonds. On previous occasions, Mr. Vanderlip had declared that banks should not lend money at 3½ per cent., the rate of the bond, but that a slightly higher rate should be charged, his chief reason being that with a higher rate the borrower would be more likely to liquidate his indebtedness promptly. Yesterday Mr. Vanderlip explained that his bank would lend at 3¾ per cent., nothwithstanding the prevailing money market rates, for the purpose of carrying Liberty bonds, only upon the understanding that the borrower would reduce his loan every 90 days when it came up for renewal.

The question of safeguarding the bonds without renting safe deposit space has been considered by the Executive Committee of the New York State Safe Deposit Association, which has devised a plan for its members of accepting the bonds for one year without charge.

Edison Helps Campaign.

Thomas A. Edison has set out to get a subscription from each of his 10,000 employes. Tonight there will be a meeting at the Edison works which will be attended by the 200 industrial captains of the departments. Mr. Edison will make a speech, asking every one to subscribe to the loan.

A series of noonday hotel meetings has been arranged by the Liberty Loan Committee, with the co-operation of John McE. Bowman of the Biltmore, George C. Boldt of the Waldorf, and others. The first will be held today at the Biltmore and will be addressed by Controller Prendergast and Clark Williams.

A call to the Home Guards of the Metropolitan district to buy Liberty Loan Bonds was made yesterday by H. S. Houston, Chairman of the National Advertising Advisory Board. The Liberty Loan Committee issued a letter to employers suggesting plans for distributing bonds among their employes on a partial payment basis.

At a meeting of representatives of public utility companies held at the Bankers' Club it was announced that the Interborough had decided to arrange for the purchase of the bonds by its employes on weekly payments of $1, and that the company had offered to give free advertising space in its cars to the Government. The meeting was attended by Theodore P. Shonts of the Interborough, George B. Cortelyou of the Consolidated Gas Company, Wilbur C. Fiske of the Hudson and Manhattan Company, and officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Third Avenue Railroad.

MILLION TAKEN IN STORES.

Liberty Loan Bonds Suggested as Gifts to June Brides.

Subscriptions for Liberty Loan bonds taken in the department stores in the three days ended yesterday afternoon aggregated $1,000,000, the Retail Dry Goods Merchants' Committee announced One of the largest individual subscriptions, $25,000, was reported by Franklin Simon & Co. The demand for the bonds at all the stores was larger than on any other day since the campaign began.

At Best & Co.'s a former employe who had retired for age and now holds a position as night watchman in a New York club, subscribed for $250 worth of the bonds. Although on duty all night, he waited until the bond salesman reported at the store at 9 o'clock in order to make his subscription. He took three bonds, two for $100 each and one for $50, depositing the full amount. At Lord & Taylor's a man bought a $500 bond for himself, another for his wife, and $50 bonds for each of his two children.

"I've saved this money," he said, "and I want a safe investment for it."

Today marks the beginning of the more extended campaign of the merchants, and subscriptions will be taken over the counters of the United Cigar Stores. There are about 300 of these stores in New York City, and 1,200 in the United tSates.

"We are going to lend our best efforts and all our resources to push this loan," said Edward Wise, President of the company. "We have subscribed for $300,000 worth of the bonds. It is our plan to collect the full amount for each bond, so that persons unfamiliar with banking transactions can deal understandingly with us. I think the people are awake to the fact that the Liberty bonds can be sold in the open market at any time."

William C. Koch of Koch & Co., 182 West 125th Street, reported that Harlem was "doing its bit." "We have taken subscriptions for thousands of dollars at our store," he said.

A suggestion by one of the bond salesmen at the department stores that the bonds be bought as presents for June brides made an impression on some of the Retail Merchants' Committee, and a campaign to develop this feature may be started. It was estimated that presents worth millions of dollars are annually distributed in New York among June brides and that a fair share of the amount could be used this year in buying bonds.

In response to a request from Mayor Mitchel a meeting of department heads was held in the City Hall yesterday to discuss the participation of city employes in the Liberty Loan. It was decided that the Mayor should appoint a committee to take charge of the movement, and he announced that Controller Prendergast, as the city's chief financial officer, would be the Chairman. The Mayor named the five Borough Presidents as Vice Chairmen and announced that he would select an Executive Committee of ten on Wednesday. Later a meeting was held in the Controller's office at which plans were discussed for obtaining subscriptions to the bonds from officials and employes in all departments.

BIG EXCESS DEMAND FOR TREASURY ISSUE

$200,000,000 Certificates, Part of Liberty Loan Financing, Oversubscribed 50 Per Cent.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—An overwhelming response has greeted the Treasury Department's latest offering of $200,000,000 short-term certificates of indebtedness, part of the Liberty Loan financing. The offering was oversubscribed, it was officially announced tonight by approximately 50 per cent., and the books have been closed two days ahead of the date originally set because no further subscriptions can be taken.

The certificates bear 3¼ per cent. interest, one-fourth of 1 per cent. higher than the last offering, are due July 30, and while they are not directly convertible into Liberty Bonds, are receivable at par and accrued interest in payments made by subscribers to the bonds. The eagerness of the banks to accept the offering presents somewhat of a contrast with the acceptance of the last offering of $200,000,000, which bore but 3 per cent. interest.

Allotments of the offering will be made tomorrow. It will be necessary to scale down the subscriptions by approximately one-third because of the great hoped-for oversubspcription.

New York, it is understood, were especially large, and in every Federal Reserve district the amount taken by the banks exceeded expectations.

The prompt acceptance of the offering reflects the quickened public interest, officials think, in the Liberty Loan. While the campaign for placing the loan is almost in full swing, it is pointed out that a tremendous amount of work has to be done before the full amount is subscribed, without considering the oversubscription. Subscriptions from

SUFFRAGISTS HELP THE LOAN.

Begin State-Wide Campaign—Will Make Open-Air Appeals.

Half a million advertising cards and 50,000 application blanks for Liberty Loan Bonds were sent out yesterday from the headquarters of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, 303 Fifth Avenue, which is working with the Women's Liberty Loan Committee, of which Miss V. D. H. Furman is Chairman. The cards were supplemented by a letter from the chairman of the party, Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, asking the assistance of campaign district chairmen, up-State Assembly district leaders and Presidents of Suffrage clubs in cities of 2,000 or more inhabitants.

Officers of the party and 50 other speakers will make open air appeals on the principal streets of New York tonight for subscriptions to the loan. Among the speakers will be Mrs. White-house, Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid, Mrs. John Blair, Mrs. Frederick Edey, Mrs. Alice Duer Miller and Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip. Suffrage leaders have been asked to hold meetings in their districts to explain the conditions of the loan to women.

It was announced that a $10,000 subscription to the loan had been made by Miss Mary Carmack McDougal, a volunteer worker on the War Service Committee of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party.

A mobilization of women's organizations in the interest of the loan was announced yesterday by the Women's Liberty Loan Committee.

RAILROAD BUYS BONDS.

Norfolk & Western Subscribes $2,000,000—Loan Campaign Progress.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—A subscription of $2,000,000 to the Liberty Loan was made today by the Norfolk & Western Railway. Arrangements will be made whereby employes of the company may subscribe for the bonds and pay installments of 5 per cent. monthly until the bonds are paid for, the company bearing the expense of the subscription.

PITTSBURGH, May 23.—Teachers in the public schools have been instructed by Supt. William M. Davidson to distribute "Liberty Loan primers" to their pupils on Friday and talk to them for several minutes on the patriotic service they may render in either subscribing for the loan themselves or by urging their parents to do so. At the University of Pittsburgh "Liberty Loan Day" will be observed tomorrow.

Faculty members at Duquesne University will devote a part of recitation periods on Friday to a discussion of the loan.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 23.—The Chairman of the districts included in the Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank district met this morning to discuss the sale of $215,000,000 of Liberty bonds allotted to this district. The Cleveland allotment has been increased $15,000,000 and the issue is to be sold within twenty-four days.

SAGINAW, Mich., May 23.—The City Council last night asked the Saginaw Finance Commissioner to sell $100,000 of city bonds and invest the proceeds in Liberty Loan bonds. The city bonds are now held on trust funds in the City Treasury.

LANSING, Mich., May 23.—Governor Sleeper today issued a proclamation designating the week beginning May 27 as Liberty Loan Week.

Kerensky Off to the Front.

PETROGRAD, May 23.—War Minister Kerensky has started on his tour of inspection of all the military fronts. He left Petrograd today by special train.

CALLS ON THE STATE TO AID THE LOAN

Whitman Urges Organized Effort in Every County to Make It a Success.

OUTLINES CAMPAIGN PLANS

Asks Defense Committees to Make Sure That the Commonwealth's Proportion Is Subscribed.

ALBANY, May 23.—Governor Whitman today called upon the people of New York State to organize their efforts in support of the Liberty Loan, putting in motion the machinery of the State's defense organization, the Resource Mobilization Bureau, to inaugurate a campaign for the sale of Liberty Loan bonds in every county. The Governor sent a letter to the Chairman of each county Home Defense Committee, and the Chairman of the Mayor's Defense Committee in New York, calling attention to the opportunity presented now to "assist actively in negotiating the Liberty Loan."

"It is my desire that each county organization under the Resource Mobilization Bureau move officially in this matter, and make it an immediate and active part of its work," wrote the Governor. "It is appropriate that the present defense organization of the State in every county should definitely undertake the task of insuring the Empire State's full contribution to the Liberty Loan."

In his letter to the county defense committees the Governor said:

"There is doubtless already distinct activity in your county in connection with the loan. I suggest, however, that you organize and co-ordinate these activities in a definite campaign in common with the other counties of the State.

"It might be advisable for you, through the Finance Committee and the Committee on Co-operating Agencies, to call together the chief representatives of all organizations likely to be interested or useful, notably bankers' associations, underwriters' associations, trade associations, associations of credit men, street railway, and other advertising companies, chambers of commerce, &c. In a meeting of these representatives it is possible that under the Finance Committee you might organize a ways and means committee to direct the campaign for the Liberty Loan."

Le Roy Village Subscribes $255,550.

Special to The New York Times.

LE ROY, N. Y., May 23.—The village of Le Roy, which has a population of 4,070, set an example for other rural communities in the matter of the Liberty Loan at a patriotic meeting of the Board of Trade last evening, when, after stirring addresses had been made by Edward Harris and F. Harper Sibley of Rochester, and the Rev. Pierre Cushing, rector of St. Mark's Church, men present subscribed for $255,550 of the bonds, less than fifteen minutes being consumed in making the entire subscription. A committee of thirty citizens was named to make a thorough canvass of the community, and it is certain that Le Roy's subscription to the bonds will reach $350,000. At the same meeting $1,050 was given toward the $3,000,000 fund that is being raised for Y. M. C. A. work in the training camps of the country.

1,542 ARMY RECRUITS OBTAINED TUESDAY

79,920 Men Enlisted Since April 1—100,000 Still Needed for War Strength.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The total number of recruits obtained for the army Tuesday was 1,542, bringing the aggregate since April 1 up to 79,920 men. Only three States have thus far filled their quota—Nevada, Oregon, and Utah. More than 100,000 men are yet to be recruited to bring the army to full strength.

Pennsylvania led in recruiting yesterday and leads the country with a total of 8,867 since April 1. Illinois was second yesterday and is the second in total enlisted since April 1. New York, which was third yesterday, is third in total army recruiting. The daily statement issued by Adjutant General McCain follows:

	Ob-tained May 22.	Total to May 22.		Ob-tained May 22.	Total to May 22.
Alabama	9	900	Nebraska	43	1,544
Arizona	3	138	*Nevada	13	428
Arkansas	5	564	New H'shire	9	213
California	103	2,634	New Jersey	59	2,134
Colorado	28	782	New Mexico	2	135
Connecticut	13	501	New York	155	6,488
Delaware	..	48	N. Carolina	5	703
Dis. of Col.	..	152	N. Dakota	..	261
Florida	13	608	Ohio	57	2,792
Georgia	48	2,251	Oklahoma	7	1,165
Idaho	6	489	*Oregon	26	1,676
Illinois	186	8,068	P'sylvania	195	8,867
Indiana	68	5,399	Rh. Island	6	262
Iowa	18	2,467	S. Carolina	14	512
Kansas	27	2,142	S. Dakota	14	521
Kentucky	19	1,591	Tennessee	10	1,097
Louisiana	20	898	Texas	48	3,251
Maine	..	330	*Utah	10	886
Maryland	4	175	Vermont	..	46
M'chusetts	74	2,500	Virginia	8	771
Michigan	55	4,101	Washington	16	900
Minnesota	24	1,693	W. Virginia	21	812
Mississippi	7	611	Wisconsin	22	953
Missouri	78	3,690	Wyoming	..	226
Montana	8	320			

*Quota obtained.
Total quota, 183,988.
Total obtained May 22, 1,542.
Total obtained since April 1, 79,920.

HARD BAYONET DRILLS FOR PLATTSBURG MEN

Army Plans to Develop Minds, Muscle, and Fighting Spirit of the Student Officers.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, May 23.—Pending the arrival of the new manuals embodying British bayonet practice to be adopted by the U. S. Army, the students received today the theory of the new system at their conferences today. From information now in the hands of instructors at the Plattsburg camp, the new bayonet practice will go hand-in-hand with physical drill.

The aim of the new instruction will be to develop alertness of mind, readiness of muscle, and above all a soldier's fighting spirit.

A pouring rain was falling when the students marched out on the parade ground early this morning. Close order drill occupied the first hour of the day's program and the men showed marked improvement. Then followed half an hour's brisk callisthenics. The rest of the forenoon was spent in conferences. Signaling and rifle pointing and sighting exercises filled the afternoon. Tonight the students are studying skirmish drill and the regulations for sentinels.

Eight men who passed their examinations before coming to the camp and who were recommended for commissions took the oath as reserve officers today. They were Rigny D. Valliant of New York, Major of cavalry; Frank L. Nelson, one of the editors of The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial, Major of infantry; Henry D. F. Chinner, formerly a First Sergeant in the United States Army, Captain of infantry; Archibald B. Roosevelt, Second Lieutenant of infantry; James H. O'Reilly, formerly Sergeant, United States Army, Second Lieutenant of infantry; Robert E. Goggin, Bloomfield, N. J., Second Lieutenant of infantry; Robert F. Crandall, Bedford Hill, N. Y., Second Lieutenant of infantry, and Henry S. G. A. Raw, Columbia University, Second Lieutenant of infantry.

NO DRINK FOR WAR STUDENTS

Saloon Keepers Promise Not to Sell to Men of Madison Barracks.

Special to The New York Times.

SACKET HARBOR, N. Y., May 23.—Though Governors Island has not yet notified Lieut. Colonel Sample to follow the Plattsburg example of adopting the British system of bayonet drill, it can be said that the overseas method will be established here within a week. Canadian officers from the big training camp at Kingston, Ont., directly across the lake, may make a brief visit here.

The students were again sent out on the road today, this time for five miles. Fifteen companies strong, the cadets hit up a pace that took them over the distance in about an hour. Before the march the men assembled in the barracks for the regular daily lecture, and then, departing from the usual custom of letting the pupils do the questioning, several of the instructors began to sound the men on just what they had learned since coming here.

The question of liquor at the camp was practically settled today at a conference between Colonel Sample, District Attorney J. B. Cooper of Jefferson County, and the local authorities. The District Attorney told the camp commander that under an old State statute a military commander has absolute power over all drinking places within a mile of his post. The military receives the power to close a saloon at will. When this was communicated to the Colonel he immediately sent for the saloon proprietors, who promised not to sell any intoxicants to any one connected, even in a civilian capacity, with the barracks.

ARMY TO OPEN BIDS FOR 35,000 TRUCKS

Three and Five-Ton Types for the War Wanted—Drivers Also to be Procured.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Bids will be opened by the United States Army on June 10 at Chicago for 35,000 motor trucks, of both light and heavy types, for use in the war. Arrangements are being made to procure the necessary drivers also.

Colonel Chauncey B. Baker, head of the Motor Transport Board of the War Department, said today that the new American army would be supplied with motor trucks as rapidly as they were needed through the development of present plans and that the department had no present expectation that it will have to commandeer private machines.

The new army trucks will carry approximately three and five tons, respectively. The specifications were formulated by the Motor Transport Board in conjunction with several divisions of the Standards Committee of the Society of Automotive Engineers, after an exhaustive study of European and American field experience. They were afterward passed on by the entire Truck Standards Division of the society, and are regarded as embodying the very best of American and foreign experience.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Additional protection against substitutes—"The Bayer Cross" on every package and every tablet of genuine Aspirin.

"The Bayer Cross"—(BAYER)—Your Guarantee of Purity"

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets and capsules is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

Tablets: Pocket Boxes of 12 Bottles of 24 and 100
Bayer-Capsules of Aspirin sold in sealed packages of 12 and 24

ROCKEFELLER GIFT OF $25,705,500

Continued from Page 1.

Murphy, Dr. Wallace Buttrick, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Wickliffe Rose, Julius Rosenwald, Martin A. Ryerson, Dr. George E. Vincent, and Frederick Strauss.

RED CROSS TO START DRIVE FOR MILLIONS

Morgan, Schiff, and Others Head Teams—More Help for France.

Plans to collect millions for the American Red Cross are being made by Cleveland H. Dodge, Chairman of the Finance Committee, and Seward Prosser, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the organization. They will go to Washington tomorrow to a national meeting where co-operative work will be discussed.

Special teams of ten under the leadership of prominent men will aid in the work. Between June 18 and 25 the men of these teams will devote most of their time to the campaign. Some of the Captains selected are: J. P. Morgan, Mayor Mitchel, T. A. Gillespie, J. Horace Harding, Charles D. Hilles, William M. Kingsley, Edgar L. Marston, George F. Baker, Jr., H. G. S. Noble, E. H. Outerbridge, Charles H. Sabin, Jacob H. Schiff, Albert H. Wiggin, W. H. Thomson, F. D. Underwood, Frank A. Vanderlip, Albert H. Wiggin, and George J. Whelan.

When the work is begun the teams will make their headquarters in the meeting room of the Chamber of Commerce. Ten teams of women will be selected after the teams of men have been organized. The Captain of the teams of men will be assisted by S. R. Guggenheim, Alfred E. Marling, William Fellowes Morgan, George J. Wilson, George A. Zabriskie, Mortimer L. Schiff, Joseph P. Day, John Sloane, Paul D. Cravath, Frank Hedley, Irving T. Bush, Arthur O. Choate, James A. Sheffield, and Harry Payne Whitney.

In speaking of the organization of the committees, Mr. Prosser said yesterday:

"The American boys at the front—and there are thousands already there—are fighting to make the world safe for democracy. They can do more than we can do, but we are going to help."

The American Red Cross announced yesterday that, owing to the tremendous pressure on military hospitals in France to care for the thousands of soldiers wounded in the violent fighting now in progress, all available surgical dressing supplies that could be spared were being sent to France from the workrooms of the New York County Chapter of the American Red Cross.

While this special need lasts, and perhaps, for the entire war, the departments of foreign and American military relief of the large workroom maintained by the Chapter at 411 Fifth Avenue have been merged. Thus the output of the 1,200 and more workers there amounting to more than 45,000 dressings a week, will be pooled for distribution at the discretion of the Central Committee of the Red Cross. Where gifts for designated countries are received, these will continue to be applied as before.

Twenty-two tons of supplies for French and Belgian hospitals are included in a Red Cross shipment that left an American port a few days ago. Included in this shipment are 69,000 cans of condensed milk for the children in the devastated regions of France.

Canned Music, Hand Music And Metric Shirts

THE difference between the usual Ready-Made Shirt and a Metric Shirt is the difference between canned music and hand music—*individuality.*

This individuality commences with the rare pattern groupings and odd color blendings; continues with the symmetrical shaping of body, neckband and sleeves; concludes with the same *fine custom touches* as the made-to-measure Shirt—$1.50 to $9.

Oxweave (White Oxford Basketweave), collarless or with attached self collar, $1.75.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

Window Shades

are as important in decorative furnishings as curtains. We measure, install and inspect at direct-from-factory prices. Your choice of finest shade cloths to harmonize with interior decorations.

ORDINATOR CO.
101 Park Avenue
Telephone Vanderbilt 3250.

344,436.

The average net paid circulation of The New York Times for the six months ended March 31, 1917, as reported to Post Office Department, was 344,436 copies.—Advt.

WHEN you go to a tailor, do you feel like a fly in the fishpond? You won't be gobbled up here. I don't want to sell you just one Suit at $20 to $45. I want to sell you the positive conviction that you're in the right hands.

Satisfied customers keep coming back. There must be vital reasons for this permanence of patronage. Besides my body-gracing fit and my thoroughbred style, these reasons are full merchandise value, infinite patience, cordial courtesy, and, finally, my policy of do-it-right or do-it-over at my own expense. Come to be measured, or write for Cloth Clippings and my Portfolio of Custom Styles.

United States Army Uniforms to individual measure

Clemons
Custom Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
18 Years On This Corner

The Fourfold Appeal of Franklin Simon

SUITS FOR MEN
at $35 to $50

The Distinction of Fifth Avenue Models
The Economy of "Machine-Made" Prices
The Magic of Hand-Tailoring
The Luxury of Imported Fabrics

FIFTH AVENUE MODELS—designed by an authority who has cut clothes for notable Americans, and whose lines have all the easy, sketchy qualities of the finest Fifth Avenue models.

HAND-TAILORING—done by masters of the craft, and giving to Franklin Simon Suits such tone and delicacy of feeling as no suit on earth can have without it!

IMPORTED FABRICS—made of long yarn Australian Wool, in fast color browns, tans, grays and mottled blues, and probably the last from England till the U-boat is *hors de combat.*

ECONOMY—where else in New York can you combine the distinction of Fifth Avenue models, the magic of hand-workmanship, and the luxury of imported fabrics at ready-for-service prices?

HAND-TAILORED at the price of those that are not

Men's Clothing Shop—8 W. 38th St.
A Separate Shop on the Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
Men's Clothing Furnishings Shoes
FIFTH AVENUE

Safety and Health at 25

MOUNTAIN LAKES RESIDENTIAL PARK

Most Accessible Real Country

Mountain Lakes Residential Park is the most ideal home location that offers the privileges of a select community, shore front property, lake sports, country club, dustless roads, hills, high elevation, woodland, and everything desirable—for country living—away from danger of paralysis. Write for list of available homes at remarkable prices and terms.

PUBLICITY SECRETARY OF MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J.
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Of course you can spoil

Club Cocktails

if you weaken them by shaking with fine ice. Best to cool the bottle.

"What's the Good of Having Bunions?"

"NO good at all," you say. But you *go on wearing* narrow, pinching, bone-bending shoes that cause bunions — and corns, callouses, flat-foot, fallen arches, ingrown nails, etc.

Give up this "fashionable" cruelty. Wear broad-toed, comfortable Educators. Because Educators are built to "let the feet grow as they should."

Made for
MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN

Get your *whole family* into them today. But see that EDUCATOR is branded on the sole. It's your guarantee of the correct orthopaedic Educator shape. Made by Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High Street, Boston, Mass.

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RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE

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Direct from Wholesaler
Your Gift Coupon
Redeemable
GILLIES COFFEE CO.

SWEEP GERMANS FROM AISNE HILLS

French, by Three Attacks, Seize Last Heights Dominating Ailette Valley.

CAPTURE 400 PRISONERS

Petain's Troops Also Take Three Lines of Trenches East of Craonne Plateau.

BRITISH STILL INACTIVE

Enemy Directs Heavy Bombardment Against the Region of Bullecourt.

PARIS, May 23.—As the result of attacks at three points in the neighborhood of Craonne last night, the French troops conquered the last of the observation points dominating the valley of the Ailette River (south of Laon) and considerably enlarged their positions on the northern slopes of the Vauclerc and Californie Plateaux. They also carried three lines of trenches east of the village of Chevreux on the low ground north of Ville-au-Bois. Over 400 prisoners were taken.

The attacks followed a terrific bombardment in which the German lines were practically annihilated by the French fire. This bombardment lasted throughout the day yesterday and grew to great intensity just before the moment of attack.

The Germans later in the night attempted a counterattack, but they were repulsed with heavy losses. Today they contented themselves with bombarding the positions they lost. The text of the statement issued by the War Office this afternoon follows:

We made spirited attacks with good results yesterday evening at three points on the front. On the Vauclerc Plateau and on the Californie Plateau our troops conquered the last of the observation points dominating the Ailette Valley. They enlarged considerably their positions on the northern slopes.

We carried three lines of German trenches east of Chevreux during the night. A counterattack by the enemy against our new positions on the Californie Plateau was stopped by our fire, which inflicted heavy losses on the attackers. We captured 350 Germans, of whom eleven are officers.

An enemy attack on the slopes southwest of Les Eparges was checked completely. Everywhere else the night was calm.

This evening's statement says:

On the Chemin des Dames no infantry action occurred during the day. The enemy bombarded the new positions which we occupy in the region of the Vauclerc and Californie Plateaux. The number of prisoners taken in the operations of yesterday exceeds 400.

In Champagne there was spirited artillery activity on the part of the enemy south of Moronvilliers. The Germans finally delivered against Mont Haut an attack which our fire broke down before it was able to reach our trenches.

It is confirmed that two additional German airplanes have been brought down by our pilots, one May 13, the other on the 18th.

A dispatch from The Associated Press correspondent at the front says:

"Von Hindenburg himself is understood to have been a spectator of the defeat which the French inflicted on the Germans yesterday evening on the Moronvilliers range (in the Champagne district) which resulted in the capture of several lines of German trenches and a number of important observation points. The German commander is known to have been just to the northward of this section of the front on Sunday. His presence is supposed to have been connected with an attack on the French lines which the Germans intended to deliver on Tuesday morning, but the French forestalled them.

"As outlined to the correspondent today, the operations in this region developed into a 'struggle for observation points,' possession of which is absolutely indispensable for success under present conditions of warfare. In their forward drive on the Moronvilliers range the French captured all those positions dominating the surrounding territory. The heights of Carnillet, Blond, Haut, Casque, and Teton, and the Moronvilliers hills are now indisputably in their possession and from them they are able to watch the movements of German supply columns and reinforcements and thus harass them, making precarious the German tenure of the Rheims plain.

"The system of fortifications encountered by the French in their advance was more formidable than any they had met before that time, but the clever manoeuvring of their infantry and the pile-driving of their artillery overcame these difficulties. Thus the French were able to register a victory at a cost amounting to only one-fifth that to the Germans.

"James Hazen Hyde was permitted to make a flight over the lines in an airplane before the attack. Two French fighting airplanes escorted him and held off German machines which hovered about. Mr. Hyde has taken an official position with the Young Men's Christian Association, which intends to make arrangements for American troops similar to those which have been made for the British behind the lines. They are invaluable for the men when they are resting after trench duty."

Germans Shell British Lines.

LONDON, May 23.—The German artillery last night bombarded the new British positions on the Hindenburg line near Bullecourt with considerable violence, but no infantry attack developed. Today was quiet on the British front.

The text of the statement issued this afternoon by the War Office follows:

Last night the enemy again heavily bombarded our positions on the Hindenburg line in the neighborhood of Bullecourt. Our artillery replied vigorously. No hostile attack developed.

We made a successful raid early this morning southeast of Gavrelle. A number of Germans were killed, without any casualties among our troops.

We captured a few prisoners during the night as a result of patrol encounters at different points on our front north of Armentières.

The official communication issued this evening says:

Nothing of special interest occurred during the day owing to the unfavorable weather conditions.

There was less activity in the air yesterday and little fighting. One German airplane was driven down out of control.

CANADA TO SEE VIMY GUNS.

OTTAWA, May 23.—Guns which the Canadians used in their successful assault of Vimy Ridge are to be brought to Canada and placed on exhibition, according to a dispatch received here today from Canadian Army Headquarters in France.

Cannon of small calibre have already been shipped, the cablegram says, "and should arrive in time to add interest to the Fall fairs." The dispatch adds that "the larger guns, which require the use of mechanical power to get them over the ridge, could not be brought out in time for the first shipment."

CLOTH OF GOLD SPREAD BEHIND BRITISH LINE

Fields of Dandelions and Buttercups Recall the Famous Meeting of Two Kings.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, May 23.—Once in history two fat kings met in a field in France between silken tents and on strips of tapestry laid upon the grass so that the scene of glitter and shimmer was called for every age of schoolboys, the Field of the Cloth of Gold. Out here in France now there is a field of honor stretching more than a hundred miles, held by British soldiers, and that is the true field of the cloth of gold. For everywhere behind the deep belt of cratered land, so barren and blasted that no seed of life is left in the soil, there are miles of ground where the gold grows wonderfully brilliant in the warm sunshine of these days, the gold of densely growing dandelions and of buttercups in great battalions.

If you wish to picture the British Army out here now and the landscape in which the troops are fighting, you must think of them marching along roads sweet scented with lilac and apple blossoms, and over those golden fields to the white edge of the dead land. They are hot under heavy packs, all powdered with dust, so that they wear white masks, like a legion of pierrots, and on their steel helmets the sun shines brazenly. These hot, dusty soldiers, closed about by guns and mule teams and transport columns, surging ceaselessly along the highways to the front, drink in with their eyes the cool, refreshing shadows of the green woods set upon the hillsides, where the sun plays upon the new leaves with the melody of delicate color-music and spreads tapestries of light and shade across the sweeps of grass land, all interwoven with the flowers of France.

The soldiers do not walk blindly through this beauty. It calls to them, these men of Surrey and Kent and Devon, these Shropshire lads and boys of Derbyshire dales, and at night in their camps before turning in to sleep in their tents they watch the glow of the western sun and the fading blue of the sky and listen to the last song of the birds, tired with the joy of the day, and are drugged by the scent of closing flowers and of green wheat growing so tall, so quickly tall behind the battlefields. These tents themselves are like flowers in the darkness when the candle-lights gleams through their canvas. At night the scene of war is lighted up by star shells and vivid flashes of light as great shells fall and burst beyond the zone of where British soldiers crouch in holes and burrow into the earth. It is under the blue sky of these days and in this splendor of springtime that the English boys and young Scots go into the fire of hell where quite close to them the birds still sing as I heard a nightingale sing recently amid the crash of gunfire.

Activity on the Belgian Front.

HAVRE, May 23, (via Paris.)—The Belgian War Office issued the following statement today:

There was artillery activity today between Nieuport and Pervyse, bomb fighting between the ferryman's house and Steenstraete and grenade fighting in the neighborhood of Het Sas.

FOREIGN LEGION WINS NEW PRAISE FOR VALOR

Famous Troops, Made Up of All Nationalities, Honored for Capture of Auberive.

From a Staff Correspondent of The Associated Press.

GRAND HEADQUARTERS OF THE FRENCH ARMIES IN FRANCE, May 23.—"A marvelous regiment, animated by hatred of the enemy and the highest spirit of sacrifice."

These words are used in the official army order in conferring the fifth palm on the flag of the famous Foreign Legion for gallantry in the recent fighting in Champagne. The regiment is unique in the number of times mentioned and decorated.

The staff correspondent of The Associated Press visited the legionaries in their rest camp, where they were recuperating and filling their ranks, and heard personal narratives from officers and men whose conduct is so highly praised. No matter what the men's nationality—and citizens of no fewer than fifty-one nations are represented among the legionaries—after joining they immediately become imbued with the regiment's glorious traditions. They have been always where the fighting was hottest.

When the war started, six battalions, forming two regiments, were sent to the front; now only three battalions remain, fused into one regiment. Among them are still Americans from various States of the Union as well as from all the Republics of Central and South America. There are men from every British colony, from all the countries in Europe, Asia and Africa, and also a number of Frenchmen, who have been attracted to the legion on account of its adventurous career. Many Russians, Belgians, Italians, British and Rumanians have recently been transferred to their own armies, reducing the legion's strength, but Spaniards, Swiss and South Americans are joining.

The legion's task, for the successful achievement of which it was honored today, was the most difficult in the recent French offensive. Its front stretched westward from Auberive, the capture of which was included in the objective aimed at. For five days and nights the legionaries fought continuously, virtually without sleep. They accomplished the task set them, but at the cost of the life of their colonel D— and many other gaps in their ranks. At the end their commander was Major D—.

Auberive was entered and carried by a Lieutenant with a non-commissioned officer and ten men with unbelievable daring. The non-commissioned officer singlehanded attacked a machine gun emplacement and killed twelve German gunners.

The advance of the battalion operating to the west of Auberive was retarded for some time by the opposition of an unknown series of German intrenchments, formidably armed, in what is known as the gulf. It was impossible to attack frontally across the half mile of open ground, but the legionaries succeeded in outflanking the position and made their way, fighting for every foot, along a communication trench until they had carried the whole position. They threw 50,000 of their own hand grenades in the course of the five days, besides many thousands of German grenades they discovered in the dumps on the enemy territory. When the fighting was over the exhausted legionaries slept as they stood.

BATTLE IN TRENTINO WON BY ITALIANS

Positions Entered by Austrians in Mass Attack Retaken After Fierce Struggle.

CARSO HEAVILY SHELLED

Cannon and French Mortars Keep Up an Intense Bombardment Along the Isonzo Front.

ROME, May 23.—Very heavy fighting between the Austro-Hungarians and Italians took place in the Travignolo Valley, on the Trentino front, continuing until yesterday afternoon, when the Italians succeeded in recapturing all the positions which the Austrians had penetrated. The Italian official statement issued today reporting the operations says:

Trentino Front—Between Lake Garda and Brenta the enemy artillery was less active yesterday than in the last few days. Enemy attacks were limited to minor patrol encounters. In the Laghi Basin of Posina our raid on the enemy lines northeast of Monte Maio gained about ten prisoners.

In the Travignolo Valley very severe fighting occurred on the night of Monday. After a violent bombardment which destroyed our positions on the massif of Piccolo Colbricon the enemy launched an attack in force and succeeded in penetrating part of our lines in spite of our stubborn resistance. The arrival of our supports led to violent fighting, which lasted until yesterday afternoon, and resulted in our recapturing the whole of the position.

The hundreds of dead left on the field, the sixty prisoners, including one officer and three machine guns, and a considerable amount of war material taken by us are evidence of the heavy reverse suffered by the enemy.

Julian Front—The artillery action was intense. Enemy attempts against our lines north of St. Marco were repulsed by our fire.

VIENNA, May 23, (via London.)—The following official communication was issued today:

Along the Isonzo yesterday again was calm. Only late in the evening, after heavy trench mortar preparation, did the enemy attack our trenches before the town of Gorizia. He was repulsed with heavy losses.

Early today Italian guns and trench mortars opened fire on our positions on the Carso Plateau. The artillery battle has increased to great violence.

In Carinthia and Tyrol at some points there has been increased activity.

BERLIN'S VIEW OF ATTACKS.

Calls French Success North of the Aisne "a Sanguinary Blow."

BERLIN, May 23, (via London.)—The French have suffered a sanguinary blow because of the failure of their attacks on the German lines in France yesterday, says today's Army Headquarters statement, which follows:

Army of Crown Prince Rupprecht:

Near Hulluch and Bullecourt several British advances which had been prepared by strong artillery fire were repulsed.

Front of the German Crown Prince: On the Aisne and Champagne fronts the fighting activity of the artillery was retained within limited bounds during the morning. In the afternoon, after a sudden increase of the fire from the plateau of Paissy to the Warde, strong French attacks were delivered from La Ville-aux-Bois and were repeated until evening with the greatest persistency. After stubborn hand-to-hand fighting and by strong counterthrusts our Bavarian, Hanoverian, Lower Schleswig, and Posen regiments maintained their positions against the repeated assaults, and drove the enemy back. Bitter hand grenade battles continued in some trench sectors into the night. Our fire inflicted considerable losses on the retreating enemy. Owing to the failure of their attacks, the French have suffered a sanguinary blow.

Army of Duke Albrecht: On the Lorraine front and in the Sundgau (Alsace) enemy reconnoitring detachments were driven off.

RIBOT REASSURES FRANCE.

His Speech in Chamber Welcomed as Clearing Political Atmosphere.

PARIS, May 23.—Premier Ribot's speech before the Chamber of Deputies yesterday has cleared the murky political atmosphere and calmed and reassured public opinion. The immediate effect of his speech has been a demonstration of confidence in the Government by the country, such as has been lacking for some time past.

The Premier's statement that the public had a right to know and should know everything that could safely be communicated to it has given widespread satisfaction. His lucid exposition of the foreign situation and of France's peace aims has also been warmly welcomed.

Attractive lighting fixtures greatly enhance the rental or sales value of buildings or apartments.
The new metal has made luxury possible at costs which meet the requirements of moderately priced homes and apartments.

VANCO-BRONZE
THE NEW METAL
The Mitchell Vance Studios
294 Madison Ave., N. Y.
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Benjamin Franklin says:
"Pay what you owe and you'll know what's your own."

War Service

Many men who contemplate service in the *U. S. Army* or *Navy* are now making arrangements with us for the care of their securities and income while they are away.

As *Agent* or *Custodian* we are prepared to assume the entire management of your real and personal property, collecting income, paying all charges, and remitting the net income in such amounts and to such persons as may be desired.

Our charge for this service is moderate, and our long experience assures efficient management.

Franklin TRUST CO.
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46 Wall Street, New York
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ADVERTISEMENT.

HELP KNIT Sleeveless Jackets FOR MARINES

AN emergency call has been received by the Navy League for 2,600 sleeveless jackets for the United States Marines ordered to France.

These jackets must be ready by June 1st. We need women to volunteer for this service.

Call for regulation and Khaki wool for the making of these garments at the headquarters of the Comforts Committee of the Navy League, at 509 Fifth Avenue, between 42nd and 43rd Sts., or at the Militia of Mercy Unit, at 4 West 49th Street, as soon as possible to take up this work for the Marines.

AIR
Its Nature, Growth and Common Affections. Rules for Its Preservation.
RICHARD W. MULLER, M. D.

LOSS OF HAIR
Prematurely Gray Hair, Seborrhoea and the Quarts Lamp Treatment.
RICHARD W. MULLER, M. D.
Illustrated. All Bookstores, $1.50.
W. R. Jenkins, Pubs., 48 St. & 6 Ave.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46TH and 47TH STS.

Feature to-day

Tailored Suits.....at $25
Formerly $55 to $75 of high-quality custom fabrics.

Formerly to $100.....at $50
Of rich silk and cloth fabrics—practically every type of suit is being represented in the group.

Fashionable Gowns and Dresses
Formerly $55 to $75.....at $35
Of serge, tricot, jersey, silk, chiffon, foulard and crepe.

Formerly $75 to $100.....at $55
Street Dresses—Afternoon Gowns—Dance Frocks.

B. Altman & Co.

A New Importation of Little Boys' Pique Suits
(hand-made and hand-embroidered)

has just been received from France, and is now being shown in the Boys' Clothing Department, on the Sixth Floor. These little Suits, representing the best type of French needlecraft, are exclusive to B. Altman & Co.

The sizes range from 3 to 7 years.

Little Boys' Imported Straw Hats, also just received from France, are shown in the same Department.

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue,
34th and 35th Streets New York

R. H. Macy & Co. — R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service. — R. H. Macy & Co.

Direct Elevators on 35th St. Side

Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

You Must Save On Your Clothing Here

Men's and Young Men's
Spring Suits
At $24.75

that run the entire range of the season's recognized styles, with a good assortment of conservative and semi-conservative models for the man whose tastes so incline—as well as a variety of more extremely cut garments for the younger, more active men. Every suit is smartly and correctly tailored, of dependable, seasonable material. Best of all—you can't beat them for quality anywhere else at the price.

Smart Golf Suits $24.75
With Knickers or Long Trousers
Two different coat models—one a pinch-back with stitched-on belt; the other a Norfolk with belt all around; both made with patch pockets and cut with plenty of room to permit free play and a good game. Well tailored of tweeds or homespuns in gray, green, tan or brown.

"Supre-Macy" Suits $24.75
The Best by Test at the Price
The big idea behind these garments is better tailoring and better materials than you can get at any other good store in town at the price—or at higher prices. All-wool fabrics in smart semi-conservative models with hand tailoring wherever it will do the most good.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

ATHENA
UNDERWEAR
FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN

the Usual Form of Knit Garment
The Athena Garment
This Curved Arm Hole
The Slanting Shoulder & Sleeve
The Shoulder Stay
The Elastic Cuff
The fabric is cut this way and stitched together to form a full gusset on each side of the seat.
The Patented Seat
LOW IN FRONT
Low Neck—Sleeveless

Athena underwear is truly fashioned and tailored to fit. It is designed not merely to approach, but to *realize* the outlines of a woman's form.

The shaping—the tailoring—is not confined to any one part. Note the shaped shoulders, the proper fullness of bust—the perfect conformation of legs.

The patented seat is the most remarkable advancement ever made in underwear designing; by a unique device the seat in Athena has been shaped to fit the figure snugly in any posture. There can be no gaping—no bulging. If you will see Athena underwear, you will revise your ideas on the underwear subject.

Athena is sold only at Saks in New York

Marshall Field & Company, Chicago, Makers.

PRICES:
For Women—Vests and Tights....55c and 65c
For Women—Union Suits.....55c to $1.75

Supreme Value
in silk hose is determined not only by beauty of texture and shapeliness, but also by durability. In that important feature

PHOENIX SILK HOSE

stands pre-eminent. It is so serviceable that to wear it daily is true economy.

Women's Silk Hose—*$1.10, $1.50, $2.00*
Women's Lisle Hose—*55c*
Men's Silk Hose—*55c to $1.50*
Men's Lisle Hose, *30c*

FOLLOWING our usual custom we have not quoted any comparative values in this announcement,

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th Street

MERCHANDISE here advertised will be on sale at these prices for TODAY ONLY.

Today Is the Day of 100 Specials

THE number corresponding to each of the items here announced will be found upon sign cards at the counters and tables where the merchandise is displayed.

No Telephone or Mail Orders for These Specials Can Be Accepted.

BASEMENT FLOOR.

No. 1 ***Cowhide Traveling Bags, $6.95***
Leather lined. Sizes 16, 17 or 18 inches.

No. 2 ***Black Enamel Tourist Cases, $5.95***
All sizes—also at $5.95 Black Enamel Hat Boxes in all sizes.

No. 3 ***Genuine Black Walrus Traveling Bags, $5.25***
Leather lined split walrus Traveling Bags. Size 18 inches.

MAIN FLOOR

No. 4 ***Japanese Boudoir Slippers, 25c***
Imported hand-embroidered slippers in old rose. Sizes 3 to 7.

No. 5 ***Men's Japanese Bath Slippers, 69c***
Hand-woven Straw Slippers, lined with Terry cloth. All sizes.

No. 6 ***Men's Straw Hats, $1.65***
All new shapes. Included are Sennit and split straws.

No. 7 ***Women's Silk Stockings, 95c***
Black and white only. All sizes.

No. 8 ***Men's Silk Top Athletic Union Suits, $1.15***
Fine grade Madras body. Cut full and large.

No. 9 ***Women's Lisle Thread Vests, 25c***
Sleeveless model; low neck. Extra large sizes.

No. 10 ***Women's Glove-Silk Top Union Suits at 89c***
Fine lisle body. Pink only, in sizes 36, 38 and 40.

No. 11 ***Taffeta Silk Parasols, $2.95***
Japanese and regulation shapes, in plain colors, black and white striped effects, with fancy borders. Loop and sport handles.

No. 12 ***Sun and Rain Umbrellas, $5***
Of superior quality taffeta silk in "India" and regulation shapes. Military and Roman stripe effects; also in plain colors. Leather loops and sterling silver ring handles.

No. 13 ***Children's Parasols, 50c***
Dainty pink, blue and white striped parasols. Others in flowered effects and plain red, white and blue.

No. 14 ***Men's Walking Sticks, $1.95***
A large assortment of fine woods, trimmed with sterling silver or leather.

No. 15 ***Rubber Shower Sprays, 69c***
Large size sprays with long tubing.

No. 16 ***Silk or Cretonne Traveling Bags, 59c***
Rubber lined with compartments for toilet articles.

No. 17 ***High-Grade Serving Trays, $1.19***
Mahogany finish, glass lined, fac-simile marquetry designs in centre. 11 or 17 inches wide.

No. 18 ***Ivortus Jewel Boxes, 65c***
Velvet lined. Obtainable with or without feet.

No. 19 ***Women's Gloves, 55c***
Milanese Two Clasp White Silk Gloves with Paris point embroidered backs.

No. 20 ***Women's White Glace Lambskin Gloves, $1***
Imported gloves with heavy black crocheted embroidered backs. Two clasps.

No. 21 ***Men's Tan Capeskin Gloves, $1.39***

No. 22 ***Men's Silk Gloves, 88c***
Gray Silk Gloves with self or black embroidered backs.

No. 23 ***Gold-Filled Bracelet Watches, $3.95***
Small model with convertible bracelet. 7-Jewel movement.

No. 24 ***Men's Leather Belts, 45c***
Made of selected harness, sheepskin or pigskin leather.

No. 25 ***Men's Monogram Belts, 85c***
Good quality leather belts with sliding buckle of silver deposit with cut-out Old English initial.

No. 26 ***Men's Silk Pad Garters, 39c***

No. 27 ***Men's Crossbar Handkerchiefs, 6 for 55c***

No. 28 ***Men's Initialed Handkerchiefs, 6 for 95c***
White crossbar border and colored initial.

No. 29 ***Men's Cheney Silk Kerchiefs, 39c***
In foulard patterns or with fancy figured and striped borders.

No. 30 ***Men's English Collars, $1 Doz.***
A clearance of our entire stock of English collars. Broken assortment of sizes.

No. 31 ***Men's Summer Pajamas, $1***
Made of highly mercerized fabrics trimmed with frogs. Colors: blue, helio, grey, white and pink. All sizes.

No. 32 ***Men's Sport Shirts, 79c***
Convertible collars.

No. 33 ***Men's Silk Cravats, 29c***
In a splendid assortment of weaves, in new Spring colors and patterns.

SECOND FLOOR.

No. 34 ***Misses' Smart Sport Suits, $12.50***
Tailored and dressy models in the season's smartest styles. Made of wool Jersey. Colors: rose, grey, beige, delft, gold, reseda and Kelly green. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

No. 35 ***Misses' Modish Dresses, $8.75***
A broken assortment of this season's models, developed in fine serges, Ezy cloth and taffeta, trimmed with wool or silk embroidery. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

No. 36 ***Misses' Sport Skirts at $5.95***
Several attractive models. Made of Wool Velour. Colors: rose and blue, gold and blue, Copenhagen and navy. Lengths 33 to 36 inches.

No. 37 ***Misses' White Washable Skirts $1.95***
Very attractive models with slit or new patch pockets. Tailored in Russian cords and gabardine. Lengths 33 to 36 inches.

No. 38 ***Girls' Tub Dresses, 89c***
Cunning Empire and Waist Line models, displaying new pockets and collars. Made of gingham in large plaid designs and plain color chambray. Ages 6 to 14 years.

No. 39 ***Girls' Spring Coats at $4.95***
Just one or two of a kind, tailored in fine serges, worsted checks and mixtures. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

No. 40 ***Girls' & Juniors' Suits, $6.95***
In novelty and shepherd checks with overcollars of silk faille in contrasting color. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

No. 41 ***Boys' Washable Suits, $1***
Smart models, made of serviceable tub fabrics. Ages 3 to 8. Quantity limited.

No. 42 ***Boys' Washable Knickers, 68c***
Grey or tan crash or white duck. Ages 6 to 17.

No. 43 ***Boys' Wool Suits, $5.95***
Extra knickers included. Well tailored in fancy mixtures. Broken assortment. Ages 9 to 18.

No. 44 ***Boys' & Girls' Hosiery, 3 Pairs, 50c***
Made of fine quality 1x1 ribbed cotton, in black or white. Sizes 6 to 10. Quantity limited.

No. 45 ***Boys' Pajamas, 59c***
Broken assortment in plain colors or stripes. Ages 4 to 18.

No. 46 ***Children's Socks, 15c***
Fine cotton socks in plain white or with colored tops. Sizes 6 to 9.

No. 47 ***Women's Kid Pumps, $4.85***
White Washable Kid Pumps with white ivory soles. Louis XV heels. All sizes.

No. 48 ***Boys' & Youths' Shoes, $2.95***
In button and lace models made of patent or gun metal calf. Sizes for little boys to 10, and for grown boys to 6.

No. 49 ***Children's Dresses, $1.39***
Colored Chambray Dresses, trimmed with pique collars and hand-smocking. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

No. 50 ***Infants' Kimonos, 79c***
Japanese Silk Kimonos, embroidered in stork and floral patterns. Sizes up to 2 years.

No. 51 ***Children's Dresses, 89c***
Made of colored gingham and chambray, in empire and belted models. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

THIRD FLOOR.

No. 52 ***150 Wonder Hats at $3.95***
From our collection of Saks $5.85 Wonder Hats—reduced for one day.

No. 53 ***Smart Voile Blouses, 95c***
In dainty colored stripe effects, with collars and cuffs of white dimity. Also tailored models, finished with pearl buttons.

No. 54 ***Tucked Organdie Blouses, 95c***
In white or flesh color with hemstitched vestee, broad collar and turn-back cuffs. Also tailored blouses in corded Madras with plain or pleated fronts. Collars may be worn high or low.

No. 55 ***Women's "Jap." Silk Blouses, $1.85***
Delightful sport models in tailored effects or with embroidered pockets. Finished with large pearl buttons.

No. 56 ***Washable Net Blouses, $2.85***
In white and cream color with pink chiffon or satin camisoles. Embellished with panels and insertions of embroidered net and fine Val. lace. Trimmed with fancy ball buttons.

No. 57 ***Fashionable Voile and Organdie Blouses, $2.85***
Dainty models in plain, embroidered and frilled effects, copies of much higher-priced blouses. Some have insets of fine embroidered organdie and narrow edgings of Val. or filet laces.

No. 58 ***New Organdie Blouses, $1.85***
Charming models with clusters of fine tucks and hemstitching. Various styles of collars and cuffs, in scalloped effect or with narrow edgings of imitation filet lace.

No. 59 ***Exquisite Georgette Crepe Blouses, $2.85***
In a variety of dainty models with touches of colored embroidery or in solid colors. Graceful double-frills are hemstitched. Also, Sport Blouses of heavy tub silk in white with collar, cuffs and tie of silk in contrasting colors.

No. 60 ***Initial Nightgowns at 95c***
Of white batiste with hemstitched bands. Light blue initial and bow-knot wreath.

No. 61 ***Brassieres, 95c***
Made of lace and embroidery with drawstring of ribbon to fasten front.

No. 62 ***Redfern & Smart Set Corsets, $2.85***
Low or medium top models, made of broche, in flesh, white or plain effects. Suitable to almost every type of figure.

No. 63 ***La Vida Corsets, $4.85***
Made of silk broche, in flesh or white; handsomely trimmed with lace and ribbon. Low or medium top, and heavy hose supporters attached.

No. 64 ***Brassieres & Bandeaux, 35c***
For women and misses. Made of net, lawn cloth, muslin and messaline; fastened at front and back.

No. 65 ***Brassieres & Bandeaux, 79c***
Made of Pussy Willow silk and wash satin, trimmed with Cheney lace and beading.

No. 66 ***Human Hair Nets, 6 for 45c***
All shades, except gray. Also—Gray or White Nets, 3 for 50c.

No. 67 ***C. B. Corsets, $1.35***
Made of white batiste or coutil, with or without rubber insert top or bottom. Low and medium top. Suitable for misses and women.

No. 68 ***Women's Pure Silk Sweaters, $12.50***
Odd sizes and broken color assortment. Wonderful value.

No. 69 ***Women's Fibre Sweaters, $3.95***
Sailor collar model with tie sash. Colors: Rose, Copenhagen blue, and gold.

No. 70 ***Women's Shetland Wool Sweaters at $5.95***
Smart model with sailor collar, sash and large pockets. Just the Sweater for golfing or tennis. Lavender, reseda, corn, rose and purple.

No. 71 ***Dotted Swiss Kimonos, $1.49***
Of white Swiss with black dots. Trimmed with ribbon at waist. Collar and cuffs lace trimmed.

No. 72 ***Women's House Dresses, $1.89***
Several very attractive models, in all white and striped materials. Some in figured effects.

No. 73 ***"Fifth Ave. Taffeta" Petticoats, 95c***
Made of "Fifth Ave. Taffeta"—a new cotton fabric—dark colors in dotted effects.

No. 74 ***Women's Taffeta Petticoats, $3.98***
Several models with tailored and ruffled flounces. Street colors.

No. 75 ***White Tub Silk Petticoats, $2.65***
Double panel front and back. Tailored flounce. To be had in white and flesh color.

No. 76 ***White Pique Petticoats, 89c***
For sport wear. Made of white pique, with scalloped flounce.

No. 77 ***Nightgowns and Envelope Chemises at 89c***
A variety of charming styles to select from, made of pink batiste or white nainsook.

No. 78 ***Crepe de Chine Bodices, 69c***
Trimmed with lace and ribbon. Also to be had in washable satin.

No. 79 ***Crepe de Chine Chemises, $2.69***
Envelope chemises trimmed with lace or with lace medallions. Flesh color.

FOURTH FLOOR.

No. 80 ***Women's Rubberized Raincoats, $4.50***
In very effective belted models, made of Bombazine or Cantonette. Guaranteed absolutely waterproof.

No. 81 ***Women's Fashionable Coats, $12.50***
Belted and plain tailored effects, made of wool poplin, serge and wool velour. Half lined with peau de cygne.

No. 82 ***Women's New Cape Coats, $15.50***
The most fashionable coat for late Spring and Summer wear. Made of serge, gabardine, crepe cloth, wool Jersey, and wool velour. All colors.

No. 83 ***Women's Coats for All Occasions at $17.50***
Carefully tailored of wool velour, wool Jersey, gabardine, wool poplin or serge. Half or full lined with peau de cygne. All sizes.

No. 84 ***Women's Tub Skirts, $1.50***
Made of fine quality pique and "Ramie-Linene," with pockets and belt.

No. 85 ***Women's Tub Skirts, $1.95***
Six new models in two-tone and all white cotton burella, gabardine and pique.

No. 86 ***Women's Washable Skirts, $2.25***
Two smart models, made of white washable corduroy.

No. 87 ***Women's Tub Skirts, $2.95***
Made of extra fine quality cotton gabardine, Russian cord and pique. Exceptional value. Waistbands up to 36 inches.

No. 88 ***Women's Fashionable Suits, $17.50***
Plain tailored, dressy and sport models, developed in serge, gabardine, tricotine, burella, wool Jersey, and taffeta silk. All wanted colors, including navy blue. Sizes from 34 to 50½.

No. 89 ***Women's Modish Silk Suits, $24.50***
Straight line and belted models, some beautifully embroidered in contrasting color. Sizes to 50½. Navy blue and black.

No. 90 ***Women's Smart Sport Suits, $19.75***
Very attractive models, with new patch pockets and tie girdle or belt. Made of wool Jersey, trimmed in contrasting colors. Sizes 34 to 44.

No. 91 ***Women's Smart Suits, $12.50***
In plain tailored and dressy models, beautifully tailored in all the most fashionable materials. Lined with plain color and fancy silks. Colors: tan, grey, checks and black. Sizes 34 to 44.

No. 92 ***Women's Taffeta and Georgette Crepe Dresses, $14.50***
Broken assortment of Spring models, suitable for afternoon wear.

No. 93 ***Women's Serge Dresses, $18.50***
High-cost serge dresses, beautifully embroidered and braided. Colors: navy blue, tan and black.

No. 94 ***Women's Wool Jersey Dresses, $18.50***
Beautifully braided and embroidered. Sizes incomplete.

FIFTH FLOOR.

No. 95 ***Men's "Goodyear Keds" White Oxfords, $1.19***
Wonderful value. Ideal for tennis wear. All sizes.

No. 96 ***Men's Spring and Summer Oxfords, $4.95***
Made of black or tan Russia calf. All sizes and widths.

No. 97 ***Men's Bath Robes, $2.95***
Good quality Terry Cloth Robes in Jacquard figures and striped patterns. All sizes.

No. 98 ***Men's Imported Bath Robes, $2.65***
Made in Japan of fine cotton crepe in blazer stripe pattern. Shawl collar and pearl buttons. Colors: blue, green, navy, pink, grey, gold and lavender. All sizes. Slippers and Envelope Bag to match.

No. 99 ***Men's Beach Robes, $1.45***
Fine light-weight Cotton Flannel Robes, in candy striped patterns of blue and white and black and white. Shawl collar models with pearl buttons. All sizes.

No. 100 ***Men's Blanket Robes, $2.95***
Made of Beacon blanket cloth in new Navajo Indian designs. Fine for camping or seashore wear. All sizes.

Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Picking a Winner

The most particular man in town should have no difficulty finding a cravat here to meet his taste—so varied is our assortment of new neckwear of imported and domestic silks, at prices lower than elsewhere.

Cravats of Domestic Silks, at 44c

An excellent variety of striped, plain and figured patterns in colorings that are popular at this time of the year.

Cravats of Imported Silks, 94c and $1.89

At 94c there are English foulards in neat, block patterns; Swiss Checks ranging from a small pin check to bolder check effects in black, blue or purple with white.

At $1.89 you will find smart cravats made of Spitalfields Silks, Italian Grenadines, French Repps and Swiss Crepes. All are made in large, flowing open end shapes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

Motor Robes in Great Variety, $1.49 to $7.49

Regulation Sizes in whipcord, covert, broadcloth and rainproof fabrics in serviceable colorings. All light-weight robes for spring and summer use.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

Men's Silk Hose at 94c

Of a pure silk fabric in smoke, white, gray, russet or black. Full fashioned with reinforced toes, soles and heels.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street, Centre.

Men's Raincoats at $17.50

that defy any kind of rough weather. Tan, heather or blue, backed with silk. Seams cemented and strapped. Satin yoke, patch pockets, reinforced buttons, raglan or regular shoulders, convertible collars, ventlets under arms—in fact all that a good rainy weather coat should be.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way, Front.

Get Under a New Straw Hat

Why put it off any longer? Today the assortment of straws in all shapes, styles and braids is most complete. The prices, as usual, are lower than elsewhere.

Splits and Sennits $1.89 and $2.74

Panamas $3.89, $4.89 to $42.75

Leghorns $4.89 to $6.89

Bangkoks $4.89 to $8.74

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Equipment For Backyard Farmers

Those who are turning formerly unused space to productive purposes will find dependable garden tools in our Garden Department at prices which mean substantial savings.

Macy's—Basement, 35th St.

ITALY'S WAR MISSION ARRIVES IN CAPITAL

Crowd Cheers Visitors as They Are Escorted to Joseph Leiter's Residence.

WILL MEET WILSON TODAY

Prince of Udine in Statement Welcomes Us As Ally—Commission Expected Here.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Prince of Udine, cousin of the King of Italy, delivered a message of greeting to the American people on his arrival here today as the head of Italy's war mission.

The visitors passed out through a cheering crowd in the station to automobiles, which went under escort of two cavalry troops past the Capitol, up Pennsylvania Avenue, between the Treasury Department and the White House, and out to the Joseph Leiter house, where the mission will make its headquarters.

The Commissioners tomorrow will call formally on Secretary Lansing and then on Secretary Daniels. Thence they will go to the White House to be presented to President Wilson, who will entertain them at dinner in the evening.

The main purpose of the Italian representatives is a closer understanding between the United States and Italy.

The Prince of Udine's statement to the press issued this afternoon said in part:

"Italy, which for many centuries has been divided and harassed by the oppression of foreign rulers and which has furnished a long list of illustrious defenders of human rights and of the laws which should regulate warfare; Italy, which in the middle of the last century succeeded at last in freeing herself and becoming a united nation, which drew its power from the principle of nationality and independence, has acclaimed with great enthusiasm the generous intervention of the American people, who have joined the Allies to bring about the triumph of the principles upon which alone can be founded steadfastly peace and human progress."

Mayor Mitchel and a committee which he will appoint will go to Washington on Monday to invite the Italian war mission to visit New York. He talked yesterday over the long distance telephone with Counselor Polk of the State Department, who will arrange for the visitors to receive the New York delegation. The Mayor has asked Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler to be Chairman of a Citizens' Committee to arrange for a welcome. Lloyd C. Griscom, former American Ambassador to Italy, will be Chairman of the Executive Committee.

KING HOES POTATOES.

Britain's Ruler Cultivates a Garden Plot at Windsor.

WINDSOR, May 6, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—King George can be seen most afternoons in Windsor Park cultivating a potato patch which he started himself when the general allotment scheme was initiated. Princess Mary is the owner of an allotment adjoining her father's, and one of the young Princes puts in a good deal of time in a small patch of vegetables.

ADOPTS FRANCHISE REFORM

Vote on Second Reading in House of Commons 329 to 40.

LONDON, May 23.—After ten days of debate, which was devoted mostly the question of woman suffrage, the House of Commons tonight passed the second reading of the Franchise reform, or, as it is officially known, "The Representation of the People bill."

The vote was 329 in favor of, as against 40 in opposition to the measure.

SWISS SEIZE TEUTON SPIES.

Also Capture Compromising Papers in a Geneva Hotel.

GENEVA, May 23.—The police have discovered in one of the principal hotels of Geneva a nest of German and Austrian spies. Eight arrests have been made thus far, including the correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung.

A number of compromising documents have been seized.

1,000 Houses Burn in Hungarian Town.

AMSTERDAM, May 23.—A Budapest dispatch says the Hungarian town Gyoenyoes has been devastated by fire, 1,000 houses being destroyed and 240 still on fire. Several thousand persons are homeless and seven deaths have been reported. Gyoenyoes is forty-four miles distant from Budapest, and had a population in 1900 of 16,442.

MAYOR OF NOYON GRATEFUL.

Expresses Thanks for "Adoption" of Town by Washington Citizens.

PARIS, May 23.—Senator Noël, Mayor of the Town of Noyon, who is in Paris still suffering from the effect of several months' imprisonment in Germany after having resisted German exactions in his town for more than a year, in a statement to The Associated Press today expressed his thanks over the fact that a group of citizens of Washington, D. C., had formally "adopted" Noyon.

"I never can sufficiently thank the Americans for what is being done for France," said M. Noël. "I visited Washington a few years ago and have a most agreeable recollection of my reception there, and accordingly am all the more touched by this most delicate attention.

"It is a most significant and interesting coincidence that Noyon, one of the most ancient of the French towns and the first commune in France to gain its absolute liberty, is the first French town to be adopted by an American city, and that that city is Washington, which is named after one of the principal authors of the great American Republic."

Senator Noël has written William Graves Sharp, the American Ambassador, a formal letter regarding the movement in Washington to restore the devastated town of Noyon and has requested Senator d'Estournelles de Constant to thank the Washington citizens and the American people in his name.

CATHERINE COUCH NOT SHOT

American Woman in Dresden Surprised at Spy Story.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 23, (via London.)—Mrs. Catherine Couch, an American visiting her father in Dresden, was tremendously shocked when she read in yesterday morning's papers that she had been tried and found guilty of espionage and had been shot for the crime somewhere in Germany, as an American report that somehow found its way into German papers would have it.

Mrs. Couch consulted her father, who persuaded her that she was still among the living and took her to the Spanish Consulate in Dresden, which is taking care of the American interests. Here she stated that she had been neither tried no suspected nor even shot for espionage, and that, on contrary, she was treated very considerately by the German Government and would return to America as soon as her passports were ready. She begged that her husband, James Couch, and their five children at Pauls Valley, Okla., be notified by cable.

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PIONEER FIREPROOF STORAGE WAREHOUSES 37 Flatbush Ave. Our 38th Year

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

Announce a Most Extraordinary Special

Sale of Women's Summer Dresses

Regularly $39.50 $49.50 and $69.50

at $25 $29.50 $35

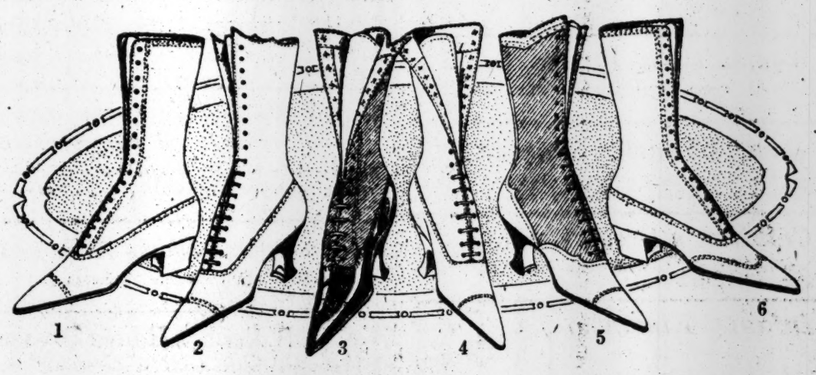
A prominent Fifth Ave. dressmaker offered us all his remaining high-cost Summer dresses at a price so low we could hardly believe it to be true—and we accepted. Many of the same models were in our regular stock at $49.50, $59.50 and $69.50, all of which have been reduced accordingly. Represented are frocks for Garden Parties, Card Parties, Afternoon, Calling and Informal wear, beautifully made of

Laces, Nets, Embroideries, Organdie, Georgette Crepe, Imported Hand-Embroidered Pongee, Beaded Marquisettes, Embroidered and Beaded Taffeta, in a wonderful range of fashionable colors.

Frocks of such superlative quality have never before been offered to New York women at these low prices. The values are simply phenomenal. Sizes 34 to 44, but *not all sizes* in each model. *Fourth Floor.*

Of Unusual Importance on the Second Floor

A Sale of Women's White and Colored Kidskin Boots at $6.95



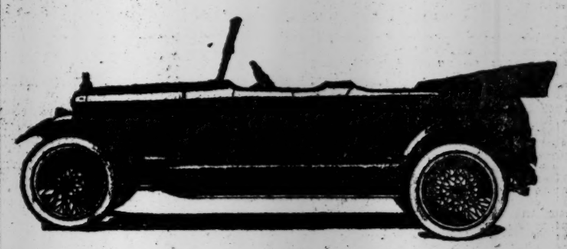
These shoes are not to be confused with footwear offered in season-end sales. They are the very newest high-cut boots introduced for Spring and Summer, 1917, made and finished by craftsmen who are specialists in footwear of the highest character. Only by preparing far in advance is it possible to offer such fine footwear at $6.95. Made with turned or welted soles, and covered Louis XV or leather heel in sizes 2 to 8. Widths AA to D. Six models illustrated.

THE COLORS:—*Models 1 and 6* in Brown Kid; *Model 2* in White, Brown, or Slate Grey; *Model 3* in Patent Leather with Grey or Ivory color top; *Model 4* in White, Ivory and Pearl Grey; *Model 5* in Tan, Black, Brown, Grey or Champagne, with tops in color to match.

BUSINESS AS USUAL

Fundamental economy is not refusal to spend money—it is to spend money wisely.

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK



The Hal Twelve

The power of a valve-in-head motor and the smoothness of a V-type twelve—this rare combination undoubtedly will impress you on your first ride in the Hal-Twelve. But when you discover that the car is sparing of fuel as well as smooth and powerful, then you will be even more favorably impressed. The average consumption of gasoline for the Hal-Twelve is 10 to 13 miles per gallon. The wheelbase is 135 inches, with a turning radius of 21½ feet. Closed car bodies by Leon Rubay. Seven-Passenger Touring Car or Roadster, $2600. Limousine or Town Car, $4500. Cleveland Prices.

Jennings Motor Sales Corporation
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THE BOY WHO PEGGED SHOES.

Besides pegging his usual quota of shoes each day W. L. Douglas was obliged to gather fuel to keep the fires going.

W.L.DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 $8.00

You can Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes. The best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W.L.Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers and 103 W. L. Douglas stores in the large cities. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, take no other make.

Write for booklet, showing how to order shoes by mail, postage free. W. L. Douglas, President, W.L.Douglas Shoe Co. 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS SHOES Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 $2.00

BEWARE OF FRAUD None genuine unless W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

W. L. Douglas Stores In Greater New York:

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, corner 8th St.
847 Broadway, near 14th St.
*1352 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Square)
*984 Third Avenue.
*1452 Third Avenue.
*2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
*2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
347 Eighth Avenue.
*250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton.
*1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
*478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
*839 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
*HOBOKEN—120 Washington St.
*UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
*NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
*PATERSON—192 Market Street.
*TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad

Stores marked with a * carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women.

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SERMON OF SERVICE AT NURSES' FUNERAL

Death of Women on the Mongolia Subject of Patriotic Pronouncement by Dr. Seagle.

GLORIOUS DAY OF SACRIFICE

Victory a Question of Willingness to Pay the Price in Lives—Bodies Sent to Chicago.

One hundred and fifty persons, nearly all nurses, attended services which were held last night by the American Red Cross in the chapel of the Frank E. Campbell undertaking establishment at Sixty-sixth Street and Broadway for Mrs. Edith Ayers and Miss Helen Burnett Wood, the nurses who were killed on Sunday on the liner Mongolia, when they were struck by fragments of brass from a shell from one of the Mongolia's guns. Each coffin was wrapped in a large American flag.

The Rev. Dr. Nathan A. Seagle of St. Stephen's Church in West Sixty-ninth Street pronounced the ritual funeral service of the Episcopal Church.

"We rarely break in upon this ritual with any words of our own," he said, "but this occasion calls for some. This is a splendid time in which to live, because of its glorious opportunities for service and for sacrifice, even for the sacrifice of life. Every American with red blood in his veins must feel this.

"How often have we heard it said that it is not necessary to live long but to live well. This is one of the sayings that sticks deep down in our nature. Its meaning was never so well understood as it is today, in this glorious time of service, of trial, and of sacrifice.

"We Americans must wake up. We must arouse ourselves to understand that now is the time, not to talk about things but to do them. We are in the war, and it is time for us to find our souls. This is the testing time, which will show how prepared we are to do and die that those great principles for which our forefathers fought may be reestablished.

"Things that are worth while are costly. The question of victory is one of our willingness to pay the price in lives. We must wake up and see that the price is paid. It is of no avail to talk about things, to hope that starvation will win the war without our great effort, or that other events will save us from paying the price. The South fought on through two years of starvation. When we make up our minds that we must pay the price, and pay it in lives not in dollars, we will have begun to move toward victory."

There were no relatives of the dead at the funeral, but two school friends, now living in this city, were present—Mrs. J. P. Sauer of 38 West Sixty-eighth Street and Miss M. E. Morse of the Social Service Department of Bellevue Hospital. Both attended the Illinois Training School for Nurses at Chicago, from which Mrs. Ayers and Miss Wood were graduated.

After the ceremony the bodies were sent to Chicago, where services will be held at the Illinois Training School. Later the body of Mrs. Ayers will be sent to her home at Attica, Ohio, and that of Miss Wood to Evanston, Ill. Most of Miss Wood's relatives are in Scotland. Two of her brothers have been killed in the British Army.

Universal Suffrage for Rumania.

JASSY, Rumania, May 12.—Premier Bratiano has announced to the Chamber of Deputies that the Government requests Parliament to insert in the Rumanian constitution the principles of universal suffrage and expropriation in favor of the peasants. The Government is also considering the Jewish question.

TAKING YACHTS FOR WAR.

Government Buying and Fitting Up Coast Patrol Craft.

For a month the International Mercantile Marine Company, acting under instructions from the Navy Department at Washington, has been purchasing yachts and fitting them out at Erie Basin, to be used as patrol boats along the Atlantic Coast. The company issued an appeal yesterday from its offices at 9 Broadway requesting patriotic American yachtsmen to tender their craft to the Government, as several more are needed for the work.

Seagoing yachts, not less than 110 feet long and ready for immediate use, will be promptly paid for through the International Mercantile Marine Company, it was announced, as soon as they are passed and accepted by the Special Board, under the direction of Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

The steamship company is giving the services of its staff of experts and plant to fit out the yachts, and is charging the Government for the actual expenses only. All the alterations to the vessels, painting, arming, coaling, and provisioning is being done at Erie Basin, which has relieved the navy yard of a great deal of work.

Among the yachts which have already been taken over and fitted out for patrol duty are the Wanderer, Corona, Carola IV., Remlik, Alcedo, Sara, Nekomis I., and Emeline. There is a bill before Congress authorizing the requisitioning for this special sea service all available boats of a suitable size, but before this law becomes effective the Special Board for Patrol Vessels and the International Mercantile Marine Company would be very glad to hear from any yacht owner who cares voluntarily to offer his craft for service against the enemy.

HOLLAND TAKES SHIPS.

Requisitions 22 Vessels Which Will Come Here for Grain.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, May 23.—The Vaderland announced this afternoon that twenty-two steamships have been requisitioned by the Dutch Minister of Agriculture to bring grain from America. The vessels will carry 100,000 tons.

Give Motor Boat for Harbor Patrol.

Five young graduates of the University of Pennsylvania School of Commerce have purchased the Dohema Junior, a fifty-seven foot motor boat, and presented it to the Government for the Harbor Patrol. Two of them are from Nebraska, Hayold Mayer of Lincoln and Walter Cohen of Omaha. The three others are Philadelphians, Louis Gerstley, Jr., Samuel Gerstley, his cousin, and Lester Rosskam.

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To secure quickly much needed room for another department, we offer our very attractive new stock of Sport Suits, Skirts, Waists, Hats, Neckwear, etc., at from 30% to 50% reduction.

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200 Models

$25—$35—$50

SUITS COATS WRAPS
AFTERNOON GOWNS
EVENING GOWNS

Formerly Priced $75—$200

(Model Sizes Only)

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Women's Sport Pumps, $3.25
Women's Oxfords & Shoes, $4.75

Cancellations From Some of the Best Shops in the Country

Fine for Decoration Day outings. We bought White Buck Sport Shoes of quality at prices low enough to sell at $3.25 and $4.75. Regular Prices, $5, $6, $7, $8 and more.

Kinds include Shoes for Seashore and Mountain. Of white buckskin with colored leather trimmings. Pumps, Oxfords and High Shoes. Prices as follows:

Oxfords in white buckskin, sand color leather perforated tip; ivory sole and rubber heel. $4.75

Oxfords in white buckskin; dark gray kid perforated tip; ivory sole and rubber heel. $4.75

Oxfords in white buckskin, perforated black leather wing tip and black leather lace stay, rubber sole and heel. $4.75

Women's White Buckskin Pumps, small necktie bow; white soles and heels. $3.25

Women's White Buckskin Pumps, trimmed with tan calfskin and patent leather; white soles and heels. $3.25

White Buckskin Sport Shoe, black leather perforated wing tip, black leather lace and back stay, rubber sole and heel. $4.75

White Buckskin Sport Shoe, green kid tip, green kid lace and back stay, rubber sole and heel. $4.75

White Buckskin Sport Shoe, tan calfskin across vamp, tan calf lace and back stay, rubber sole and heel. $4.75

The Value of the Pumps is $5.00 and up. The Value of the Sports Oxfords, $6.00 and $7.00. The Value of the Sports Shoes, $7, $8 and more.

A fair run of sizes all told, but not in every style.

GIMBELS—Second Floor, Rear

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Unless you surely mail your order on or before Saturday, May 26th, it will be useless to send it at all—for by then the last set of the Britannica in the most useful, most usable form in which it has ever been printed will have been ordered and you will NEVER have another chance.

The time for debating the question has gone by!

The time to *DECIDE* to *Do Something About It* is HERE!

Our message to you today is ACT! This no time for us to tell you what the Britannica is or the immense value it will be to you in your work, in your home, to yourself and your wife and your children.

NOW *those people who have been making up their minds must* **Decide—and they must Order Quickly,** for our stock is dwindling rapidly and we will not have nearly enough sets to fill all the orders that will be sent us.

You have only Two Days More! **Two!** Tomorrow you will have only one day more!

This is only a possibility! The thing for you to do, if you *know* the Britannica will be a help and of practical use to you, is to *sign the "Reserve" Order form below, attach a dollar bill to it and mail it NOW—TODAY*—**Just as quickly as you can!**

If the last set is sold when your order reaches us, we will return your dollar to you immediately.

If you are not quite sure The Encyclopaedia Britannica contains the knowledge that will be profitable to you and want to make sure before ordering—go *today* to the store named below. There you can see and examine the entire set.

You can also leave your order, making your first payment of $1 (to be followed by convenient monthly payments for a limited period) and the entire set of 29 volumes will be sent you *to use and profit by while you are paying for them.*

The Britannica can NEVER be printed in this form again. Because no more India paper can be had. The war makes it impossible to obtain the special kind of flax from Belgium, Ireland or Germany and hemp from Russia to manufacture this beautiful thin and tough paper.

Today—*NOW*—you have a greater opportunity of being in time to get one of the last sets than you will ever have again. When the last set is sold you will NEVER have another chance to buy, no matter how much you want this work, no matter how much you will be willing to pay for it.

This is final! *The END* of the sale IS HERE! Order today!!

A WONDERFUL NEW VOLUME

THE publishers of The Encyclopaedia Britannica announce that they have made arrangements for the issue, as soon after the end of the war as possible, of a new volume, containing a full and authoritative history of the war.

The new volume will be written by scholars and experts of the same high character as those who wrote for the Britannica itself, and by many of its own contributors. It will be absolutely impartial, excluding all partisan feeling and prejudice. It will contain

1. A judicial account of the real causes of the war, the progress of the struggle, and the results all over the world; with maps, as necessary, to show changes in boundaries.
2. The lives of the new leaders, whether civil, military or naval, in the belligerent countries.
3. The results of the war outside the sphere of fighting, the progress of surgery, the prevention of contagious disease, the new scientific discoveries, etc.

The new volume will bridge the gap between the days of peace before and after the war. It will be printed and bound to match the Britannica and the publishers guarantee that no matter how difficult and costly the supplementary volume may be from the editorial point of view, the price of it to all who purchase the Britannica during the present sale will not be more than that of a corresponding volume of the Britannica.

President.

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CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS,
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PUTS CHINA IN LINE TO ENTER THE WAR

President Dismisses Tuan Chi Jui and Makes Ex-Minister Wu Acting Premier.

ENDS PARLIAMENT SNARL

Declaration of War Is Rendered Possible—Governors Leave Peking Disgruntled.

PEKING, May 23.—President Li Yuan Hung has issued a mandate dismissing Premier Tuan Chi from office and naming Dr. Wu Ting-fang, ex-Minister to the United States, as acting Premier, and empowering him to form a new Cabinet. This action probably will end the deadlock in Parliament and make possible a declaration of war by China against Germany.

The Provincial Military Governors who were attempting to disband Parliament left Peking before the President took action against Tuan Chi Jui, as the President had positively announced that he would disregard their demand for a dissolution of the legislative body. The President declared that Parliament must not be coerced in any way, and announced his intention to conduct the Government in accordance with the provisional constitution at any cost.

The disgruntled Military Governors probably will instigate protests in the provinces against President Li Yuan-hung for his rebuke to the military power, but the President's firm stand is inspiring admiration in unexpected quarters. The indications are that the military leaders, headed by Tuan Chi Jui, lost public sympathy through the demonstrations of the mob the night of May 10, when, after a riotous secret session, in which the House of Representatives refused to pass a resolution declaring war on Germany, the Parliament building was surrounded by a large crowd which demanded war and made threats of violence.

General Wang Shih Chen, chief of the General Staff, has been made commander of the emergency troops guarding the Peking-Tien-tsin Railway, to prevent the disgruntled military leaders from seizing the line.

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709, Asco Garage.
EAST 7TH ST.
Cor. Lewis St., 7th Street Garage.
EAST 8TH ST.
310, New Royal Garage.
224, Stuyvesant Auto Trading Company and 9th St. Garage.
EAST 11TH ST.
810, Dochtermann Van Company.
EAST 19TH ST.
19, Cleric and Bambi.
EAST 23D ST.
141, Hoffman Taxicab Company.
488, Service Auto Trucking Co., Inc.
EAST 31ST ST.
139, Blue Sprocket Garage.
411, Express Garage.
EAST 37TH ST.
238, 37th Street Garage, McCook & Co.
EAST 39TH ST.
160, Lexington Auto Garage.
EAST 40TH ST.
37, Murray Hill Garage.
59, McDermott Garage.
EAST 41ST ST.
142, Boylston Garage.
EAST 47TH ST.
Commonwealth Garage.
EAST 54TH ST.
126, Monmouth Garage.
215, Mercedes Garage.
226, Monmouth Garage.
415, Knickerbocker Garage.
EAST 55TH ST.
416, C. W. Cavenagh.
EAST 57TH ST.
156, 57th Street Garage, J. J. O'Hara.
EAST 59TH ST.
414, Olegre's Garage, C. A. Olegre.
EAST 62D ST.
418, Central Garage.
EAST 64TH ST.
209, Ritz Garage.
235, Terrace Garage, Inc.
EAST 65TH ST.
226, Halcyon Garage, Inc.
242, Tuxedo Park Garage.
EAST 67TH ST.
51, J. McEwen.
EAST 72D ST.
E. River, Auto Club of America.
EAST 73D ST.
182, Brooks Garage.
EAST 76TH ST.
112, Urban Garage.
115, Spengler Auto Company.
179, Nathan Garage.
EAST 79TH ST.
428, Lind & Co., Gus.
EAST 77TH ST.
159, Ardsley Garage.
EAST 81ST ST.
205, Avon Garage.
EAST 84TH ST.
115, Belmont Garage.
227, Yorkville Garage.
EAST 86TH ST.
205, Yorkville Central Garage.
EAST 88TH ST.
56, Wm. Pollock.
58, Watson Club Garage, Inc.
EAST 89TH ST.
Niagara Garage, 57 East 89th St., New York.
EAST 90TH ST.
431, Arfman's Garage.
EAST 91ST ST.
422, Fisher's Garage Co., Inc.
EAST 98TH ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., ParkView Garage.
EAST 99TH ST.
51, Healy's Taxi Company.
EAST 102D ST.
406, Wicke's Garage, A. C.
EAST 104TH ST.
425, Eagle Garage.
437, Market Auto Garage.
EAST 108TH ST.
57, Lyons' Garage, M.
402, Saratoga Garage Co.
EAST 120TH ST.
154, Strathmann Auto Company.
165, Corinthian Garage.
EAST 126TH ST.
155, Kahn's Garage.
EAST 132D ST.
447, Byrnes Garage.
EAST 137TH ST.
252, 137th St. Garage Corp.
EAST 139TH ST.
279, Mott Haven Garage Co., Inc.
EAST 147TH ST.
430, Hub Garage Co.
EAST 149TH ST.
437, Hub Gasoline Station.
EAST 152D ST.
Cor. Bergen Ave., Bronx Centre Garage.
EAST 156TH ST.
770, Woodstock Garage.
EAST 163D ST.
490, Melrose Garage.
EAST 176TH ST.
412, Hewson's Garage.
941, Correll Garage.
EAST 200TH ST.
Cor. Park Ave., Bedford Park Garage.
EAST 215TH ST.
Cor. White Plains Ave., Ruff's Garage.
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ELEVENTH AVE.
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1108, Flynn Garage.
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FOX ST.
1107, Simpson Garage.
GRAND CONCOURSE.
2406, Holland's Gasoline Station.
2431, Concourse Garage.
2458, Grand Concourse Garage.
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17, Keebec Sales Company, No. 2.
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59, Gramercy Park Garage.
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1934, Jerome Ave. Garage.
Cor. 167th St., Jerome Ave. Gas Sta.
JUMEL PLACE.
29, Burke's Garage, W.
LAFAYETTE ST.
363, Michael T. Watts.
LAWRENCE ST.
90, Voelke's Garage, P.
MANHATTAN ST.
175, Fort Lee Ferry Garage.
MORRIS AVE.
396, Murphy's Garage.
1005, Levine Garage Corp.
Cor. 143d St., Munich and Medell.
MORRIS PARK AVE.
Cor. Mulliner Ave., Morris Park Garage.
PARK AVE.
481, Sanford Auto Company.
485, Willett & Co.
552, Dryder & Co.
587, Park Ave. Garage.
4508, Aetna Garage Co., Inc.
PEARL ST.
355, J. T. Kelly.
PLIMPTON AVE.
Cor. 172d St., Conway's Garage.
PROSPECT AVE.
966, Paramount Garage Co., Inc.
SAINT GEORGE CRESCENT
Cor. Van Cortlandt Ave., Lord's Gasoline Station.
ST. NICHOLAS AVE.
285, Eureka Automobile Station.
647, St. Nicholas Garage.
1006, Geff's Garage, F.
SEDGWICK AVE.
1407, Economical Garage.
1823, Bronx West Side Garage.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.
2073, Boulevard Auto Company.
THIRD AVE.
4199, Reliance Garage.
Cor. 133d St., California Oil Works.
THOMPSON ST.
242, De Pola Garage.
THROOP AVE.
2244, Overlook Ave.
TOMPKINS ST.
43, Hepenstauser Bros.
TRINITY AVE.
917, Trinity Garage.
UNIVERSITY AVE.
2614, Kingsbridge Garage.
UNION AVE.
1046, Model Garage.
1117, Union Garage.
WASHINGTON AVE.
962, Yockel Bros. Corp.
WASHINGTON SQ. SOUTH.
73, Washington Square Garage.
WATER ST.
662, Clikers, George.
WATTS ST.
155, Castro Garage.
WALKER AVE.
1780, Kolbe A.
3645, R. Bentley's Garage.
WEBSTER AVE.
1360, Kindermann & Sons Garage.
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102, United Garage.
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245, Twelfth Street Garage.
WEST 18TH ST.
422, Piercy Contracting Company.
WEST 19TH ST.
157, Greenwich Garage.
180, Clinton Taxi Service.
245, Empire Garage.
339, Fred Trinca Garage.
WEST 19TH ST.
428, Rich. Fitzpatrick.
WEST 20TH ST.
S. & T. Garage, Inc., 148 W. 20th St., N.Y.
WEST 27TH ST.
343, J. Strout Garage.
WEST 28TH ST.
249, Martinique Garage.
WEST 35TH ST.
513, National Garage.
WEST 36TH ST.
205, Garland Service Co.
224, N. Y. Automobile Garage.
WEST 37TH ST.
512, Peter White Garage.
WEST 39TH ST.
146, Opera House Garage.
WEST 40TH ST.
252, International Garage.
WEST 41ST ST.
220, Hudson Garage.
236, Packard Transp. & Repair Co.
WEST 42D ST.
348, 42d Street Garage.
621, N. Auto Packard Renting Co.
WEST 44TH ST.
307, Astor Garage.
WEST 45TH ST.
406, Interboro News.
WEST 47TH ST.
228, Carlened Co.
WEST 48TH ST.
215, Forty-eighth Street Garage.
WEST 49TH ST.
147, Forty-ninth Street Garage.
225, Bowman Auto Company.
301, Equitable Auto Company.
337, Sally Wiesbader, Inc.
WEST 50TH ST.
218, Mason Bros., Inc.
235, People's Garage.
348, Caron Garage.
WEST 51ST ST.
123-131, Parker's Garage.
139, O'Toole's Garage.
141, Ritz-Carlton Garage.
216, J. A. Ryan.
222-224, Postal Garage.
WEST 53D ST.
112, Joscelyn Garage.
113, 53d Street Garage, Blake Luke.
146, M. W. Smith Co.
551, McNulty Bros.
580, Buick Motor Co., Thos. A. Cowan.
WEST 54TH ST.
114, Proud Taylor Elec. Co.
134, The Corvan Garage.
147, Webb's Garage.
155, S. S. Garage, Inc.
247, Auto Club of America.
Cor. B'way, Reo Motor Car Company.
WEST 55TH ST.
139, Aero Garage.
411, Hotel Rental Service.
417, Stearns Co., F. B., of N. Y.
419, Mitchell Motor Car Company.

WEST 56TH ST.
107, Park Garage.
114, Great Northern Garage.
122, Lotos Garage.
132, Gem Garage.
153, Newport Transfer Co., M. Buckley.
155, Flint Garage, L. H. Cornish.
160, Day and Night Garage.
Cor. 8th Ave., Columbus Circle Gas & Oil Co.
WEST 57TH ST.
515, Clinton Garage.
518, Eagle Garage.
531, White Company.
Cor. B'way, Colt-Stratton Company.
WEST 60TH ST.
20, Lewis, S. H.
25, Locomobile Co. of America.
40, St. Paul Garage.
WEST 62D ST.
8, Detroit Cadillac Motor Company.
42, Marmon, N. Y. Company.
WEST 64TH ST.
203, Grand Garage, Inc., L. J. Kelly.
205, Colonial Garage.
Cor. West End Ave., International Motor Company.
302, Acme Garage.
WEST 65TH ST.
214, Long Acre Motor Company.
218, Pyramid Garage.
306, New York Auto Garage.
WEST 67TH ST.
52, West 67th St. Garage.
WEST 68TH ST.
142, Joseph A. Ryan.
220, Modern Garage.
241, Thomey Auto Service.
252, Economical Garage.
WEST 69TH ST.
244, B. & B. Garage.
246 Hetzer Bros.
263, Continental Garage.
WEST 70TH ST.
320, W. B. Thom.
340 Edson Garage, M. Edson.
WEST 75TH ST.
207, 75th St. Garage.
WEST 76TH ST.
208, Superior Motor Garage Co.
Cor. B'way, Acon Garage.
WEST 77TH ST.
200, D. F. D. Garage.
WEST 80TH ST.
214, Apthorp Garage, Depalina & Wilson.
WEST 83D ST.
211, Burghardt Mills Co.
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150 Breston Hall Garage.
WEST 87TH ST.
211, Concord Garage.
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265, Jerome Garage.
267, Astor Garage
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121, St. Urban Garage.
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WEST 101ST ST.
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WEST 102ND ST.
204, Miller's Garage, J.
WEST 105TH ST.
112, Consolidated Garage & Taxi Co.
Cor. 5th Ave., Michael T. Watts.
WEST 107TH ST.
102, Royal Garage, Branch B.
241, Elite Garage.
WEST 108TH ST.
234, Manchester Garage Co.
WEST 109TH ST.
254, Bonavista Garage Co.
WEST 110TH ST.
145, Cathedral Park Garage, Inc.
WEST 118TH ST.
65, Alhambra Garage Co.
WEST 122D ST.
532, University Garage.
WEST 124TH ST.
208, Normal Automobile Station.
WEST 125TH ST.
2959 B'way, Martin Taxi Service Co.
WEST 127TH ST.
552, Olympic Garage.
WEST 130TH ST.
303, Security Garage.
WEST 132D ST.
163, Kingwood Garage.
WEST 133D ST.
Cor. St. Nicholas Ave. Daly Bros. Gasoline Station.
WEST 141ST ST.
307, Strand Auto Co.
WEST 142D ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Baker, R. & L. Co.
WEST 144TH ST.
22, West 144th Street Garage, Inc.
30, Dolphin Garage.
306, Muller's Garage.
WEST 150TH ST.
457, Convent Garage, Inc.
WEST 152D ST.
50-52, J. J. Mahon.
456, May Garage Co., Inc.
WEST 154TH ST.
434, Fort Washington Garage.
WEST 155TH ST.
414, Speedway Garage.
WEST 161ST ST.
519, Kay Bee Garage, Inc.
WEST 168TH ST.
554, Washington Heights Garage.
WEST 170TH ST.
Cor. Broadway, Keabac Sales Co., No. 3.
Cor. Haven Ave., Haven Ave. Garage.
WEST 181ST ST.
512, Beaver & Son, J. P.
WEST 181ST, BRONX.
14, Mount Hope Service Station.
WEST 207TH ST.
602, Laird Bros. Garage.
WEST 234TH ST.
Cor. Broadway, McFarland's Gasoline Station, P.
WHITE PLAINS ROAD.
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Brainbridge Garage, 631.
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Island Garage, 345.
Mittnight Bros., 246.

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Slocum Motor Service, Inc., 1845.
Martin's Garage, 2460.
BERGEN ST.
Pitkin Auto Co., 2180.
Bergen Garage, 38.
BORUM PLACE.
Borrum Place Garage, 97.
BUSHWICK AVE.
Alvyn Garage, 262.
BUTLER ST.
Buick Motor Co. 324.
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Marquis Garage, cor. Patchen Ave.
CHURCH AVE.
Premier Garage, 1616.
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St. George Garage, 53.
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M. S. Marlborough Sons, 470.
Clermont Ave. Garage, 488.
CLINTON ST.
Abbott Garage, 361.
COLLEGE PLACE.
Zerega Garage, 22.
Brooklyn Heights Motor Cabs, 18.
Little Garage, 12.
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Kensington Garage, 712.
Neptune Garage, 704.
Prospect Park South Garage, 488.
Oakcrest, 1201.
COOK ST.
Cook Garage, Inc., 168.
COOPER ST.
Cooper Garage, 288.
Cypress Garage and Repair Co., 1714.
CORNELIA ST.
Cornelia Garage & Repair Corp., 2319.
CORTELYOU ROAD.
Lewis D. Hewitt.
COURT ST.
Fox Garage, 135.
CRANBERRY ST.
Pioneer Garage, 23.
CRESCENT ST.
Foot of, C. J. Wellman.
Adolphi Garage, 200.
CROPSEY AVE.
Bath Beach Garage & Machine Co., 1907.
CUMBERLAND ST.
Hill Garage, 370.
DE KALB AVE.
Goldstein Garage, 796.
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Extension Garage, 60.
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I. Goodman, 1700.
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H. Tarning, 1917.
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E. E. Stewart, 1730.
EAST 16TH ST.
Glenwood Garage, W. O. Baur, 838.
EAST 29TH ST.
Clarendon Garage, 253.
Goodwin's Garage, Cor. Tilden Ave.
EAST 92D ST.
and Flatlands Ave., Canarsie, Geo. Krier.
ECKFORD ST.
Eckford Garage, 75.
18TH AVE.
Garage Colony, Inc., 8228.
Kenmore Garage, 4440.
11TH ST.
Thomas Pitbladdo, 478.
EMERSON PLACE.
Emerson Place Garage, 94.
52D ST.
Menadnock Garage, 1061.
54TH ST.
Sunset Garage, 314.
55TH ST.
Bay Ridge Garage, 859.
59TH ST.
Blythebourne Garage, 1338.
FLATBUSH AVE.
Bklyn Riding & Drl. Club, Cor. Plaza St.
Supreme Gas Station, Flatbush Ave. Extension and Prince St.
Regenhard & Kotter, 1457.
Extension Garage, 81 Flatbush Ave. Extension.
Victor Selling Co., 103 Flatbush Ave. Extension, cor. Tillary St.
Michael T. Watts, Flatbush Ave. Extension.
B. F. Stephen's Flatbush Ave. and Stephen's Court.
FOREST AVE.
F. J. Reiss, 47.
Platz Bros., 67.
FORT HAMILTON AVE.
R. A. Hill, 6250.
James Quigley, 5530.
FOSTER AVE.
Eisenhauer, Mario, Cor. E. 21st St.
Liptrott & Allen, 903.
FOURTH AVE.
Fischer & Fischer, Fourth Ave. & 39th St.
Crescent Garage, 6317.
G. Ferrigie, 380.
FOURTH ST.
Cross Garage, 331.
44TH ST.
West End Garage & Auto Co., 1342.
FULTON ST.
Geo. Pool & Son, 73.
F. M. Tieman & Co., 33.
GATES AVENUE.
Elbrant Garage, 661.
Kaufman's Garage, 614.
GREENE AVENUE.
Royal Garage & Machine Co., 1005.
HALL STREET.
Sloan Engineering Co., 340.
HANCOCK STREET.
Hancock Garage & Repair Co., 940.
Pupli Auto Co., 488.
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Irving Garage, 379.
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HERKIMER STREET.
E. & H. Garage, 236.
Herkimer Garage, 240.
American Auto Service, 681.
Beach-Knowles & Hill, 7.
HIGHLAND BOULEVARD.
F. Siegman, Cor. Bushwick Ave.
HOPE ST.
Nassau Garage, 120.
HOWARD AVENUE.
Howard Garage, Cor. Eastern Pkway.
HUMBOLDT STREET.
Leahy Motor Car Co., Inc., 88.
HURON STREET.
Oakland Garage, 183.
IRVING AVENUE.
Irving Ave. Garage, 28.
JEFFERSON AVENUE.
P. M. Marko, 102.
JAMAICA AVE.
S. Kaufman, 75.
Forest Park Garage, 1077.
KINGS HIGHWAY.
Geo. Doyle, 33.
Fred. Hommel Garage, Cor. Snyder Ave.
KNICKERBOCKER AVE.
Campbell's Garage, Cor. Moffat St.
Knickerbocker Garage, 118.
KOSCIUSKO ST.
Mitchell Garage, 20.
LAFAYETTE AVENUE.
Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co., 3.
S. & M. Garage, 431.
LEXINGTON AVE.
L. A. Disbrow, 259.
Lexington Garage, 411.
Quincy Garage, 334.
LENOX ROAD.
Private Owners' Garage, 21.
LIBERTY AVE.
L. Milchman, 1108.
LOTT STREET.
Beverley Garage, 146.
MADISON STREET.
Sylvan Garage, 523.

MANHATTAN AVE.
Manhattan Ave. Garage, 882.
Greenpoint Garage.
MARCY AVE.
Big Four Garage, 682.
MAUJER STREET.
Manjer Garage, 264.
McDONOUGH STREET.
McDonough Garage, 404.
METROPOLITAN AVE.
109, Richard Schnibbe.
851, Metropolitan Garage, H. Boom, Prop.
Neuhaus's Metropolitan Garage, 1439.
MONROE STREET.
C. B. Crossman Garage, 107.
J. H. Waite, 493.
MORGAN AVE.
Morgan Ave. Garage, Cor. Meserole St.
MYRTLE AVE.
Cor. New Fresh Pond Road, Ridgewood, Auto Garage.
NEW UTRECHT AVE.
H. M. Dickover & Son, 6905.
NOSTRAND AVE.
Hawthorne Garage, 1187.
NORTH 6TH ST.
Yacenda's Garage, 127.
OCEAN AVE.
Ocean Ave. Garage, 2049.
OCEAN PARKWAY.
Shelbourne Garage, foot of Ocean Pkwy.
Sutter Co., Inc., 4.
Morris Levy, Ocean Parkway & Neptune Ave.
Cor. Prospect Ave., F. R. Welch.
OSBORN ST.
327, Osborn Garage.
PACIFIC ST.
Portland Garage, 670.
W. C. Quinn, 161.
PARK AVE.
Park Ave. Garage, 804.
Tompkins Garage, 756.
Park Ave. Garage, Park & Clinton Aves.
PARK PLACE.
Elanel Garage, 500.
PENNSYLVANIA AVE.
East New York Garage, 65.
Penn Glen Garage, Glenmore Ave.
POWELL ST.
Cor. Sutter Ave., Saptr's Garage.
PROSPECT PLACE.
Healy, Prospect Garage, 731.
PUTNAM AVE.
United Motor Co., 100.
Kohlmeyer's Garage, 1736
Brooklyn Auto Delivery Co., 161.
PRESIDENT ST.
Joseph D'Esterre, 1229.
RALPH AVE.
Ralph Garage, 190.
RIDGEWOOD AVE.
Ridgewood Ave. Garage, 295.
REID AVE.
Putnam Garage, 300.
ROEBLING ST.
Quick Service Garage, cor. Division Ave.
ROGERS AVE.
Flatbush Auto Service Co., 1345.
ST. JOHN'S PLACE.
P. C. O'Neill, 1434.
SCHOLES ST.
Graham Garage, 162.
SENATOR ST.
Senator Garage, 416.
ST. MARKS AVE.
Armstrong Garage Co., Inc., 701.
Court Garage, 233.
Pratt Hendricks Co., 239.
60TH ST.
Sunset Garage, Inc., 1585.
STAGG ST.
Stagg Garage, 130.
STATE ST.
Daniel F. E. Leary, 203.
75TH ST.
Shore Road Garage, 316.
SHEEPSHEAD BAY ROAD.
Bayside Garage, 1787.
SIXTH ST.
Dennis Garage, 282.
16TH ST.
Unique Garage, 543.
SNYDER AVE.
Brooklyn Motor Car Co., 44.
J. J. Snyder & Sons, 53.
STERLING PLACE
Voll's Garage, 109.
STONE AVE.
Lux Garage, 34, near B'way.
STUYVESANT AVE.
Stuyvesant Heights Garage, 98.
TILDEN AVE.
Flatbush Auto Co., 2222.
20TH ST.
Hosch Bros. Co., 331.
24TH AVE.
T. H. Joyce, 8827.
UNDERHILL AVE.
Standard Garage Service Co., 168.
UNION ST.
Hurwitz Garage, Cor. Sutter Ave.
McIntosh Bros., 811.
Park Plaza Garage, 920.
Union Garage, 734.
Academy Garage, 530.
VANDERBILT AVE.
Vanderbilt Garage, 267.
VERNON AVE.
M. Reichelsohn's Garage, 220.
Hohweisner & Son, 373.
Keystone Garage, 301.
WATKINS ST.
Watkins St. Garage, 333.
WAVERLY AVE.
J. J. Hillis, 22.
Waverly Garage, 334.
WEIRFIELD ST.
Fred Brugel's Garage, 500.
WEST 8TH ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., 2862.
WEST 37TH ST.
Seagate Garage, W. 37th St. & Mermaid Ave.

LONG ISLAND.

ASTORIA.
Astoria Garage, Willow & Franklin Sts.
Charles Amann, 79 Fulton Ave.
Brust Bros. Garage, 288 32d Ave.
Falchter Garage Co., 183 Jamaica Ave.
Private Auto Rental Service Co., 22 Grand Ave.
Herman's Garage, 270 11th Ave.
Sachse & Marks, 177 Vandeventer Ave.
Uhl & Metz, 383 Lockwood St.
Michael T. Watts, Queensboro Bridge Plaza.
BAYSIDE.
Auto Repair & Machine Works.
Otto's Gasoline Station.
COLLEGE POINT.
Geo. Duer.
Horn & McCracken.
CONEY ISLAND.
West End Garage, Cook's Lane and Railroad Ave.
CORONA.
Chatfield Garage, Jackson Ave., nr. 41st St.
Corona Motor Car Co.
Jackson Garage.
Chuck's Garage, Jackson Ave.
Haines Gaso. Station, J. W. Haines, Prop., Jackson Ave.
ELMHURST.
Elmhurst Bridge Garage, Kingsland Ave.
W. A. Pulis Garage, Jackson Ave. & 25th St.
Schmidt Bros. Garage, Jackson Ave. & Trainsmeadow Rd.
FLUSHING.
Flushing Auto Garage, 110 Broadway.
John Geddes.
Mold's Garage.
Queensboro Garage, 66 Broadway.
Dunn's Gaso. Station, B'way & 32d St.
Excelsior Motor Cycle Garage, 55 B'way.
Upper Flushing Garage, 49 Murray St.
Fields Bros., 5 Jagger St.
New Broadway Flushing Garage, Sanford Ave. & Broadway.

FOREST HILLS.
Continental Garage, Continental Ave.
Forest Hills Garage, Queens Blvd.
Fred Frey, Metropolitan & Cooper Aves.
GLENDALE.
A. Geier, 2004 Myrtle Ave.
Wm. Rupp, Cooper Ave.
F. Schoenstegel & Co., Cooper Ave.
Myrtle Garage, Cooper & Myrtle Aves.
HOLLIS.
Hollis Gaso. Station, Fulton St., Russell Yeople, Prop.
W. Stafford, Hillside & Flushing Aves.
HOWARD BEACH.
Anderson & Sierk.
H. Paulson.
JAMAICA.
Baker Bros. Garage Co., Inc., 19 No. Washington St.
Frank Berman, 134 Rockaway Rd.
Disbrow Bros., Hillside Ave.
Franklin Garage, 8 Franklin St.
International Garage, Smith St.
D. Koster & Son, Hillside Ave.
Mott Bros., Hillside Ave.
Palm Garage, Hillside & Flushing Ave.
Wiegel's Garage, Union Hill St.
Strang Auto Garage Co., Inc., Fulton and Smith Sts.
Mrs. Schmidt, Hillside & Columbus Aves.
Unity Garage, Queens Boulevard.
LITTLE NECK.
Cornell's Garage.
LONG ISLAND CITY.
C. J. Brown, Bridge Plaza.
Burke's Gaso. Station, Thompson Ave. & Hulst St.
Crescent Garage, 324 Jackson Ave.
Ford Motor Co., Jackson Ave.
Model Garage, 95 Paynter Ave.
Serrino's Garage, 207 First Ave.
Richensteen Bros., Bridge Plaza.
Taft's City Garage, 110 First Ave.
Watt's Gasoline Station, Bridge Plaza.
Webster Ave. Garage, 4th & Webster Avd.
MIDDLE VILLAGE
Hirsch, Jacob.
NORTH BEACH.
Wiener Motor Works.
OZONE PARK.
L. F. Meliere, Jerome Ave.
QUEENS.
Queens Auto Repair Shop, Hempstead Road.
Mrs. C. Kammerer, Hempstead Rd.
RICHMOND HILL.
Alper Garage, Lefferts, nr. Jamaica Ave.
Kew Gardens Garage, Metropolitan Ave.
K. & S. Garage & Repair Co., Lefferts Av.
J. J. Lake & Son, 3315 Jamaica Ave.
Park Garage, Lefferts & Jamaica Ave.
Richmond Hill Garage & Machine Co., Hillside Ave. & Vine St.
Jerome Garage, Jerome & Greenwood Aves.
John Johnson & Son, 2804 Jamaica Ave.
SOUTH OZONE PARK.
Connell, John, Rockaway Rd. & Lincoln Av.
SPRINGFIELD.
E. B. Abrams, Merrick Rd. nr. Springfield Ave.
W. B. Jones, Merrick Rd. & Springfield Ave.
Henry Karcheck, Merrick Road.
WHITESTONE.
Beechurst Garage.
O'Fee's Garage.
WOODHAVEN.
Geehan's Garage, 1165 Jamaica Ave.
K. Keller, Rockaway Rd. & Terry St.
Forest Park Garage, 1077 Jamaica Ave.
A. E. Louvet, Jerome Ave.
Manor Garage, 1098 Jamaica Ave.
Woodhaven Garage, 6 Bigelow Pl.
Woodhaven Garage, Jamaica Ave.
WOODSIDE.
Kunar's Garage, Flushing Rd.
H. Migge, Jackson Ave. & 5th St.

LAUNCH NAPHTHA POINTS IN GREATER NEW YORK.

Jacobs, Robt., City Island.
Lechler, C. J., City Island.
Malakoff, A., City Island.
Quinn, C. F., Clason Point.
Rehm, Jno., Bronx Kills Boat House, Ft. Walnut Ave.
The Anna Service, N. Y., Yacht Club Anchorage, Ft. East 23d St., N. Y. C.
Wood & McClure, City Island.
Welsh, F. R., Ft. West 140th St. Ft. West 90th St.

LONG ISLAND.

BROOKLYN.
Anderson, A. L., Ulmer Park Pier.
Poling, C., Ft. 60th St.
CANARSIE.
Sutter Marine Eqp. Co.
COLLEGE POINT.
Kraemer, Herman.
Peckham, Wm.
CORONA.
Mulcahy, Jno.
NORTH BEACH.
Wiener Motor Works.
ROCKAWAY POINT.
Reid, P. H.
SHEEPSHEAD BAY.
Burgland, Edw.

BOROUGH OF RICHMOND.

CLIFTON.
Schick's Garage, 951 Bay St.
RICHMOND.
Cattermole, Capt. Sch. Lawrence, off Stapleton.
Solheim, C. N., Great Kills.
Wincapaw, C. C., & Sons, Princes Bay.
GREAT KILLS.
Amboy Garage, 3941 Amboy Road.
Brower, H. S., 3987 Amboy Road.
Solheim, C. N., Ft. Hillside Ave.
NEW DORP.
Atlantic Garage, 2062 Richmond Road.
Wilcox & Taylor Auto Co., 3415 Richmond Road.
PLEASANT PLAINS.
Pleasant Plains Garage, 6449 Amboy Rd.
PORT RICHMOND.
Port Richmond Garage, 88 Ann St.
Richmond Garage, 159 Richmond Ave.
PRINCES BA

HUNGARY'S CABINET RESIGNS IN A BODY

Struggle Over Electoral Reform Wrecks the Tisza Ministry, Hard Pressed for Weeks.

PREMIER'S PLAN REJECTED

Vienna Insists That His Downfall Does Not Affect the Monarchy's War Policies.

LONDON, Thursday, May 24.—From various points on the Continent come reports of the resignation of Count Tisza, the Hungarian Premier. A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam gives this semi-official statement, received from Budapest:

"As the Emperor did not give his assent to the Government's franchise proposal, Count Tisza, the Hungarian Premier, tendered the resignation of the entire Cabinet, which the Emperor accepted.

"The Emperor charged Count Tisza with continuing the conduct of current business. No decision has been taken regarding an audience in connection with the formation of a new Cabinet."

Other dispatches preceding were not so positive and one even said the crisis would be averted. Vienna newspapers say that the crisis concerned Hungarian domestic affairs and did not affect Hungary's foreign policy or the war.

Count Tisza's fall has been predicted for weeks. His position is said to have been shaken by his opposition to the views on the Polish situation held in Berlin and Vienna, also by his attitude on questions concerning the economic agreement with Germany and the furnishing of food to Germany and Austria. Hungarian electoral reform, however, was the factor that brought the crisis to a head.

It is expected here that his successor will be Count Johann Zichy or Count Bela Sernyi, former Minister of Agriculture.

A late Vienna dispatch says that as a consequence of the Emperor and Empress going on a visit to the burning Hungarian town of Gyoenyoes, Count Tisza did not proceed to Vienna, but accompanied the royal couple.

The fire in Gyoenyoes destroyed more than 1,200 houses. The damage is estimated at more than 30,000,000 kronen.

The Slav Press Bureau last night issued a statement saying that Tisza's resignation was intended to deceive the Allies into thinking that the Central Powers were desirous of peace. The bureau was recently organized to interpret Austro-Hungarian and Slav news to the American public. The statement went on to say that a Magyar successor would be appointed who would appear to be more favorable to the Allies, but in reality would support Tisza's war policies.

It was also asserted that the two Magyar factions, represented on one side by Tisza and on the other by Andrassy, Karolyi, and Apponyi, were united in their purpose to maintain the Magyar hegemony in Hungary.

TISZA KAISER'S CHAMPION.

Stood Against Whole Nation, Even Army, for Mittel Europa Scheme.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 24.—The Morning Post's Hungarian correspondent, writing on the downfall of Premier Tisza, says:

"He was practically the only supporter of German aims and aspirations in the monarchy. He stood up against the whole nation, even the army itself, in order to support the famous Mittel Europa scheme and hand over all military control to Germany, defy all aspirations for democratic reforms, intern and arrest thousands and thousands of intellectuals, priests, and teachers who dared to oppose his views, and conclude a secret agreement with Austria for a term of twenty years without asking Parliament.

"Above all, he stood for Kaiserism, German Kaiserism in the first place and secondly Austrian Kaiserism, for the first enabled him to maintain his position and the second indorsed his policy. Now that he is no longer in power the German Imperialists have lost their only friend and supporter, one who carried out their orders and who did not hesitate to bring Hungary to a State of almost absolute starvation for the sake of Germany."

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WILL WELCOME OUR TROOPS

Cambon Says French Reception Will Outdo Recent Events Here.

PARIS, May 23.—Jules Cambon, General Secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, speaking today of the coming of American troops, said:

"The French people are intensely interested in the coming of the American division to France. Their reception will be equal to, if it does not exceed, that the American public gave M. Viviani and Marshal Joffre. In fact, the arrival of American troops on French soil is regarded by our people as the final stroke which will precede victory."

M. Cambon said the French Government was highly gratified at the reception President Wilson had accorded Captain André Tardieu, French High Commissioner in the United States.

RINTELEN PLEADS AGAIN.

Faces 27 Years In Prison If Found Guilty of New Charges.

Captain Franz von Rintelen, who was sentenced to a term of one year on Monday for conspiring to violate the Sherman Anti-Trust act in trying to block shipments of munitions to the Allies, pleaded not guilty before Federal Judge Martin T. Manton in the Federal District Court yesterday to three other indictments charging crimes which might be punished by sentences aggregating twenty-seven years.

One charges forging the name of Edward V. Gates to a passport. Another indictment charges von Rintelen with committing perjury in obtaining this passport. The third indictment charges that he conspired with Andrew D. Meloy to defraud the Government by obtaining the false passport.

This is not necessarily all that von Rintelen will have to face. His alleged part in the conspiracy to send Huerta into Mexico in 1913 with an expedition to raise a new revolution against Carranza is still under investigation. Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox said the German Captain would probably be put to trial on one of the new charges during June.

25 PER CENT. INCREASE IN EARLY POTATOES

Agriculture Department Estimates Crop This Year at 33,516,000 Bushels.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—A 25 per cent. increase in this year's yield of early Irish potatoes was forecast today by the Agriculture Department. On the basis of present crop conditions the department estimates the crop at 33,516,000 bushels, against 26,481,700 last year.

Reports to the department show the early acreage this year will approach 282,000, an increase of 39,000 over last year. The condition of the crop on May 1 was 86 per cent. and the probable yield per acre is put at 119 bushels, against 109 last year.

Virginia, the great early potato producing State, will grow this year about 16,000,000 bushels. New Jersey will grow nearly 4,000,000. California, with a crop of 2,347,000, will nearly treble last year's yield. Florida will produce slightly more than 2,000,000 bushels.

YOU want a cool straw hat—one that fits easy and feels breezy. You'll find Young's Straws the last word in smart distinction; but because they're hand-made, they're also the last word in comfort. "Young's Hats are as good as they look." Prices—$2—$3—$4.

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Young's Straws

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You can help by taking good care of your switchboards and telephone instruments, by avoiding unnecessary "curiosity" calls, and by cooperating with the operator under all conditions.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

Business News of the South

"News from Home" for Southerners

Southern people visiting New York will find in today's Public Ledger a dispatch from a staff correspondent in Atlanta. It contains the Business News of the South, and reproduces the views of Southern leaders of commerce in cotton, lumber, chemicals and agriculture. This dispatch appears in the Business Section of the Public Ledger every Thursday. It covers the business activities of all the Southern States--news not found in any other daily newspaper.

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GIANTS WIN FIRST GAME OF SERIES FROM CUBS BY SCORE OF 5 TO 3

GIANTS GIVE WARM RECEPTION TO CUBS

Greet Team of Former Mates and ex-Yankees Cordially, Then Take Game by 5 to 3.

SCHUPP TIGHT IN PINCHES

Ferdie Cleverly Extracts Himself from Perilous Predicaments, Winning Fifth Fray in Row.

The Chicago Cubs, engineered by the game's newest manager, Moose Mitchell, dropped in at the Polo Grounds yesterday and took a 5 to 3 trimming from the Giants. The Cubs are made up mostly of players whom the Giants and Yankees didn't think they wanted. Some of them are exactly the same as they were when they resided here in Manhattan, except the uniforms. It was like old home week in Harlem, and the teams didn't have much warming up practice, because it took up so much time before the game shaking hands.

With Harry Wolter, Jim Vaughn and Rollie Zeider, the former Yankees, and Larry Doyle, Fred Merkle and Olaf Wilson, the ex-Giants, the Cubs are just a remade New York club. Everybody said "Hello" to everybody else, and some added "Howsaboy?" It was just like a lodge meeting. All the way from Chicago came all the owners of the club to see their team trim the Giants. There was Charley Weeghman, who was promoted from the Federal League; Bill Wrigley, and also cheering for the Cubs was that former Chicago citizen, Fighting Jim Gilmore, the Jeff Davis of the late outlaw league.

The only suggestion of the old Cubs around the Chicago camp is Jimmy Archer, who is Captain of the bull-pen where the pitchers earn their salaries when they are not pitching. Mitchell has demonstrated that he is considerable of a manager because he has inspired a lot of players to play who wouldn't play for any one else.

One of their liveliest players is Rollie Zeider, who was bought for the Yanks by Frank Chance when he was manager here. Zeider will be remembered as the one who kept the Yankees' medical staff working nights treating one of the most stubborn bunions that ever grew. The bunion grew so large that it interfered with Zeider's fielding and he had to wait for weeks and weeks until the obstruction subsided.

Welcome for Merkle and Doyle.

Larry Doyle and Fred Merkle got a fine, sincere reception, which shows that baseball fans can be fair if they want to be. Doyle and Merkle did some good campaigning for the Giants in years back and the folks showed yesterday that they remembered it. Years of absence haven't changed Jim Vaughn much. He was knocked out of the box in the second inning just as he used to be when he wore the Yankee regalia. The Cubs showed a lot of pep and aggressiveness, which shows that Manager Mitchell stands in the front row as a refurbisher of baseball antiques.

Ferdie Schupp pitched for the Giants and won his fifth straight game. At times he was inclined to let himself get into trouble, but he pitched his best in the pinches and came through with flying colors. When Ferdie buckles down to business, with runners on the bases, he can do tricks with the ball that require better batsmen than the Cubs to solve.

The rudest jar to Schuppie's pitching was executed by Olaf Wilson, who in the seventh inning knocked the Giants' moundsman off his equilibrium with a tremendous home run smash over among the two-bit bugs in the left field bleachers. There was no one on the sacks at the time to benefit by this unforeseen outburst of hitting by Olaf.

The Chicago air must agree with Wilson. Harry Wolter, who was sent back to the minors by the Yanks a few years ago, showed the crowd that some one's judgment was wrong when he slapped a three-bagger to right in the third inning.

The Cubs began to flirt with Schupp's pitching in the first inning. With one gone, Wolter singled to centre and stole second. Doyle skied to Robertson and Merkle bounced a hit off Zimmerman's shins. Manager Mitchell's strategy was a bit off at this point, for he sent Wolter home, but Fletcher retrieved the rampant ball, and when Wolter got home he found a reception committee consisting of McCarty and the ball waiting for him.

Vaughn Pounded Hard.

There was no hospitality in the greeting which the Giants gave Jim Vaughn. Burns was safe on Hippo Jim's bad toss to first, and Kauff stung a single to left. Robertson's sacrifice sent the runners along a station, and up came Heinie Zimmerman, who spanked a single to right centre, which pushed Burns and Kauff home. Fletcher forced Zim at second, which Zim didn't relish.

Heinie got into an argument with Lord Byron on his way to the bench, and although Heine was bent on talking Byron wasn't. The umpire ordered Zim to the bench to cool off, and, sure enough, Zim went. Pete Kilduff rocked a double to right and sent Fletcher home. Holke's out at first ended the fun for a while.

The Giants continued to pick on Vaughn in the second inning. McCarty got a single through third and Schupp fanned. Burns singled to centre and Kauff walked, filling the corners. Robertson lofted a sacrifice fly to Cy Williams, scoring McCarty. Mitchell then exercised his prerogative and expunged Vaughn for the picture, Hendrix taking his place. Claude stopped the Giants, Zimmerman shooting a fly to Mann in left.

In the third, with one gone, Zeider singled to left and scored on Wolter's triple over Robertson's head. Robbie played the ball poorly in the first place, and fumbled it when it got mixed up in the mud in the second place. Doyle's sacrifice fly scored Wolter. Schupp settled down then and fanned Merkle.

Schupp pitched himself out of a deep excavation in the seventh. Wilson, the first man up, walloped a homer into the bleachers, and Ferdie was a bit unsteady after that. Deal singled to centre and was forced by Hendrix. Zeider got a Texas Leaguer back of first.

Here's where Schupp showed his metal: He fanned Wolter and Doyle. The Cubs didn't worry Schupp after that.

The Giants got another for good measure in their portion of the same inning. McCarty was safe when Rollie Zeider mussed up a grounder, and Herzog was sent in to run for the catcher. Herzog stole second just to show that he has recovered from his recent illness. Burns neatly lambasted a double to right, sending Herzog home. As the Phillies also won yesterday, the Giants are still in second place in spite of their victory.

The score:

NEW YORK, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,lf	4	1	2	3	0	Zeider,ss	5	1	2	0	1
Kauff,cf	4	1	1	2	0	Wolter,rf	5	1	3	2	1
Robertson,rf	2	0	0	4	0	Doyle,2b	3	0	0	3	4
Zim'man,3b	4	0	1	0	3	Merkle,1b	4	0	1	8	0
Fletcher,ss	4	1	1	3	5	Williams,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Kilduff,2b	4	0	1	1	0	aElliott	1	0	0	0	0
Holke,1b	3	0	0	7	0	Flack,cf	0	0	0	0	0
McCarty,c	3	1	1	9	0	Mann,lf	4	0	1	1	0
bHerzog	0	1	0	0	0	Wilson,c	3	1	1	5	1
Rariden,c	0	0	0	0	0	Deal,3b	4	0	1	2	2
Schupp,p	3	0	0	0	0	Vaughn,p	0	0	0	0	0
						Hendrix,p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	30	5	7	27	6	Total	35	3	8	24	11

a Batted for Williams in eighth.
b Batted for McCarty in seventh.
Errors—Zeider, Vaughn, Robertson, Kilduff.
New York.....3 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 *—5
Chicago.....0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0—3
Three-base hit—Wolter. Home run—Wilson. Three-base hits—Wolter. Home run—Wilson. Stolen bases—Wolter, Herzog. Sacrifice hit—Robertson. Sacrifice flies—Robertson, Doyle. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; New York, 4. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; New York, 2. Bases on balls—Off Vaughn, 1; Schupp, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Vaughn, 5 hits, 3 runs in 1 2-3 innings; Hendrix, 2 and 0 in 6 1-3; Schupp, 3 runs. Struck out—By Vaughn, 1; Hendrix, 4; Schupp, 6. Time—2 hours 15 minutes. Umpires—Byron and Quinlan.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 5; Chicago, 3.
Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 1.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
(Postponed; rain.)
St. Louis at Boston.
(Postponed; wet grounds.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Boston, 9; St. Louis, 2.
Chicago, 2; Washington, 1.
New York at Cleveland.
(Postponed; cold.)
Philadelphia at Detroit.
(Postponed; cold.)

Standing of the Clubs.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	19	9	.679
New York	17	9	.654
Chicago	22	14	.611
St. Louis	15	14	.517
Cincinnati	14	20	.412
Brooklyn	10	15	.400
Boston	9	15	.375
Pittsburgh	11	21	.344

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston	19	10	.655
Chicago	23	13	.639
New York	17	10	.630
Cleveland	18	17	.514
St. Louis	15	19	.441
Washington	13	18	.419
Detroit	11	18	.379
Philadelphia	9	20	.310

Where They Play Today.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Chicago at New York.
(Game begins at 3:30.)
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
(Game begins at 3:30.)
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Washington at Chicago.

ALEXANDER HAS GOOD DAY.

Gets Home Run, Two Singles, and a Sacrifice as Phillies Beat Reds.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Alexander's pitching and hitting featured the game which Philadelphia won from Cincinnati today 5 to 1. Alexander held his opponents to two extra base hits, while he made a home run, two singles, and a sacrifice and scored the run which tied the count and the run which put his team in the lead. Bancroft made four hits off Toney and received a pass off Eller in five trips to the plate.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert,cf	2	0	0	1	0	Groh,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Bancroft,ss	4	0	4	3	2	Kopf,ss	4	0	1	0	3
Stock,3b	5	0	1	2	2	Roush,cf	4	0	0	5	0
Cravath,rf	3	0	0	1	0	Chase,1b	4	0	0	8	2
Cooper,lf	3	1	0	2	0	Griffith,rf	2	1	0	2	0
Luderus,1b	4	1	2	10	0	Thorpe,lf	3	0	1	2	0
Niehoff,2b	4	1	1	1	2	Wingo,c	4	0	1	4	0
Killifer,c	4	0	1	8	0	Shean,2b	3	0	0	4	3
Alexander,p	3	2	3	0	4	Toney,p	3	0	0	0	2
						Eller,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	12	27	10	a Neale	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	1	3	27	12

a Batted for Toney in eighth.
Error—Niehoff.
Philadelphia.....0 0 1 0 1 0 0 3 *—5
Cincinnati.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Two-base hits—Kopf, Niehoff. Three-base hit—Wingo. Home run—Alexander. Sacrifice hits—Paskert, Alexander. Sacrifice fly—Paskert. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 8; Philadelphia, 10. First base on error—Cincinnati, 1. Bases on balls—Off Toney, 2; Eller, 2; Alexander, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Toney, 9 hits, 2 runs in 7 innings; Eller, 3 and 3 in 1; Alexander, 2 and 1 in 9. Struck out—By Toney, 1; Eller, 1; Alexander, 8. Time—1 hour 50 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

BOSTON BUNCHES HITS.

Champion Red Sox Down St. Louis by 8 to 2 Score.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—Boston bunched nine of their ten hits in three innings today, and, with the help of four St. Louis errors, won, 8 to 2. Koob was replaced by Sothoron in the fifth, after Boston had gained a five-run lead. St. Louis got one in the fifth on Scott's error, a base on balls, and Sothoron's double. In the ninth, two singles and a balk by Shore gave the locals their other run. Koob got his first hit since 1915.

The score:

BOSTON, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper,rf	5	1	2	2	0	Shotton,lf	4	0	0	3	0
Janvrin,2b	5	1	2	3	5	Austin,3b	3	0	0	0	1
Gainer,1b	3	0	0	11	0	Sisler,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Lewis,lf	4	2	1	0	0	Jacobson,rf	4	0	2	3	0
Shorten,cf	4	2	2	4	0	Severeid,c	3	1	1	2	2
Gardner,3b	3	2	0	0	2	Marsans,cf	4	1	1	4	0
Scott,ss	3	1	1	1	3	Johnson,ss	3	0	0	2	3
McNally,ss	1	0	0	2	1	aSloan	1	0	0	0	0
Agnew,c	5	1	2	2	0	Paulette,1b	1	0	0	11	1
Shore,p	4	0	0	0	3	bRumler	1	0	0	0	0
						Koob,p	1	0	1	0	2
Total	36	8	10	27	17	Sothoron,p	3	0	1	0	1
						Total	32	2	7	27	13

a Batted for Johnson in ninth.
b Batted for Paulette in ninth.
Errors—Scott, Shotten, Austin, Sisler, Severeid, Johnson.
Boston.....0 2 0 3 0 0 3 0 *—8
St. Louis.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—2
Two-base hits—Hooper, Jacobson, Sothoron. Stolen bases—Austin, Scott. Sacrifice hits—Shorten, Gardner, Gainer. Sacrifice fly—Scott. Double play—McNally, Janvrin, and Gainer. Left on bases—Boston, 9; St. Louis, 7. First base on errors—Boston, 3; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Shore, 4; Koob, 1; Sothoron, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Shore, 7 runs, 1 hit in 9 innings; Koob, 6 and 2 in 4; Sothoron 4 and 2 in 5. Balk—Shore. Struck out—By Shore, 1; Sothoron, 2. Wild pitch—Shore. Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpires—Owens and Dineen.

BLUNDER BEATS SENATORS.

Wild Throw by Judge Lets In Tally by Which White Sox Win, 2 to 1.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Chicago defeated Washington, 2 to 1, today in the first game of the series. A wild throw by Judge in the sixth inning gave the locals the game. Gandil was on third and Schalk on first. The latter was trapped by Shaw and was being run up and down the path, when the ball slipped out of Judge's hand and went to right field, allowing Gandil to score.

The visitors scored their run on Rice's double, a sacrifice, and a single by Morgan. Chicago tied the count on Leibold's single, a sacrifice, and a double by E. Collins. Cicotte held the visitors to four hits, one of which was a scratch. Shaw pitched a fairly good game, but was unsteady at times.

The score:

CHICAGO, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Liebold,rf	5	1	2	2	0	Judge,1b	4	0	1	12	0
Weaver,3b	3	0	0	2	0	Foster,3b	4	0	1	0	2
E.Collins,2b	2	0	1	1	1	Milan,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Jackson,lf	3	0	0	1	0	Rice,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Felsch,cf	4	0	0	4	0	Smith,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Gandil,1b	4	1	1	5	0	Morgan,2b	3	0	2	1	1
Risberg,ss	4	0	1	5	1	Alnsmith,c	3	0	0	5	0
Schalk,c	4	0	1	6	0	Crane,ss	3	0	0	1	0
Cicotte,p	1	0	0	0	2	Shaw,p	3	0	0	0	3
Total	29	2	6	27	4	Total	30	1	4	24	6

Errors—Judge, Foster, Ainsmith.
Chicago.....0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 *—2
Washington.....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Two-base hits—Rice, Foster, E. Collins, Risberg. Stolen bases—Morgan, E. Collins. Sacrifice hits—Weaver. (2.) Smith. Left on bases—Chicago, 13; Washington, 4. First base on error—Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Shaw, 6; Cicotte, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Cicotte, 4 hits, 1 run in 9 innings; Shaw, 6 and 1 in 8. Struck out—By Cicotte, 5; Shaw, 2. Time—1 hour, 58 minutes. Umpires—Connolly, McCormick, and Nallin.

Southern Association.

Nashville, 6; Atlanta, 0.
Chattanooga, 9; Mobile, 8.
(First game.)
Chattanooga, 8; Mobile, 1.
(Second game.)
New Orleans, 4; Memphis, 0.
Birmingham, 6; Little Rock, 4.

FORMER CHAMPION RETURNS TO COURT

Miss Moore, Four Times National Tennis Title Holder, Loses in Pelham Tourney.

The opening round of the doubles event of the women's invitation tennis tournament at the Pelham Country Club yesterday signalized the return to tournament play of Miss Elizabeth H. Moore, who stands in relation to the game among women something as William A. Larned does among the men. More often than any other, not excepting the redoubtable May Sutton, Miss Mary Browne or Miss Hazel Hotchkiss, Miss Moore has been crowned with the premier title of the country. Her first championship was won away back in 1896, and three times after that, in 1901, 1908, and 1905, she was the victor in the national championship. Yesterday Miss Moore was paired with Miss Marie Wagner, six times holder of the national indoor championship, and in this combination there would be presumed a wonderful array of strength.

For one round victory perched on the standard of these two veterans, the opening clash against Miss Edith Handy and Mrs. William H. Pouch resulted in a 7—5, 6—4 triumph. The second round, however, brought disastrous results. Mrs. Rawson Wood and Miss Marion Vanderhoef played sterling tennis in vanquishing Miss Moore and Miss Wagner in a brilliantly contested three set encounter, the score of which was 6—8, 9—7, 6—2. This match was the feature of the day and drew the attention of the gallery for every minute of its duration.

Some idea of how fiercely the battle was waged is gained by a knowledge of the fact that in the second set Miss Vanderhoef and Mrs. Wood led their champion rivals at 5—2, only to have Miss Moore and Miss Wagner bring the set to deuce. From then until the close the struggle was waged fiercely, but Mrs. Wood and Miss Vanderhoef, with greater stamina, were able to secure the victory.

Mrs. Wood played remarkably well at the net, always a favorite position with her, and her stop volleys from this position were of great service in bringing eventual success. Miss Vanderhoef was called upon to take the brunt of the struggle in the back court and drove with precision. Some of her gets were simply remarkable. The victors did not hold Miss Moore in quite the high esteem that they did Miss Wagner, because of her lack of practice, and a great deal of their play was directed toward her section of the court. The one-time champion handled the situation with great credit, even though she was called upon to bow to defeat. Miss Wagner, too, played well, but between these two there was not such perfect co-ordination of effort as in the case with Mrs. Wood and Miss Vanderhoef.

Another pretty bit of tennis was that furnished by Molla Bjurstedt and Miss Ethel Tyndale. The national champion and her partner were called upon to defeat a formidable team in Miss Helen Bernhard and Miss Helene Pollak, but this they succeeded in doing by a score of 6—4 in each of the sets. Miss Tyndale was strong in the forecourt, cutting off the drives of her opponents sharply and scoring frequent aces. In the deep court Miss Bjurstedt was confident and certain on her driving and played her shots deep enough to force the opposing pair back of the baseline at times.

Only one singles match was played, this bringing Miss Helen Gilleaudeau as a rival to Miss Helen Bernhard. Miss Gilleaudeau, former Barnard champion, earned the decision in the encounter with surprising ease, Miss Bernhard securing only two games, both of these in the first set.

The summaries:

Singles.—Third Round—Miss Helen Gilleaudeau defeated Miss Helen Bernhard, 6—2, 6—0.

Women's Doubles.—First Round—Mrs. Rawson Wood and Miss Marion Vanderhoef defeated Mrs. David C. Mills and Miss Jacquelin Green, 6—1, 6—3. Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Bessie Moore defeated Miss Edith Handy and Mrs. William H. Pouch, 7—5, 6—4; Miss Margaret Taylor and Mrs. Robert Le Roy defeated Miss Bessie Holden and Miss Margaret Moss, 6—3, 6—2; Miss Emily Scott and Miss M. Coster defeated Miss Caroma Winn and Miss Margaret Grove, 2—6, 6—2, 6—3. Second Round—Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Miss Ethel Tyndale defeated Miss Helen Bernhard and Miss Helene Pollak, 6—4, 6—4; Mrs. Rawson Wood and Miss Marion Vanderhoef defeated Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Bessie Moore, 6—8, 9—7, 6—2; Miss Margaret Taylor and Mrs. Robert Le Roy defeated Miss Emily Scott and Miss M. Coster, 6—4, 2—6, 6—4.

FOX REACHES TENNIS FINAL.

Defeats Taylor in Hard-Fought Match in Harlem.

One final round bracket in the Harlem Tennis Club open tournament was filled yesterday afternoon when Joseph Fox scored a victory over Harold Taylor with the record, 8—6, 6—4. This was a sharply waged encounter in which greater steadiness and experience were at the command of Fox. This counted at critical moments in the match.

The doubles event of the tournament got under way with more success yesterday, one first round and several second round contests being played. In one of the second round encounters Edgar T. Appleby, of amateur billiard fame, tried his fortunes on the courts with Anton Von Bernuth as his partner. These two succeeded in vanquishing B. Landeau and H. Mandestan in a three-set match at 4—6, 6—1, 6—2.

The summaries:

Singles, Semi-Final Round—Joseph Fox defeated Harold Taylor, 8—6, 6—4.

Doubles, First Round—Benjamin M. Phillips and Alan Behr defeated H. Cassel and C. Isaacs, 6—5, 6—4.

Second round.—Count Salm and J. Matheys defeated L. Bry and C. Buchner, 6—2, 6—3; J. Fox and B. Letson won from Ingo Hartman and partner by default; Edgar T. Appleby and A. Von Bernuth defeated B. Landeau and H. Mandestan, 4—6, 6—1, 6—2.

Cold and Rain Greet Yankees.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, May 23.—Rain and cold weather prevented the opening game of the Yankees-Cleveland series here this afternoon. The Yankees are having hard luck with the weather, running into three postponements in the last three days. Ray Caldwell will be sent against the Indians tomorrow, while Cleveland will use Coveleskie. Today's postponement will be played off as part of a double-header in August.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo at Toronto—Postponed; cold.
Rochester at Montreal—Postponed; rain.
Other teams not scheduled.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Newark	16	6	.727
Baltimore	18	9	.667
Providence	18	11	.577
Toronto	14	12	.538
Rochester	13	13	.500
Montreal	11	16	.407
Buffalo	9	17	.346
Richmond	9	19	.321

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.
Buffalo at Toronto.
(Two games.)
Rochester at Montreal.
(Two games.)
Baltimore at Newark.
Richmond at Providence.

New York State League.

Reading, 5; Syracuse, 2.
Wilkes-Barre, 6; Binghamton, 0.
Elmira, 8; Scranton, 2.
Harrisburg at Utica.
(Two games postponed; rain.)

Eastern League.

New London, 4; Portland, 0.
Worcester, 1; Bridgeport, 0.
Other games postponed; wet grounds.

American Association.

St. Paul, 7; Minneapolis, 5.
Columbus, 2; Toledo, 1.
Indianapolis, 10; Louisville, 6.

LAFAYETTE TRACK MEN WIN.

Lehigh Defeated in Dual Games by Score of 76 to 36.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., May 23.—Lafayette's athletes ran the Lehigh track men off their feet in the annual dual meet today, winning by 76 points to 36. Lafayette won first place in everything but the pole vault, discus, and hammer throw. In the latter two events, Lehigh took all the points. Lafayette took every point in six events.

Bechtel was the star of the meet with three firsts and a second to his credit. Following him came Paulson with two firsts and a second. Scheurer was Lehigh's best point winner with two firsts, while Herrington came next. A surprise was the defeat of Herrington by Paulson in the high jump. There were no records broken during the meet.

MAY REVIVE ATHLETICS.

Graduate Managers of Colleges to Discuss Possibilities Saturday.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—A meeting of graduate managers of colleges throughout the country, to discuss the possibilities of the continuation of athletics next Fall, will be held Saturday afternoon at the Hotel Biltmore, New York, it was announced tonight by Major Pickering, Graduate Manager of Athletics at the University of Pennsylvania.

"All colleges," Major Pickering said, "are invited to attend the meeting, regardless of whether they hold membership in the Graduate Managers' Conference, to reach an understanding as to what should be done under present conditions."

The meeting of the managers will precede the gathering of coaches, managers and officials of the central board of football officials on Saturday evening. Permission to allow freshmen to compete on 'Varsity teams next year will be discussed at both meetings.

WOMEN'S RECORDS BROKEN.

New Marks Set in 80-Yard Dash and Hop, Step and Jump at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23. — Two women's athletic records were broken here today by Temple University students at their annual senior-freshman field and track meet.

In the 80-yard dash in 0:10 4-5, Miss Ethel Dreyer of the senior class, clipped one-fifth of a second from the former American record, held by Miss L. Schwab of Seattle, Wash. The other new record was established by Miss Bessie Cramer of the freshman class, who had a mark of 20 feet 11 inches in the standing hop, step and jump. The former record, 19 feet 10 inches, was held by Mrs. S. A. Clark, National Park Seminary, Washington, D. C. Miss Dreyer also broke the record in this event, clearing 20 feet 7 inches.

BIG ENTRY FOR ROAD RUN.

Twenty-six Clubs to Compete in Holy Cross Lyceum Event.

Twenty-six clubs in the metropolitan district have entered full teams for the three and one-half mile novice road race which will be conducted under the auspices of the Holy Cross Lyceum on Sunday afternoon. It is expected that 200 harriers will get away from the starting line in front of the club house in West Forty-third Street to battle for the five individual prizes which will be offered.

There will also be a prize given to the first Catholic Athletic League runner to finish, and another to the first Home Defense League harrier to step over the line after the journey. The teams will contest for the Father Ferris Trophy, which will go to the club scoring the lowest number of points. The start and finish will be at the Holy Cross Lyceum, and it is expected to get the field away on their run at 2:30 P. M. Entries for the event close on Saturday.

NO REDUCTION OF PLAYERS.

National League Limit Remains at 22—Commission Meets.

CHICAGO, May 23.—The player limit of twenty-two men will be maintained by the National League, President John K. Tener announced today, in denying reports at a meeting of the National Baseball Commission that the league teams would reduce their playing staffs.

The commission disposed of several minor league cases during its four-hour session, and adjourned until tomorrow. It is generally believed that the commission will suggest a policy for the major league clubs to pursue during the war, but Chairman Herrmann declined tonight to make any statement regarding the questions to be considered.

The claim of the New York Club of the National League against the Toronto International League Club for $1,500 for the sale of Player Cooke was allowed. The Chicago National League Club was awarded $526 from the Atlanta Club of the Southern Association in the case involving Pitcher Seaton.

Decision was reversed in the petition of the Washington Club of the American League against the Los Angeles Club of the Pacific Coast League involving $2,500, the draft price for Pitcher Love, now with the New York Americans.

TO AID ENGINEERS CORPS.

Opera Stars at Yankees' Concert and Ball Game June 10.

Colonel Jacob Ruppert, President of the Yankees, is supervising the arrangements for the benefit patriotic band concert and baseball game to be held at the Polo Grounds on Sunday, June 10. Prince's Columbia Band of 100 pieces has been engaged, and there will be vocal numbers by Metropolitan operatic stars.

Mayor Mitchel, who was invited to serve on the committee and handle the fund, has been forced to decline on account of the press of official business. The Yankee officials announced last night that it had been erroneously stated that the Mayor had given his consent for the Sunday ball game, as such a sanction does not come under his jurisdiction. He has expressed himself in sympathy with the benefit, the proceeds of which will be given to the first Engineering Corps which is sent to France. Major Gen. Black, U. S. A., has also sanctioned the benefit. It is planned to play a championship game between the Yankees and the St. Louis Browns when the band concert is finished.

White Sox Ready to Fight.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Members of the Chicago American League Club who are subject to conscription under the Army bill passed by Congress last week went to the City Clerk's office in a body today for the purpose of registering. Although a majority of the players are not residents of Chicago, they decided to register here under the absentee clause of the Army bill, as the American League schedule will send them on the road on June 5, the day designated for registration by President Wilson.

Central Golf Tourney Postponed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 23.—President D. B. Choate of Louisville, announcing the result of a mail vote of the Directors today, said the proposed tournament of the Central Golf Association in Louisville June 11 had been postponed until 1918, "or some date after the war." The membership embraces clubs in Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, and Kentucky.

PADDY WHACK WINS AFTER GAME FIGHT

Travels Overland Route, Carrying Top Weight, to Capture Feature at Jamaica.

The 4,000 spectators who attended the races at Jamaica yesterday had reason to shout loudly for Ireland when James Butler started the ultra-Irish gelding, Paddy Whack, in the Newtown Selling Stakes, which was the feature of the card. Paddy Whack came home in front after a journey that would have discouraged many horses with a breeding less purely Irish than that enjoyed by Paddy Whack. Before entering into details it may be remarked that the sire of Paddy Whack is Celt, that he is owned by James Butler, who came from County Wexford and is trained by another Celt, Jimmy McCormack.

It needed all the fighting spirit for which the Green Isle is famous to land Paddy Whack in front of the smart field which opposed him. He not only carried more weight than any of the contenders, but had to travel the overland route before he was able to nod his head in sight of the judges. There was a loyal following for Paddy Whack in the speculation on the race, which was over a distance of six furlongs.

Tommy Davies had the mount on the Butler candidate, but not being favored by the break had to remain in last position as the field rushed through the back stretch. The lightly weighted Polly J. was out in front, setting a fast pace in view of the holding nature of the track, with J. J. Lillis close up to the leader.

It was not until going around the turn that Davies on Paddy Whack began to show any signs that he was in the race, and even then he made up little ground. Entering the home stretch the race appeared to be between Polly J. and J. J. Lillis, with J. M. Zimmer's Kilts as a possible contender. There was no opening on the rail for Paddy Whack, and Davies sought the outside of the track for his determined run with the top weight. While the crowd in the stand was shouting for Polly J. and J. J. Lillis, the favorite began his rush on the extreme outside, and eating up the ground in marvelous style overhauled the leaders at the sixteenth pole and continued with undiminished speed so that he won going away by a length and a half. J. J. Lillis saved the place by a length, but Polly J., the early pacemaker, had to give way to Kilts, which took show money by a nose.

A heavy track and threatening weather caused a rather gloomy opening for the sport, but matters improved somewhat when the talent managed to pick winners in advance to the tune of five successful favorites. Sheriff Mitchell transferred his activities from the club house to the lawn and caused a sensation when he nabbed Leo Mayer just before the second race was run and transferred him to Jamaica on the usual charge of violating the betting laws.

Leo Mayer is such a well-known figure on the race tracks that a number accompanied him in his forced exit from the track, one of those who escorted him being Sam Bernard, well known on the stage. The raid also included the gathering in of Louis Benson, an alleged bookmaker, who hails from Coney Island.

The riding honors of the day fell to R. Troise, a new figure on metropolitan tracks, who landed Emil Herz's Chieftain a victor by a head in the second race and later captured the third race with J. H. McDonald's Owaga, the latter being the only non-favorite to catch the judge's eye. There will be more opposition for the riders today, as Harry Payne Whitney's crack jockey, Frankie Robinson, is on the ground and ready to ride Bonnie Broom in the two-year-old stake race this afternoon.

The Wickliffe Stable's High Pass had an easy road to victory in the first race, winning by five lengths from John Madden's Seamstress, which came with a rush in the stretch to take the place from Prunes. It was Troise's riding that got Chieftain home before Precise in the second race, as Precise appeared to have the foot of the favorite all the way, but faltered in the final strides.

The third race was a gallop for J. S. Dryer's Favour, an overwhelming favorite, which repeated a victory of Tuesday. The alertness of Troise at the post was responsible for the success of Owaga in the fifth race, as he got away well in front of The Dean, which was the popular selection. Owaga never relinquished the lead, and won by a length and a half from Broomvale, which made a great stretch run to take the place from The Dean.

In the final sprint at five furlongs the riding ability of Johnny McTaggart helped the favorite, J. M. Zimmer's Onico, to score over James Butler's Top Coat. In the run along the back stretch Top Coat showed more speed than Onico, but McTaggart's handling in the stretch resulted in Onico gaining the decision by a length.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maidens, two years old, by subscription of $5, with $661 added; five furlongs. Time—1:03.

High Pass, Wickliffe Stable's ch. f., 112 pounds, by Ultimus-Killiecrankie, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, and 1 to 5. (M. Garner).....1
Seamstress, J. E. Madden's ch. f., 112, by Star Shoot-Busy Maid, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1. (C. Brady).....2
Prunes, F. R. Doctor's br. c., 115, by Voorhees-Prestiene, 4 to 5 third. (W. O'Brien).3
Winsom Vera, Starry Banner, All Bright, Bathilde, Beautiful Kathryn, Peckaniff, and Newsup also ran. Amackassin, Heredity, and Firefly scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For mares and geldings, three-year-olds and upward, selling, by subscription of $5, with $761 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50.

Chieftain, Emil Herz's ch. g., 3 years, 90 pounds, by Chuctanunda-Oriska, 7 to 10, 1 to 5, and out. (R. Troise).....1
Prise, W. L. Crosby's br. f., 94, by Waterboy-Prim II., 2 to 5 and out. (S. McGraw).....2
Ed Bond, W. L. Oliver's b. g., 4, 108, by Mint-La Detta, out for third. (E. Ambrose).....3
Stanley S. also ran. Frea, and Jem scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $661; six furlongs. Time—1:16.

Favour, J. S. Dryer's b. f., 4 years, 112 pounds, by Duke of Armonde-Compensate, 7 to 20

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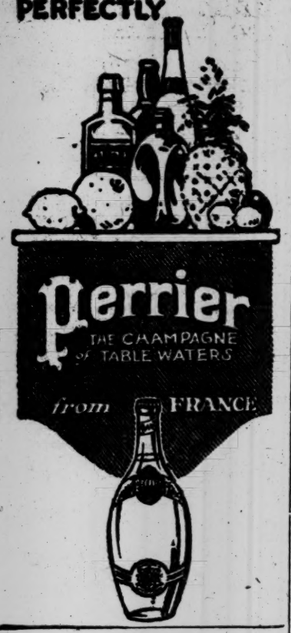

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New Columbia Group to be Studied by American Medical Association Members.

PARTLY READY BY JUNE 4

Homoeopathic College Hastens Graduation of Men About to Sail for France.

The 10,000 physicians and surgeons who will attend the annual meeting of the American Medical Association in New York beginning June 4 will see in the Columbia University War Hospital an object lesson of what may be accomplished in a hurry if the war brings need in this country for greatly increased hospital facilities. It was announced after a special meeting of officers of Columbia and of the Medical Association at the College of Physicians and Surgeons yesterday that the Columbia Hospital would be sufficiently completed by June 4 to permit an explanation of its construction and working to the visiting physicians in order that they might learn to build such structures at other places when needed. Work on the Hospital, at Gunhill Road and 211th Street, began ten days ago. It is made up of portable buildings, and can be taken down and transported to France for erection there.

"We want to show the physicians from other parts of the country what may be done in the way of erecting portable war hospitals," said Dr. Alexander Lambert, who is to be the hospital's chief physician, last night. "The administration buildings, the operating room, some of the wards, and the kitchen will be ready for partial operation by the time the association's meeting opens. Such hospitals can be put up anywhere, and quickly. The next could be built more quickly than Columbia's because of the experience we have gained."

The hospital will cost $250,000. Dr. Alexander Lambert is in charge of subscriptions. Dr. Adrian Lambert will be the chief surgeon. After Columbia is through with the hospital, it is to be turned over to the American Red Cross.

Headquarters for the Medical Association will be at the Hotel Astor. Sessions will be held at the Biltmore, the Vanderbilt, the Waldorf-Astoria, the McAlpin, the Academy of Medicine, and the Engineers' Club.

At the fifty-seventh annual commencement of the New York Homoeopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital, held last night in the Engineering Societies Building, 25 West Thirty-ninth Street, Dean Royal S. Copeland announced that of the graduating class of thirty-eight, twenty-two had joined medical service units that would soon leave for France. Some of the twenty-two enlisted in the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, some in the Flower Hospital Unit, and some in the New York Hospital Unit. The commencement was moved forward three weeks in order to permit the graduates to get into war service earlier. It was announced that the school would run during the Summer, so that the junior class might be graduated in January instead of next June.

These are the graduates who are going to France: Maurice A. Barnard of Pittsford, N. Y.; Archibald K. Benedict, Sherburne, N. Y.; Frank A. Bien, Newark; James Raymond Boyd, Penn Yan, N. Y.; F. A. Cummins, Pomona, Cal.; Aloysius A. Daly, New York City; R. Spencer Hamilton, Brooklyn; Walther T. F. Heincke, New York City; Paul Jenkins, Binghamton; Harold C. Lyman, Utica; John W. Pangburn, Rensselaer, N. Y.; Rodney W. Rowell, Stamford, Conn.; John P. Schafmeister, Ossining, N. Y.; J. Louis Sengstack, Tivoli, N. Y.; Harold E. Shear, Mattituck, N. Y.; Joseph O. Smigel, Long Branch, N. J.; William J. Snyder, New York City; Roscoe W. Teahen, Mechanicsville, N. Y.; Leo J. Ward, Gloversville; Frank F. Williams, Jr., Canton, N. Y.; Earl Leroy Wood, Newark, and Frank H. C. Zornow, Pittsford, N. Y.

Melbert C. Cary, President of the Board of Trustees, conferred the degrees and Dr. E. Guernsey Rankin, President of the Medical Board, presented the hospital certificates. Dr. Copeland awarded the first Faculty prize to Adolph S. Kramer of Brooklyn and the second Faculty prize to Fernando Aguilar of New York City. The address to the graduating class was made by Dr. Christian F. Reisner.

TO HONOR AMBULANCE MEN.

Luncheon and Reception for Ohio College Section Going to France.

Twenty-four young men who will constitute the Marietta College and Miami University section of the American Ambulance Corps in France arrived in New York from Marietta, Ohio, yesterday. They will leave shortly for France.

The party was headed by Beman G. Dawes, Jr., and includes Charles Phillip Dudley, F. R. McIntyre, Paul W. Lindsley, Warwick T. Wilder, Kramer C. Tabler, Walter Wyckoff, D. J. Parr, B. H. Putnam, Dudley Nye, Lee Dana Ikard, C. W. Baer, V. F. Crawford, T. C. Manton, Jr., John F. Frazer, N. W. Ansdall, M. O. Cook, Paul C. Westfall, W. M. Dawes, H. E. Sibley, J. S. Bailey, C. R. Pigott, R. M. De Armon, and E. W. MacTaggard.

B. H. Putnam, a member of the section, is a lineal descendant of General Israel Putnam of Revolutionary fame. He was 21 years old yesterday, and is sixth in direct descent from "Old Put." In view of the friendship which existed between his ancestor and Lafayette, the young man felt doubly proud yesterday that he and his college mates could do something to help France in her need.

The students will be entertained at luncheon at the Waldorf this noon by the alumni of Miami University, and this evening they will be guests at a reception at the Waldorf by the Ohio Society of New York.

When they leave the students will take with them twenty ambulances for service in France.

SAILORS FIGHT AT RECTOR'S.

Stand Off Forty Waiters in a Row Over No Drinks.

There were more than a hundred men and women in the main dining room and 150 couples were dancing in the ballroom last night at Rector's restaurant, Broadway and Forty-eighth Street, when two United States sailors and a civilian friend in evening clothes started a fight because, they declared, the management refused to serve them with drinks.

The men were arrested and locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station on charges of disorderly conduct. They described themselves as Arthur H. Gormley, Jr., 30 years old, a clerk, of 885 Adams Street, Boston, Mass., staying at Hotel Knickerbocker; Albert Brinkhouse, 19, of Boston, and Charles J. Neal, 20, both sailors.

Gormley, earlier in the afternoon, had met Brinkhouse and invited him and his friend Neal to join him for the evening. The dining room of Rector's was crowded as they entered. George Rector instructed Albert Dasburg, manager of the restaurant, not to serve Brinkhouse and Neal, they said.

Neal, according to Dasburg, then struck him in the face, and women shrieked and tables were overturned. The orchestra fled. For ten minutes the two sailors stood off from thirty to forty waiters, bellboys, and other help.

Brinkhouse then ascended the gilded stairway to where dancing was in full swing and demanded drinks from Joseph Dolan, manager of the ballroom. They were refused, and, according to Dolan, who exhibited a badly battered nose and a black eye, Neal struck him. Finally reserves from the West Forty-seventh Street Station arrested the disturbers.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

John Philip Sousa, who was the first bandmaster of the United States Marine Band at Washington, D. C., has accepted a commission to organize and train a band for the Government service at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station at Chicago. Mr. Sousa will be here next Sunday night to participate in the benefit entertainment at the Hippodrome.

Janet Dunbar, who was last seen here in "The Wanderer," has been engaged by Oliver Morosco for a limited engagement as leading woman with his stock company in Los Angeles.

Armand Kalisz and Amelia Stone have been engaged for parts in "A Full Honeymoon," the musical version of Avery Hopwood's farce "Sadie Love." The two are well known to vaudeville patrons.

Charles Purcell, Charles Judels, and Charles McNaughton have been engaged for the cast that will appear in the Straus operetta, "The Beautiful Unknown," when it is presented here early next month.

The demand for seats for the current bill by the Neighborhood Players at the Neighborhood Playhouse has been sufficient to warrant two additional performances. These will be given Saturday and Sunday evenings, June 2 and 3. The bill consists of Susan Glaspell's "The People," Quintero's "A Sunny Morning," and Lord Dunsany's "A Night at an Inn."

Lester Lonergan is presenting a three-act drama, entitled "The Torches," by Henri Bataille, at the Strand Theatre, New Bedford, this week. A special performance of the play will be given at the Globe next Thursday.

The dates chosen for the belated performances of the Lambs' Gambol are Sunday night, June 17, and the following afternoon. Morris Gest has donated the use of the Manhattan Opera House for the show.

JOFFRE AND VIVIANI ARRIVE IN FRANCE

First Intimation That They Had Left Is Announcement of Their Landing at Brest.

SAILED FROM HERE MAY 15

State Department Thanks the Newspapers for Co-operation in Protecting the Commissioners.

PARIS, May 23.—Marshal Joffre and ex-Premier Viviani arrived at Brest at midnight on their return from the United States and started immediately for this city.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Vice Premier Viviani, Marshal Joffre, and the French mission sailed from New York on Tuesday, May 15, unknown except to a few officials and many American newspapers, which loyally kept the secret so that the distinguished guests of the nation might not be unnecessarily endangered by German submarines. The party slipped away on the same steamer which brought them over, convoyed by a French warship.

So well was the secret kept by the volunteer censorship under which American newspapers are co-operating with the Government that the French Commissioners generally were supposed to be still in Washington, and up to yesterday invitations to them to visit various parts of the country were received in great number. In connection with the part played by the newspapers, the State Department tonight issued this statement:

"The Department of State desires to express its sincere appreciation to newspaper correspondents and to editors, who by their co-operation in not publishing details of movements made it possible for the French mission not only to travel in this country with entire safety, but also to depart without any intimation being given that might have made their journey unsafe."

The departure of the Frenchmen was attended by as much secrecy as the Government could throw around it.

On May 14 the mission returned to Washington on special trains from its tour of cities in which the enthusiasm and acclaim shown by the American people had been most touching to them. It was presumed they were returning to take up their conferences on the conduct of the war, but they really came to make farewell visits to President Wilson and other officials. Their train was held in waiting, and late that afternoon, in accordance with carefully laid plans, the mission sped away again and reached New York before midnight.

Tugs were ready, and the Frenchmen were taken to the liner waiting in midstream. The ship sailed out through the harbor guards early Tuesday morning, May 15, and so well had the plans been laid that it was supposed in New York that the liner and her convoy were sailing for Hampton Roads to take on the French party at the same place where they landed on coming to the United States.

FILM STAR SUES SELZNICK.

Clara Kimball Young Wants Five-Year Contract Annulled.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., May 23.—Clara Kimball Young, film star, will begin suit Thursday in the Supreme Court of New York to have her five-year contract with Lewis J. Selznick annulled on the ground that the movie promoter fraudulently took advantage of her business inexperience and made representations which he has not lived up to.

Robert M. Bronson of Detroit, her attorney, had a final conference with Mrs. Young here today. Lewis and Kelsey of New York will be associated with Mr. Bronson.

Through the manipulation of stock of the Clara Kimball Young Company and the Lewis J. Selznick Enterprises, Inc., Mrs. Young alleges Selznick has obtained the bulk of more than half a million dollars made in the exploitation of the four pictures in which she has already appeared. She claims to have received only $1000 a week and that no dividends have been paid on her stock in the Clara Kimball Young Company.

For the exhibition of the four pictures "The Common Law," "The Foolish Virgin," "The Price She Paid," and "The Easiest Way," from Oct. 15 to Dec. 31, 1916, it is alleged that $200,648 was taken as total receipts. The Lewis J. Selznick Enterprises, Inc., which has the rights of releasing the pictures, and for which privilege Mrs. Young says she has received nothing, is alleged to have made $800,000. "The Common Law," "The Foolish Virgin," and "The Price She Paid" are declared to have netted $600,000 during the first six months of exhibition.

Dillingham to Produce 'General Post'

Charles Dillingham acquired by cable yesterday the American production rights to "General Post," a war drama, by Harold Terry, now playing at the Haymarket, London, with a cast that includes Norman McKinnel, George Tully, and Madge Titheradge. Mr. Dillingham will present the play at the Globe early in September with a cast of stars.

1,800 VOICES IN 'CREATION.'

Haydn's Work at the Hippodrome by Community Choruses.

The program for the National Conference on Community Music to be held here Thursday and Friday of next week has been completed. The principal public event will take place at the Hippodrome on Friday night, when the combined community choruses of this city and of the New Jersey Oranges, numbering 1,800 voices, will give a program under the direction of Harry Barnhart, their conductor. Haydn's "Creation" will form the first part of the program, and the second half will be made up of American and miscellaneous songs. The soloists will be Florence Hinkle, Mrs. Harriet Foster, Daniel Beddoe and Frederick Gunther.

On Thursday a luncheon will be given at the Hotel Astor, at which Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin will preside. Among the speakers at the conferences will be Arthur Farwell, John C. Freund, Peter W. Dykema, Mrs. Edward MacDowell, Arthur Nevin and Claude Bragdon.

STARS FOR SYLVAN THEATRE

Skinner, Sothern, Marlowe in Cast of Pageant in Washington.

The date for the opening of the National Sylvan Theatre, an open air amphitheatre on Government land near the Washington Monument in Washington, D. C., described in last Sunday's TIMES, has been set for Friday, June 1. The United States Marine Band will furnish the musical portion of the program.

A pageant, entitled "The Drama Triumphant," written by Mrs. Christian Hemmick, who conceived the idea of the theatre, will be presented, and among the artists announced to take part in it are Otis Skinner, E. H. Sothern, Julia Marlowe, Viola Allen, James K. Hackett, Robert Mantell, R. I. McLean, Odette Tyler, Sophie Breslau, Izetta Jewell, Louis Thompson, Katherine Lee, and Paul Swan.

Thirty women prominent in social circles in the capital city will appear in minor rôles.

BROADWAY THEATRE at 41st. Commencing SUN. NIGHT FRANK HALL Presents A MIGHTY INDICTMENT AGAINST RACE HATRED

EDGAR LEWIS' THE BAR SINISTER

81ST ST. THEATRE B'way & 81st. Phone Schuyler 3980 CHAS. RAY in a Story of Love and Baseball "THE PINCH HITTER" Also Splendid VAUDEVILLE. Mat. Today, 10c, 15c. Ev. 15, 25, 50c.

LYRIC 43D STREET, WEST OF BROADWAY Twice Daily, Mat. at 3; Night, 8:30. Ivan Abramson's Spectacular Film Drama of Russia and America. ONE LAW FOR BOTH "A Dramatic Triumph."—Eve. Journal.

BRIGHTON Brighton Beach. NEW Mat. Today CLARK & HAMILTON. Doree's Celebrities. Dyer & Fay, Bronson & Baldwin, Willie Solar, others.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15 Popular Prices THE HIP HIP HOORAY GIRLS

CRITERION B'WAY & 44TH ST. TWICE DAILY 15c. Sunday, 2:30-8:30 TWO HOURS YOU WILL NEVER FORGET CHRISTUS In Form—A PHOTOPLAY In Effect—A MIRACLE 500 Good Seats, MATINEES, 25c and 50c. 500 Good Seats, EVENINGS, 50c to $1.00.

THE SUBMARINE EYE WILLIAMSON BROTHERS THRILLING LOVE DRAMA OF THE DEPTHS MADE AT THE BOTTOM OF THE SEA LIBERTY W.42d St. Beg. Next Sunday Night, 8:30 Then Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30 Seats Now on Sale.

STRAND BROADWAY AT 47TH ST. TWO EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTIONS Mats. 15c, 25c, 50c. Continuous From Noon to 11:30 Eves. 25c, 35c, 50c. THE TANKS IN ACTION AT THE BATTLE OF THE ANCRE Proceeds to be Devoted to American and British War Relief. ALSO PAULINE FREDERICK in "HER BETTER SELF" A Famous Players Paramount Production Special Morning Performance Sat., May 26, Commencing 10 A. M.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20. 3 GREAT BARRIE PLAYS THE NEW WORD OLD FRIENDS THE OLD LADY SHOWS HER MEDALS BEGINNING TOMORROW NIGHT. In addition to "The New Word" and "The Old Lady Shows Her Medals," ETHEL BARRYMORE in HER GREAT BARRIE TRIUMPH THE £12 LOOK

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Sat. & Wed. STAR-SPANGLED BANNER SUCCESS When Johnny Comes Marching Home

AFTER THE PLAY NEW MIDNIGHT ZIEGFELD FROLIC ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEA. Starts 11:30

Turn to the Right!

GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Evenings 8:20 Mats. Sat. & Wed. (Pop.) at 2:20.

HUDSON THEATRE, W. 44 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20. OUR BETTERS GREAT COMEDY WITH A GREAT CAST.

FULTON 46th St., near B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20. WILLIAM COURTENAY - THOS. A WISE In Lee Wilson Dodd's Comedy "PALS FIRST"

GLOBE Broadway & 46th St. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20. LAURETTE TAYLOR IN J. HARTLEY MANNERS' PLAY "OUT THERE"

COHAN & HARRIS West 42 St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Sat. & Wed. LAST 2 WEEKS "THE WILLOW TREE"

REPUBLIC WEST 42D ST. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:20. PETER IBBETSON With John Barrymore, Constance Collier, Lionel Barrymore. A Drama of Dreams and Love

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20. JANE COWL in "LILAC TIME"

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 42d St. Twice Daily, inc. Sun. 2:30 & 8:30 EVELYN NESBIT and her son RUSSELL THAW in The Film Sensation "Redemption" Prices: Mats. 25c & 50c—Nights, 25c to $1. Seats Now Selling in Advance.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47 St. Daily Mat. 25c-$1. Ev. 8:15. Joseph Santley & Co., Mason & Keeler, Ben Welch, Stan Stanley, "For Pity's Sake"; Lady Agnes's Colleens, others, & Henry Lewis.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST. Phyllis Neilson-Terry, Evan Burrows-Fontaine and other Feature Acts, Daily Mats. 25c. & 50c.

Loew's New York Thea. & ROOF Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. "WITHIN THE LAW."

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15 FATIMA, "RICH GIRL, POOR GIRL", SEN. FRANCIS MURPHY, MANNING GIRLS & 5 others. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

TRIP THROUGH CHINA Wonderful Art Motion Picture. ELTINGE THEATRE, W. 42d St. Daily incl. Sunday, 2:15, 4:15 & 8:30 P. M. PROCEEDS TO THE MILITIA OF MERCY.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opp. West 130th St. Ferry GREATER THAN EVER. SURF BATHING NEW SENSATIONS. OPENS NEXT SAT.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway and 50th. Evenings at 8. MATINEE TODAY, 50c to $1.50. Passing Show OF 1917 Henry W. Savage: "The greatest show I ever saw. A credit to any country." CHARLES DARNTON, EVE. WORLD: "Dazzled blinking New Yorks." Extra Mat. Decoration Day, Wed., May 30. SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT BEST BILL IN NEW YORK.

SHUBERT THEA., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. CLIFTON CRAWFORD in HER SOLDIER BOY Play with Music and Girls. "Hits the bull's eye."—Darnton, Eve. World. Good Seats at 50c., $1.00 & $1.50. ½ Rates to Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. LAST 2 WEEKS this Season of MR. WILLIAM GILLETTE in CLARE KUMMER'S New Play "A SUCCESSFUL CALAMITY."

ASTOR THEA., B'way & 45th. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Wed. & Sat., 2:20. HIS LITTLE WIDOWS UP-TO-THE-MINUTE MUSICAL COMEDY

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. Like the breath of springtime.—Sun. LOVE O' MIKE Comedy with Music. SPARKLING, YOUTH, BEAUTY.—Herald.

PRINCESS 39th, nr. Broadway, Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. OH, BOY! "Smartest of Musical Comedies."—Eve. Sun.

NEW BIJOU 45th St., just off B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Phone 430 Bryant. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. THE KNIFE By Eugene Walter. "The thrills of a lifetime crowded into a few hours."—Eve. Telegram.

NORA BAYES and her DAMPHOOL Company of 40. 39TH ST. THEA. Near Broadway Evs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. 2:30 LAST 4 TIMES

CASINO Broadway and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15 Season's Musical Knockout! You're in Love

The Rendez-Vous of Society Sybarites and the Stage Vogue Broadway at 48th St. Management of William Leon

Matinee Today. THE MAN WHO CAME BACK Playhouse W. 48 St. 9th Month.

SEE THE 48TH ST. 13th CHAIR By Bayard Veiller Mats. Today & Sat. Thea., E. of B'way. 2:20. Evgs. 8:20.

WASH'N SQ. PLAYERS COMEDY 110 W. 41st. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30. MARY SHAW in IBSEN'S GHOSTS. THIS WEEK ONLY SPECIAL BILL OF COMEDY HITS WEEK MAY 28TH.

PARK THEA., Columbus Circle, 59th St. Continuous, 2:30 to 11. Last Week GERALDINE FARRAR as JOAN THE WOMAN 25c 50c

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Saturday & Wed., 2:30. "Better than Pey O My Heart."—Eve. Sun. OLIVER MOROSCO Presents a New Comedy by and with MAUDE FULTON The Brat

LONGACRE West 48th St. TONIGHT 8:30. Next Mat. Sat. 2:20. WM. COLLIER in the Greatest of all Farces NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH

CORT West 48th St. Evenings 8:25. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20. OLIVER MOROSCO'S Great Laughing Success. Upstairs and Down

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1 Mt. Today, 25 & 50c JOHNNY GET YOUR GUN" with Louis Bennison. Next Week, Walter Lawrence, "Come Back to Erin"

ONLY THREE DAYS MORE in which to see the play of plays—The play that may rock the world. LOIS WEBER & PHILLIP SMALLEY'S DRAMATIC TRIUMPH "The Hand That Rocks the Cradle" Be sure to see this Powerful Production and the Superb ADDED ATTRACTION, Burlesquing "20,000 Leagues Under the Sea." Funniest 3-reel Comedy Ever Filmed. Now—Twice Daily—2:30 & 8:30 BROADWAY Theatre, at 41st St. Mgt. Stanley V. Mastbaum.

THE HEART OF CONEY ISLAND. LUNA Pawnee Bill in Pioneer Days, and Other Big Features. Free Attractions—Dancing.

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86th St., near Lex. Ave. Tel. Lenox 8888. Evs. 8:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15. ADOLF PHILIPP MIZI GIZI & COMPANY A. Philipp's Musical Hit A NEW YORK BREWER

Standard Thea., B'way & 90th St., Sun. Ev., 8:30. Orchestral Society "Pop." Concert with Soloists Max Jacobs, Conductor. Seats 25 cts. to $1 at Box Office.

RIALTO B'way at 42d St. MADAME PETROVA in "The Undying Flame." Final Week. "Sisters of France." Dave Comedy, Rialto Orchestra.

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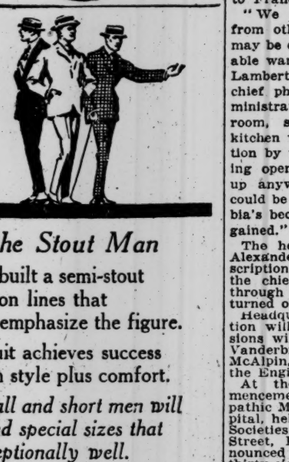

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DANCE IF YOU LIKE. WONDERFUL ORCHESTRA. NO CHARGE FOR COUVERT FOR DINNER.

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AFTER THEATRE SOUPER—"REVUE" BEGINS 11:30 P. M. Restaurant Under the Direction of A. BORGO and C. PIERRE.

OWING TO EXCEPTIONAL BUSINESS PALAIS ROYAL WILL BE OPEN ALL SUMMER.

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SOME restaurants have the quaint notion that New Yorkers *dine with their ears*, instead of in the good old way of Adam. Hence, what is put into the Cabaret is taken out of the Cuisine.

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STRAND ROOF B'way at 47th Street No Admission Charge.

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HOTEL ENDICOTT Columbus Ave. and 81st St. New York City. RATES Room with use of Bath.....$1.00 Room with Private Bath..... 1.50 Parlor, Bedroom and Bath.... 2.50 FOR WOMEN ONLY. An ocean view Room, with running water, $1 per day; with bath, $1.50 per day. Sunny front Room, with bath, $1.50 per day, with meals, $2.50 per day. Suites, $2.50 per day. Full detailed hotel service. HOTEL RUTLEDGE, Lexington Ave. and Thirtieth Street. Modern, accessible, fireproof, excellent service.

Hotel Theresa 7th Avenue, 124th to 125th Streets. One Block from "L" and Subway. A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel. Excellent Accommodations at Attractive Rates. Breakfast 50 Cents. Lunch 60 Cents. Dinner $1.00. Tel. 8270 Morningside. R. P. LEUBE, Mgr.

NEW YORK CITY HOTEL BRISTOL 122-124 WEST 49TH ST. Rooms with running water, $1.50 per day, $8.75 week. Rooms with bath, $2.00 per day, $12.50 per week. "Better than Pey O My Heart."—Eve. Sun. TABLE D'HOTE OR A LA CARTE SERVICE

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1917.

ITALY.

It is of good augury that the Italian War Mission arrived in Washington yesterday. On May 23, 1915, the Italian Government informed Baron BURIAN, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, that Italy would regard herself as at war the next day; and the first blood in the war between the two nations was shed on May 24. Memorable and splendid were those days and nights of popular emotion in May! At last the great net of German intrigue was torn apart by an angry democracy. From the Villa Malta on the Pincian Hill Prince VON BUELOW, the sometime Chancellor, cleverest of German diplomatists and men of the world, married to a patrician Italian woman, familiar with the Italian language and Italian politics, German Special Ambassador since the preceding December, had brought to bear all the arts of persuasion, intimidation, corruption.

The great Roman families, the plutocrats, the industrialists, the Vatican and the "blacks," every class was wheedled; and every class had seemed content with neutrality. Socialists and the bourgeoisie, the army to a considerable extent, the docile, obedient politicians of the Italian Chamber, experts in the gospel of the spoils and machine politics, practiced to perfection for years by the great boss, in or out of office, GIOVANNI GIOLITTI; finance, a host of intellectuals had sworn by Germany. BISMARCK had driven Italy into the Triple Alliance, sowed hatred between her and France, by encouraging the latter to take Tunis, "an Italian colony guarded by French soldiers," as some Italian statesman has called it, just as Italy was reaching for it. BISMARCK, too, had played the Vatican against the Quirinal. Italy had nowhere else to go. If Austria was her old foe and oppressor, to Prussia she owed the recovery of Venetia, to the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war, Rome.

Germany had "penetrated" the peninsula. The country was prosperous, but the Banca Commerciale, a German institution with an Italian name, had come in twenty years largely to control industry, finance, business. It had money and jobs, a manifold clientage, retainers of all sorts, a powerful press, strong, numerous friends in city and national government. It was the boss behind the boss. It was the director and intimate of GIOLITTI.

Let us remember these things. Let us remember the high generous passion that swept all the Germanophile obstructions away. Belgium and the Lusitania, Ypres and Rheims had stirred the multitudes, though the sleek parliamentarians did not know it. There had been riots in the cities in the early Spring, demonstrations at the embassies of the Allies. Giolittists had been attacked in the streets. The King had shown his wish, as far as he could. On May 5, 1860, GARIBALDI and The Thousand left Quarto, near Genoa, on that strange, romantic expedition to free Sicily. There was to be a celebration on May 5, 1915. The King, King "by the grace of GOD and the will of the people," wrote of GARIBALDI's setting forth "with an immortal daring toward an immortal goal."

How D'ANNUNZIO, no longer an Apuleian or a Petronian novelist, but a patriot-poet, wearing the laurel of CARDUCCI, spoke nobly for "Greater Italy" at Genoa and Rome, spoke in the Forum to multitudes, denouncing GIOLITTI as a criminal and a traitor, denouncing "the lackeys of the Villa Malta"; how in all the cities there were great popular pro-Ally demonstrations; how GIOLITTI's parliamentary majority melted away, the Salandra-Sonnino Ministry was sustained and war was voted by both chambers, only a few Socialists and bitter clericals opposing; how the Romans, 200,000 strong, a Colonna, Syndic of Rome, at the head, marched in torchlight procession to the Quirinal; how GIOLITTI fled to Piedmont—if we have forgotten these things, it is right now to recall them.

It is right to recall that in the Spring of 1915 every omen pointed to German victory. Since the Marne and the Aisne the British and French had done nothing. The Russian armies had begun their long retreat with incredible loss and slaughter. A Teutonic movement on Kieff or Odessa was looked for by many. Separate peace offers to Russia by Austria and Germany were reported to the Italian Foreign Office. In dark days, to be followed by dark days, the Italian democracy came into the war for democracy. And after Montenegro and Serbia fell, after the Gallipoli fiasco, while the ferocious German assault was thundering against Verdun and Russia was rebuilding her shattered military machine, what would have happened if Austria could have thrown her whole strength on the eastern front?

For 400 to 450 miles, from the rock of the Carso, past the Carnia and the strange monstrous red-stained Dolomites, past the Trentino to the Tonale Pass and Stelvio, the eternal snows of the Ortler and Adamello, everywhere Austria is ramparted by ranges, everywhere Italy has to fight uphill. Wonderfully, with surpassing skill and courage, have her troops under her great Chief of Staff, CADORNA, fought their difficult fight.

The Italian War Mission is headed by a member of the House of Savoy. One of its members is a King of Science. We salute in them and that mission the gifted, strong, and generous democratic nation whose name is dear to the civilized world.

THE CENSORSHIP.

I have every confidence that the great majority of the newspapers of the country will observe a patriotic reticence about everything whose publication could be of injury, but in every country there are some persons in a position to do mischief in this field who cannot be relied upon and whose interests or desires will lead to actions on their part highly dangerous to the nation in the midst of war. I want to say again that it seems to me imperative that powers of this sort should be granted.—From President WILSON's letter to Chairman WEBB.

Why apply compulsion when voluntary service, spontaneously offered, is loyally performed? The newspapers of the country are giving most patriotic and effective support to the Administration in its war measures. They are laboring with unflagging zeal to persuade the people to send in their subscriptions to the Liberty Loan. They are doing everything in their power to aid the recruiting officers in filling the ranks of the regular army and National Guard. They appeal to the people every day to support the Government, to help the Government by every means in their power. And voluntarily, faithfully heeding every request made, they refrain from publishing news which, in the opinion of the departments, might be prejudicial to the good of the service.

The President says that "there are "some persons in a position to do mis-"chief in this field who cannot be re-"lied upon" to refrain from actions "highly dangerous to the nation in the midst of war." When these untrustworthy persons offend, punish them. There is law enough for that. But what perverse and cankered adviser has put into the mind of the President the idea that it would be a wise policy to put the stigma of disloyalty upon all the thousands of newspapers in the country that are faithfully aiding him and the Government all the time? Does the Administration really feel that this Prussian edict would be a proper return for the services the newspapers have rendered to the authorities in Washington?

Does the President desire from the press more faithful service, greater loyalty, continued self-sacrifice, higher patriotism? Is this the way to get it?

EDWARD CARY.

The life of a journalist has few annals. A date or two, the nature of his work, its quality, some note of any personal relation he may have sustained to public affairs—that is the meagre total. All the rest, the real achievement, is associated in the public thought with the newspaper, not with the man. Yet in the life of EDWARD CARY there was a fullness of meaning and of service that faithfully set down would carry the record to an amplitude surpassing the biography of many a statesman commonly accounted great and influential.

In his forty-six years of service as an editorial writer upon the staff of THE TIMES Mr. CARY was every day and every hour serving his fellowmen, his city, the State, and the country. There can be no measure of the influences that shape and guide public opinion. Argument, exposition, and appeal are "sightless couriers of the air" that first really come into being in the minds where they find lodgment. Mr. CARY's life work was upon and through public opinion. It was in that field, as writer and publicist, in the shade of anonymity, that he put upon the thought and action of his time the stamp of his straightforward reasoning, his right judgments, and his wise counsel. He came to this newspaper toward the close of the vexed and wrangling period of reconstruction. In his writing at that time he combated the policies of heartless, vindictive Northern radicalism toward the South and counseled procedures which LINCOLN would have adopted, so far as they might be determined by one who had profoundly studied the life work of LINCOLN. For full twenty-five years, the final quarter of the nineteenth century, Mr. CARY fought the delusion of free silver coinage and the double standard. He had full mastery of the facts and the teachings of experience, and of the unchanging principles, and in that long controversy he came as near to putting heat and passion into his work as was possible to his calm and gentle nature; for while he was patient with ignorance, he hated selfish false pretense.

During all the years of his service with THE TIMES Mr. CARY wrote with great and sustained power against the tariff abuses perpetrated in the name of protection. In theory a convinced free trader, he conceded, of course, the fiscal necessity of revenue from imports, and in the Underwood tariff he saw an approach to what he had fought for. Again he enjoyed a triumph as nearly personal as a newspaper writer may hope to achieve in the adoption of the merit system of appointments to the civil service. There he wrought not with the pen alone, but through his labors with CURTIS and EATON and SCHURZ in securing legislation. But no newspaper advocate of the cause ever had its principles more at heart and none ever defended them with fuller sincerity of conviction or greater efficiency. Upon all political questions of the day, upon finance, upon foreign affairs, and upon questions relating to education, he wrote with a diligent student's knowledge and with a judgment ripened by lifelong meditation upon the problems that arise in the stir and strife of the social organization.

Mr. CARY was one of the least worldly of men, yet his well-nigh unfailing sense of what was wise, of what the newspapers ought to advocate because it was best, was equaled only by his altogether rare judgment of what was right and just. His ethical standards were so fine that it was not easy for him to accept compromise even when compromise involved no abandonment of principle. He professed no skill in drawing the line between the clearly right and the manifestly expedient.

It hardly need be said that daily association with a man of his noble character knit ties of endearment of which it is hard to speak. To the staff of THE TIMES Mr. CARY was a man respected, admired, trusted, but above all loved. He had a wonderful quality of gentleness, what we call the sunny disposition, a thoughtful consideration for others, a readiness of friendly counsel, of the stimulating, encouraging word, and of real interest, where interest was a gift of generosity, that are not always found with strong natures and firm convictions. It was in truth a noble character. Mr. CARY was a noble man, of the noblest, and those who toiled with him, those everywhere who knew him and prized his friendship, will hold his memory among their treasured possessions.

FARM CROPS IN NEW YORK.

The first comprehensive report about what the farmers of a State have done to meet the demand for a larger output of foodstuffs is one made by the New York Food Supply Commission, showing notable increases of planted acreage for all the products, one excepted. The land area used for hay has been reduced by 110,000 acres, or about 8 per cent., but this was done to make room for vegetables and cereals. The addition for potatoes is 77,000 acres, or 25 per cent., which probably will increase the harvested supply by more than 7,000,000 bushels. This year's cornfields exceed those of 1916 by 219,000 acres, or 31 per cent. The bean acreage has risen 42 per cent., from 194,053 to 275,790. Other increases are as follows: Oats, 13 per cent.; buckwheat, 16; wheat, (New York has 420,000 acres,) 17; barley, 20; rye, 5; cabbage, 77; miscellaneous, 27. If a more favorable and satisfactory report can be shown by any other State, all who realize the importance of such agricultural gains will be glad to see it.

Farmers in New York have been encouraged and assisted in various ways. To meet the abnormal expenses of these times they have been enabled to borrow from the Patriotic Farm Loan Fund. Railroad companies have undertaken to provide seed at cost, have released employes for work in the fields, and have promoted the cultivation of idle land along their lines. Manufacturers have given aid for the solution of the labor problem. Committees in forty cities are working on suburban acres which had not been used. In one county a committee has guaranteed to the farmer a minimum price. Throughout the State there has been much well-directed effort to enlarge the food supply. We are now beginning to see the fruit of it in this additional acreage, with its promise of an unprecedented harvest.

ADVICE FROM THE TARIFF COMMISSION.

It is now known that the Tariff Commission's recommendation that the proposed new tax on all imported raw materials now in the free list should be made applicable from the date when the bill was reported was part of a report sent to the Ways and Means Committee at the request of the committee's Chairman. In the course of a statement about its work and plans the commission says that its response to this request was "a report upon interim legislation," and adds the following:

> If the commission's suggestions are adopted, a large amount of revenue will be saved. Heretofore when increases in rates under revenue acts were anticipated, importers have rushed their products into the channels of trade in advance of the final passage of the acts, with a consequent loss of revenue to the Government, and yet with no corresponding benefits to the consumers who finally purchased the articles at prices determined by the increased duties. The report shows the need of interim legislation to provide that articles finally subjected to duties shall be assessed from the date of the report of the bill from the Ways and Means Committee.

It is reasonable to assume that in this report the commission expressed its opinion concerning the Tax bill's tariff provisions, regarded by the committee's Chairman as "the most un-"scientific and most inequitable ever "written in the books." The official statement says nothing about that, but it does say that orders for the printing of the report have been given. This printing should not be delayed. Manufacturers and consumers affected by the proposed new duties on raw materials know that the commission would have the collection of these begin at once. If the commission told the committee that they were unscientific and unjust, harmful to business interests, and forbidden by the rules of sound economic practice, this also should be known. We cannot think that these taxes, as first proposed affecting everything in the free list, had the commission's approval. It was the new organization's first opportunity, and a most inviting one. The commission's ability and fitness may be measured by its advice in this case or its failure to offer any. The report should be promptly given to the public.

THE LOAN SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The Treasury apportions the Liberty Loan according to bank resources as though depositors were expected to take it. That is one good way to solve the problem in a tentative way. Another good way would be to apportion the loan among the 37,550,000 persons engaged in gainful occupations in 1910. Probably there are enough more now to make the number about equal to the number of bank depositors. The two bodies are not identical. The Treasury apportions the loan among bank depositors at the same time that Wall Street is doing its best to stimulate the taking of the loan by those who are not depositors.

The Treasury comes near confession that it is a rich man's loan. Wall Street is doing its best to make it a poor man's loan, and is doing so in ways which the Treasury has not employed. It was left to Wall Street to make the Treasury's plan of partial payments through a short period operative through a period indefinitely long, and in a manner acceptable to the men and women who are the first care of those whose profits depend upon knowledge of the psychology of ultimate investors. The Treasury's installment plan is excellent on the bank depositors' plan of allotting the loan. It fails to meet the needs of wage earners in two respects. The Treasury period is too short and the unit is too large.

Accordingly, Wall Street has invented the participation certificate. It has no period at all, and is procurable in $10 units. When $10 is paid the certificate is passed across the counter. Even the smallest financiers understand the attractions of having the use of what you pay for. The installment system has made that plain to all. The participation certificates can be accumulated in times and ways to suit every convenience, and then a bond will be given in exchange. The loan will be popularized thus better than in the Treasury's large scale manner of the preliminary purchase of Treasury certificates, or delivery of the bonds after compliance with its installment method.

It is clear that the Treasury's method disturbs bank deposits more than the Wall Street method. The disturbance of bank deposits is related to the disturbance of investments. To the extent that the loan can be floated with the help of money which never has been deposited in banks, conditions in the money market will be stabilized, and the loan will be floated so that it will stay sold, and will not be depressed by the sale of weakly held subscriptions. That is but one of Wall Street's ways to supplement the Treasury's efforts. Altogether, there is daily less excuse for those seeking to escape from the dilemma put up to them by the Liberty Loan Committee—Enlist or invest.

No decent American newspaper fears just censorship; only the vipers dread it.—The World.

The American Newspaper Publishers Association has voted unanimously against press censorship. Does The World consider itself to be the only member of this body that is not a viper? If it does, why did it vote exactly as all the vipers did, against the enactment of any censorship law?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Relation of Athletics to Soldiering.

By giving public expression to the wish that there should be no abandonment of athletic sports by American schools and colleges, President Wilson has raised anew the old controversy as to the real value and effect of those activities. The President's letter makes clear that his request is based on the assumption that collegiate and scholastic contests in the open air are "a real contribution to the national defense" in that they enable American youth to acquire the physical fitness for taking, in due time, "the place of those who are now of military age and exhibit the vigor and alertness which we are proud to believe to be characteristic of our young men."

That this assumption is true would be generally admitted, of course, but there are those, and not a few, who doubt it, and some deny with vehemence, and support the denial with arguments of a certain plausibility, that even the physical results of training for, and of participating in, competitive sports are to be commended. Athletes are thus developed to higher degrees of skill and strength, even those critics admit, but they say that no weaklings are changed to athletes in this way, and again and again they have declared that whatever benefits there may be in the college games are confined to the boys who need them least, while there is a tendency to reduce all the others to the status of spectators, yelling approval or disapproval of the specialists, exactly as did the Roman populace in the Colosseum.

There is also made, and with like plausibility, the statement that to take part in athletic games is excellent preparation for—taking further part in athletic games, but decidedly poor preparation for most other life vocations that could be named. It is, therefore, at least a fair question to ask whether the product of collegiate athletics is better fitted than other young men are for the very different sort of exertions expected and required of the soldier, and if it would not be wise for our schools and colleges, instead of continuing their field and track sports at this time, to substitute for them training and practice directly preparative for military service.

As to the good effect of that on the physical condition and general health of all who receive it, there is no question at all.

A Distinction to Keep in Memory.

If our Federal officials in this and other cities were more careful to distinguish, in their appeals and advice to the public, between enemy aliens and alien enemies, they would not, as now, be obliged to reprehend a large number of well-intentioned American citizens for forgetting that the distinction exists. Those officials are quite right in saying that for an American employer to discharge a German employé, simply because of his nationality or blood, is both unjust and unwise. They are right, too, in saying that the German in this country who by his words and conduct indicates an intention to deserve kindness and confidence is far more likely to carry out that intention if he gets that sort of treatment than if he finds his already difficult position as an enemy alien made still harder by treatment of the opposite kind—by treatment based on the assumption that as a German he is sure to be a plotter and a spy—that he is, in short, an alien enemy.

The dividing line has not, indeed, always been as sharp and clear as could be desired, but the great majority of unnaturalized Germans in the United States are intelligent enough to realize that they would serve their Fatherland extremely ill if they brought upon themselves, as a class, the deserved animosity, or even the deserved suspicion, of those who for some time to come are to be their close neighbors. There is no general inclination on this side of the water, however it may be on the other, to regard any alien as a hostage, responsible for the behavior of men at home over whom he has no control. "Reprisals," if we are forced to them, will be on the property here of Germans in Germany, who, it can fairly be assumed, have some influence on the German Government; they will not be on the persons of Germans in the United States, who, as is well known, are not the objects of any very intense or very tender solicitude on the part of their Kaiser.

The thing to do with an alien enemy is to put him in jail as soon as he can be caught and convicted. The enemy alien is, or at least may be, a bird of quite another feather, and while it is right that he should be subjected to certain restrictions—restrictions to which, if he be judicious, he will submit patiently—he should not be the victim of useless discriminations or deprived of the privilege of earning an honest living.

They Yield a Point with Grace.

Whoever hears, about this time, as the old almanacs used to say, sounds as of high winds rushing through distant, but not very distant, forests, may be mystified, at first, and even alarmed. There is nothing dangerous in the noise, however—it is simply that produced by the conjoined sighs of relief heaved by the American populace on learning that our pacifists have decided to register like other people, when June 5 comes.

The country will be spared, therefore, the frightful scenes that would have confronted it if the pacifist leaders had determined to resist the Government and to keep their names off the list of its supporters.

Imagination, after its familiar custom, shrinks from contemplation of what would have happened had an opposite decision been reached by these stern folk. Almost can it now be hoped that in due season they will submit to draft as quietly as to registration, for they display a truly reassuring reluctance for the immediate martyrdom of going to jail, and it may well be that judicious inconsistency will continue to characterize them through all the days to come.

Meanwhile, they are making an earnest study of the loopholes provided by the law for conscientious objectors, and with any luck on their part in finding them, the United States may be safe from anybody except the Germans—of whom nobody seems to be much afraid, as yet.

Plays for a Boy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the course of my day's work in an uptown branch of the New York Public Library yesterday I came across something I judged interesting enough to pass on to your paper. A lad of some 14 lean years, to judge from his appearance, came in with a list of dramas given him by his teacher of English in first-year high school. From the list he was to choose any one, read, and make a written report on it. I saw no reason to doubt that the teacher had given the list, just as the boy said, especially as he was most anxious to "get the shortest one, please." The list contained the following:

Ibsen's "Ghosts."
Tolstoy's "The Living Corpse."
Galsworthy's "The Fugitive."
Zangwill's "The War God."
Synge's "The Playboy of the Western World."
Maeterlinck's "The Bluebird."
Hauptmann's "The Weavers."
Shaw's "Man and Superman."

The librarian has it pretty well fixed as a conscientious aim to co-operate with the school. But could one connive at such a merciless disregard of psychology and the eternal fitness of things as this? Is this the sort of thing New York school authorities consider intellectually beneficial to the youth of the city?

ELLEN BROWN.
New York, May 22, 1917.

From Mr. Polacco.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having read in your valuable paper that a rumor is being circulated relative to my resignation as conductor at the Metropolitan Opera, I beg to state that I have not resigned and have no intention of doing so. This has been my fifth season, and my engagement has not yet expired.

GIORGIO POLACCO.
New York, May 19, 1917.

PAYING FOR THE WAR.

Some Effects of an Unscientific System of Taxes.

By an Eminent Financier.

It is entirely proper that the tax-imposing power exercise in times such as have come upon us the widest discretion in the levying of taxes, and the taxpayer willingly furnish all that may be needed to insure the victory of the cause of democracy, for the upholding and defense of which we have drawn the sword.

But the power to tax is the power to destroy, and, being in these momentous times clothed with the responsibility of enacting laws to produce a heretofore unknown and unheard-of amount of Governmental revenue, should Congress not stop and consider lest the imposts it proposes to levy may so affect our economic structure that much that has been builded in the course of many decades may become endangered, if not destroyed?

The insistence that the cost of the war we have rightly entered upon should, to the largest extent, be paid for by taxation is not justifiable. We are going into battle in order to save the day for posterity, who of right should bear part of the burden we shall have to assume. Because of this, it would be perfectly proper to provide for the payment of the larger part of the cost of the war by bond issues to be gradually extinguished through larger annual sinking funds. Whatever indebtedness we may have to shoulder, a sinking fund of 5 per cent. a year, which would not form too heavy a burden, would amortize the debt in about fifteen years.

Were such a plan adopted in order to raise the large sums now and hereafter needed, in place of the crushing tax measures that are pending, capital would not become frightened, as is very likely to be the case if the proposition already before Congress becomes enacted into law, and the country's industrial and commercial development can then progress and not be crushed by an unscientific system of taxation such as we are threatened with.

There is another aspect that should not be lost sight of, but be seriously considered.

A very considerable number of our important universities, colleges, and educational institutions of every kind, of hospitals, orphan asylums, altruistic movements and funds, not to speak of churches, charities, young men's Christian and similar associations, that are making for the elevation and improvement of the people of this country, if not of mankind in general, have been and are constantly called into being through the gifts and bequests of the so-called well-to-do, and these institutions, all over the country, are dependent for the proper exercise of their activities upon the ability of the wealthy to furnish the means for their support. Is it not to be feared that, with the adoption of the measure that is being discussed in Congress at present, and which, if enacted into law, is without any doubt going to stop at their source the free flow of the, in the aggregate, enormous sums which have ever been so readily forthcoming for altruistic purposes, there will be created conditions which will result in impeding our very continuance as a nation ever progressing in the things which give life its real value?

No one can now foretell how long the struggle we have entered upon may last, how large may grow the sacrifices in men and treasure the nation may have to bring. It will bring these sacrifices without hesitation to any extent that may be asked, but it will prove a short-sighted and most likely disastrous policy to endeavor right at the outset to raise our war budget by an all too exhaustive taxation, instead of seeking to maintain the economic strength of the nation by endeavoring to obtain the larger part of the colossal sums that will be needed through the use of the inexhaustible credit of the nation, coupled with proper provision for extinguishment by means of larger annual sinking funds of the funded debt we shall have to create.

Even thus, taxes in an aggregate altogether unknown heretofore will have to be imposed, but such taxation need be scientific in character, in order that the burden become so distributed that business initiative and activity do not become destroyed, or even seriously handicapped, for if that be the result, as is not unlikely, from the tax scheme now before Congress, the consequences to the country will be very serious.

To the Families of Recruits.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Every day thousands of letters come to the enlisted men and boys in Newport from thousands of homes. Some of them reveal the brave, strong hearts that we like to think that women possess, but others—and I am afraid these are all too many—are full of discouraging news, or some such contagious element, which transmits the blues at home into a deeper indigo "at the front."

Just last night a big, stout-hearted reservist of 24 walked into my office to read me parts of such a letter, saying: "God knows we fellows need cheering up ourselves without having to cheer up the whole family at home." And this man has written home every day since his arrival a month ago.

Can't something be done to educate the letter-writing families of soldiers and sailors so that they will be an asset instead of a drag on the army and navy?

W. P. TOMLINSON,
Army and Navy Y. M. C. A.
Newport, May 22, 1917.

Details of the Italian Offensive.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been reading with interest and delight at the same time the daily reports published in your valuable newspaper concerning the Italian offensive on the Austro-Italian front.

The full particulars usually accompanying those reports furnish me with a clear account of the operations now in progress in that important war zone, which I vainly seek in the other papers of the metropolis.

JOSEPH BIONDI.
New York, May 21, 1917.

For a Day of Prayer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Our sons are called to active service. Let us gather in our places of worship to invoke for them blessing and protection from on high. Let your readers individually write President Wilson urging him to proclaim a national day of prayer and to declare that we enter upon this war not for aggrandizement but for justice and righteousness.

H. PEREIRA MENDES.
New York, May 20, 1917.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

Clear for an instant, clouded brain!
Hurt heart, abate your bitter pain
That I may hear the last refrain
Of life!

The massive chords, in thunderous blend,
A harmony of grandeur lend,
Ascending to a crashing end,
In strife.

New echoes of the throbbing drum
Are stilled, now martial notes are dumb,
Now through the silences may come
A song!

Let words of love, of wonder, be
My solace to eternity—
The song I've waited for, ah's me,
So long!

OSCAR C. A. CHILD.

FOR DRY NATION IN WAR.

Episcopalians Favor Prohibition and Bar Women from Church Elections.

At the closing session of the third annual convention of the Newark Episcopal diocese in Trinity Church, Newark, yesterday, a resolution was adopted favoring national prohibition for the period of the war. There was a prolonged discussion on the resolution and considerable opposition was manifested.

Several times attempts were made to bring the question of sacramental wines into the discussion, but Bishop Edwin S. Lines ruled the question out of order. After the prohibition resolution was put to a viva voce vote Bishop Lines announced that national prohibition had won.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., May 23.—For another year, at least, women will be barred from participating in elections in the Protestant Episcopal Churches of the Long Island Diocese. Last year, when the question of women voting was brought up at the diocesan convention, it was carried by two votes, but then it was decided that the canon laws held the convention must have a two-thirds vote on the subject before it could be passed, but the constitution says that a majority vote is sufficient.

The Committee on Canons was ready to suggest that the convention today pass a resolution putting itself on record as favoring women voting at church elections, provided they were able to induce the pastor and vestry of their church to agree. Before the committee had had a chance to make its recommendation, however, Supreme Court Justice Townsend Scudder moved that the question be laid on the table for a year, and at the same time asked Bishop Burgess to name a committee to amend the constitution so that it would not conflict with the canon on this subject. After a lengthy debate Justice Scudder's motion was carried, and the Bishop named the Justice, Colonel William F. Cogswell, and State Senator Fuller as members of the committee. They will make their report at the convention next year.

LABOR BILLS ASSAILED.

War Emergency Measures Attacked at Hearing—Brown Supports Them.

ALBANY, May, 23.—Hearings by Governor Whitman on four so-called war emergency measures affecting labor today drew to the Executive Chamber the largest crowd of the year. The bills under discussion authorize the State Industrial Commission to suspend the provisions of the labor laws relating to working hours; permit farm labor by school children to be credited as part of the regular school work; amend the labor laws relative to employment of women at night in certain occupations, and amend the insurance laws regarding the approval of the premium rates of the State fund.

The opposition to the bills was conducted by Miss Nell Schwarts, Executive Secretary of the Consumers' League of the City of New York, and by Thomas Fitzgerald of the State branch of the American Federation of Labor. President James P. Holland of the State Federation of Labor opposed the bills in behalf of organized labor.

Chairman John Mitchell of the Industrial Commission asserted that the bill authorizing the suspension of the laws regulating the hours of labor should not be approved, as it might lead to grave abuses as well as decreased efficiency. The experience of Great Britain had shown, he said, that the suspension of labor laws at the beginning of the war was a great mistake.

Senator Elon R. Brown, Chairman of the War Committee, which drafted the bills, relative to suspending the Labor law and the Compulsory Education law, was the chief speaker in behalf of the measures. After reviewing the history of the bills, Senator Brown said:

"If by the suspension of the labor laws, the Full Crew law, and the Compulsory Education law this war could be shortened two months, I would favor the whole program. Every law that stands in the way of efficiency during this crisis ought to be gotten out of the way."

WAIVES THE LABOR LAW.

Temporary Exemption for Mexican Laborers Needed in Southwest.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—To provide against a probable shortage in farm labor Secretary of Labor Wilson today issued orders for the admission to the United States of aliens from Mexico who are otherwise barred by the literacy test or the contract labor clause of the immigration law. It was explained that the order was intended to relieve conditions in the Southwestern States, where farmers have been accustomed to import seasonal labor from Mexico. It will affect particularly New Mexico, Arizona, Texas, and California.

In a letter to officials of the department charged with the enforcement of the immigration laws Secretary Wilson said, in amplification of the order which exempts laborers from Mexico temporarily from the provisions of the immigration laws:

"Aliens admitted under the provisions hereof are allowed to enter temporarily upon the understanding that they will engage in no other than agricultural labor; and any who fail to accept, or after acceptance abandon, employment of that kind and engage in the performance of labor in connection with other industries shall be promptly arrested and deported to the country whence they came. In cases arising under this circular the aliens involved shall be admitted without the payment of the head tax."

VETOES WIRETAPPING BILL.

Whitman Says Espionage Restrictions might Embarrass Government.

ALBANY, May 23.—The Murphy bill to prevent eavesdropping on telephone lines except upon order of a Supreme Court Justice and the Towner bill to exempt telegraph and telephone company employes from furnishing prosecuting officers with information concerning messages, were vetoed by Governor Whitman today.

"From information in my possession," the Governor wrote, "I fear that the enactment of this legislation might be embarrassing to the Federal authorities under present conditions, and at this critical time. I am satisfied that I should not give them my approval."

Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Commissioner of Charities John A. Kingsbury and for William H. Hotchkiss, on trial in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, charged with wiretapping in connection with the charities investigation last year, made a motion yesterday before Justice Kelby to have the indictment against his clients dismissed on the ground that District Attorney Lewis of Kings had made out no case against them. Mr. Lewis opposed the motion. The Justice announced he would give his decision at 10 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Lewis called attention to the wavers of immunity signed by Mr. Kingsbury and Mr. Hotchkiss when they testified before the Grand Jury. According to the minutes, they told the Grand Jurors that they had consulted during the Strong investigation and had come to the conclusion that Father William S. Farrell was not the author of some pamphlets he had said he had written, and which criticised the Kingsbury administration. Mr. Kingsbury contended that Dr. Daniel C. Potter wrote the pamphlets.

CONCESSIONS TO INDIA.

Chamberlain Says Reciprocity Principle Has Been Accepted.

LONDON, May 23.—Austen Chamberlain, Secretary of State for India, told the members of the House of Commons this afternoon that the position of India inside the British Empire had been considered at the imperial war conference and that the principle of reciprocity had been accepted. Under-hired labor, the Secretary said, had been stopped and would not be revised.

The representative of India in the Imperial Cabinet, it was contemplated, would be an Indian. Mr. Chamberlain pointed out that this was an immense advance in the position of India in the empire.

10,500 GERMANS ASK WAR ZONE PERMITS

Austrians and Hungarians, Fearing New Rulings, Rush for Final Papers.

MANY VOTED ILLEGALLY

And Many Served on Juries—Mayor's Committee to Help Those Who Lose Their Jobs.

United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy announced last night that up to date more than 10,500 Germans had applied for permits to live, or do business in, barred military zones. In addition to the Germans, many Austrians and Hungarians have called at the Federal Building seeking final naturalization papers, fearing that new rulings of the Government might bring them into the same category as the Germans and make necessary the obtaining of permits to live in barred zones or continue in business in the restricted areas.

Many unusual situations have developed as a result of the enforcement of the barred zone regulations. Hundreds of Germans in this part of the country, it was said yesterday, had been voting illegally and even serving as jurors. This has been going on for years, and in practically all cases the alien did not realize that he was violating the law. A conflict of State laws is responsible in large measure for the situation, since in some States aliens are permitted to vote when they have taken out first papers.

These men, in great numbers, have moved to Eastern States and have continued the practice, unaware of the law which, in the East, calls for complete naturalization before voting or sitting on a jury panel. Others, after voting for years, have discovered that their fathers never become naturalized.

An example cited yesterday in the Naturalization Court was that of Jonas Meyer, a merchant, living at 222 Riverside Drive. Mr. Meyer has resided here about fifty years, voting and sitting on juries. He discovered yesterday that his father never became a citizen and he never had the right to vote or exercise other functions.

That the Government is to keep a close watch on Germans was shown yesterday, when those asking for applications were told not to be seen with cameras, and it was intimated that Germans would have to give them up.

The barred zone movement was characterized by Marshal McCarthy yesterday as a registration of every German in this district.

"The method pursued," he said, "amounts to a registration of every enemy alien, and means that the Government will have a line on every German here."

In the enforcement of the barred zone regulations it is said that the Government will need the assistance of thousands of citizens, and plans to get the co-operation of such citizens are now being worked out.

Marshal McCarthy had scores of cases where Germans are losing their jobs because of their nativity brought to his attention yesterday.

"One man who has been discharged because he is a German," said the Marshal, "is a traveling salesman, who for more than thirty years has been employed by a large flour milling house and his sales have averaged $100,000 a year. Now he is out of a job. This is just a sample of the injustice of this thing, and I hope that other employes will be more generous and patriotic and not discharge their German employes simply because they are Germans. It is not fair and it does not help the Government in the present crisis. As a matter of fact, it works a distinct disadvantage so far as the Government is concerned."

Announcement was made yesterday that the Committee on Aliens of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense was looking for work for those thrown out of employment. For example, German subjects who have been working on tugs, scows, and lighters will be directly affected, if the Department of Justice rules that all enemy aliens must be barred from all piers.

In the suburbs of New York, where barred zones do not exist, the Mayor's Committee will try chiefly to place the men prohibited from working in the restricted districts. Civic organizations and employers in the outlying commuting districts are asked to get in touch with the committee, at Room 1,820, Municipal Building, where enemy aliens who want work are requested to call and register.

BARS ALIEN TEACHERS.

Foreigners in Public Schools Must Take Out First Papers.

The Board of Education made a list of twenty-nine public school teachers who were competent to give military instruction in the public schools under the provisions of the Slater law. It was decided that no person not a citizen of the United States or who had not made a declaration of intention of becoming a citizen would be eligible for a license to teach in the public schools.

Upon motion of Thomas W. Churchill the special committee to investigate the efficiency of teachers was ordered to prepare its report. Dr. Abraham Flexner, who resigned from the board recently, was Chairman of this committee. It was decided also that the schools in the Bronx should be closed the afternoon of June 14, so that the pupils might march in the Flag Day parade.

Ridder Heads Board on Aliens.

ALBANY, May 23.—Victor F. Ridder of New York was elected Chairman of the German-American Committee at a meeting here today. Louis Will of Syracuse was elected Vice Chairman; Frank J. Gloeckner of Albany, Secretary, and Fedor Willimek of Rochester, Treasurer. The committee was appointed by Governor Whitman early last month to deal with problems regarding aliens of German birth.

MISS TAFT A COLLEGE DEAN.

Bryn Mawr Unanimously Elects Daughter of

EDWARD CARY DEAD IN HIS 77TH YEAR

Trenchant Writer of Editorials Served The Times for Nearly 46 Years.

HELPED BREAK TWEED RING

An Authority on the Tariff and Worked Unceasingly for Civil Service Reform.

Edward Cary, for nearly half a century a member of the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, died at 6 o'clock last night at his home, 204 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn. He was in his seventy-seventh year.

Mr. Cary's last article for THE TIMES was written on Monday, and on Tuesday morning he suffered an attack of angina pectoris, from which he did not rally. Two years ago he had a paralytic stroke, but recovered sufficiently to resume his labors.

Mr. Cary is survived by his daughter, Miss Elizabeth Luther Cary, art critic for THE TIMES. The funeral service will be read on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock at Mr. Cary's home. He will be buried in Albany, his birthplace.

In all the years that Mr. Cary was a member of the editorial staff of THE TIMES he had exerted an influence on the public affairs of this nation out of all proportion to his personal celebrity. Anonymity is both the penalty and the safeguard of editorial writing; the influence of the editorial writer gains by it, even if his own fame loses, and the great influence of Edward Cary was felt by millions who never heard his name.

He was a warrior who never rested; his battles were all fought in good causes, and he never entered one without a profound conviction of the justice of the fight in which he was enlisted. He was one of the earliest civil service reformers, a hard and earnest fighter against tariff privileges, and he struck blow after blow in such causes as wider education. His was one of the strongest and clearest voices raised against the craze that seemed at one time likely to sweep the country for the debasement of our currency.

Personally he was one of the gentlest and kindliest of men. It was hard for those who knew him to associate his lovable personality with the scorching denunciations he penned of the men and the tendencies in public life that aroused his indignation.

Edward Cary was born in Albany on June 5, 1840, of Quaker parentage. He came of a fine old New England stock. His father was Joseph Cary and his mother, Lydia Chase. He was graduated from Union College and the Albany Law School, but his bent was not for the law but for journalism, and as soon as he left college he became the first editor of The Brooklyn Union, now The Standard Union. For seven years he was in charge of that newspaper and guided its policies.

This was in the days after the closing of the civil war, and Mr. Cary was a strong Republican. His work attracted the attention of George Jones, the proprietor of THE NEW YORK TIMES, and Mr. Jones invited him to leave The Union and join the editorial forces of THE TIMES.

No greater honor could come to a newspaper man at that time, for this was in 1871—the year when THE TIMES was engaged in overthrowing the Tweed Ring. To join its staff meant a life of militant activity. The prospect so appealed to Mr. Cary that he left The Union without hesitation and threw in his lot with the brilliant staff headed by Louis J. Jennings and guided by Mr. Jones, and from that day until yesterday he remained with it and was one of its most vigorous editorial writers in every fight in which it was enlisted.

In 1871, when Mr. Cary joined THE TIMES staff, the spoils system was in full swing. Neither in State nor nation was there the slightest doubt that when a party came into power its privilege and duty were to dismiss all the office holders of the other party and award their places, not on a basis of merit, but as prizes to political workers of the victorious party. There were a few who saw the wrong of this system, who did not believe in Marcy's maxim, "To the victors belong the spoils of the enemy," and who entered upon the unequal task of trying to prove a century-long struggle to install "better manners, purer laws." Mr. Cary was in the forefront of this group.

Civil Service Reform Leader.

In the editorial columns of THE TIMES he fought the spoils system with an ardor characteristic of him, but he did not rest with that. In 1881 he joined the Executive Committee of the Civil Service Reform Association, and from that day till the end of his life he was one of the leaders of the movement. In the Reform Association he undertook the laborious work as chairman of the Sub-Committee on Examination; and he drafted the rules which still in great part obtain for admission to the Police and Fire Departments of this city.

When Blaine was nominated for President in 1884 and there was a hegira out of the Republican Party led by George William Curtis, Carl Schurz and Henry Ward Beecher, Mr. Cary's voice was potent in inducing THE TIMES to join that procession. He was then and always remained an ardent supporter of Grover Cleveland.

The subjects which his editorial pen touched were manifold. Every topic that fell to his care he treated with authority. Probably no important subject came up during his years of editorial work on which he was silent, but in general it may be said that his special fields were politics and finance.

If THE NEW YORK TIMES made a reputation for a convincing and brilliant exposition of the free silver fallacy, which it did for twenty-five years, the credit is largely due to Mr. Cary. Most of the articles showing the folly and danger of that ill-judged experiment came from his pen.

But to summarize the topics with which he dealt would give a very poor idea of his work, his influence, and his power, unless the spirit which informed his pen were known. He had a passion for the right. It may have been old fashioned, but his was the sturdy hatred of the old Puritan for new-fangled moralities and quack reforms. Some of the things he wrote with a strong ethical basis echoed all over the country. There was, for instance, a celebrated divorce case, not yet forgotten, on which Mr. Cary wrote a comment that was a classic in its way, and that went far to rectify a loose public opinion. That was quarter of a century ago, and the sound of it has not yet ceased.

Authority on the Tariff.

If the position of THE NEW YORK TIMES on the subject of the tariff has been such as to make it a recognized authority, this has been largely due to Mr. Cary, who was an authority on the subject. His clear and convincing articles on that topic have probably done more to clarify public opinion than those of any other writer. He made the tariff a specialty, almost from the time when he became associated with this newspaper; and throughout the long wrangle which followed President Cleveland's message in 1887 and ended in the Dingley and Payne tariffs his voice was among the clearest and strongest. He was always raised against monopoly and tariff favors to the few with the resultant oppression of the many.

Despite the many activities in which he was engaged, he found time to write several books, among them a "Life of George William Curtis," for the American Men of Letters series. It was a subject which appealed to him, for Mr. Curtis had been among the earliest and most strenuous fighters for civil service reform.

The labors which Mr. Cary performed with energy and thoroughness up to the time of his last illness were the constant reflex of a mind impervious to the obvious and the superficial which obstruct from view so much which is vital in the world's news. In this the training and experience of the journalist were reinforced by an exacting conscience. No book that dealt worthily with the affairs of his own nation or of other peoples escaped Mr. Cary's scrutiny. His vivid interest in their subject matter was shown not only in the numberless critical articles by him appearing regularly in THE NEW YORK TIMES Review of Books since its first issue, but in the range of private reading which included the best that historians, statesmen, and men of letters of Europe could offer. The fund of knowledge which he thus gained, corrected by continuous and first hand observation of men and affairs, generously illuminated his daily editorial comment in THE TIMES.

His Thoroughness.

Each morning his desk had to be cleared of the mass of news cuttings gathered from the most representative American and European newspapers, as well as official documents and correspondence with men engaged in public conduct or affairs on which he had searched with a curiosity most unusual and difficult to satisfy. It was a curiosity, first of all, as to moral values and character. Beneath the published statements of men he was always eagerly looking for a sincerity capable of presenting with truth and perspective the real development of the news which it was his passion to study.

That was the malnourishing of a working life remarkable for its volume and tempered quality of output. If printed in book form his writings would probably outbulk those of any living writer publishing over his own name. What these amount to, reckoned conservatively at 6,000 words weekly printed through over forty active years, devoted to the service and good name of THE NEW YORK TIMES, may be quickly imagined. But the vigorous ideals that carried him through this labor unweariedly up to the very end made his pen painstaking as well as prolific. As nothing could check his pursuit of the best information and expert opinion until all available means had been exhausted, his mature, considered, judicious, careful, and kindly style—kindly even when most forceful and caustic, and deriving power from understatement—was the natural product of that pursuit.

In 1911, as he completed forty years of whole-hearted work, the staff of THE TIMES honored him with a luncheon in the tower of the Times Building. All the members or the editorial and reportorial staff were present as well as men associated with Mr. Cary in his activities outside the newspaper, and the tributes paid to him then by men who knew him as only colleagues could, showed the esteem and affection with which he was universally regarded.

When THE TIMES celebrated its sixtieth anniversary, in 1911, Mr. Cary wrote a history of the paper that was afterward published in pamphlet form. It is hardly too much to say that the history of THE TIMES was his own history.

Perhaps no better summary of Mr. Cary's career can be found than in the words he himself wrote in that historical review.

"Men perish, their institutions survive. There would be no continuity of history if they did not survive, for they represent the accumulation of wisdom and experience. From the first have the founders and makers of THE TIMES have held it and regarded it, not as an instrument of private service and utility, but as an institution devoted to the public use."

Mr. Cary married Ellen Elisabeth Luther of Albany in 1864. He was a member of the Century Club, where he was for some years a member of the Board of Management and Secretary, and also a member of the City Club.

HIS PUBLIC LABORS.

George McAneny Pays Tribute to Mr. Cary's Many-Sided Service.

Edward Cary will be remembered first as a man of letters, as the biographer of Curtis, as an editor and editorial writer whose thought has influenced the opinion of the American people and swayed their action through a half century of time. May I add to what will be said of his work in these fields a word of especial appreciation of his services as a publicist, as a man of affairs, and as a constructive reformer?

Underlying every activity of Mr. Cary's life and every line of his pen has been his passion for the betterment of public conditions, the broad charity of his public point of view, his intense honesty as a citizen, and his willingness to give the utmost of his strength to every worthy public cause.

To the reform of the Civil Service he gave perhaps his most devoted attention. In the years immediately following the civil war, when Sumner in the Senate and Jenckes of Rhode Island in the House first pressed upon the nation the importance of putting an end to an abuse that threatened the stability of Government itself, he was editor of The Brooklyn Union.

He attached himself and his paper to the new cause as vigorously as he had to the cause of anti-slavery itself. When, a few years later, the Civil Service Reform Association was organized with Curtis as its head, and a militant campaign commenced, he joined the memorable company that Curtis and Schurz gathered about them in the appeal to the country for the legislation that meant the clearing of the way for a new political day.

How well the country responded and how great the change that was wrought he happily lived to see.

When a Civil Service Commission for New York City was established in 1884 Mr. Cary proved his faith by accepting a place on the first Examining Board—as a colleague in the active administration of the new law, through trying days of experimentation and hostile criticism, of John Jay, Henry Richmond, Everett P. Wheeler, E. L. Godkin, and others of the pioneer class. Ever since he had served as a member of the Executive Committee of the City Civil Service Reform Association and of the Council of the National League. As a guiding spirit in the advancement of this great and salutary reform in city, State, and nation, as the draftsman of countless documents that have converted opinion and commanded support, as leader of victory in the long struggle for purer politics and better laws, he will indeed be remembered gratefully.

But while Mr. Cary's most active work for public measures was in the movement for civil service reform, in reality he lent his energy to every good cause that gave him opportunity. As a champion of independence in political thought or political action, as the persistent supporter of campaigns for the better government of the city, or for the improvement of the living and working conditions of its people, as the friend of negro and Indian, oppressed or misunderstood, as the foe of every public heresy or wrong, he never for a moment ceased to labor for the public good. Working for the most part and of necessity within the anonymity of his editorial chair, he was nevertheless and essentially a public man. How great has been the full measure of the good he has wrought for his views of education, of argument, and of quiet leadership, few but those who knew him closely could adequately understand. He was a great American, a great citizen, the soul of justice—even of stern justice when occasion required it to be written—public conduct appraised, but the soul, too, of rarest courtesy and kindness.

GEORGE McANENY.

HIS WORK IN LETTERS.

Appreciation by W. C. Brownell, Author and Essayist.

Edward Cary was pre-eminently a journalist. His conception of the profession and his practice of it justified the pride he took in it. He conceived it as a calling having, no doubt, distinct limits, but as distinctly related to literature in every trait of formal expression on the one hand as on the other it is in substance to the forensic province of the publicist. He was, in fact, a born writer and a born publicist as well. It was a happy conjunction that made him the biographer of George William Curtis, whose political and public preoccupations he shared and whose literary qualities answered to his own.

His journalistic equipment was exceptionally substantial and the authority with which he wrote on the broader aspects of government and economics was unusual in our day, but his interest in pure literature was far greater than is implied in such a statement. He was the great reader, and his reading had a wide scope. The critical field had an especial attraction for him. Scherer, for example, was one of his favorite writers. And the reason for this preference is to be found in the fine and silken strain that runs through all Scherer's criticism. For Cary, too, looked at the world from the moral viewpoint. Hence his interest in all "causes," from anti-slavery times down.

For that is to say, it is very far from saying, that his moral quality in any way invalidated his marked aesthetic side—the side that made him a precisian in literary style, a sensitive connoisseur in the fine arts, and a draftsman of talent that, cultivated, would have made him proficient. It simply gave this side greater depth. Depth is, indeed, what chiefly distinguished him. Breadth, in the usual sense, it was his character that counted in the impression that he made upon his fellows.

With an altogether uncommon wit, a gayety always genial, often joyous, he was a good enough company in the best company, but he was never not serious, never superficial. Play to him was no compromise. He knew, in fact, no compromise. The trite and the inept displeased him scarcely less than the false and the perverse. His taste, that is to say, gained edge from the tenacity of his tenets. And who that rejoiced in his friendship can fail to cherish a lifelong memory of his natural sweetness and absolutely fundamental tenderness—a quality so integral in him as sometimes to menace the austerity of his else invincible impartiality? No one can have ever combined strict standards with more catholic sympathies.

W. C. BROWNELL.

COL. W. C. CHURCH, EDITOR, DIES AT 80

Founder of the Army and Navy Journal and Once Publisher of The Sun.

HIS CAREER IN CIVIL WAR

The Author of Life of John Ericsson and of U. S. Grant Was Prominent in Civic Life.

Brevet Lieut. Col. William Conant Church, United States Volunteers, editor of The Army and Navy Journal, died yesterday at his home, 51 Irving Place, in his eighty-first year. Colonel Church had been in good health on Saturday and was at his office. He had been a newspaper man for more than sixty years and founded the publication of which he was the head.

Colonel Church was ranked among the foremost journalists and his paper, which was guided largely by his military training and experience, held fast to an extreme military policy. He was an ardent advocate of universal training and saw the necessity for a strong navy.

Colonel Church was born in Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 11, 1836. His father was the Rev. Dr. Pharcellus Church; his grandfather was a native of Mansfield, Conn., a soldier in the Revolutionary War and a relative of Colonel Benjamin Church, who took part in Indian wars. His mother's father's mother was a Miss Davis, a member of a well-known Connecticut family, and came from the same stock as Jefferson Davis. Colonel Church was likewise the eighth descendant of Roger Conant, Governor of the Cape Ann Colony in 1625, who was founder of the town of Salem, Mass. He removed to Boston with his family in 1848 and came to this city in 1854.

His father was the publisher of The New York Chronicle, and the young man aided him at first, later becoming the publisher at twenty-four. In the same year he became publisher of The New York Sun, but withdrew in 1861 for a period of European travel. He was in Europe at the outbreak of the civil war, but returning in July, 1861, he became a member of the joint military-naval expedition under General W. T. Sherman and Admiral S. F. Dupont, and was present at the capture of Port Royal. He returned north to assume ownership Bienville, bearing the first news of the victory, and wrote the account of it for The New York Evening Post.

Later he attached himself to the Army of the Potomac as a volunteer aid on the staff of General Silas Casey, participating in the battles of Williamsburg and Fair Oaks, being wounded in the former. He was soon after his recuperation appointed acting inspector and musketry officer of provisional brigades with the rank of Captain. In rapid succession came the brevets of Major and Lieutenant Colonel of volunteers.

It was while he was on the staff of General Casey that the project of establishing a military paper was commenced and the assignment fell to Colonel Church, who resigned to accept it. With his brother, Francis P. Church, he began the publication of The Army and Navy Journal at 192 Broadway. Soon after the draft riots broke out and he joined the civilian committee that assisted the Metropolitan police in putting down the riots.

The Galaxy Magazine was started by Colonel Church and his brother in 1869, the publication lasting ten years and then merging with The Atlantic Monthly. Henry James's first stories appeared in the pages of this periodical, as well as a novel by Charles Reade and the early writings of Mark Twain.

Colonel Church was the author of the Life of John Ericsson and of Ulysses S. Grant and of numberless articles in leading magazines.

With General W. Wingate he was the founder of the National Rifle Association, and was its first President, as well as an honorary director for life. He was a Fellow in perpetuity of the Metropolitan Museum of Art and a Director of the New York Zoological Society, a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States and of the Executive Committee of the National Security League. He was likewise Chairman of a committee which erected in this city a monument to John Ericsson, and delivered the oration at the dedication. His clubs were the Union League, Authors', Army and Navy, the Century Association, and The Players.

Colonel Church's funeral will take place at Grace Church at 10 o'clock on Saturday.

MILO M. BELDING DEAD.

Pioneer Silk Manufacturer and Merchant Expires at 84.

Milo Merrick Belding, silk manufacturer and merchant, died yesterday at his home, 853 Seventh Avenue, in his eighty-fifth year. Mr. Belding was born at Ashfield, Mass., the son of Hiram Belding and Mary Wilson. He was educated at the Shelburne Falls Academy in Massachusetts and began his business career as a boy selling sewing silks.

In 1863 Mr. Belding, with his brothers, established a silk house in Chicago, and in 1884 one in this city, from which grew Belding Brothers & Co., with great manufacturing plants at Northampton, Mass.; Belding, Mich., and Rockville, Conn.

Mr. Belding was Treasurer of Belding Brothers & Co., and was a Director of the International Salt Company, the Broadway Trust Company, the International Pulp Company, the Genesee and Wyoming Railroad, the Retsof Refining Company, and many other corporations. He was an active attendant at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, during the pastorate of Henry Ward Beecher.

FOUNDLINGS' GUARDIAN DIES

Sister Theresa Was Head of New York Asylum for 28 Years.

Sister Theresa Vincent, Mother Superior of the New York Foundling Asylum, 175 East Sixty-eighth Street, died there yesterday morning after a brief illness. Sister Theresa had been in the sisterhood for fifty-seven years and was one of the co-founders of the asylum forty-eight years ago, and for the last twenty-eight years she was its head.

Between 2,700 and 5,000 foundlings were cared for yearly under the direction of Sister Theresa, and the success of the institution was in a great measure due to her efforts. Her personal influence was applied also to aiding unfortunate women. Before she took the veil her name was Miss Jane McCrystal.

A solemn high requiem mass will be celebrated at St. Patrick's Cathedral at 10:30 o'clock on Saturday morning, which will be attended by the members of the Foundling Asylum staff.

SALE BY
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Antique Furniture, Tapestries, Chinese Enamels, Objet d'Arts and a Collection of Old Stone Garden Ornaments
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Died.

MONKS.—Suddenly at his residence, 241 West 138th St., in his eighty-fourth year, John, beloved husband of Mary Barter Monks. Funeral services at the Paulist Fathers Church, 60th St. and Columbus Av., on Saturday, May 26, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private. Boston papers please copy.
MURPHY.—Charles E., suddenly on May 23, 1917, at residence, 7,304 Sixth Av., Brooklyn. Funeral notice later.
NEWBROUGH.—At Ocean Springs, Miss., on May 19, Gertrude Sturtevant, wife of William Newbrough. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th, (Campbell's.) Thursday afternoon, 2 o'clock.
PFEIFFER.—Edmund F., on May 21, 1917, beloved son of John F. and the late Sybilla Pfeifer. Funeral strictly private.
PLASS.—Elmira. Funeral services on Thursday, at 8 P. M., from the residence of her son, George H. Plass, 357 East 193d St. Hudson (N. Y.) papers please copy.
RANDLE.—Julia, beloved wife of Thomas Randle, May 22, 1917. Services from her late residence, 282 Linden Av., Brooklyn, Thursday evening, May 24.
REGAN.—On May 23, 1917, Patrick Regan, father of John F., Annie C., Ellen C., and Mrs. Frank J. Currie, at his late home, Great Neck, L. I. Funeral Friday, 10 A. M., thence to St. Aloysius's Church, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Mount St. Mary's Cemetery.
ROCKWELL.—May 22, 1917, George W. Rockwell, in his 78th year. Services at McGowan Funeral Parlor, Amsterdam Av., and 153d St., Thursday, 10:30 A. M. Interment Woodlawn.
SANDS.—May 21, William L., son of the late David and Paulina Sands, in his 69th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 668 Jefferson Place, Bronx, Thursday, May 24, at 2 P. M. Interment private.
SERRELL.—On May 22, 1917, in the 68th year of his age, Edward William Serrell, son of the late General Edward Willman Serrell. Funeral services at his late residence, Park Ridge, N. J., on Thursday, May 24, at 5 P. M. Interment private, at Old Hook Cemetery, Westwood, N. J.
SEYMOUR.—Harriet Talmadge, on Monday, May 21, at her home in Litchfield, Conn., widow of the late Judge Edward W. Seymour, LL. D., and daughter of ex-Recorder Frederick A. Talmadge and Elizabeth Hannah Canfield, in the 86th year of her age. Funeral at Litchfield, Thursday, May 24, 1917, on arrival of 9:35 A. M. train from Grand Central Station.
SHLOSS.—On Tuesday morning, May 22, Julius, dearly beloved husband of Jessie Stern, in the 56th year of his age. Funeral services at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Henry Sanders, Belnord Apartments, 86th St. and Broadway, Thursday morning, May 24, at 10, o'clock. Pueblo (Col.) and Philadelphia papers please copy.
TOWER.—May 23, 1917, David A., beloved husband of Mary A. Tower, aged 71 years. Funeral service at his late residence, 151 West 79th St., Saturday morning, 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.
TURNBULL.—On May 23, 1917, Agnes T., (nee Perry), beloved wife of George B. Turnbull. Funeral from her late residence, 8 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn, on Friday, May 25, at 9:30 A. M., thence to Queen Catherine Chapel, Lafayette and Vanderbilt Avs., Albany papers please copy.
USHER.—Mrs. Luke Usher, the mother of the wife of Admiral N. R. Usher, 1 A. M., May 23, at Peekskill, N. Y.
VAN DYK.—On Monday, May 21, Francis C. Van Dyk, at his residence, 337 Broadway, Paterson, N. J. Funeral service Church of the Redeemer, Broadway and Graham Av., Paterson, 2 o'clock, Thursday, May 24. Interment convenience of family.
VINCENT.—To the Ladies' Auxiliary: It is my sad duty to announce to the Ladies' Auxiliary of the New York Foundling Hospital the death of our beloved Sister Teresa Vincent, which occurred on May 23. Sister Teresa Vincent was a Sister of Charity fifty-seven years, and was cofoundress of the New York Foundling Hospital nearly forty-eight years ago, and for twenty-one years had charge of the Superioress of the institution, to the success of which she has given her life. The loss to the hospital, the Sister, the little foundling, dear to us, who have worked under her direction, is irreparable. The members of the Auxiliary are requested to attend the funeral in a body at the Cathedral on Saturday morning, May 26, at 10 o'clock.
MRS. JOSEPH M. SAMMIS, President.
ELISABETH FARRELLY, Secretary.
WARREN.—May 23, New York, Maria J., widow of John E. Warren, formerly of Holyoke, Mass., aged 70 years. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Frank E. Campbell Building,) Broadway, 66th and 67th Sts., Saturday afternoon, 8 o'clock. Holyoke and Springfield (Mass.) papers please copy.
WHITNEY.—At Atlantic City, N. J., May 21, Frederick A., in his 76th year, son of E. S. Whitney and Caroline Dutcher. Funeral services Friday, 10 A. M., at the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St.

BARCH.—John, 184 East 95th St., May 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
BERNZ.—Mary, 258 West 123d St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
BOYLE.—Ellen, 4,464 Park Av., May 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CASEY.—Catherine, 34 Morton St., May 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
COHEN.—Jack G., 1,408 Bryant Av., Bronx, May 22, aged 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
COUGHLIN.—Peter J., 309 East 37th St., May 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
CURRY.—Patrick, 227 Rector St., May 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
FLYNN.—Michael, 491 Hudson St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.
FRENGS.—Harry G., 750 East 229th St., May 21. Funeral today.
GERAGHTY.—Jane, 242 West 10th St., May 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
GILLON.—John, 135 West 106th St., May 21. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
HUNTER.—John C., 216 West 78th St., May 21. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
HURLEY.—Patrick, 1,263 East 162d St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
McCORMICK.—George F., May 22. Funeral 540 Grand St. tomorrow, 2 P. M.
McKANE.—Tracy, 296 Willis Av., Bronx, May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
MAHONEY.—Michael, 529 West 129th St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
MALONE.—Matilda, 70 Montgomery St., May 21. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
MANNING.—Mary, 140 West 90th St., May 21. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
ODELL.—Annie L., 3,414 3d Av., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
O'MARA.—Mary, 309 East 134th St., May 22. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
RICE.—Catherine, 3 Bleecker St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
RYAN.—Johanna, 368 West 58th St., May 21. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
SCHMIDT.—Mary, 3,091 3d Av., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
SHARKEY.—Rite, 329 West 17th St., May 22.
SODERLUND.—Ella J., 909 East 138th St., May 21, aged 37.
SULLIVAN.—Bernard, 307 East 88th St., May 22, aged 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
WALL.—Emma M., 295 West 150th St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.
WEBER.—Christian, May 22, aged 37. Funeral 304 West 126th St. today.

Brooklyn.

AHLBORN.—Peter V., 126 Kent St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
BENNETT.—Mary A., 1,283 East 10th St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
BIEGEN.—Henry, 1,895 Gates Av., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
BLOMQUIST.—Johanna S., 525 Sterling Place, May 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
BODEN.—Maria J., 508 Park Av., May 21. Funeral today.
BULDMANN.—Harold G., 345 82d St., May 21, aged 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
CARPENTER.—Charlotte E., 1,286 Herkimer St., May 23, aged 63. Funeral May 26.
CHASE.—Marion S., 188 Madison St., May 22, aged 80.
DUNNE.—Robert W., 613 Hancock St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
FORSYTHE.—Mary, 674 Jamaica Av., May 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
GANNON.—Louis A., 637 Carlton Av., May 22. Funeral today.
GRADY.—Mary F., 649 President St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
JOHNSON.—Hilda, 298 12th St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.
KEFFLER.—Melissa, 125 Ainslie St., May 21.
KELLS.—Alice, 193 South 3d St., May 21. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
KNAPP.—Elizabeth, 1,870 Bushwick Av., May 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
LEE.—Ellen, 47 Garnett St., May 21.
LINEHAN.—James, 152 Lynch St., May 21, aged 48. Funeral today, 3 P. M.
McKENNA.—Bernard, 140 Huntington St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow.
McLEAN.—Ann, 33 Sterling St., May 23. Funeral May 26, 9:30 A. M.
MORRISSEY.—Catherine, 95 Warren St., May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
NAISAWALD.—Dora, 458 Enfield St., May 21, aged 55.

Died.

REILLY.—Augusta J., 629 Greene Av., May 22. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.
ROBINSON.—Annie, 693 Degraw St., May 21, aged 43.
SHELTON.—Anna M., 637 Quincy St., May 22, aged 82. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
STEARNS.—Samuel K., 6,610 19th Av., May 22, aged 68. Funeral today.
TUOHEY.—Michael J., 136 Baltic St., May 21. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.
WERNER.—Fred, 666 6th Av., May 21, aged 45. Funeral today.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BURKE.—Elizabeth, 276 Baldwin Av., Jersey City, May 23. Funeral May 26, 8 A. M.
CARVER.—Mildred D., 136 Highland Av., Jersey City, May 22, aged 28.
DOHRMANN.—Mary, 1,327 Willow Av., Hoboken, May 22, aged 20. Funeral tomorrow.
DUFFY.—Charles M., 152 15th St., Jersey City, May 21.
FIGUEY.—Samuel, 499 Henderson St., Jersey City, May 22.
GIBSON.—James, 65 Mott St., Newark, May 22.
HAGGERTY.—Joseph, May 22, aged 9, 591 Jersey Av., Jersey City. Funeral today.
HAMPSON.—Joseph E., 285 South 7th St., Newark, May 23.
KEARNEY.—John F., 236 6th St., Jersey City, May 22. Funeral today, 8 A. M.
McGREGOR.—Moses J., 238 Grand St., Jersey City, May 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
NOBLE.—Elsie E., 122 Hudson St., Newark, May 22, aged 17 months. Funeral today.

Long Island.

CHAMBERS.—Mary C., Astoria, May 21. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
HANAS.—Sarah, Jamaica, May 21, aged 23.
JONES.—Clarence R., Rockaway Beach, May 21, aged 62. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
KOCH.—Wilhelmina, Glendale, May 22, aged 62. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
LAWLOR.—Thomas, Astoria, May 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
LENNIE.—Thomas B., Corona, May 21.
McCANN.—Anna Dubogue, May 21. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
SEITTER.—Wilhelmina, 204 Jackson Av., Long Island City, May 21. Funeral today.
THIESON.—Catharine, Glendale, May 21, aged 59. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

In Memoriam.

ROWEDDER.—
Irma A. Rowedder, died May 24, 1918.
CLARKE.—Rose M., in memory of; died May 25, 1916.
HANLEY.—Catherine, mass Church of Our Lady of the Valley, Newark, today, 8:30 A. M.
McGINN.—Patrick, mass St. James's Church, Newark, tomorrow, 7:30 A. M.

23d St. & 8th Av. FRANK E. CAMPBELL Funeral Director
AMERICA'S BURIAL PARK.
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Trains leave Grand Central Station for the Cemetery entrance at 9:02, 10:02, 11:02 A. M., 12:02, 1:02, 2:02, 3:02, 4:02, 5:02, 6:02, 7:02, 8:02, 9:02, 10:02, 11:02 P. M.
Returning, leave Woodlawn at 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 A. M., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 P. M.
Special trains for funerals may be arranged for at the Information Office, Grand Central Station.
Tickets and full information at 471 Fifth Av., corner 41st St., and at the Station.
Woodlawn Cemetery, Bronx, New York City.

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THE ORIGINAL
Malted Milk
Safe Milk
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Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price
A Nutritious Diet for All Ages.
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ALL NEWS STANDS
10 CENTS A COPY
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HUNTINGTON WINS ART CASE

Sellers of $100,000 "Romney" Admit That It Is Not Genuine.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 24.—After seven days of testimony in the action brought by Henry E. Huntington of New York against a firm of art dealers for the return of £20,000 paid for a painting represented as a Romney, the defendants yesterday made the sensational admission that the picture was not the work of Romney, but of Humphreys, and agreed to return the purchase price, with interest and costs of the suit.

The costs of the case are estimated at nearly £1,000, or about half the price paid for the picture by Mr. Huntington. The brief of Sir John Simon, K. C., was marked 1,000 guineas; that of Mr. Hemmerde, K. C., 666 guineas; that of Leslie Scott, K. C., 500 guineas, and to those fees must be added daily refreshers both to the leaders and their juniors.

SENATOR LANE DEAD.

Expires from a Blood Clot on the Brain in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—United States Senator Harry Lane of Oregon died at a hospital here tonight from a blood clot on the brain.

Senator Lane, upon whom Oregonians threatened to use the famous referendum and recall law if it could be found that the law applied to a Senator in Washington because of Lane's opposition to the Armed Neutrality bill which culminated in the memorable filibuster in the Senate on March 3 and 4, was a Democrat. Two days after his part in the filibuster, the leader of which was Senator Robert M. LA Follette, a message was sent to Lane by a group of prominent citizens of his constituency demanding his resignation.

Senator Lane was deeply stirred by the report that a movement was on foot in his home State to recall him, and declared that his position had been misunderstood; that he had not been an obstructionist and could not in any sense be classified as a pacifist.

Senator Lane was a native Oregonian, and appeared before the public for the first time in 1887 when he was Superintendent of a State hospital for the insane. He was selected for this post by former Governor Pennoyer of Oregon. As a Superintendent, Lane was exceedingly industrious, and soon knew all about every patient in the hospital, making frequent visits to them. He was a physician, and when he became aroused in a dispute with the Governor over the medical situation at the hospital he resigned and returned to his practice.

In 1905 he was nominated for the Mayoralty of Portland and defeated George H. Williams, who had been Attorney General and one of the Grant Cabinets, and was generally known as "the Grand Old Man of Oregon." Lane had his troubles because the City Council was Republican. He was renominated, though he wished to serve up the office, and was re-elected for a second term. When he was offered the nomination a third time he flatly refused.

The Rev. Edward Everett Bacon.

WEST ARLINGTON, Mass., May 23.—The Rev. Edward Everett Bacon, former rector of a historic church at Old Saybrook, Conn., died in his home here on Tuesday. He was born at Waterville, N. Y., on Aug. 1, 1845, and entered Hamilton College in 1869, where he received his degree, A. B. Upon his graduation from Andover Theological Seminary he was called to the Congregational Church of Norway, Me. He next took charge of the church at Old Saybrook, but resigned in 1904, because of ill-health.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN CANAVAN, who served as a sailor on Commodore Perry's ship when he went to Japan in 1852, died yesterday at the home of his son, John T. Canavan, 302 Benedict Avenue, Woodhaven, L. I., in his eighty-third year. After serving in the United States Navy during the civil war Mr. Canavan entered the Dock Department in New York as an engineer and remained there until his retirement three years ago.

DR. CHARLES J. DUFFY, a practicing physician at Long Branch, N. J., died at his home there on Tuesday. Dr. Duffy was born in Newark, and would have been 60 years old today. After graduating from the College of Physicians and Surgeons he practiced medicine at Newark for several years, and later became directing surgeon at St. Michael's Hospital in Newark city.

WILLET

SENATE TAKES UP FOOD CENSUS BILL

Reed Attacks the Plan to Question Dealers in Supplies.

CALLS IT INQUISITION

Bill Placed in Position for Continuous Discussion, Beginning Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Senate again devoted its attention to food legislation today, most of its time being taken up with the Government's first food bill, providing for a national foodstuff census and appropriating about $15,000,000 for measures to stimulate production. The bill was placed in position for continuous discussion, beginning tomorrow, until final disposal. The measure was brought before the Senate by Chairman Gore of the Agriculture Committee, after several days of preliminary work, occupied largely in revising the original draft.

The measure would give broad power to the Secretary of Agriculture to make a food census of the entire country. It would give him authority to question food dealers, and the failure of any one dealing in food to furnish information desired by the Government or the giving of false information would be punishable by a fine or imprisonment. If, after an investigation of the country's food resources, it is found that food production needs stimulation, the Secretary of Agriculture is empowered under the bill to supply seed to farmers at cost.

The measure was attacked in a brief debate by Senator Reed, who insisted that there was no authority in law, or under the Constitution, for such a questioning of dealers as the bill contemplates.

"Not only does this bill involve control over the feeding of 100,000,000 of people," he said, "but it also gives the Secretary of Agriculture power to resort to the most unlawful inquiry of the dealers who supply the food. I assume that all the amendments to the food bills, came from the Secretary of Agriculture. It was simply handed in here to be passed.

"Now, I don't want to have a bill of this character, giving power for an arbitrary census that infringes on the rights of dealers in our foodstuffs, passed just because a department of the Government happens to want it. The Secretary of Agriculture would be given power to inquire into matters no judicial body has in this country, that the Senate does not possess."

The Agriculture Committee has decided not to include the proposed liquor amendment in the food bill. Instead, they are to be offered when the Lever Food bill comes from the House.

FOOD BATTALION STIRS WOMEN

Interest in Conservation Is Aroused All Over Long Island.

The Food Reserve Battalion's special train of the Long Island Railroad, which is carrying the messengers of conservation to every town, village, and hamlet on Long Island, received co-operation and increased show of interest from the people at all the places visited yesterday. More than 100 miles were covered in the run on the Montauk and branch lines. The run yesterday started at 8:45 in the morning from Greenport, with the first stop at Southold, where the public school session was opened several hours to enable the girls to hear the train lecturers and make notes on the practical subjects of canning and preserving all kinds of table necessities and some luxuries.

At Mattituck, an important canning district, hundreds of women from farms and truck gardens and many workers from the canning factories boarded the train to see the demonstrations. Many others heard the lectures from the station platform, and afterward made an inspection of the various cooking utensils and other exhibits. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mrs. William Laimbeer, Ralph Peters, President of the Long Island Railroad Company, who is also the President of the battalion, and Miss Dorothy Peters rejoined the battalion yesterday.

Other large delegations of women and girls met the train at Eastport, Good Ground, Southampton, Bridgehampton and Amagansett, which latter is a few miles from Montauk Point. Just before the train arrived at Good Ground Port Master George D. Squires raised the Stars and Stripes on a new staff in honor of the occasion. Other points where stops were made included Center Moriches, Patchogue, Bay Shore, Merrick, East Williston, Roslyn, and Glen Cove.

Mrs. J. Watson Webb, reviewing the work accomplished in the three days of the tour, said: "If the promises of thousands of farmers' wives are lived up to, thousands of tons of vegetables and fruits that annually go to waste will this year be canned and preserved for the feeding of the nation. Many women from big farms who have come to the train for advice frankly admitted that every year enormous quantities of products were wasted because of lack of knowledge to utilize them."

TEXAS HARVEST IS STARTED

Cutting of Grain Near Fort Worth Brings Cheer to Chicago Experts.

CHICAGO, May 23.—The cutting of wheat has been started in Texas, near Fort Worth. Work began yesterday when binders started on a farm of 100 acres.

"The Texas harvest has started," flashed over the wires of the brokers, and crop students said that never in history did such a message carry more of hope and meaning to the world, for this crop, according to leading statesmen, enters into the grand strategy of the war and into the very politics of nations.

From now on the harvest will spread northward over the granaries of Oklahoma, Kansas, and Nebraska, thence on through the Spring wheat valleys of the Dakotas, until about the first of September the last North American sheaf has been cut in the far Hudson Bay country.

The word from Texas was taken as a good omen, for it showed that the harvest had been started three days earlier than usual, and even three days is important, it was said, when the whole world is crying for wheat.

WEDS LIEUT. C. McK. PERRY.

Mrs. Natalie L. Forbes's Marriage Hurried by the War.

The marriage of Clinton McKesson Perry, a son of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Perry of this city, and Mrs. Natalie Livingston Forbes, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Holland Forbes, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, 27 West Fifty-second Street.

The wedding had been planned for June, but Mr. Perry is a member of Company K of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., and is also a Lieutenant in the Aero Squadron of the regular army, the war hurried it. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Melville Lee Wright. Mrs. Forbes wore a gown of white filet lace topped by a white lace hat and carried white orchids. Her only attendant was her cousin, Miss Vera Wetmore, of Minneapolis, Minn., in pale pink chiffon topped by a leghorn hat trimmed in blue ribbon and pink roses.

There were no ushers, but Captain Alexander Perry of the Eighth Coast Artillery, U. S. A., was the best man.

MISS FLINT WEDS MAY 28.

Attendants for Her Marriage to Reginald L. Whitman.

Miss Adelaide Flint, daughter of Dr. Austin Flint and Mrs. Flint, whose marriage to Reginald L. Whitman, a son of Mrs. Charles L. Whitman, will take place at 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon, May 28, in St. Bartholomew's Church, will have Mrs. Bryce Wing as her matron of honor, and little Miss Jeanetta Whitman will be the flower girl.

Mr. Whitman's cousin, Malcom D. Whitman, will be his best man, and the ushers are to be L. Stewart Wing, S. Bryce Wing, Gerald Whitman, a cousin, Stephen Hopkins, and John Mulholland. There is to be no reception. The bridal party and the immediate families only will be present at the Flint residence, 51 West Fifty-second Street, to congratulate the bride and bridegroom.

On their return to New York next Autumn Mr. and Mrs. Whitman will live at 150 East Seventy-second Street. Miss Flint is now with Mrs. Flint at their country estate, Overlook Farm, at Millbrook, N. Y.

Dr. Rosensohn Weds Miss Sobel.

The marriage of Dr. Meyer Rosensohn of 1,329 Madison Avenue and Miss Leonore Sobel, a niece of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Prince of 19 West Seventieth Street, was celebrated yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at Delmonico's, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris. The bride, in a short white satin frock trimmed in lace and wearing a tulle veil, was attended by her sister, Mrs. Lawrence S. Greenbaum. Mr. Prince gave her in marriage. Dr. Rosensohn's best man was his brother, Samuel Rosensohn. Only the families and immediate relatives were present.

Aid for Harvard Ambulance Unit.

An entertainment for the members of the Harvard University Ambulance Unit, which is soon to enter American field service in France, will be given this afternoon at Sherry's. Mrs. Harry Duryea and Mrs. Allen G. Wellman are in charge of the arrangements. I. Townsend Burden is Treasurer. Francis R. Appleton, President of the Harvard Club, is to preside. Society girls and actresses are to sell programs and serve tea.

Army Relief Society's Garden Party.

The annual garden party of the Army Relief Society will be held on Governors Island on the afternoon and evening of June 6. The program is to consist of many military events, including flying manoeuvres by the army aero squadron. There will be a parade in the evening. Mrs. Charles F. Roe, Mrs. Oliver B. Bridgman, Miss Harriett M. Center, and Mrs. Francis M. Gibson are receiving applications for tickets.

Conger-Clark Engagement.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—The engagement of Miss Catherine Rutgers Conger, daughter of the Rev. A. B. Conger of this city, to Franklin Taylor Clark, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence M. Clark of Germantown, has been announced. The wedding is to take place in June.

Miss Curtis's Bridal Party.

Miss Mildred Curtis, whose marriage to Walter Hughson of Baltimore will take place on Thursday afternoon, June 7, at 4 o'clock in St. Bartholomew's Church, will have her sister, Miss Lena R. Curtis, as her maid of honor. Sturgis Ingersoll of Philadelphia is to be the best man.

Miss Greenbaum Weds Today.

Miss Grace Greenbaum, elder daughter of Supreme Court Justice Samuel Greenbaum, will be married at noon today to Bennett Epstein, at her home, 2 East Ninety-fourth Street. It will be a quiet home wedding, with only the immediate families attending.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sessions TODAY and TOMORROW at 2:30,

PLAZA ART ROOMS, INC.,

5-7 East 59th St. (at Fifth Av.)

Edward P. O'Reilly, Auctioneer.

Home Adornments

Also a Wonderful Collection of Arms and Armor, Antique Brass Cannons, Mounted Horns and Animal Heads, Textiles and Tapestries. Collected by the Well Known Art Connoisseur, the Late

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And Removed from His Former Country Home at Greenwich, Conn.

WITH ADDITIONS consisting of Oriental Rugs, Objects of Art, Dining, Bedroom and Salon Suites and Individual pieces; also Porcelains, Bronzes, Silver and a powerful Binocular Telescope. Now on View. Catalogue on Application.

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Stock, Fixtures and Machinery of

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by order of J. E. Siegel.

SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer, Sells by Public Auction

MONDAY, MAY 28th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., on premises No. 220 to 230 West 19th Street, 4th Floor,

Overcoats Sport Coats 5,000 Gabardines Raincoats

For Men, Boys, Women and Children.

Exceptionally fine quality in the latest designs. Large stock of unmanufactured materials in piece goods of rubberized and plain woolens, silk check, gabardines, tweeds, wool jersey cloth, cashmere and cotton goods, silks, satins, linings, notions and trimmings. Machinery plant; work shop, office and showroom fixtures.

Particulars later.

SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer. Woolworth Building. Salesroom, 13-15 Lispenard St.

AUCTIONEERS.

HIRAM H. PARKE, Art Auctioneer Galleries, 924-926 Broadway, N. Y. City.

David W. Biow Co., 520-522 B'way AUCTIONEERS TO THE TRADE

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc., 338-342 Fourth Avenue, at 25th St.

SAMUEL MARX WOOLWORTH BUILDING. Tel. 6911-12 Barclay. 13-15 Lispenard St. Tel. 497 Franklin.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way, Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, 546 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise, 15 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4290.

THINKS AMERICA MAY FORCE IRISH REFORMS

Lord Mersey Says That Britain Cannot Afford to Alienate Our Sympathy Now.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 24.—Lord Mersey made a statement with reference to the problem of Irish Government in the course of a Rhodes lecture which he delivered yesterday at University College. Lord Mersey is Unionist in politics, and his lecture was written before the publication of the latest Irish settlement proposal. He said:

"I think it will be found in the immediate future that our new relations with America arising out of the war will compel us to take in hand the question of the reform of Ireland and her Constitution, and to treat it in a way which will be distasteful to the great majority of English people and to a large and powerful minority of the Irish themselves.

"If we delay the matter we shall run the risk of offending the American democracy, and this is a risk we can hardly afford to run during the present crisis in our lives. Reform may involve what to some of us may look like betrayal; but for my own part, I think American is mistaken in the view she takes on the Irish position, but that she does take it there is no doubt, and to enter into argument with her at the present time is impossible.

"I think also that reform will hurt Ireland herself by incorporating into her Government an element of strife which will be a lasting source of dissension in her counsels.

"Further we may have to elect between two evils: between the loss of American sympathy on the one hand and, on the other, the sacrifice of our obligations to Protestant Ulster. It is a question of expediency—a word I dislike, for it generally means sacrifice of principle."

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

CHINCHILLA.—Open for white chinchilla at a price. Gramercy 5907.

CLOAK manufacturers, what have you in Cloaks and suits? Spot cash. 2397 Farragut.

CLOAKS, Suits, Dresses and Skirts wanted. Telephone or write for appointment, Mr. I. Steinman of Steinman Bros., Chicago, Hotel Latham, 4 East 28th St. Madison Square 5470.

COATS and SUITS.—Looking all week at better grade only; call after 1 P. M. 6th floor, 14 East 32d.

COATS, SUITS.—Jobbers open for better line; call all week. Fifth floor, 118-120 West 27th.

COATS.—Jobber looking on better grade Fall coats. 131 West 28th, fourth floor.

COATS, suits; jobber placing stock orders. Call all week 1st floor, 14 West 31st.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on coats; contractors preferred. 42 W. 27th, 4th floor.

COATS.—Jobber looking at snappy styles in coats. 26 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATS.—Jobber looking at snappy coats. 104 W. 27th, 7th floor.

COATS.—Exclusive jobber, buying better grade. 9177 Madison Sq.

COATS.—Jobber looking at snappy coats. 9 West 31st St., seventh floor.

COATS.—Call with samples of plush coats; better grade only. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

CORDUROYS.—Cash for narrow and wide wale, white and colors. B 157 Times.

DRESSES.—Large jobber will place stock orders on crepe-de-chine, taffeta, and georgette dresses; samples daily; Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Prominent manufacturer looking at serge and silk dresses of the better kind for the Fall. Pearlman & Herbert, 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Will buy for cash jobs of better class of wash dresses. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Looking at contractors' samples serge dresses all week from 1 to 5 P. M. 129 West 22d, 8th floor.

DRESSES AND SKIRTS.—Will be seen to-morrow after 10 o'clock. 134-140 West 29th St., 2d floor.

DRESSES.—Jobber will look at serge dresses of the better kind. Call between 3 and 5, 145 West 30th, 11th floor.

DRESSES.—Open for high-class dresses. Call all week, 8:30-10:30 only. Meyer & Bernheimer, 2 West 33d.

DRESSES.—Contractors for serge and silk dresses; call all week afternoons. 12 West 31st St., 3d floor.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at serge dresses. Call any time. 18th floor, 105 Madison Av.

KERSEY, green, 12 to 18 ounces. A. Rich & Co., 770 Broadway.

MEN'S SHIRTS.—Kaufmann & Baer Co., Pittsburgh, are open for large quantities of men's shirts in lots from 100 to 1,000 dozen for cash. Representative can be seen at their offices, 404 4th Av., Hasco Building, New York.

MIDDIES.—Contractors wanted with samples; big business. Call with samples Thursday, 2 to 5 P. M., Room 405, 1,182 Broadway.

PLAIDS.—Stevens velour No. 62766, large quantity, at right price. Feynman, 19 West 22d.

PLUSHES wanted in large quantities; will pay spot cash. Herzog's Cloak and Suit Co., 1,333 Broadway.

PLUSH.—Salts or Peerless for cash, any quantity. Chelsea 2763.

PLUSHES.—Open to buy plushes for cash. Farragut 2247.

PLUSHES.—Wanted, 100 pieces of plush for cash. Phone 9222 Farragut.

RARITAN, kersey, or beaver, or similar, all shades, for cash. Chelsea 2763.

SERGES AND POPLINS, American Woolen Co Nos. Nos 00936 and 90610, only in Copen, tan, navy, and black. Write giving price and quantity, V 206 Times Annex.

SERGE DRESSES.—Contractor on serge dresses, submit samples. S. Simon Co., 135 West 27th.

SERGES.—Open to buy 100 pieces French serge, for spot cash. H 109 Times.

SERGES and worsteds wanted; will pay cash. H 79 Times.

SILKS AND SATINS for skirts; large Philadelphia manufacturers are open for jobs and regular mdse. Call with samples Thursday A. M., Reichman, 39 West 34th St.

SILKS.—Open for jobs of all kinds of silks; any quantity. Fleischer Cloak & Suit Co., 826 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—For Fall; bring samples; jobber. 2d floor, 253 West 27th St.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Manufacturers! Send samples, quote prices, all week. S. S., 1,364 Broadway.

SUITS.—Jobber placing orders on smart Fall suits and coats. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS.—Jobber placing orders better grade suits. 120 West 27th, 12th floor.

SUITS.—Jobber looking at Fall suits. 142 West 24th, 10th floor.

SUITS.—Better grade, jobbers will look at samples. 19 West 24th St., 11th floor.

SUITS.—Jobber placing orders for Fall Suits. 126 West 22d, 4th floor.

TAFFETA.—Open for big quantities striped taffeta in prints. Apply Mr. J. Blumenthal & Bro., 14-18 West 24th St.

VELOURS.—Wool, kersey, and cheviots, will buy quantities for immediate delivery. H. Zaidenberg & Co., 30 West 26th. Farr. 9980.

VELOURS, plushes, broadcloth, for cash; 7th floor, 35 West 31st, Mad. Sq. 9177.

WAISTS.—Open for jobs silk and cotton; commence by mail immediately for appointment; give full particulars. B 487 Times Annex.

WAISTS.—Jobber open for jobs in crepe de chine. D. Shapiro, 101 Bleecker St., New York City.

WAISTS—Contractors wanted on crepe de chine and georgette waists; call with samples. 15 East 26th, Room 2004.

WARDROBE TRUNKS.—Suitable for ladies' coats. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th.

Offerings to Buyers

ASTRACHANS, Boucles, Chinchillas, and Corduroys, less mill prices. Rosenberg Bros., 40 West 20th.

BROADCLOTHS.—50 pieces all colors Deering and Milliken's 1587; also small lot velveteens. Schachner & Braunstein, 6 West 18th St. Telephone Chelsea 987.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany F. & H. and imported, to close out about 900 yards, from 3 to 25 yards, $1.85 net. A. Schulman, 1,125 Broadway. Farragut 2924.

BUTTONS.—Agate, bone, horn buttons, machine sewing; immediate delivery. Schlansky, 8 Elizabeth St.

COATS.—Come and see the wonder of this season; Sidney Blumenthal's plush—coats, 45 inches long, 72-inch Sweet; guaranteed flowered lining, mole trimming, 10-inch collar, with belt all around, $10.50; also other attractive values. Rothstein & Nelson, 129 West 29th St.

COATS-SUITS.—All shades, fabrics, including navies and sport jerseys; priced quick action. J. P. Slater Co., 22 West 32d.

COATS AND SUITS to close out; poplins, serges, Poiret twills, and velours; 50 all-wool coats at $1.50. Plager, 48 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—To close out at sacrifice; best styles in cloths and silks. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

COATS.—150 coats, must be sold for cash at any price. Horowitz & Schan, 38 West 18th.

COATS.—100 coats, must be sold for cash at any price. Prassler & Schneiderman, 149 West 27th.

COATS.—Last chance; ladies' and children's coats, serges and checks, to close out. Neumann, 15 West 20th.

COATS, SUITS, to close; desirable styles; all colors. Jacobus Bros., 1,261 Broadway.

CORDUROY.—Wimpfheimer, 36-inch, white, narrow wale. Chelsea 7233.

CORSET COVERS.—Dissolution sale, 50 doz. camisoles and corset covers, crepe de chine and satin, hand embroidered and plain; very cheap. Neata, 131 East 23d.

DRESSES.—Children's dresses, consisting of gingham, chambrays, and novelty stripes in several snappy styles, sizes ranging from 2-6 and 6-14, to close out; no reasonable offer refused. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—500 white dresses, to close out, cheap; children's, juniors' and ladies' voile organdie and lace. Subin, 36 West 20th.

DRESSES.—2,000 gingham, voiles, shantung, tussahs, and linens to sell for price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—400 Tussah and wash dresses to close out at a bargain. Lubarsky Bros., 155 West 34th St. Greely 3489.

DRESSES.—Silks, georgettes, gingham, graduation dresses, exceptional values. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Wash, to close out 2,000 on hand at $2, formerly sold for $3.75. Standard Dress Co., 11 East 31st St.

DRESSES.—1,000 pongees, taffetas, and cotton to close out. Congress Waist and Dress Co., 94 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Silk and cotton, assorted styles, to close out cheap. 127 West 17th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES (white) for immediate delivery, $3.75 up. B. Geist Co., 145 West 30th.

DRESSES.—Fine silk jersey and shantung; close-outs. Star Dress, 122 West 26th.

DRESSES.—500 wash dresses to close out cheap. Chauser, 45 W. 27th.

MIDDIES.—High-grade ladies' Shetland middies of the latest design; will close out at low price. Address P. B., J 379 Times Downtown.

PIQUE.—500 yards, to close. Kelly, 55 East 34th St.

WASH SKIRTS.—Job to close out cheap. Weisman, 38 West 34th St., 2d floor.

SKIRTS.—150 fancy silk skirts to close out. Telephone 9872 Chelsea.

SUITS.—Sport, wash, Palm Beach, for immediate delivery. Max Lompert, 130 West 18th.

Offerings to Buyers

SNAP FASTENERS.—Finest quality, lowest prices to dealers and exporters. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Co., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Phone 1808 Wmsbg.

SUITS AND COATS or the better kind at a price. Louis Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d.

SUITS AND COATS.—Must close out; sacrifice prices. D. Gutman, 43 West 24th.

SUITS.—Genuine Palm Beach suits to close out. Harry Goldstein, 1,123 Broadway.

SUITS, coats, silks, and cloths; close out. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

SUITS.—Navy poplin, for immediate delivery, at special price. Hirschorn, 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—Silk jerseys for immediate delivery. Stechel & Co., 34 East 29th St.

TAFFETA.—Job to close; 300 silk striped taffeta, $2.75. Telephone Madison Square 6945.

TAFFETTAS.—For sale in navy, copen, and black. Phone 7536 Chelsea.

TAFFETA SUITS to close out. T. Weinberg & Sons, 144 West 27th St.

WAISTS.—To close out; reasonable, georgettes, crepe de chine. 13 West 20th, 6th floor.

WASH SKIRTS.—300 dozen khaki kools, stripes, whites, seconds, and perfects, to close $5.50 dozen up. Queen, 149 W. 36th.

WASH SKIRTS.—Immediate delivery, $6.50 per doz. up. A. Russakow, 136 West 21st St.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN for Southern territories; one with good following; commission basis. Apply Cooper & Grapes, 145 West 28th.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....5 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday..... 6 " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Drug Prices Firmly Held.

Anticipating the retention in the new revenue bill of the proposed 10 per cent. duty on imports, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today: "Dealers in drugs are making their prices to conform with the increased cost of importation. Stocks of many articles are reduced to a minimum, which in itself causes an upward movement. Several were advanced during the week. There were also some declines. larger arrivals and lack of buying resulting in a drop of $3 a flask, 75 pounds, in mercury."

Burnt Plumage to Stay.

Indications in the millinery trade are that burnt plumage is to remain in vogue all Summer. Not only is it being used in cascade effects on top of small hats, but it is also worn branched high. Burnt plumage bands, in both plain and coronet effect, are also selling freely. White coronet bands are very good for use with small hats. Pastel feather hats are getting stronger, but no new development can be reported on flowers. Enlarged four-leaf clover effects of white pasted feathers, with burnt plumage centres, are among the newest trimmings shown. They are taking well.

Knit Goods Men Elect Officers.

Victor P. Sahner was elected President of the Knit Goods Selling Agents' Association yesterday at the formal organization meeting of that body at the Arkwright Club. These other officers were also elected: Vice Presidents, J. P. Vorhees, A. J. Armstrong, Thomas Muir, J. J. Paxton, and C. C. Kellar; Secretary, Henry Van Holland, and Treasurer, J. P. Quinlan. This Executive Committee was chosen: R. S. Wheeler, John N. Given, James Jamison, Fred Haight, Thomas Muir, and C. C. Smith. The membership, which numbers seventy-five, embraces all of the leading houses in the trade. The first official act of the association was to urge the purchase of Liberty Bonds and to appoint a committee to get subscriptions. It was also voted to co-operate with the Knit Goods Purchasing Committee now helping the Council of National Defense.

Hard to Dispose of Jobs.

One of the hardest problems now faced by wholesalers of dress accessories, such as laces, embroideries, and trimmings, is that of obtaining an outlet for passé merchandise in the shape of "jobs." Time was when out-of-town retailers, especially in the South and West, would not take up novelties very strongly until the East had about tired of them. This naturally left an outlet for goods that could no longer be sold in the East. Now however, novelties are taken up practically at once in all parts of the country, and also let down simultaneously. This pretty generally closes the old outlets for passé stock and requires searching about for new ones. Only recently a lace merchant here sold some Japanese bands to a concern which makes shrouds, this being the only place he could dispose of them at any price.

General Meeting of Clothiers.

The Board of Directors of the Clothiers' Association of New York yesterday decided upon a general meeting of the organization members for June 4, at 6:30 P. M., the Hotel Manhasset. On this occasion the clothing manufacturers will discuss general conditions in the industry, and particularly those which have arisen as a result of the huge Government orders for woolens placed with the mills. The need of serving the country first has already forced a number of the mills to cut down their orders from the clothiers, leaving the latter in a position where it is doubtful if they can adequately supply their customers. It is expected that a committee to work in co-operation with the Advisory Committee of the Council of National Defense will shortly be appointed from the ranks of the clothiers to go over the situation thoroughly, so that ordinary commercial business may be disturbed as little as possible through the entrance of the Government in the market as a buyer.

Informed on Government Colors.

The members of the Textile Color Card Association of the United States have received a letter enclosing samples of the official Government colors now being used in the army. Owing to the changes that have been made, this information is expected to be of quite some value to the manufacturers. Two shades of khaki were sent out, one used in the uniform cloth and the other for cotton tentage. The members were also informed that the Service Bureau of the association has on hand other colors being used in the army, including those for trimmings, as well as cloth. These may be secured upon application.

Government Paying High Prices.

Although not much information is being given out by mill agents concerning Government orders taken and prices received, it was said in several responsible quarters yesterday that rather high prices are being paid for Government requirements, even considering the record levels in the woolen market. An eight and a half ounce shirting was one of the articles mentioned where the figures obtained by the mill ought to yield the maker a very good profit. It also seems that specific operations are favored by the Government buyers. In other words, some mills are busy turning out yarn, while others receive it to manufacture the cloth. On the whole, such a method, unless special prices are obtained, is not considered a highly economical way of purchasing the needed supplies.

Anxious Over War Tax Effects.

Credit men, particularly those whose customers are in the women's wear manufacturing business, are quite anxious over the possible effects of the war taxes to be levied on such industries. The part that bothers the credit checkers is that having to do with excess profits. In many cases the capital upon which the business is done in the women's wear line is comparatively small, while the expenses and profits are much larger than in other branches of trade. If all but a small percentage of profit has to be turned over to the Government, the credit men fall to see how a number of their customers can continue in business.

Printcloth Prices Go Up.

Further buying activity and increases in prices marked yesterday's trading in the local gray goods market. Some spot business was told of on 39-inch 68-72s at 10½ cents, while for October-December delivery the same goods sold at 10¼ cents, or an advance of an eighth over recent late contracts. Nearby sales of eighty squares were reported at 11¼ cents, with 12 cents asked for spots. For August-September shipments 39-inch 64-60s sellers demanded 9 cents, while for October-December delivery they were let go at an eighth less. Early shipments of 38½-inch 60-52s were quoted at 8 cents, with spot 60-48s held at 7¾ cents and contracts at 7⅝. Some second-hand spot sales of 38½-inch 64-56s were made at 8¾ cents. Coarse goods inquiries included 4-yard, 48-square sheetings, which were wanted for deliveries up to Jan. 1, and for which the mills asked 10¼ cents. Nine cents was bid for 40-inch 4.25-yard sheetings for shipments to Jan. 1. Spot closing printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s	12c	38½-inch, 64-60s	9c
39-inch, 72-72s	11¼c	38½-inch, 64-56s	8¾c
39-inch, 68-72s	10½c	38½-inch, 60-52s	8c
39-inch, 56-44s	7¼c	38½-inch, 60-48s	7¼c
38½-inch, 64-64s	9¼c	27-inch, 64-60s	6¼c

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Lloyd E. Stiffler, clothing, furn. goods; 808 Broadway.

ANGOLA, Ind.—J. Stelfel & Son; L. C. Stelfel, general mdse.; 1,170 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; M. Oppenheimer, muslin linings; D. Rosenberg, silks; New Strand.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; I. Sonneborn, woolens; 2 East 23d.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; Miss K. Baker, muslin underwear; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery, underwear; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; S. Trautman, millinery, ribbons; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Dannenberg Son & Blumberg; E. Dannenberg, cloaks, suits; 212 5th Av., Grand.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; R. M. Dean, toys, notions, toilet, fancy, leather goods; Miss M. Dimmock, small wares, buttons; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Horan, kimonos, negligees; Mrs. Best, misses' dresses, costumes; Miss Murphy, cheap misses' dresses; Miss Vincent, ladies' suits; 116 West 32d.

BOSTON—Shubert Co.; Mrs. M. H. Quinn, girls', infants' wear; Miss M. Hornstein, coats, furs; 404 4th Av.; Prince George.

BOSTON—R. H. Stearns Co.; C. W. Conklin, coats, suits, skirts, costumes; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON.—Conrad & Co.; Miss A. Johnson, coats 15 E. 26th.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss H. B. Cobham, women's coats, suits; Miss A. A. Murphy, women's dresses; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Brown-Durrell Co.; C. P. Marshall, men's, women's knit underwear; 19 W. 19th.

BRISTOL, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; L. B. Wiltshanley, domestics, linens; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; D. McFarland, children's wear; F. G. Brost, lighting fixtures; 2 West 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. J. Cronin, dress goods, silks; A. J. Fish, domestics, linens; Sweney, hosiery, furn. goods; S. E. Conrad, notions, hdkfs., leather goods; T. J. Healy, dress goods; F. G. Brost, electric fixtures; F. C. Larson, representing; E. Frank, A. Storin, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; A. S. Dalgleish, millinery; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Hens & Kelly Co.; J. E. Breese, laces, trimmings, handkerchiefs, bodices; 21 Union Square, Grand.

CLARKSBURG, W. VA.—M. Friedlander, ready-to-wear; Broadway Central.

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Charleston Dept. Store Co.; Mr. Sietz, waists; 1,133 Broadway, Room 723.

CHICAGO—Quant Cloak and Dress Co.; I. Steinman, suitings; Latham.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; H. M. Anning, linings, ginghams, outings; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; A. Harris, jobs women's coats; 44 East 23d.

CHICAGO—H. Friend, navy blue suits; 45 West 26th, 10th floor.

CHICAGO—Steinman Bros.; I. Steinman, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; Latham.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. M. Kelso, cotton convertings; 115 6th Av.

CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bros; O. Teffre, silks, velvets; 40 East 22d.

CINCINNATI, O.—Kline Bros. Co.; Miss Schwartz, waists, dresses; 404 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Paul Hirsch, suits; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—May Co.; J. A. Swanson, jobs coats, silk dresses, suits, basement; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Higbee Co.; G. J. Baum, silks, dress goods; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Hoile Bros. Co.; Miss L. Price, waists; 220 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; F. L. Carlson, laces, hdkfs.; B. H. Sisholz, coakes, suits; 220 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; G. M. Evett, millinery; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Root & McBride Co.; J. A. Hahn, notions, fancy goods; 72 Leonard.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Max H. Rieser Co.; M. Weinberger, coats, suits, skirts, dresses, waists; 1,170 Broadway.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; G. S. Pomeroy, representing; 230 5th Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; M. Dohill, suits; 404 4th Av.; Broztel.

LIMA, Ohio—G. L. Newson Co.; Mr. Newson, jobs wash skirts, wash dresses, coats; 16 East 33d.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; N. Cohn, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Jonas & Co.; L. Loeb, coats, suits; 581 Broadway.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; T. F. O'Neill, domestics, linens, white goods; 220 5th Av.; Prince George.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; Miss McCann, waists; R. J. Sullff, carpets, rugs, linoleums; 116 W. 32d.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; L. N. Levinson, coats, suits, waists, dresses, petticoats, furs; 1,123 Broadway.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; E. E. Craddock, jewelry; 230 5th Av.; Continental.

READING, Penn.—Hives, Pomeroy & Stewart; D. C. Drease, men's, boys' clothing; 230 5th Av.

SHREVEPORT, La.—Hearne D. G. Co.; C. H. Hearne, cloaks, suits, waists, skirts; J. P. Hanaker, Jr., dry goods; 1,150 B'way; Continental.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; N. Wallace, prints, ginghams, linings; 4, B. Hitchcock, carpets, rugs; 230 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Marquette Cloak & Suit Co.; R. G. Wolf, cloaks, suits; 39 West 32d.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—The M. Neusteter Co.; Meyer Neusteter, jobs cotton, silk waists; 364 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Kline Cloak Co.; Miss E. Bennett, dresses; 404 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Furstenworth Wholesale Jewelry Co.; O. F. Uhl, jewelry, hair novelties; 33 Union Square; Cumberland.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Eadie Cloak Co.; H. Lindry, cloaks, suits, dresses; 39 West 32d.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Dey Bros. & Co.; Miss E. Cushing, Miss M. W. Supplee, millinery; 220 5th Av.

TOLEDO—Hugo Stein Cloak Co.; Miss Goldberg, waists; 404 4th Av.

TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; Miss B. L. Meyer, muslin underwear; 1,170 Broadway.

UTICA, N. Y.—Rathbun & Co.; W. C. Rathbun, furn. goods, sweaters, gloves; 60 Worth.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Palais Royal; A. H. Whitelow, bargain basement; E. L. Etchenson, cotton goods; 220 5th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Bieber-Kaufman Co.; S. Bieber, clothing, furn. goods; Flanders.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; Miss A. M. Hagan, cloaks, suits; 432 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; J. M. Buzzell, dress goods; J. O.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 823, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Downs<Erie RR.
Wood<same.
Ahles<O RR of N J.
Bailey<same.
Seidl-Cohn Co<Wm Filene's Sons Co.
U S L V RR. (3.)
Hughes<N Y, O & W Ry.
Coleman<Fish. (2.)
Chicago Film Exch<Motion Power Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 8, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Cambria Steel Co<N Y Cent RR. (2.)

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 227, Third Floor, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Dilkes<Gulf Tow & Transport Co.
Hud Riv Lgt Co<Scow, R D Elmendorf.
Dittmar<Tug Ashbourne.
Owners' Tug & T Co 17, Limitation, &c.
Maxwell<Lighter Hustler.
Dean & Bode<Clonin.
Tressdale<Geo Film.
Miles Bros<Motion P P Co.
Standard Film Exch<same.
Geo Melies Co<same.
Cline<same.
Colorado Film Exch<same.
Schiller<same.
Medlar<Standard Gas Power Co.
Gem Co, Inc. (2.)
Liebowitz<Elec Exp & Hudson Nav.
Anello<Coester.
Rosenberg<N Y Ry.
Zelbrun<Knick Ice Co
Glucksman<Union Ry.
Novak<Vogel.
Semler<Hotel Oper Assoc.
Bard<Anderson.
Carpenter Co<Hydrocarbon Prod Co.
Baxter<Press Pub Co.
Hall<I R T.
Goldstein<CNY.
Keen<Anderson.
Pollastrino<Stephens, L Rosenoff<O J Gude.
P Rosenoff<same.
Warren<Werther.
Rosen Ins<B H RR.
Calvano<I R T.
Carell<same.
De Carli<same.
Harmon<Kuhn.
Leahy<Pewtress Ldry
Brauenstein<I R T.
Cuseo<Beaver.
Kaman<Koshets.
Matylkiewicz<Vogelsohn.
Maher<Held.
Mahoney<Shats.
Mendel<Hess.
McDuffee<Elsen.
Sais<Int Motor Co.
Brotherhood<Equit Life As Soc of US and Kelly.
Elsman<Lillan & F.
Ferrari<Newkirk.
Fischer<Lombardy Rty Co.
Guinan<Fed S Ref.
Reuter<Gold S Waist.
Mantel<Moller.
Case on.
Donohue<Burns Bros.
Albers<Becker.
Case on.
Schmidt<NY C RR.
Tudor<Volgt.
Wolf<Fowler.
Ella<Interboro News Co, Inc.
Wohlberg<Wilson.
Cassidy<US Realty & Imp Co.
Gifford<E F Bochmann Co.
Hilson<Asphalt Const.
Meltzer<Jurgens.
Rothschild<Haviland.
Zummer<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Maurer<Hindmarsh, D Mandel<Henschel.
I Mandel<same.
Rosansky<Kamen Cent Co, Inc. (2.)
Liebowitz<Elec Exp & Hudson Nav.
Anello<Coester.
Rosenberg<N Y Ry.
Zelbrun<Knick Ice Co
Glucksman<Union Ry.
Novak<Vogel.
Semler<Hotel Oper Assoc.
Bard<Anderson.
Carpenter Co<Hydrocarbon Prod Co.
Baxter<Press Pub Co.
Hall<I R T.
Goldstein<CNY.
Keen<Anderson.
Pollastrino<Stephens, L Rosenoff<O J Gude.
P Rosenoff<same.
Warren<Werther.
Rosen Ins<B H RR.
Calvano<I R T.
Carell<same.
De Carli<same.
Harmon<Kuhn.
Leahy<Pewtress Ldry
Brauenstein<I R T.
Cuseo<Beaver.
Kaman<Koshets.
Matylkiewicz<Vogelsohn.
Maher<Held.
Mahoney<Shats.
Mendel<Hess.
McDuffee<Elsen.
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Elsman<Lillan & F.
Ferrari<Newkirk.
Fischer<Lombardy Rty Co.
Guinan<Fed S Ref.
Reuter<Gold S Waist.
Mantel<Moller.
Case on.
Donohue<Burns Bros.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

DAY CALENDAR—
Swanson<Von Hoveling Amer Composi.
Crocker-Wheeler Co<Genesee Recreation.
Poppenberg<Owen & Co.
People<Clair.
Benz Auto Import Co<Froelich.
Storrie<Summers.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
The calendar of Special Term, Part I., will hereafter be called by the Clerk at 10:15 A. M. for the purpose of noting defaults, adjournments, and motions ready for argument and to allow submission of motions where papers are complete. At 10:30 A. M. the motions not thus disposed of will be heard in their regular order by the Justice presiding.

Micanowitos<Susquehanna Coal Co.
Re Con Supply Co, (Tracy.)
Re H O Clausen Iron Works.
Russell<Russell.
Re Smith.
Baron & Co<Tennessee Paper Co.
Bodenstein<Oppenheim, (2.)
Krieger<Krieger.
Li Puma<Behrens, (2.)
Oakville Co<Dukas.
Moore<Abbate.
Loeb<Morgenthau Rty
Re Costello, (Frindel.)
Re Stolz.
Re Landon.
Fuchs<Heigen.
Wells<Southern Ry.
Heath<Abbott.
Same<Abbott Laboratories Co.
Hoyt<Finlay.
Cohen<Eltoma Rty.
Case<Wood.
Rothman<NY Con RR
Glass<C I & B RR. (2.)
Forum<same, (2.)
Re Beaver.
Du Mahaut<Du Mahaut, (2.)
James<James.
Brandt<Schreiber.
Kellerman<Kellerman.
Emigrant Ind Saving Bank<Larkin.
Rothman<NY Con RR
Dress<Forum.
Nicholas Power Co<Electrograph Co.
Mackrell<Oser.
Williams<McClave.
Beaman's Bk<Cohen.
Grantham<Grantham.
N E Equit Ins Co<Pathfinder Con C.
Re Mullen.
Goldstein<Saltzman.
Rayook<Favour.
Zwiebach<Zwiebach.
Guaranty Trust Co<2d Av RR. (McMahon & Beaver) (2.)

PART II.—Blair, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Bier<Grossman.
Ware<Fluegelman.
Jones<NY Times Co.
Guglielmi<Star Pub.
Pilgrim<Van Schaick.
Clark<Bankers Trust.
Weinberg<Weinberg.
Re Allerton Av and Mace Av.
Re Yates Av.
Laskofsky<Pocahontas Con Coll Co.
Mulomoline Co<Tausek
Stevenson<O'Connor.
Papp<Papp.
Horowitz<Horowitz.
Smith<Elliott.
Lapidus<Lapidus.

PART IV.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Clear.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M.
Gotham Nat Bank<Bryant.
Sterling Motor Truck<Herrman.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—All causes on this calendar are deemed ready and will be assigned to the various trial parts for trial as reached. Calendar will be called at 10 A. M.
Walentowicz<Lehigh Valley RR.
Smith<J Ruppert, Inc.
Freeland<Press Pub.
Same<Raivaaja Pub.
Jaroff<Wolbarst.
Rothman<Thompson Bros.
Gottlieb<Smith.
Goldberg<Shanan.
Shaw<Fifth Av Coach
Hughes<NY Rwys.
Levy<Negrin.
Pragi<Lehigh Coal & Nav Co.
Levine<Turman.
Moore<NY Times Co.
Steinheimer<McKinnon.
Pisargoli<Met Distributors, Inc.
Von Rozwadowski<Penn RR.
Padover<Berwin.
Rubin<Alan Rty Co.
Hannsler<Wrede.
Condon<White Sewing Machine Co.
Kaplan<CNY.
Mescall<Bradley.
Wolff<Riker & Hegeman Co.
Lussier<Con Tel & Elec Subway Co.
Gingold Rty Co<CNY.
Amos<Newberger.
Moore<CNY.
Skillon<NY Rys.
Bliven<W'chester Ry.
Tice<Wilson.
Joanides<Bromberg.
Windram<Brooklyn Daily Eagle.
Rogoza<CNY.
Schertz<Steckler.
McKeown<Unger.
McKinnon<Friedrichs.
Miller<C I & B RR.
Lyon<Ritchie.
S Sonderman<Silberblatt.
Sonderman<same.
Neary<Small.
Gilbert<Belt L Corp.
Mecum<Becker.
Mrowka<Pitts & P Glass
Burke<Un El L & P.
Vichiarelli<CNY.
Rose<Junker.
Murphy<Texas Pub Co
Grosman<Glenmore Milford Co.
Cypher<NY Cons RR.
Benz<Horn & H Co.
McGinn<same.
Kaplan<Beck.
Grossel<Tilton.
Schwartz<Goldwasser.

PART IV.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M.
Brown<Ruppert.
Church<Thompson Bros.

PART V.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Friedland<Kaplan.

PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART VII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART IX.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART X.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Clear.

PART XI.—Recess.

PART XII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART XIII.—Not in session.

PART XIV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Causes on this calendar will be deemed ready and sent to the various trial parts for trial in their order as reached.
Perlman<Donohue.
City<Naschkes.
Levine, &c<Clemens & Co, Inc.
Nicholas<Am Surety.
Ladner<same.
Gaffen<Int R T.
Buchbaum<Feuerberg, (2.)
Kelly<Int R T.
Attorney<Wales Con.
Totten<Union Ry.
Schaff<Witz.
Gorand<Carvel.
Wulkan<Bklyn Bldg Material Co.
Doyle<March.
Alper<Harvester Truck
Riefsky<Int R T, (2.)
Figarwich<Grundsky.
Wolf<NY Rys. (2.)
Liebman<Wallach.
Lieberman<Stricker.
Grodinsky<Samuels.
Stier<NY Rys.
Zeman<Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Co.
Becker<Greenstein.
Zittel<Tull.
Belmont Waist, &c, Co<Schrier.
Harris<Clauberg.
Schlossberg<Schwartz.
Bernstein<Herzog.
Reichenthal<Schmerlowitz.
Hygrade Cloth, &c, Wks<Acme & Textile, &c, Wks.
Deitchman<Deitchman
Fox<Farmers L & T.
Goldstein<Wadler.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part III., for trial.
Houlihan<Strack.
Rebman Co<NY Socy Suppression of Vice.

PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART III.—O'Dwyer, J.—Commercial calendar at 10 A. M.
Flex<Marcus.
Rappaport<Goldberg.
Wolf<Greenberg.
Burke<Tepper.
Appelbaum<Winter Garden Co.
Kandell<Bleich.
Rudolph Co<Boston Ins Co.
Levine<Stewart.

PART IV.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Strasburger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VII.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART VIII.—Smith, C. J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

References Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Platzek, J.—Dunn—A. Mitchell Leslie, Alliance Land Trust<Lewis—Max J. Kohler.

SUPREME COURT.—Greenbaum, J.—Blauner<Schein—Peter R. Gatens.

BRONX COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Ordway, J.—Motion calendar.
Colgne<Rockwood (2.)
Van Amringe<Weninger.
Winkhaus<Kellwood Realty Corp.
Gulman<Traf Bldg Co.
Roth<McKeon Realty.
Charniack<Charniack.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Ordway, J.
Eales<Stillwell.
Pinto<Di Iorio.
Fiddelman<Greater N Y Ad Socy.
Levinstim<Nista Const Co.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Lippman<Levy.
Walsh<Rodgers & H.
Habeck<Garrie & Son.
Pluhr<Lewis, Jr.
Katz<Rikoon.
Conway<B & N R RR.
Gabriel<CNY.
Mosher<Erie R RR.
Brosnan<Tennen.
Posnick<H S & S Crystal.
Stark<Carvel Co.
Kirwin<Flint City Gar
Wasserman<Vollence.
Popkin<Gimbel Bros. (2.)
Perlisch<Wolpin.
Katz<Cerberaux.

Highest number reached in regular order 921.

PART II.—Ordway, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Hotchkiss, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. Case unfinished.
Amanna<Spinnanelli.

Lupo<Lupo.
Re De Gloria.
Lanaing<Kahrs.
Mann<Huguenot Motor Corp.
Bachman<Cottone.
Re French.

TRIALS—Ordway, J.
Title Guar & Trust Co<Fish.
Silverman<Pittsburgh Life & Trust Co.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Tierney, J.
Hawatsch<Kraus.
Reardon<Carvel Co(2)
Wolfson<Rybachoff.
Col Wax Pro Co<Salvation Match Co.
Turvak<Inter R T.
Oronsky<C I & B RR
Fairbridge Const Co<Lutheran Hospital.
Mosner<Meuer.
Rehfeld<Wheeler.
No Side Roof & Cor Co<CNY.
Krellenstein<Westchester Elec Ry.
Bogen<N Y Cath Pro.
Paff<Gorges.
Wood<CNY. (2.)

Highest number reached on regular order 1576.

PART III.—Hotchkiss, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. Case unfinished.
Korber<Union Ry Co.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business. Motion: Estate of John H Ludwig.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Brodeck<Con Tel & Elect Sub Co (2.)
Wales<Const Co<Rothman.

TRIAL TERM—Nye, J.
Nach<Bregman.
Anzio<Union Ry.
Thompson<same.
Rush<Rebstein.
Miller<Rogers & Hagerty.
Milani<Int R T.
Egan<same.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ordway, J.—Morris<Carhart—William W. Niles, The Mutual Life Insurance Co<Mahler—Louis O Van Doren.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ordway, J.—City Real Estate Co<Collins—Isidore Silver.

KINGS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kapper, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Shreve<Wentworth.
Byrne<C Frohmann, Inc. (2.)
Wadler<Maynard.
Same<Atwater.
Wallace & Ulitch, Inc<Sons Mfg Co.
Heiman<Heiman.
Wells<Wells.
Richter<Tiernan.
Millar<Rosenberg.
Dauphin<Oakes Mfg.
Sondheim<Southside Property Corp.
Cortheil<Cortheil.
Thompson<Thompson.
Amundsen<Morse Dry Dock & Repair Co.
Kane<Connell, (2.)
Coastwise Lumber & Sup Co<Economic Bldg Co.
Grady<Rinaldi.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Gallagher<Prendergast.
Huatt<Wood.
Sirata<Kessler.
Clegg<Gillett.
Dashkoff<Dashkoff.
Price<Haight.
Ronner<Piper.
Jackson<Johnson.
Vecsi<Vecsi.
Douglass<Brush.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 4232.

Lomonica<Whalen.
Salomon<Perkins.
Donohue<Peppard.
Hanna<Waterloo Mfg.
Re Carroll. (Church.)
Abrams<CNY.
Baird<Baird.
Smith<O'Reilly.
A D Granger Co<Universal Mach Corp.
McCollum<McCollum.
Bates<Maokensen.
Kelly<Prendergast.
Macheimer<Schwartz.
Brown<Brown.
Norton<Springfield, L. I. Cem Socy.
Hartman<Mitchell.
Standard Engineering Co<Seely.
Barnard<Hughes.
Field<Reynolds.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.
Habeck<Garrie & Son.
Pluhr<Lewis, Jr.
Katz<Rikoon.
Conway<B & N R RR.
Gabriel<CNY.
Mosher<Erie R RR.
Brosnan<Tennen.
Posnick<H S & S Crystal.
Stark<Carvel Co.
Kirwin<Flint City Gar
Wasserman<Vollence.
Popkin<Gimbel Bros. (2.)
Perlisch<Wolpin.
Katz<Cerberaux.

Highest number reached in regular order 921.

PART II.—Ordway, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Hotchkiss, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. Case unfinished.
Amanna<Spinnanelli.

Scllepp<Scllepp.
Kaufman<Mooney.
Roosen<Shotter.
Chinches<Klugerman.
Harris<Harris.
Sinranm<Edwards.
Wright<Wright.
Zimmerman<Zimmerman.
Kasdorf<Kasdorf.
Tobey<Tobey.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part III., Cropsey, J.; Part IV., Van Siclen, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.; Part VII., Kelby, J.
Chrobat<Turner.
Van Gardt<Belt Line.
Altman<Nassau RR.
Potts<Bleyer.
Dillon<Reid.
Keski<B H RR.
Mills<Nasau RR.
Halperin<B Q Co & Sub RR.
Dragwa<Tidewater Paper Mills Co.
Bernstein<C I & B RR
Tramontana<N Y Central RR.
Glick<Nasau.
Callen<Dowling.
De Sario<Savulli et al.
Evens<Garner Print Works et al.
Southern Chris RR.
Schmidt<Lehigh Valley RR.
Smith<J Ruppert, Inc.
Freeland<Press Pub.
Same<Raivaaja Pub.
Jaroff<Wolbarst.
Rothman<Thompson Bros.
Gottlieb<Smith.
Goldberg<Shanan.
Shaw<Fifth Av Coach
Hughes<NY Rwys.
Levy<Negrin.
Pragi<Lehigh Coal & Nav Co.
Levine<Turman.
Moore<NY Times Co.
Steinheimer<McKinnon.
Pisargoli<Met Distributors, Inc.
Von Rozwadowski<Penn RR.
Padover<Berwin.
Rubin<Alan Rty Co.
Hannsler<Wrede.
Condon<White Sewing Machine Co.
Kaplan<CNY.
Mescall<Bradley.
Wolff<Riker & Hegeman Co.
Lussier<Con Tel & Elec Subway Co.
Gingold Rty Co<CNY.
Amos<Newberger.
Moore<CNY.
Skillon<NY Rys.
Bliven<W'chester Ry.
Tice<Wilson.
Joanides<Bromberg.
Windram<Brooklyn Daily Eagle.
Rogoza<CNY.
Schertz<Steckler.
McKeown<Unger.
McKinnon<Friedrichs.
Miller<C I & B RR.
Lyon<Ritchie.
S Sonderman<Silberblatt.
Sonderman<same.
Neary<Small.
Gilbert<Belt L Corp.
Mecum<Becker.
Mrowka<Pitts & P Glass
Burke<Un El L & P.
Vichiarelli<CNY.
Rose<Junker.
Murphy<Texas Pub Co
Grosman<Glenmore Milford Co.
Cypher<NY Cons RR.
Benz<Horn & H Co.
McGinn<same.
Kaplan<Beck.
Grossel<Tilton.
Schwartz<Goldwasser.

PART IV.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M.
Brown<Ruppert.
Church<Thompson Bros.

PART V.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Friedland<Kaplan.

PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART VII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART IX.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART X.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Clear.

PART XI.—Recess.

PART XII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART XIII.—Not in session.

PART XIV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Causes on this calendar will be deemed ready and sent to the various trial parts for trial in their order as reached.
Perlman<Donohue.
City<Naschkes.
Levine, &c<Clemens & Co, Inc.
Nicholas<Am Surety.
Ladner<same.
Albers<Becker.
Case on.
Tudor<Volgt.
Wolf<Fowler.
Ella<Interboro News Co, Inc.
Wohlberg<Wilson.
Cassidy<US Realty & Imp Co.
Gifford<E F Bochmann Co.
Hilson<Asphalt Const.
Meltzer<Jurgens.
Rothschild<Haviland.
Zummer<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Maurer<Hindmarsh, D Mandel<Henschel.
I Mandel<same.
Rosansky<Kamen Cent Co, Inc. (2.)
Liebowitz<Elec Exp & Hudson Nav.
Anello<Coester.
Rosenberg<N Y Ry.
Zelbrun<Knick Ice Co
Glucksman<Union Ry.
Novak<Vogel.
Semler<Hotel Oper Assoc.
Bard<Anderson.
Carpenter Co<Hydrocarbon Prod Co.
Baxter<Press Pub Co.
Hall<I R T.
Goldstein<CNY.
Keen<Anderson.
Pollastrino<Stephens, L Rosenoff<O J Gude.
P Rosenoff<same.
Warren<Werther.
Rosen Ins<B H RR.
Calvano<I R T.
Carell<same.
De Carli<same.
Harmon<Kuhn.
Leahy<Pewtress Ldry
Brauenstein<I R T.
Cuseo<Beaver.
Kaman<Koshets.
Matylkiewicz<Vogelsohn.
Maher<Held.
Mahoney<Shats.
Mendel<Hess.
McDuffee<Elsen.
Sais<Int Motor Co.
Brotherhood<Equit Life Ass Soc of US and Kelly.
Elsman<Lillan & F.
Ferrari<Newkirk.
Fischer<Lombardy Rty Co.
Guinan<Fed S Ref.
Reuter<Gold S Waist.
Mantel<Moller.
Case on.
Donohue<Burns Bros.
Albers<Becker.
Case on.

PART V.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Friedland<Kaplan.

PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART VII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART IX.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on.

PART X.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Clear.

PART XI.—Recess.

PART XII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART XIII.—Not in session.

PART XIV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Causes on this calendar will be deemed ready and sent to the various trial parts for trial in their order as reached.
Perlman<Donohue.
City<Naschkes.
Levine, &c<Clemens & Co, Inc.
Nicholas<Am Surety.
Ladner<same.

The balance of the day calendar stands over until May 25.
Highest number reached on regular call, 9850.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Fred Finkbeiner,
Elizabeth Klein,
Harriet F Brady,
Joseph K Dains,
Walter J Aldrich,
Mary Darber,
Otto A Graft,
Anton Hamm,
Lillian P Martin,
Robert Schneider,
Jemaine Uderitz,
Louisa Halligan.
Accounting of:
Selina Cocks,
Bridget Kennedy,
Patrick McCann,
Jeronemus Underhill,
J Frank Dainham,
Angelina Burchell,
Richard Burchell.
August Kraemer,
Shapiro infants,
Thomas Mellenthy,
Julia McMahon,
George Tompkins,
Louis Grecorese,
Mary Becker,
Peter Jorge,
John K Fischer,
Dora Hatfield,
John Cunnion,
Joel Aronson,
Wilhelmina Willig,
Jane B Pittman.
Estates of:
Charles Myers,
Lillian Barnett,
Anna K Gilman.
Contested calendar:
Jacob Lang.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV., May, J.—Part V., Roy, J.—Calendar called in Part IV.
Schupak<Cross, Grimaldi<McCready.
Merk<Kornblum.
Carney<C I & B RR.
Kelter<Chanler.
McGill<B H RR.
Corry<same.
Bellestiere<Nas E RR.
Fredericks<Murphy.
Kantor<Nas El RR.
Tyndell<B H RR.
Rasnow<Nas El RR.
Wilkenfeld<same.
Smith<C I & B RR.
Graetz<I R T.
Indellicati<N Y Con RR
Holste<McCauley and Nass El RR.
Sachs<Transit Dev.
Minuti<Stattman.
Salkin<B H RR.
Russo<Nassau El RR.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Aspinall, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on—Kessler<Kerscher.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1576.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Weisbecker<Wels & Zerbeck.
Wells<Walsh.
Parrott<Manila Anchor Brewing Co.
Fairchild<Smart, (2.)

Highest number reached on call, 428.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Special Calendar—Keogh, J.
Contract causes:
Broderick&Northern Assurance Co,
Globe<Merian.
West Co Nat Bank<Ladd, (2.)
Same<Levine.
Ebling Brew Co<Gennaro.
Abrahams<Abrahams.
Dedserer<N Y C RR.
Bigelow<Durkin.
Same<Barger.
Same<Perry.
Same<Lent.
Short cause:
Reynolds Garage Co<C T Silver Motor Co.

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O. G. STAPLES, Proprietor

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John B. McManus. W. J. Robertson.

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Opens May 30th; special rates over Decoration Day; capacity 200; 130 acres of real country; only 45 minutes from 42d St., 10 minutes from station; many rooms with private baths and sleeping porches; tennis, swimming pool, and bath house; Spring rates $10 to $12 per week.

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Elevation 2,000 Feet.
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Elevation 1500 ft.; capacity 200; all modern conveniences and amusements; boating, golf; no flies or mosquitos. Write for booklet. J. T. BUTTERFIELD, Mgr.

Sacandaga, N. Y.

HOTEL MARION

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.
On the Lake Front. Open June to October.
Booklet Free. JOSEPH H. MARVEL.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,
Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the pure food and drugs act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold two cans each containing approximately 50 lbs. of a product purporting to be oil of birch.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 4th, 1917, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated May 16, 1917.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

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NEW YORK.

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Excellent Bathing Establishment
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Briarcliff Manor, New York
NOW OPEN.
An ideal luncheon run. 28 miles up the Hudson.
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Opens June 15th.
Modern in all its appointments
J. J. SWEENEY, Manager.
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In a private park of 575 acres; highest elevation; all land and water sports; modern, excellent cuisine; orchestra; accommodation 300; moderate rates. Booklet. N. Y. Booking Office, Hotel Bon Ray, Madison Ave. and 25th St. Tel. 4397 Lenox. G. A. NEWGOLD, Manager.

The REXMERE CLUB HOTEL

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Opens June 21. Finest Hotel in the Catskills, Golf, Tennis, Boating, Swimming Pool, Garage, 100 Rooms, 40 bathrooms. Booking office, 1180 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Madison Sq. 4748.
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OPENS MAY 29TH.
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Now Open.
GOLF, TENNIS, FISHING. B. F. STETSON.

HOTEL GLENNMORE BIG MOOSE, N. Y.

Elevation 2,000.
Now open. New casino, grill. Booklet.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

FOR ACCOUNT OF FORMER PURCHASERS.—In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of H. F. SAWYER & CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, May 24, 1917, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 48 Bleecker St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Wilcox & Gibbs Straw Machines, Wilcox & Gibbs Box Machines, Cutting Machine, Screw Cutting Lathes, Motors, Lathes and Counter Shaft, Machine Roors and Tools, Straw Tanks, Vise, Rolling Machines, Chairs, Wilcox & Gibbs Tucking Machines, etc.
JACOB A. STEIN, Trustee.

WILLIAMS, FOLSOM & STROUSE, Attorneys for Receiver, 55 John Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEO. E. CONLEY COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 24,454. Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell at 217 Front Street in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of May, 1917, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., the personal property of the bankrupt above

DOUBTS IF RAILWAYS CAN ECONOMIZE NOW

President Rea, on Stand at Rate Hearing, Discusses the War Board's Suggestions.

LOREE ALSO IS QUESTIONED

Coal Conditions on Delaware & Hudson Give Promise of a Profit, He Testifies.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Interstate Commerce Commission hearings on the petition of the railroads for a general 15 per cent. increase in freight rates were resumed today. The witnesses were President Rea of the Pennsylvania and Loree of the Delaware & Hudson.

Clifford W. Thorne, representing a group of shippers, asked Mr. Rea whether the Pennsylvania would take competitive bids for lubricants from independent producers, adding that the independent producers would furnish lubricants at a price 20 per cent. less than the road now pays. Mr. Rea said his system was willing to do anything that would cut down operating expenses. He said that certain improvements contemplated by his system, such as elimination of grade crossings, might have to be deferred because the moving of supplies demanded first consideration.

Mr. Thorne entered into the record as an exhibit, a bulletin issued by the Railroad War Board in which certain economies were suggested, such as a reduction of the percentage of locomotives under repair and speeding them up in operation. The saving of fuel by careful steaming, the use of full traction power of locomotives, and the reduction of loading and unloading times for freight cars. Mr. Rea admitted that there might be room for improvement along all the lines suggested.

Mr. Thorne then read a paragraph from the bulletin which set forth that, without adding anything to the capacity of the railroads, it was possible that they might increase their car supply 30 per cent., and their locomotive supply 20 per cent. by measures of economy suggested. Mr. Rea said that it might prove impossible, because of conditions, to put the suggestions into effect.

Pressed to state the total of the Pennsylvania's outside security holdings, Mr. Rea said he would not like to testify it was as high as $300,000,000, although later he did say that the interest from the holdings was sufficient to pay the interest on the funded debt and yield in addition several millions a year. Mr. Rea said the amount of the securities was considerably less than in 1907, as the Pennsylvania had disposed of many of its former holdings, such as in steel companies.

Mr. Rea said the system needed additional equipment, mentioning especially coal cars ,and adding that 5,000 were needed, but that he would not recommend their purchase now at unreasonable prices for delivery at some far distant date.

Mr. Rea was asked what the Pennsylvania had done in the way of effecting economies because of the operation of the Adamson law, such as shortening railway divisions. The witness said any such action by the Pennsylvania was impracticable because of the tremendous expense that would be involved.

President Loree said coal operations of the Delaware & Hudson last year had not been so good from a business point of view, but that they held brighter promise for the coming year.

"Did you see the conditions regarding supplies that now exist coming in December, 1916?" the witness was asked. He said he did.

"And yet," said the examining attorney, "in December, 1916, you declared a dividend payable throughout 1917."

The dividend rate of the Delaware & Hudson is 9 per cent. Mr. Loree said the advance in coal which comes from the Delaware & Hudson mines would enable the mining company to make a profit. He added that the increases in the price of anthracite were justified by the increased cost of labor.

OBJECT TO ZIONIST PLANS.

Jewish Bodies in England Do Not Subscribe to Nationalism.

LONDON, May 23.—Opposition to Jewish resettlement in Palestine, as planned by the Zionist organizations, was expressed today in a statement issued here today by the joint Foreign Committee of the Board of Deputies of British Jews and of the Anglo-Jewish Association, two of the most influential bodies of British Jewry. The statement says:

"We object to the first feature of the Zionist plans, which declares that the Jewish settlements in Palestine shall be recognized as possessing a national character in a political sense. Our reasons are that the Jewish nationality must be founded on and limited by the Jewish religion, which is the only real test of the Jews. The second feature of the Zionist program objected to proposes to invest Jewish settlers in Palestine with special rights over others. This would prove a calamity to the whole Jewish people, who hold that the principle of equal rights for all denominations is essential. This proposal is all the more inadmissible because the Jews probably will long remain in the minority in the population of Palestine, and because it might involve them in most bitter feuds with their neighbors of other races and religion.

"If the Jews prevail in a competition based upon a perfect equality of rights and opportunities, they will establish their eventual preponderance in the land on a sounder foundation than any that can be secured by privileges or monopolies."

The statement concludes with the assertion that the joint committee proposes to pursue its own policy, namely, that at the close of the war the Jewish population in Palestine will "be secured in the enjoyment of civil and religious liberty, equal political rights with the rest of the population, reasonable facilities for immigration and colonization, and such municipal privileges in towns and colonies inhabited by them as may be shown to be necessary."

Guardsman Struck by a Train.

Morris Foulds of Chrome, N. J., a private in the First New Jersey Infantry, was taken from the Pennsylvania Station to Bellevue Hospital last night suffering from fractures of both legs, a broken left arm, and many cuts and bruises. He was brought on an electric locomotive from Snake Hill, N. J., where he had been on guard duty. At the hospital it was said that Foulds was struck by a train shortly after he was relieved from duty last night.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Forecasts:

S. Car.—Fair Thurs., cooler near the coast, Fri., fair; gentle to moderate n. w. winds, becoming variable.

Ga.—Fair Thurs., cooler in s. e. Friday, fair, warmer in w.; gentle to moderate n. w. winds, becoming variable.

Fla.—Fair Thurs., cooler in n. e. Fri., fair; gentle to moderate shifting winds, mostly n. and n. e., over w.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., warmer in the interior; gentle n. e. to e. winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri., warmer.

Lower Mich.—Fair and warmer Thurs., preceded by snow in n. e. Fri., fair, warmer; diminishing w. winds, becoming variable.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Thurs., preceded by snow in e., warmer. Fri., fair, warmer; n. w. winds, diminishing and becoming variable.

Ohio and Ind.—Fair, warmer Thurs. Fri., fair, warmer; moderate w. winds, becoming variable.

Ill.—Fair and warmer Thurs.; Fri. cloudy.

Mo.—Fair in e., cloudy in w. Thurs.; Fri. unsettled.

Wis.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

N. Dak. and Minn.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri.

Iowa.—Fair Thurs.; Fri. cloudy.

S. Dak., Neb., and Kan.—Fair Thurs.; Fri. showers.

La.—Fair Thurs., warmer in n. and w.; Fri. cloudy.

Ark.—Fair Thurs., warmer; Fri. cloudy.

Okla.—Fair Thurs., warmer; Fri. probably unsettled.

Tex.—Fair Thurs., warmer in interior; Fri. cloudy.

N. Mex.—Fair Thurs., warmer in p.; Fri. cloudy.

GERMANY HAS RESUMED BELGIAN DEPORTATIONS

Three Thousand Reported Exiled from Brussels Suburbs Since May 1.

HAVRE, May 23.—The Germans have resumed the deportations of Belgians, according to information received by the Belgian Government. Three thousand persons are reported to have been deported from the suburbs of Brussels since the beginning of May.

LONDON, May 12, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—From an official Belgian source The Associated Press has been informed of the following:

The deported Belgians are still kept in Germany, notwithstanding the promise of Emperor William.

Only about one-third of the total number deported have been repatriated. These are the sick and maimed men. The Belgian hospitals are full of them. Many have died. Most of them will be forever unable to work.

Those who have been kept in Germany are now divided among small labor "kommandos." This explains why the camps are now nearly evacuated and the public is under the delusion that those men have been sent back to their country.

As a matter of fact, their fate has become, if possible, still worse. By illtreatment, hardships, isolation, they are submitted to a relentless pressure in order to force them to accept the work which they have hitherto refused. According to the letters which they succeed in forwarding surreptitiously, according to the report of those among them who have come back physically wrecked and completely exhausted, and according to the testimony of those who have managed to escape from Germany and to reach Holland and England, those remaining in Germany are martyrs.

More than three months ago the German Emperor himself wrote to the Pope, assuring him that those deported would all be sent back to their homes, and that the married men would lead the van. As a matter of fact, the German authorities have stopped taking any further advantage of the sick and the unfit. They still go on trying to reduce into slavery, by every means, the unhappy Belgians, in order to get hold of labor material, the need of which reveals itself more and more pressingly.

As a consequence of this reign of terror Belgian fathers of families die every day, preferring martyrdom to submission in aid of their country's enemy.

The deportation of Belgians was reported to have ceased last month, owing to the representations made to Berlin by Pope Benedict and protests from some of the German Socialists. On May 14, however, the Belgian Government learned that all men in the Belgian province of Luxembourg were being deported, and that a census of women was being taken by the German authorities. The census was for the purpose of replacing male agricultural workers by women.

VON BISSING FAVORED ANNEXING BELGIUM

Memorandum of Late Governor Said Germany Needed It for the Next War.

LONDON, May 23.—A memorandum written by the late General von Bissing, Governor General in Belgium, which, it is assumed, was prepared for submission to Emperor William, represents the possibility of a reconciliation between Germany and Belgium as illusory and argues the absolute necessity of the annexation of Belgium as a preparation for another war against Great Britain.

The memorandum declares that no treaty guarantees, however strong, would prevent Belgium from being swept into the enemy camp, and that therefore Belgium must be conquered, the Belgian dynasty abolished, and the country held with an iron hand, so as not to repeat the mistake made in Alsace-Lorraine and in German Poland in attempts at conciliation.

Pointing out how the Province of Limburg, in Southeast Holland, is a thorn in the side of the present German offensive, the memorandum contends that the same would happen with a neutralized Belgium, and that the advantages Germany gained would accrue to her enemies in the next war by their possession of the whole of Belgium.

FINNISH SEPARATISTS A SMALL MINORITY

Professor Shatsky Says Swedish Party Does Not Represent the Nation's Sentiment.

Professor B. E. Shatsky, director of the Russian Information Bureau, commenting yesterday on the news from Petrograd that the Congress of the Swedish Political Party, representing a majority of Finland's wealthiest and most influential classes, had passed a resolution favoring a complete separation of the Grand Duchy of Finland from Russia, said:

"I am sure that the real situation in Finland does not present any reason for Russia being alarmed. I have just received information from Russia that the last developments in Finland resulted in the creation of a coalition Cabinet formed of six Social Democrats and six representatives of the Bourgeois parties. This coalition Cabinet represents proportionately the dominating political parties in Finland. The President of the Cabinet is Mr. Toquoi, a Social Democrat. The Swedish Political Party has only one representative in the Cabinet, Dr. Eernrod, the Secretary of Commerce and Industry. This shows that this party is not at all a decisive factor in the Finnish political life.

"The Socialist Prime Minister, Mr. Toquoi—it is interesting to mention that he is the first Socialist Prime Minister in Europe—issued a statement declaring that the working classes of Finland greeted the new Russian political régime with the greatest joy and satisfaction.

"Professor Setala, the new Secretary of Education in Finland and the leader of the new Finnish Party, said that if the present trend of Russian politics toward Finland was maintained, the Russian people could be sure of finding in the Finnish people an honest, faithful, and loyal friend. Professor Danielsen Karlmarie, leader of the old Finnish Party, expressed himself in similar terms. Mr. Lille, one of the leaders of the Swedish Party, a member of the Seim, and the editor of an influential paper, said, 'We have full confidence in the Russian Provisional Government.'

"As we see it, almost all the parties in Finland have full confidence in Progressive Russia. Under the new régime Finland will receive the greatest possible independence in her affairs, and it seems quite improbable that reasonable ground can be found for complete separation.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Held of Rec.
Am. Bk. Note pf.	1¾	Q	July 2	June 15
Chandler Motor..	2	Q	July 1	June 15
Do	1	Ex	July 1	June 15
Con. T'state C. M.	$1	Q	June 30	June 15
F., M. & Co. pf..	1¼	Q	June 1	May 31
H. Bros. & W....	$4	S A	June 1	May 22
Do	*$5	—	.....	.....
Laclede Gas.....	2½	Q	June 15	June 1
Do. pf.....	2	S A	June 15	June 1
Montana Power..	1¼	Q	July 2	June 15
Do. pf.....	1¾	Q	July 2	June 15
Ov ns Bot. Mch.	75c	Q	July 2	June 21
Do	50c	Ex	July 2	June 21
Do. pf.....	$1.75	Q	July 2	June 21
Pierce-Ar. Car.	$1.25	Q	Aug. 1	July 14
Do. pf.....	$2	Q	July 2	June 15
Roch. R. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	June 1	May 26
Union Bag & P..	1½	Q	June 15	June 6
Union Carbide....	2	Q	July 2	June 20
W. Pump pf. A..	1¾	Q	July 2	June 21

*Payable in Liberty Bonds as soon as the bonds are available for delivery.

NEW LICENSING PLAN PLEASES EXPORTERS

Prefer American Regulation of Foreign Trade to Present Methods of Control.

PREPARATIONS FOR BUREAU

Government Will Aim to Have Sufficient Force Here to Give Prompt Decisions.

With the enactment of the Administration's Trading With the Enemy bill, now pending in Congress, New York will probably become the chief port for licensing exporters to carry on trade under war conditions. Under normal conditions more than half of this country's exports go from here. Accordingly, Government officials anticipate a heavy demand for licenses from New York shippers.

The Department of Commerce will issue the licenses. D. E. Casey, Agent in charge of the local office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, said yesterday that in anticipation of the law representatives of the Washington office had come here to work out plans for the licensing bureau. Mr. Casey said much official machinery would be set up to give expeditious service to merchants. Additional clerks will be installed, and every effort made to give quick decisions.

Shippers seen yesterday by a TIMES reporter indicated that they hailed the new system as a notable step toward stability in exports. That was also the view of the representatives of firms until recently on the British blacklist.

Carl W. Stern, of M. J. Corbett & Co., who since the war began has been active in movements to bring about modifications of the British blockade and blacklist regulations, summed up the prevailing sentiment when he said:

"All the countries are regulating their exports, and shippers have no objections to an exporter's license here."

A representative of Zimmermann & Forshay, a concern financing foreign trade transactions, and until May 4 on the British blacklist, said yesterday that all shippers, whether barred from trading with Britain's enemies, welcomed the American supervision of exports.

Maurice Blumenthal, formerly counsel to the now defunct Association to Resist British Domination of American Commerce, an organization consisting of those on the British blacklist, thought shippers would find it more satisfactory to have our own Government supervise exports rather than foreign countries.

A special export committee, consisting of Dr. E. E. Pratt, Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce; Frank M. Halstead, Chief of the Customs Division of the Treasury Department, and Wilbur Carr, Director of the Consular Service of the State Department, is now making a study of American exports with the view of determining whether merchandise from this country is reaching Germany. The report of this committee, together with special information in possession of the British and French Governments will be placed at the disposal of the License Bureau.

MORE RESTRAINT ORDERED.

Britain to Tighten Regulations Governing Conscientious Objectors.

PLYMOUTH, May 7, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Conscientious objectors—men who are opposed to military service—who now are housed in the famous Dartmoor prison near here, have been placed under greater restraint and on a war diet as a result of protests that they were being pampered. The neighboring villagers said that the objectors were allowed to live in comparative ease and luxury as compared with the lot of the prison warders and the men of the village who are in the army.

The conscientious objectors are now living on the same fare as prescribed by the Food Controller for the civilian population. Formerly they were allowed to go to the storekeepers in the neighborhood and purchase all they wanted, with the result that supplies were exhausted at the expense of the regular customers.

The objectors are engaged in farming and quarrying and their living conditions at the prison are said to be so much better than that of the convicts that the Government has been induced to conduct an investigation.

Major Brown Marries Miss Smith.

Maor John Brown of the First Pennsylvania Infantry and Miss Ruby Jacqueline Smith were married at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Stephen's Church, West Sixty-ninth Street, by the Rev. Dr. Nathan Seagle. The best man was Dr. E. G. Brownell, Lieutenant of the First Aero Squadron, U. S. A., and Miss Marguerite Holst of Minneapolis, Minn., was the maid of honor. Major Brown left to prepare for service in his regiment, and his bride accompanied him.

Myrick-Porter Wedding.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Miss Charlotte Williams orter, daughter of Mrs. Edward Clark Porter of Chicago, and Donald Myrick, son of Herbert Myrick of Springfield, Mass., which took place on Tuesday in Los Angeles, Cal. Mr. Myrick is on the editorial staff of a Los Angeles newspaper, and his father is the widely-known agricultural publisher and editor.

EMPEROR HONORS DUMBA.

Ex-Ambassador Among 60 Men Appointed to Austrian Upper House.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, May 23, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Indications of a change in the political, economic, and social orientation of Austria, which has been expected for many months and which is a direct result of the war, find notable expression in the latest act of Kaiser Charles. He has nominated sixty new members to the Austrian Upper House, five of the appointments to be hereditary and fifty-five for life.

Many of these appointments are of considerable interest. The new peers include Moritz Benedict, proprietor of the Neue Freie Press, who is the first journalist in Austria admitted to the Upper House, though his presence there will not inspire great democratic enthusiasm. Dr. Dumba, former Ambassador to the United States, is among the number; so is the former Ambassador in London, Count Pouilly Dietrichstein.

Field Marshal Conrad von Sotzendorff, former War Minister; Baron Louis von Rothschild, head of the great banking house, and Baron von Skoda, owner of the great Skoda arsenal, are three notable figures in the list. Men of business and science, professors, bishops, land owners, and bureaucrats make up the tally of appointments, among which also is that of Professor Vrba, President of the Czech Academy of Science. Galicia, Poland, and Dalmatia are represented. Of the sixty, nineteen belong to the Left, which favors parliamentary government; twenty-three to the autocratic Right, and the remaining eighteen to the middle parties.

The House meets on May 30.

THINKS KAISER IS MENACED.

Recalled Cuban Minister Reports Germany in Bad Condition.

GENEVA, May 23, (via Paris.)—Things are going badly in Germany, and the Imperial régime is threatened, according to Dr. Aristides Aguero, recalled Cuban Minister to Berlin, who has arrived here on his way to France. Dr. Aguero said:

"I bring good news. I have been fourteen years in Berlin and you can easily realize that I have been able to thoroughly study the character of our enemies. Things are going badly on the other side of the Rhine. The facade of the Imperial edifice seems solid enough from abroad, but in reality there are cracks in it."

The Cuban and Guatemalan Ministers left Berlin together. They were accompanied by a German Colonel, who never let them out of his sight, and they were not allowed to leave their train at any station on th eway to the frontier. Their meat and bread cards were taken from them. Dr. Aguero declared that there was no prospect of immediate improvement in the food situation in Germany. He said that no help could be expected from the occupied parts of Rumania, as the lack of man-power made a cultivation of the fields impossible.

TO GUARD RAILWAY CREDIT.

Owners of Carriers' Securities Form a National Organization.

BALTIMORE, May 23.—The National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities, having for its object the protection of credit of railway systems of the country, was formed here today at a meeting of 400 men representing more than $3,000,000,000 of railroad securities. S. Davies Warfield, Chairman of the board of the Seaboard Air Line, who called the meeting, was elected President and five Vice Presidents will be named later.

A declaration of principles was adopted, which says that the railroads with their $17,000,000,000 of capital represent the greatest business organization in the world, and that upon their efficiency depends the industrial and agricultural prosperity of the country.

"Through years of abuse," the declaration says, "a state of mind has been created which seems to forbid the fair consideration of questions of vital consequence to the railroads and those who in good faith have invested their money in these securities. The present-day owners of these, representing millions of our citizens, should be considered in the settlement of these questions, and not made responsible for the acts of a few men who may in the past have profited at the expense of the properties they represented."

Addresses were made by H. A. Schenck, President of the Bowery Savings Bank of New York City; John H. Honsdale, President of the National Bank of Commerce of St. Louis; J. H. Ecker of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York; John N. Oldham, Boston; J. W. Stedman of the Prudential Insurance Company of America, Newark, N. J.; J. E. Woodruff, President of the Trust Company of Georgia, Atlanta, and ex-Governor Edwin C. Stokes of New Jersey.

Five men will be appointed to represent the organization before the Interstate Commerce Commission, and will present appeals for such action as is necessary to stabilize the securities of carriers.

Over-Seas Club's Empire Dinner.

The New York branch of the Over-Seas Club will hold its annual Empire Day dinner at the Hotel Majestic this evening. This will commemorate Queen Victoria's birthday. Among those who will speak are the Right Rev. Bishop Prince de Landers-Berghes et de Riche Mme. Laura de Tarczynowicz, Lord and Lady Aberdeen, Dr. Theodosia Pond, Spring Rice, President Queen Mary's Needlework Guild; Major Louis Livingston Seaman, George Arliss, the Rev. John A. Wade, and John E. Kelderd. A collection will be taken up for the Royal Flying Corps Hospital Fund.

City Employes to Give Ambulance.

Commissioner William Williams of the Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity announced yesterday that the employes of the department would give a fully equipped automobile ambulance to the Federal Government for use abroad. The idea originated with the employes, almost all of whom have contributed to the cost of the ambulance, which will be $3,000 or more.

UNIONISTS ACCEPT PLAN.

Will Submit Question of Irish Settlement to Meeting of Council.

DUBLIN, May 23.—The Executive Committee of the Irish Unionist Alliance met today and adopted a resolution approving the letter written by Viscount Middleton, former Secretary for War and former Secretary for India, addressed to the Prime Minister, setting forth the views of the Unionist representatives in the west and south of Ireland, and decided to submit the question of the Irish settlement to a convention of the alliance at an early date.

Viscount Middleton in his letter to Mr. Lloyd George said in behalf of the Unionist representatives in the west and south of Ireland that they considered the proposal of home rule for a part of Ireland involved great imperial danger and a strengthening of the Sinn Fein movement. As regarding the alternative of an Irish convention, these representatives were willing, with a view to minimizing the existing differences and securing the full participation of Ireland, to submit the proposal to the Irish Unionist Council.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.			
Alpha	.03	Jacket	.03
Alta	.04	Julia	.02
Andes	.15	Justice	.03
Best & Belcher	.04	Mexican	.22
Bullion	.02	Occidental	.55
Caledonia	.12	Ophir	.06
Challenge Con.	.01	Overman	.03
Chollar	.06	Savage	.07
Confidence	.10	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.08
Con. Virginia	.61	Union Con.	.30
Exchequer	.03	Utah	.02
Gould & Curry	.03	Mexican dollars	.59
Hale & Norcross	.04		
TONOPAH.		G'field Merger	.05
Belmont	3.90	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.85	Jumbo Exten.	.37
McNamara	.15	Jumbo Junior	.06
Midway	.12	Kewanas	.12
Mizpah	.09	Silver Pick	.10
Monarch Pitts	.10	Spearhead	.07
Montana	.19	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.09	Big Four	.07
Rescue	.23	Manhattan Consol.	.31
Tonopah Extens.	1.90	Morning Glory	.15
Tonopah Nevada.	5.87½	Jumbo Amals.	.04
West End	.64	White Cape	1.42½
West Tonopah	.22	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
GOLDFIELD.		Big Jim	.69
Atlanta	.09	Cevada Hills	.25
Booth	.07	Packard	.36
Daisy	.03	Rochester	.60
Fraction	.04	Round Mountain	.35
G'field Consol	.48		

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Creeson	5¾	6	Granite	54	59
Dr. J'pot	4¾	9	Isabella	11	13
Elkton	6¼	8	McKinney	22	30
El Paso	28	34	Portland	145	150
Fanny R.	4½	5¼	Vindicator	75	88
Golden C.	226	227	U. Gold M.	18	20
Gold Sov.	3½	5			

344,436.

The average net paid circulation of The New York Times for the six months ended March 31, 1917, as reported to Post Office Department, was 344,436 copies.—Advt.

SOLDIERS ACCUSED OF THEFT

Two Charged with Stealing Second Field Artillery's Horse Feed.

William A. Lawrence, a mechanic of 1,272 Union Avenue, the Bronx, and Mason D. McCormick of 412 East 203d Street, the Bronx, both National Guardsmen belonging to the Second Field Artillery in the Bronx, were locked up last night at the request of Major Wilbur T. Wright, on a charge of stealing horse feed from the armory's stables. Frank Staino, a produce dealer, was held on a charge of receiving stolen goods. The police say that the guardsmen are charged with stealing several hundred dollars' worth of horse feed in the last week. McCormick was one of the armory stablemen.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Montana Power Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. on the common stock, increasing the annual rate from 4 to 5 per cent.

The State of Vermont has sold $130,000 4 per cent. Public Building Bonds to Harris, Forbes & Co., at 1.07.

At the Ohio Cities Gas Company's annual meeting at Columbus, June 5, stockholders will vote on increasing the authorized common stock from $10,000,000 to $100,000,000.

The City of Portland, Me., has sold a temporary loan of $200,000 in anticipation of taxes to R. W. Pressprich & Co., New York, at 4.23 per cent.

The Public Utilities Commission of the District of Columbia has authorized the Washington Gas Light Company to issue $478,000 of 50-year general mortgage 5 per cent. bonds to repay company for improvements, betterments, and additions made prior to Dec. 31, 1916.

Laconia, N. H., school district will receive bids until 7:15 P. M., June 4, for the purchase of $125,000 4 per cent. serial bonds.

The Massachusetts Public Service Commission has approved an issue of 30-year 6 per cent. bonds of West End Street Railway Company to amount not exceeding at par $1,561,000. The new issue will refund a similar amount of bonds maturing Aug. 1, 1917.

The Peoples Gas has asked the Illinois State Public Utilities Commission for authorization to issue $250,000 general and refunding mortgage bonds.

At the annual meeting of the Buckeye Pipe Line Company George E. Pifer was elected a Director to succeed L. C. Welch, resigned. Other Directors and officers were re-elected.

The merger between the Southern California Edison Company and the Pacific Light and Power Corporation has been approved by the Railroad Commission of California.

Richard Delafield, President of the Park National Bank, will entertain on Memorial Day about 400 members and guests of the Park Bank Club at his country place, Brook Farm, at Chester, N. Y. The club is composed of officers and employes of the bank.

Wilson Thompson has been elected Treasurer of the American Cotton Oil Company to succeed Lyman N. Hine who resigned recently to enter Government service. E. T. Holland has been elected Assistant Treasurer.

The National Bank of Commerce has prepared a pamphlet containing the selective draft law and President Wilson's registration proclamation.

The Bankers Trust Company is prepared to exchange permanent certificates for temporary receipts representing stock of the National Motor Car and Vehicle Corporation.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

THE SPIRIT OF 1917

Rally Your Dollars Around "Old Glory"

Subscribe Now to the "Liberty Loan"

War is a grim business. More than human valor is essential to win it, though the causes engendering it are the highest human ideals.

Not only is it paramount to have an efficient army and navy to wage it, to a glorious, victorious end, but behind it must march the entire material wealth of the whole nation.

Therefore, is it equally important for us all to see to it that our brave boys are properly fortified with guns, munitions, clothes, food, hospital supplies and all the other necessary materials so essential for them to wage war successfully.

Every little bit will help toward accomplishing this desirable end. Even so small a sum as $50, if you cannot spare more, will aid in winning the war, for it will purchase a Liberty Bond.

No greater act of patriotism can be shown to the Stars and Stripes than to thus consecrate your spare dollars to the cause of Liberty and World Wide Democracy in whose defense and for whose perpetuation our sword has been unsheathed.

We have already witnessed by almost three years of the most brutal war in the history of Christendom, what great human sacrifices we must face, in order to prevent Militarism from gaining ascendency, and it has taught us that one of the principal factors which will decide whether Free Government or Despotism will prevail is the resources behind the sword.

Consequently more than a National conscience that tells us we are fighting for Humanity, is needed in this crucial hour. So that the freedom of the people, of the whole World, is not curtailed even by so much as a scintilla, it has become the paramount duty of each and every one of us to stand with our wealth behind our valiant army, until assured again of a LASTING PEACE.

In that duty we can be more than men, we can be supermen by giving adequate proof of our preparedness to make every sacrifice to win this war for Liberty.

Send forth your dollars, you true and patriotic Americans; send them forth to hearten your men, who will soon themselves go forth to take their place beside our Allies on this modern Armageddon.

Your brave soldier and sailor boys are prepared, if it is necessary, to give up their lives in order that you, yourself, your family, and your family's families can continue to live peacefully in a Brotherhood of Man, and not like serfs under a military despotism.

We all of us cannot go to war. It is just as important that many of us remain at home, as soldiers of our great economic army, upon which the nation must depend for all of the supplies and wealth, without which no war can be successfully prosecuted.

But there is not a single one of us who cannot prove ourselves fired by an equal patriotic fervor by taking as many of the Liberty bonds as our means will permit without impairment to our financial resources.

Of men to serve our flag, the true symbol of LIBERTY, FRATERNITY AND EQUALITY, we have plenty. Now let us properly support these brave men by sending forth our dollars to rally around their colors—let those dollars represent that great silent supporting army, which will constantly say to our boys: "We are with you to the last penny."

Remember Robert Morris, remember his great financial sacrifices. Were it not for the support he gave to General Washington, by placing at his disposal his entire fortune, there would have been grave danger that the cause of Liberty in 1776 would have failed of victory.

Our wealth has grown so great in the hundred and forty-one years which have intervened since the Father of the country gave us the liberty for which all men breathe, that it is unnecessary to make such great sacrifices as did Patriot Morris, but we can be fired equally by such great love of country and the ideals for which it has so long stood.

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Take your share of Liberty Bonds

These bonds will bring you an income of 3½% per annum; they are subject to no tax, except inheritance taxes, and what is exceedingly attractive about them is that they are readily convertible in later bond issues of the Government if their issuance becomes necessary, should they carry a larger interest yield.

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Subscriptions must be placed in time to reach the Treasury Department or a Federal Reserve Bank by noon, June 15, 1917.

You pay as follows:

2% on Application
18% on June 28, 1917
20% on July 30, 1917
30% on August 15, 1917
30% on August 30, 1917

Subscribers may pay in full if desired.

The full Treasury circular, No. 78, giving *official* details, may be had at any bank, broker or trust company.

Full information regarding partial payment plan, and special plans for cooperation between employers and employes, may also be had on application to the

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Seethe in Million-Share Day—Prices Are Little Changed.

The Stock Exchange had the most active session yesterday that it has seen in two months, sales running close to 1,300,000 shares. Up to early afternoon the forward movement continued with Steel common as the leader, but in the last hour heavy realizing sales, accompanied by short selling indulged in with a view to feeling out the top of the rise, caused a sharp setback from the best prices of the day and left Steel but little above its previous close. Before the reaction was brought about, however, Steel performed the feat of equaling its best price in history, selling at 129¾. It closed a full 2 points under this figure with a net advance of one-half point for the day. The market, as a whole, averaging the railroads and industrials, ended the session practically at the level established on Tuesday, the net change in prices being of little consequence. The only wide changes in quotations were made in inactive stocks on small dealings.

There is still a good deal of skepticism on the floor of the Exchange as to the staying qualities of the market that has been moving along at an accelerating pace for the last week. The advance has made considerable headway without yet bringing in the amount of outside buying that is considered necessary to the success of a real bull market. However, the buying has steadily improved in quality and commission houses, especially those with Western wires, reported a very satisfactory business yesterday. The movement was due for a reaction and the big blocks of Steel that came out on the decline indicated that holders who had acquired their stock under 115 were letting it go.

Announcement yesterday that plans are being made in Washington for an allied purchasing board which may have a purchasing power of $10,000,000,000 a year, justified, on the surface, at least, the predictions that have been frequently made of an unprecedented period of industrial activity ahead of this country. It does not seem possible that the vast financing necessary to back up this plan and the expenditure of the funds collected through bond sales can be handled without inflation in prices of stocks as well as of material. This is the argument one hears most of in Wall Street as justification for an active market at higher prices.

LONDON MARKET IS FIRM.

Moderate Demand for Money Is Met Easily.

LONDON, May 23.—A moderate demand for money was met easily today. Discount rates were quiet.

The stock market continued generally firm, with French, Russian and Brazilian bonds the best in the gilt-edged section, though the war loan was inclined to harden. In the late trading Russian industrials and Kaffirs eased off a fraction.

Rubber, oil, and provisions stocks were increasingly supported at advancing prices. Unmobilized American securities were occasionally bought, while Mexican issues were irregular.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, May 23.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 61 francs 25 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 87 francs 80 centimes.

STATE REVENUE DECREASES.

General Fund $10,403,439 Less on April 30 Than a Year Ago.

The report of the State Controller for the ten months of the fiscal year ended April 30, 1917, shows an increase in indirect revenue receipts, compared with the same period last year, of $5,024,699, but a decrease of $10,403,439 in total general revenue receipts. The figures follow:

	1917.	1916.
General fund:		
Direct taxes.....	$1,214,071.39	$12,988,210.63
Indirect taxes:		
Excise	12,520,467.58	12,567,903.90
Corporations	12,258,285.50	10,140,475.84
Organization, Corporations	1,035,217.36	856,904.82
Inheritance	10,177,277.30	7,471,590.34
Stock transfers...	6,031,844.44	5,425,684.88
Secured debt...	766,791.28	1,606,754.72
Mortgages	1,168,394.50	1,654,847.81
Motor vehicles...	*1,543,354.56	1,732,811.00
Other revenue....	3,820,006.89	3,820,006.89
Total indirect revenue	$48,343,441.41	$44,818,741.56
Total general fund revenue	50,557,512.80	60,960,952.19

*Includes motor cycles.

The chief increases in revenue were: Corporations, $2,117,809, and inheritance tax, $2,705,687.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	2½ Last 2½
Low	2½ Renewals 2½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L. ALL INDUSTRIALS.

Thirty days....	4 @4¼ Thirty days.... 4¼@4¼
Sixty days....	4 @4¼ Sixty days.... 4¼@4¼
Ninety days....	4½ Ninety days.... 4½
Four months....	4¼@4¼ Four months.. 4¼
Five months....	4¼@4¼ Five months.. 4¼
Six months....	4¼@4¼ Six months.... 4¼

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 90 to 120 days..... 3 @3½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 3½@3¾

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days.....	4¾
4 to 6 months.....	5
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months.....	5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.76¾	$4.75.¾	$4.75.¾	....
Cables	4.76¾	4.76¼	4.76¼	....
France—				
Demand	5.73⅜	5.73⅜	5.73⅜	....
Cables	5.72⅜	5.72⅜	5.72⅜	....

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	4.75.¾	4.75.¾
5.1825 Paris	5.73⅜	5.72⅜
China—		
Hongkong	57.50	57.60
Peking	91.50	91.62½
Shanghai	85.50	85.62½
19.295 Greece	19.85	19.90
23.44 India—		
Bombay	32.25	32.37½
Calcutta	32.25	32.37½
5.1826 Italy	7.02½	7.01½
49.84 Japan—		
Kobe	51.12½	51.25
Yokohama	51.12½	51.25
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
40.10 Holland	41.25	41.31½
51.85 Russia	27.00	27.10
26.79 Scandinavia—		
Copenhagen	28.80	28.80
Stockholm	30.00	30.20
Christiania	29.35	29.45
9.306 Spain	21.95	22.20
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	43.66	43.76
32.44 Rio	26.00	26.75
5.1826 Switzerland	5.08¾	5.07

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71⅞	$4.69⅝	$4.71¼	$4.68¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $613,211,733 balance, $44,387,292; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $1,523,286; Federal Reserve credit balance, $7,486,000.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 25@10c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, 96¾@$1.25 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 37½d, unchanged; in New York, 74¾c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 56¼c.

If you are the owner of any Unlisted Securities whose market price you do not know, look in The Annalist Open Security Market. 10c. at newspaper stands; $4.00 a year. The Annalist, Times Annex, New York.—Advt.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	1,264,384	764,175	412,743
Year to date.....	75,321,018	70,316,386	50,478,220

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
6	8¼	1,100	Alaska Gold Mines	6¼	6¼	6	6¼	...
5	5½	100	Alaska Juneau	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	...
26¼	27¼	1,000	Allis-Chalm. Mfg.	27⅜	27⅜	26	26	−1⅛
84½	85	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	84½	84½	84½	84½	−1½
93½	94	700	Am. Agri. Chemical	93½	94⅜	93¼	93¼	−1⅝
91½	91¾	3,100	Am. Beet Sugar	92	92	91	91½	...
...	96	15	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	...
46	47	9,500	American Can	47⅜	48⅜	46¾	47	−1
104	106	30	American Can pf.	105¾	105¾	105¾	105¾	...
70½	71	4,900	Am. Car & F'dry	71¼	71¾	70¾	70¾	...
114	117	200	Am. C. & F'dry pf.	116	116	116	116	...
41	42	500	Am. Cotton Oil	41¾	41¾	41¼	41¾	+¼
12⅜	13	1,800	Am. Hide & Leath.	12⅜	13½	12⅜	12⅜	+⅛
61	62	2,000	Am. Hide & L. pf.	62	63¾	61	61¼	+¼
21¼	21¼	1,500	American Linseed	21¼	21¾	21¼	21¾	+¼
57	57¾	700	Am. Linseed pf.	58	58¾	56¾	56¾	−¼
70¼	70¾	13,800	Am. Locomotive	70⅝	71⅝	69¾	70¾	+¾
102	103¼	50	Am. Locomotive pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
103¾	103¾	15,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	104	105¼	103¾	105¼	+1½
112½	113	100	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf.	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+¼
97¼	98¼	900	Am. Sm. Sec. pf. A	98	98¼	97¾	98	+⅝
65	66	4,900	Am. Steel F'dries	65¾	66¾	65	65¼	+⅛
100¼	110	800	Am. Sugar Ref.	110¼	110¼	109½	109½	−1½
116½	118	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	116¼	116¼	116½	116½	−⅛
121¼	121¾	1,300	Am. Tel. & Teleg.	122	122¾	121¾	121¾	−¼
104	106	400	American Tobacco	105	105	105	105	...
101	103¼	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	+1¼
51¾	51¾	3,100	American Woolen	52¾	52¾	51¼	51¼	−1⅝
97	98	100	Am. Woolen pf.	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	...
41	42	25	Am. Writing P. pf.	41	41	41	41	...
32	33¼	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	33	33	33	33	...
63	63½	100	Am. Z., L. & S. pf.	63¼	63¼	63½	63½	+⅛
82¾	82¾	35,500	Anaconda Copper	82¾	83¼	82¼	82¼	...
101½	102	1,400	At., Top. & S. F.	102⅜	102⅜	101¾	101¾	−⅛
99¾	99¾	100	At., Top. & S. F. pf.	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	...
111	112	200	Atlantic Coast Line	111	111	111	111	...
104	104¼	8,100	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	104¾	106¼	103¾	104	−1⅝
100	102	100	Atl. G. & W. I. pf.	102	102	102	102	...
60¾	62	13,800	Baldwin Locom'tive	61⅞	61⅞	61⅜	61⅜	−½
59¼	59½	100	Baldwin Locom'tive. pf.	59¾	61	59	59	−½
99½	100¼	100	Baldwin Locod. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	+¼
70¼	70¾	4,100	Balt. & Ohio	70⅝	71	70	70¾	+⅛
68	70	100	Balt. & Ohio pf.	69½	69½	69½	69½	+½
...	...	100	Bank of Commerce	170	170	170	170	...
...	1¾	100	Batopilas Mining	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	+⅛
128½	129¼	200	Bethlehem Steel	132	132	132	132	...
131	131¾	38,500	Beth. St. Cl. B. t. c.	131¼	132¼	130¾	131¼	+¼
59	59½	200	B'klyn Rap. Transit	60¼	60¼	59¾	59¾	−¼
95	95½	500	Burns Brothers	96	96	96	96½	...
44¾	45	1,100	Butte & Superior	44¾	45¼	44¾	45	...
20	21	1,100	Cal. Petroleum	20¾	21¼	20¾	21¼	...
50¼	52	200	Cal. Petroleum pf.	51	51¾	51	51¾	+1
82	82½	100	Calumet & Arizona	82¼	82¾	82¾	82¾	+1⅛
160¾	161	1,400	Canadian Pacific	161	161¼	160¼	160¼	−½
90	90¼	28,000	Central Leath. Co.	90	92¾	90	91	+1¼
110	112	200	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	+1¼
37¼	37¾	700	Cerro de Pasco	37½	37¾	36¾	37¼	...
87	90	500	Chandler Motor	89	90	89	90	+14
58¼	59¼	3,150	Chesapeake & Ohio	58¾	59¼	58¾	58¾	...
32½	33½	200	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	33¾	33¾	32¾	33¼	+¼
74	75	5,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	73	74¾	73½	73¾	+¼
113½	114	200	Chi. Mil. & St.P. pf.	113	113¾	113	113	...
111¼	112	900	Chi. & N'western	112	112¾	112	112	...
42	42¼	1,100	Chi., R.I. & P. c.of d.	42	42¾	42	42	...
83¾	83¾	800	Chi., R.I. & P. w. i.	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	+¼
76¾	77	700	C., R.I.&P.7 p.c.pf.w.i.	77	77	76¾	77	...
63¼	66	100	C., R.I.&P.6 p.c.pf.w.i.	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾	+¾
22¼	22⅜	8,700	Chile Copper	22⅝	22⅝	22⅜	22⅜	...
56¾	57¼	5,900	Chino Copper	57¼	58¼	56¾	57	...
52⅝	53	9,100	Colo. Fuel & Iron	53¾	54	52⅝	53¾	...
25½	26	400	Colorado Southern	26	26	25¾	25¾	...
54	57	100	Colo. South. 1st pf.	55	55	55	55	...
40¼	41¼	1,200	Colum. Gas & Elec.	41½	41¾	40¾	40¾	−1
107½	108	900	Consolidated Gas	108	108	107	107¾	+¾
92¾	93¼	1,700	Continental Can	92¾	94	92¾	93¼	+¼
26½	26¾	43,600	Corn Products Ref.	26¼	27¼	26¼	26¾	+⅛
101½	101⅞	800	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	101¼	101¾	101	101¼	...
70¾	70¾	41,600	Crucible Steel	71¼	72½	70¾	70¾	...
43¼	43½	10,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	43½	44½	43	43¼	−1
91	92	200	Cuba Cane Sug. pf.	91	91½	91	91½	+1
180	185	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	185	185	185	185	−5
98	99½	400	Deere & Co. pf.	98	98¾	98	98¾	−1¼
114½	115	600	Delaware & Hudson	115¼	115	115	115	...
210	214	100	Del., Lacka. & W.	215	215	215	215	...
7¾	9	100	Denver & Rio G.	9	9	9	9	...
19	20	400	Denver & Rio G. pf.	20	20	19	19	−2
119	120½	10	Detroit Edison Co.	120¼	120¼	119¼	119¼	...
112	115	50	Detroit United Ry.	112	112	112	112	...
16¾	17	2,500	Distillers Securities	17	18	16¾	17	...
11⅝	12	100	Dome Mines	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	+⅛
6¾	8	300	Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	8	8	8	8	+⅛
24⅞	25¼	6,000	Erie	25¼	25¾	24¾	24¾	−⅛
37¼	37½	700	Erie 1st pf.	38	38	37½	37½	−¼
28	29	900	Erie 2d pf.	29¼	29¼	28	28	−¼
31	32	13,800	Gaston W. & W.	32	32	31¼	31¼	+¼
111	118	15	General Chem. pf.	112	119	112	112	...
159¾	160	800	General Electric	159	160¾	159	160	+2
102¼	103	5,400	Gen. Mot. cp. cfs.	103¾	104	102¾	103½	...
87½	88	200	Gen. Mot. pf. tp. cfs.	96	98	98	98	...
82	84	700	Goodrich Co.	83½	85¾	83	85¼	+½
106¾	107¼	1,600	Great Northern	107	107¾	106¾	106¾	+¼
34½	34¾	8,400	Gt.Nor.Cfs.for O.P.	34¾	34¾	34	34¼	−¼
43⅝	44¾	980	Greene-Cananea	48¾	44⅞	45¾	44¾	+¼
122	123½	1,300	Gulf States Steel	124¾	126¾	124¾	126¾	+2¾
101	102¾	100	Illinois Central	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	+¼
61¼	61¾	30,800	Inspiration Copper.	61¼	62¾	61¼	61¼	...
10	10¼	1,400	Interboro Cons.	9¾	10	9¾	10	+⅛
57	57¾	1,100	Interboro Cons. pf.	56¾	57½	56¾	57¼	+¼
20¾	21½	200	Inter. Agricultural.	21	21	20¾	20¾	...
51	52¾	100	Inter. Agricul. pf.	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾	−⅛
113	114	100	Inter. Harv. N. J.	113	113	113	113	...
27¼	28	3,400	Inter. Mer. Mar.	28	28¾	27¼	27¾	+⅛
80	80¾	21,700	Inter. Mer. M. pf.	80	81¾	79¾	80¾	+¼
41¼	41¾	14,400	Inter. Nickel	40¾	41¾	40¾	41¾	+⅛
38¾	39¼	3,800	Inter. Paper	39¼	39¾	38¼	39	...
96½	97	200	Int. Paper pf. c.of d.	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	...
21½	21¾	1,000	Kan. City Southern.	21¼	21¾	21¼	21¾	+⅛
52¾	53	100	Kan. City So. pf.	54½	54½	54½	54½	...
52	54½	400	Kelly Springf. Tire	54	54	53	54	+3
46½	46¾	13,700	Kennecott Copper	47	47⅛	46¾	46¾	−⅛
95¼	95¾	27,600	Lackawanna Steel	95½	97	95¼	95¼	...
33	33	100	Lake Erie & W. pf.	33	33	33	33	+3
18¾	19	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	18¾	18¾	18	18	...
63½	65	100	Lehigh Valley	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	+⅛
118	118½	200	Manhattan Elev.	118¾	118¾	118	118	−1⅛
65	75	200	Manhattan Shirt	68	68	68	68	−2
46	46¾	2,200	Maxwell Motors	49¾	49¾	48¾	48¾	−1¼
65	66½	300	Max. Motors 1st pf.	66	66	65½	65¾	+1
30¾	31	300	Max. Motors 2d pf.	31¼	31¾	30¾	30¾	−⅛
102½	106	100	May Dept. St. pf.	106	106	106	106	...
94	94½	20,900	Mexican Petroleum	94	95¼	94	94	...
96	96	100	Mex. Petroleum pf.	94	94	94	94	+1
40¾	40¾	4,300	Miami Copper	40¾	41¼	40¾	40¾	...
27,300	27,300	27,300	Midvale Steel	63¼	64	62¾	62¾	−¼
17¼	18	400	Minn. & St. L. new	17¼	18	17¼	17¾	+¾
200	200	200	M. St. P. & S. S. M.	104¼	105¼	104¼	104¼	+1
2,300	2,300	2,300	Mo. Pacific w. i.	27½	28	27¼	27¾	+¾
1,000	1,000	1,000	Mo. Pacific full pd.	57⅝	58	57⅝	58	+¾
200	200	200	Montana Power	100½	102	99	99	−1
900	900	900	Nat. Biscuit Co.	111¾	112	111¾	112	−⅛
10,700	10,700	10,700	Nat. Enam. & St.	36	37	35¾	35¾	+⅛
500	500	500	National Lead	57	57	56¾	56¾	−¼
100	100	100	National Lead pf.	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	+¼
5,200	5,200	5,200	Nevada Con. Cop.	25	25¼	25	25¼	+⅛
700	700	700	N. Y. Air Brake	148	150	148	149	+1½
3,100	3,100	3,100	N. Y. Central pf.	91	91¾	90	90¾	...
2,700	2,700	2,700	N. Y., N. H. & H.	39	39	39¼	37¾	−1⅛
200	200	200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	22¼	22¼	22	22	...
400	400	400	Norfolk & Western	123	123	122½	122½	...
100	100	100	Norf. & West. cash.	122	122	122	122	...
2,700	2,700	2,700	Northern Pacific	102	103	102	102½	+⅜
900	900	900	Ontario Mining	158	158½	156½	156¾	−1
24,000	24,000	24,000	Pacific Mail	23¾	24	23¾	24	+¼
800	800	800	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf.	92	92	92	92	+2
800	800	800	Penn. R. R.	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾	...
90	90	90	Peoples Gas 1st pf.	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	...
2,700	2,700	2,700	People's Gas, Chi.	73¾	74	73½	73½	−¾
400	400	400	Père Marquette.	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	−1
200	200	200	Philadelphia Co.	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	+¼
200	200	200	P. C., C. & St. L.	72½	73	72½	73	+7
5,000	5,000	5,000	Pitts. Coal cfs. of d.	48¼	48¾	47½	47¾	−¾
1,400	1,400	1,400	Pitts. & West Va.	27¼	27¾	27	27	−⅛
200	200	200	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	63¼	63¼	63	63	...
800	800	800	Pressed Steel Car.	76	76½	75	75	...
300	300	300	Pressed Steel C. pf.	102	102	102	102	+1
350	350	350	Pullman Co.	145	145	144½	144½	−¾
4,000	4,000	4,000	Railway Steel Sp.	53¾	53½	52¾	52¾	−¾
9,450	9,450	9,450	Ray Con. Copper	30¼	30¾	29¾	30	−¼
20,750	20,750	20,750	Reading	90	91	90	91¼	+¼
59,500	59,500	59,500	Rep. Iron & Steel	85¾	88¼	85¾	87½	+1¾
200	200	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	103¼	105¼	103¼	105¼	+1½
600	600	600	Royal Dutch t r.	64	64	64	64	−⅛
8,400	8,400	8,400	St. Louis-San F.	16¾	17¼	16¾	17¼	+⅛
100	100	100	St. Louis-S. F. pf.	28	28	28	28	−1
100	100	100	St. Louis Southw.	28¾	29¼	28¾	28¾	...
600	600	600	Saxon Motor	38	39	38	38	+¾
300	300	300	Seab. Air Line pf.	27	27	27	27	+½
300	300	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	168¾	169¼	168¾	169¼	+½
900	900	900	Shattuck-Arizona	26¾	27	26¾	27	+½
6,900	6,900	6,900	Sinclair Oil & Ref.	54¼	55	54	54	...
2,000	2,000	2,000	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	56	56¼	55¾	55¾	−¼
2,800	2,800	2,800	Southern Pacific	98¾	99¾	98¾	99¾	+¾
15	15	15	South P. R. Sug. pf.	112	112	112	112	...
5,800	5,800	5,800	Southern Railway.	25¾	26¼	25¾	26	−¼
400	400	400	Southern Ry. pf.	53¼	56¾	55	55¾	+¼
7,700	7,700	7,700	Studebaker Co.	82	82¾	80¾	81¼	−¼
1,200	1,200	1,200	Superior Steel	48¼	48¼	46¾	46¾	−1¼
600	600	600	Tenn. C. & C.	17	17	16¼	16¾	−⅛
3,400	3,400	3,400	Texas Co.	213½	215	212¾	213¾	+1½
200	200	200	Texas & Pacific	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	...
1,100	1,100	1,100	Third Avenue	20¼	21	19¾	19¾	−¼
7,400	7,400	7,400	Tobacco Products	53½	54½	53¼	53¾	−¼
200	200	200	Transue & Wms.	44¼	44½	44¼	44¼	...
100	100	100	Underwood Typew.	96½	96½	96½	96½	+1½
400	400	400	Union B. & P. new	78	80	78	80	+4¼
10,300	10,300	10,300	Union Pacific	136¾	137¾	136	136¼	−¾
500	500	500	United Alloy Steel	45	45	44¼	44¾	+⅛
400	400	400	United Cigar Stores	100	100	100	100	...
900	900	900	United Fruit	137	138½	136¾	137¼	+⅛
200	200	200	United Rys. Inv. pf.	16	16	16	16	...
500	500	500	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	...
40,300	40,300	40,300	U. S. Indus. Alco.	130¾	132¾	129¼	130	...
3,000	3,000	3,000	U. S. Rubber.	56¾	57¾	56¾	57	+¼
200	200	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	105	105	104¾	104¾	−⅛
2,800	2,800	2,800	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	53½	56¼	53¾	56	+1¾
411,300	411,300	411,300	U. S. Steel	127	129¾	126¾	127¾	+¾
500	500	500	U. S. Steel pf.	118¼	118¼	118	118¼	...
11,000	11,000	11,000	Utah Copper	114¾	115¾	114¾	114¾	−¼
400	400	400	Utah Securities	19½	20	19½	20	+¼
800	800	800	Va.-Car. Chemical	43¾	44¾	43¾	44	+¼
100	100	100	Vulcan Detinning	8	8	8	8	...
200	200	200	Wabash	12	12	12	12	...
500	500	500	Wabash pf. A	47¾	47¾	47¼	47¼	−⅛
1,100	1,100	1,100	Wabash pf. B	25	25¾	24½	24½	−⅛
300	300	300	Western Maryland.	18¾	18¾	18¾	18½	−¼
100	100	100	Western Pacific	17	17	17	17	−⅛
25	25	25	Western Union Tel.	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	...
17,800	17,800	17,800	Westingh. E. & M.	53¾	54¾	53	53¼	...
1,100	1,100	1,100	Wheeling & L. E.	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	...
100	100	100	White Motors	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	+¾
1,400	1,400	1,400	Wilson & Co.	71¾	73	70¾	71	−¾
12,900	12,900	12,900	Willys-Over

Hayti

The United States is obligated by the Treaty of 1916 to maintain a stable government in the Republic of Hayti. The development of the resources of Hayti should be marked in the next few years.

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FOREIGN INQUIRIES LARGE

Anticipation of Huge Tonnage for Shipbuilding Program Forces Producers Out of Plate Market.

The steel trade reports that the Government is pushing its program for buying materials in quantity, and purchases by the other Allies are being forwarded. Domestic consumers are feeling the effect of these contracts, as the mills are forced to hold back private orders until the extent of Government needs may be sized up. The Iron Age says:

"Progress is being made on the plans for united buying of steel and other metals by the Government and the Allies. In negotiating for 24,000 tons of wire rope, a portion of which goes to France, the Government has had the co-operation of wire mills, so that wire will be furnished the rope manufacturers as needed. As to prices on all further purchases of steel products, the Government policy is not definitely developed. A copper price of 24c to 25c, as now indicated, points to fairer prices for steel than those now paid for plates and shapes.

"Foreign inquiries for steel are still large, and have been for weeks, but few orders come from them, since the mills do not care to make deals which later Government requirements will upset. Large tinplate sales could be made, offers running as high as $12 per box, but there is doubt if shipments out of the country will long be permitted.

"The letting of contracts by the Shipping Board for a number of steel vessels has been followed promptly by inquiries for plates and shapes, and it is evidently the plan to have such steel provided directly by the Government. Thus far the Steel Corporation has taken the brunt of the Government's plate demands, and independent plate mills have been little interfered with in supplying their regular trade."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"As the Government's definite war demands for steel increase, the pinch on private consumption becomes more acute. Virtually all negotiations of an ordinary or commercial character are being weighed and analyzed more carefully as to their ultimate use. Rejections of business which does not meet the test are more numerous. Some producers are requiring a Government certificate from buyers before tonnage is being allotted them. Anticipation of the huge tonnage which the elaborate shipbuilding program of the Government will absorb as an urgent military measure has forced some of the largest producers completely out of the plate market."

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

	1917.	Decrease.
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—		
2d week May	$10,100	$225
Jan. 1 to May 14	208,547	*24,775
*Increase.		

Public Utilities.

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
CONSOLIDATED GAS, EL. LT. & PR. CO. OF BALT. for April—			
Gross	$728,259	$621,082	$107,177
Net aft. taxes	341,87[illegible]	255,536	46,337
Sur. aft. chgs.	185,297	170,568	14,729
10 mos. gross	7,068,575	6,296,404	859,169
Net aft. taxes	3,353,221	3,026,500	326,721
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,996,362	1,603,512	392,850
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO. for April—	1917.	1916.	1915.
Gross	3,521,020	3,243,930	2,925,690
Net af. tax.	1,827,001	1,839,201	1,637,841
Other inc.	72,980	44,615	55,901
Total inc.	1,899,981	1,883,816	1,713,741
Sur. af. chg.	850,435	890,510	866,365
Queens sub.	24,093	13,200	.....
Total sur.	874,468	903,800	806,365
Pass. car'd.	67,610,629	62,093,857	56,761,038
10 mos. gro.	33,097,412	29,702,744	27,899,526
Net af. tax.	17,038,333	16,149,431	15,283,178
Other inc.	436,705	467,492	493,014
Total inc.	17,475,538	16,616,923	15,776,193
Sur. af. chg.	7,435,907	7,154,351	6,684,503
Queens sub.	159,226	151,053	.....
Total sur.	7,615,133	7,345,404	6,684,503
Pass. car'd.	834,765,365	585,495,687	539,110,835
NEW YOR KTELEPHONE CO. for February—	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Total op. rev.	4,667,539	4,086,116	581,423
Net op. rev.	1,727,759	1,482,820	244,939
Oper. income	1,374,637	1,205,474	169,163
Two months:			
Total op. rev.	9,627,842	8,322,247	1,305,595
Net op. rev.	3,364,702	3,105,753	258,949
Oper. income	2,966,697	2,550,321	416,376
OHIO CITIES GAS CO.			

Gross earnings for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1917, amounted to $5,740,047, an increase of $2,350,349 over the preceding year. Surplus after charges was $3,610,834, or $2,468,198 greater than the year before.

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
PHILADELPHIA & WESTERN for April—			
Gross	45,646	42,802	2,843
Net	22,962	22,647	315
Sur. aft. chgs. and taxes	10,445	10,121	324
12 mos. gross	529,695	481,999	47,836
Net	272,605	250,878	21,727
Sur. aft. chgs. and taxes	122,126	102,389	19,737

SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO. report, as filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission for the month of January—

Total rects. fr. oper.	1,639,804	1,331,466	308,337
Express priv.	851,209	690,495	160,714
Tot. tran. rev.	788,594	640,971	147,623
Non-tran. rev.	38,402	28,226	10,182
Tot. oper. rev.	826,997	669,192	157,805
Tot. oper. exp.	603,762	584,088	117,604
Net oper. rev.	163,235	123,093	40,141
Taxes	16,801	14,072	2,728
Op. income	146,246	108,866	37,349
Mileage, st. rds.	34,078	34,062	16
Mileage, oth. lns	783	778	5

WEST PENN POWER CO. for April—

Gross	315,679	238,220	77,459
Net	113,092	118,884	*5,792
Bal. aft. chgs.	74,720	80,539	*5,819
Sur. after pf. div.	63,054	68,873	*5,819
4 mos. gross	1,282,424	946,974	335,448
Net	507,501	469,648	37,853
Bal. aft. chgs.	354,132	319,760	34,372
Sur. after pf. div.	307,466	296,427	11,039

WEST PENN TRACTION CO. for April—

Gross	609,490	504,351	105,139
Net	282,242	280,545	1,697
Sur. aft. chgs. & sub. divs.	83,462	85,433	*1,971
4 mos. gross	2,389,967	1,926,508	462,899
Net	1,139,325	1,075,424	63,901
Sur. aft. chgs. & sub. divs.	342,945	324,955	17,990
*Decrease.			

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK DOCK CO. for April—			
Gross	396,758	258,814	137,944
Net	219,744	123,614	96,130
Sur. aft. taxes and chgs.	134,817	52,044	82,773
4 mos. gross	1,390,917	1,006,408	393,509
Net	695,642	461,402	234,240
Sur. aft. taxes and chgs.	363,953	172,151	191,781

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1917-'27	4 @4½	4.85	4.60
Buff., Roch. & P.	1917-'36	4½@5	4.80	4.50
Can. Northern	1917-'26	4½@5	5.00	5.00
Can. Pacific	1917-'28	4½	5.15	4.80
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.00	4.70
Chi. & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	4.80	4.50
C., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'37	4½@5	5.75	5.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	4.90	4.65
C., C., C. & St. L.	1917-'29	5	5.30	4.90
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	6.00	5.00
Del. & Hudson	1927	4½	4.95	4.65
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	5.25	4.90
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	5.45	4.90
Ill. Central	1917-'29	4½@5	4.90	4.65
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	4.85	4.60
Mitch. Central	1917-'30	5	4.85	4.55
Mo., Kan. & T.	1917-'23	5	5.75	5.00
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	5.65	5.00
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	5.35	4.90
N. Y. C. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	5.10	4.70
Nor. & Western	1917-'24	4½	4.80	4.50
N. Y. N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	5.50	4.90
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1917-'23	4 @4½	4.75	4.50
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Seaboard A. L.	1917-'26	5	5.50	4.90
So. Pacific	1917-'26	4½	4.95	4.60
Sp. Railway	1917-'24	4½@5	5.20	4.85

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	65.50	66.00	66.50	66.00
Lead	11.00		10.75	
Spelter	9.50		9.50	
Antimony		25.00		25.00
Quicksilver	$100.00		$102.50	
Aluminium	*60.00	62.00	*60.00	62.00
Iron, No. 2X fdy.	43.50	44.50	43.50	44.50
*Nominal.				

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 32¼@32c, carload lots, spot delivery; 31¾@32c, second quarter; 28¾@29c, third quarter, delivered. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	130	0	0	130	0	0
Copper, futures	129	10	0	129	10	0
Tin, spot	255	5	0	254	5	0
Tin, futures	253	15	0	253	5	0
Spelter, spot	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

PRICE CHARTS.

Movements of the different security markets are shown most intelligently in the charts of The Annalist. Times Annex, New York.—Advt.

CROP CONDITIONS ABROAD.

Rome Reports Outlook in France, England, and Italy Below Average.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—A cablegram to the Bureau of Crop Estimates from the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome gives the condition on May 1 of growing cereals as good in Tunis, average in Spain, Netherlands and Algeria, and mediocre in France, Great Britain, Italy, and Switzerland.

The area sown in 1917 to wheat in Spain was 10,300,000 acres, or 105 per cent. of last year's area, and 106 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915; in Switzerland, 128,000 acres, or 104 per cent. of last year's area, and 120 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915; in India, 32,885,000 acres, or 109 per cent. of last year's area, and 108 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915, and in Algeria, 3,141,000 acres, or 96 per cent. of last year's area and 92 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915.

The 1917 area of rye in Spain was 1,846,000 acres, or 100 per cent. of last year's area, and 97 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915; and in Switzerland, 74,000 acres, or 105 per cent. of last year's area, and 122 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915. The 1917 area of barley in Spain was 4,025,000 acres, or 93 per cent. of last's year's area, and 112 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915, and in Algeria, 2,852,000 acres, or 95 per cent. of last year's area and 90 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915. The 1917 area of oats in Spain was 1,416,000 acres, or 119 per cent. of last year's area, and 107 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915; in Switzerland, 111,000 acres, or 108 per cent. of last year's area, and 153 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915, and in Algeria, 524,000 acres, or 98 per cent. of last year's area, and 100 per cent. of the average for the five years 1911-1915.

GENERAL MOTORS SUIT OFF.

Stockholders of Company Approve Sale to Corporation.

Stockholders of the General Motors Company of New Jersey at a special meeting in Jersey City yesterday approved the transfer of the assets and business to the General Motors Corporation of Delaware, and decided also to retire the old company's preferred stock. Prior to the meeting an action begun some time ago by Jacob Mayer of New York to prevent the transfer was settled without the terms being made public. Mr. Mayer, the owner of 50 shares of General Motors Company preferred stock, opposed the transaction on the ground that the preferred stock owners would not be benefited by the change.

The Delaware corporation has total authorized capital stock amounting to $102,600,000. Holders of the old preferred receive 1¼ shares of 6 per cent. preferred in the General Motors Corporation for each share of 7 per cent. stock owned. The old preferred to be retired is the stock which is not exchanged for new preferred.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	.34	.36	Iron Cap.	17½	18
Bay S G	.08	.10	Do pf	17½	18½
Bingham	11¾	12	Iron Blos.	.95	1⅛
Bohemia	1⅝	1¾	Jerome V.	1¾	2
Begole	.50	.70	La Rose	.45	.50
Bost Ely	.60	.65	Majestic	.47	.50
Bost & M	.60	.65	Mex Met	.25	.28
Butte & L.	.64	.65	Moluve T.	.43	.47
Butte & D.	.36	.50	New Balt.	1¾	1½
Bost Ariz.	1⅝	2	New Doug.	1½	1⅝
Calaveras	3¼	4	N I Bing.	.25	.50
Chief Con.	2⅝	*2⅞	Nixon Con.	.53	.56
Cons Cop.	5⅝	5⅞	N Cornelia	16¼	17
Cr Res've.	.30	.35	Nat Zinc	.40	.41
Con Ariz.	2⅛	2⅜	Oneco	.50	.60
Cortez	.15	.25	Ohio	1¼	1½
Champ C.	.07	.08	Onondaga	.50	.60
Cal Corb.	1¾	2	Pioneer	1½	1⅝
E & B B.	2	2½	Rilla	.03	.04
Earle	.25	.27	Ray Here.	3¼	3⅝
Fortuna	.10	.12	*S W M.	2	3
Gold Lake	.05	.07	†S W M.	2	2½
Houghton	.90	1	Truro Steel	1¼	2
Homa	1¼	1½	Utah Apex	.37	37¼
Humboldt	.90	.99	Yukon Gold	2	2¼

*Full paid. †Part paid.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat market is gradually narrowing down under the course of liquidation, and as far as "futures" contracts are concerned trading has become of small proportions. Prices yesterday were easier, and at the close showed net losses of 4 to 5c. The cash position is a better indication of the wheat market at large. Even here there was a weaker tone, and prices in the different markets showed losses of anywhere from 1 to 10c. The daily cables from Liverpool indicated satisfactory conditions there regarding imports. With American market less available for supplies efforts are apparently being made to move a larger volume of wheat from other countries, and it was said that shipments from both India and Australia have increased materially. Australia is also shipping wheat to America, and it is said that about 10,000,000 bushels are expected to arrive on the Pacific Coast. Rye—Market firmer; No. 2 Western, $2.50, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
July	$2.28	$2.26	$2.27	$2.32	$1.09⅝	
September	2.03	2.01	2.01	2.05	1.10⅝	

CORN.

The reports on the new corn acreage were of a most satisfactory nature. The Price Current said that the area may be 15,000,000 to 18,000,000 acres larger than last year, which would make it the largest ever planted. The Government Crop Bulletin said that the higher temperatures and generous rains produced conditions much more favorable to corn in the principal States, and that the work of planting and replanting was carried on rapidly. After an early decline of ⅝c to ⅞c prices rallied on covering, and final quotations were ⅛c net higher for July and ¼c lower for September, while the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $1.82½, cash, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
July	1.57¼	1.55½	1.56⅜	1.56⅝	72	
September	1.48⅝	1.47¼	1.47¾	1.48	70¼	

OATS.

Sentiment in the oats market was quite evenly divided, and in consequence prices early in the day moved within a comparatively narrow range. The very flattering reports on the new crop, however, again caused selling and at the close the market was easy, with net losses of ⅛c to ¼c. The local cash market was easier; standard quoted at 76½c; No. 2 white, 77½c nominal; No. 3 white, 76c; No. 4 white, 75½c; fancy clipped white, 79½@80½c; ordinary clipped white, 77@79c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
July	66⅛	64⅞	65	65⅞	40⅛	
September	56	55⅛	55⅛	55⅝	38⅝	

PROVISIONS.

The provision market opened lower owing to foreign selling of lard and made further declines under offerings from commission houses and larger packers, aggregating 120,000 at Western points. Packing for the week, according to The Price Current, was 500,000, against 608,000 last week and 642,000 a year ago. Chicago received 36,000 hogs, with 25,000 expected on Thursday. Kansas City had 13,000 hogs and Omaha 15,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Lard—July	22.50	22.27	22.37	22.52	12.75	
September	22.65	22.45	22.55	22.67	12.87	
Ribs—July	20.60	20.45	20.60	20.67	12.77	
September	20.80	20.60	20.77	20.85	12.82	
Pork—July	38.25	37.85	38.10	38.35	23.00	

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was easier under scattered selling, partly for Western account and due to an early decline in the lard market. The cash demand was also said to be limited and buyers were disposed to be cautious. When lard rallied in the afternoon, however, there was a more active demand and prices developed firmness and closed 3 to 9 points net higher.

RANGE OF PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	16.45	16.40
May	..	..	16.40@16.90	16.40
June	16.50	16.50	16.45@16.32	16.40
July	16.53	16.35	16.50@16.50	16.45
August	16.53	16.33	16.48@16.49	16.40
September	16.52	16.35	16.50@16.51	16.41
October	16.46	16.32	16.43@16.44	16.40
November	16.28	16.09	16.18@16.21	16.13
December	16.15	16.05	16.16@16.18	16.10

SUGAR.

The market for sugar futures was weak and lower again. The easier feeling in the spot market and the liberal offerings from Cuba led to renewed selling pressure in futures, and closing prices were 5 to 13 points net lower. There were rallies of several points at times on covering, but each rally brought renewed pressure and closing prices were at practically the lowest. Sales were 20,500 tons. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	5.10	4.95	4.91@4.93	5.04
June	4.96	4.93	4.91@4.93	5.04
July	5.05	5.00	4.99@5.00	5.10
August	..	..	5.00@5.05	5.14
September	5.13	5.08	5.07@5.08	5.18
October	..	..	5.00@5.02	5.12
November	5.03	5.03	5.00@5.02	5.12
December	4.86	4.81	4.82@4.84	4.90
January	..	..	4.57@4.60	4.65
February	..	..	4.41@4.44	4.47
March	4.39	4.39	4.35@4.38	4.40

The market for refined sugar was steady and unchanged at 7.50c to 8.50c for fine granulated. There was a moderate inquiry reported for domestic account, but buyers generally were inclined to go slow, although some large export sales were said to have been made during the last week. There was no change in raw sugar prices, nor was there any business reported, but the undertone was easy. The close was barely steady at 4 15-16c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 5.96c for centrifugal and 5.08c for molasses.

COFFEE.

There was a little more business in the market for coffee futures yesterday, but a good part of the sales of 44,000 bags consisted of exchanges from July to December at 22 points. Reports that there had been a little cool and freight business late on Monday were followed by scattered trade selling at the opening, and first prices were 1 to 3 points lower. After selling at 8.30c for September, the price rallied to 8.33c, however, and there seemed to be little change in the general situation, with the market closing net 1 point lower to 2 points higher. The local spot market was dull and unchanged at 10¾c for Rio 7s and 10½c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	..	..	8.18@8.19	8.16
June	..	..	8.18@8.19	8.19
July	8.22	8.20	8.23@8.24	8.21
August	..	..	8.28@8.29	8.26
September	8.33	8.30	8.33@8.34	8.31
October	..	..	8.36@8.37	8.35
November	..	..	8.41@8.42	8.40
December	8.43	8.42	8.45@8.47	8.45
January	..	..	8.51@8.53	8.51
February	..	..	8.57@8.59	8.57
March	..	..	8.63@8.65	8.63
April	..	..	8.69@8.71	8.69

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 11,249 packages. Slow deliveries again ran the market short of fresh table grades, and prices were further advanced ½c, with pretty good demand at the higher rates. Renovated, relatively scarce and firm. Ladies and package stock, about steady. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, extras, (92@91¼c; score,) 40¼c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 39@40c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 37@38½c; thirds, 35½@36½c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 41½@42c; extras, 39¼@40c; firsts, 40@40c; seconds, 37½@39c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 40c; good to prime, 37½@39¼c; common to fair, 33@37c; renovated, extras, 37½c; firsts, 36@37c; lower grades, 32@34½c; limitation creamery, firsts, 33@34c; ladles, current make, firsts, 32@32½c; seconds, 31@31½c; lower grades, 30@30½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 31½c; No. 2, 31c; lower grades, 29½@30½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 24,343 cases. Arrivals are moderate. Government reports of storage accumulations have a somewhat stimulating effect, demand is more active, and the market rules in sellers' favor, with prices showing further advance, closing steady. Nearby white eggs in light supply and higher, but must be closely selected to reach top quotation; greater part of the business is in range of 38@39c. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 38½@39c; storage packed firsts, 37@38c; storage packed seconds, 36@36½c; fresh gathered, firsts, 36@37c; seconds and lower grades, 32½@35½c; dirties, No. 1, 33½@34c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@33c; checks, good to choice, dry, 32½@33c; undergrades, 30@32c. State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, bennery whites, fine to fancy, 39@40c; ordinary to good, 38@38½c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 37½@38c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 37@38½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby bennery browns, 38½@39½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, ungraded, 36@37½c; duck eggs, nearby, Indian runner, 42c; Baltimore, 38@40c; Western and prime Southern, 36@38c.

344,436.

The average net paid circulation of The New York Times for the six months ended March 31, 1917, as reported to Post Office Department, was 344,436 copies.—Advt.

COTTON IRREGULAR.

The Market Closes Barely Steady, Net 2 Points Higher to 11 Points Higher.

The cotton market yesterday was nervous and irregular. An early decline was followed by an advance to high levels for the movement, but the market broke again in the late trading and closed barely steady, net 2 points higher to 11 points lower. October contracts sold off to 20.54c, advanced to 20.84c and closed at 20.60c.

The market opened easy at an advance of 10 points to a decline of 3 points. There were overnight buying orders around the ring and the cables were relatively steady, but there was heavy realizing and prices soon eased off. Rumors that there was a German submarine off the New England coast, and expectations of a favorable weekly weather report promoted the tendency to take profits, while the extent of Tuesday's advance encouraged reactionary sentiment.

There was also talk of Southern selling here in the new crop months, and the decline carried prices about 8 to 15 points net lower. On this comparatively moderate reaction of 20 to 25 points from the high level of the opening, offerings tapered off, however, and when the weekly weather report failed to inspire fresh pressure, prices shot up on a renewal of bull support and covering. Active months sold 16 to 21 points net higher, making an advance of about 200 to 250 points from the low level of the month, during the middle of the afternoon. The other upward movement was then checked by renewed realizing, and the weekly statement of submarine losses seemed to inspire more active selling toward the close. At any rate, prices broke very sharply, and the last quotation showed a decline of some 20 to 28 points from the best.

The weekly report of the Weather Bureau indicated improved conditions in the Western belt, but mentioned many drawbacks east of the Mississippi River, and seemed a disappointment to some of the early sellers. The early afternoon advance was accompanied by renewed talk of low condition figures, but it was most generally attributed to the scarcity of contracts and a renewal of the buying movement which has been in progress since the middle of last week. Exports for the day were 20,812 bales, making 4,797,594 bales so far this season. Southern spot markets were unchanged to 62 points higher. The big advance was at New Orleans, where sales were reported of 4,577 bales.

Yesterday's quotations follow

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues.
May	21.18	21.34	21.08	21.15 Bid	21.15
June	21.28	21.28	21.28	21.05 Bid	21.07
July	21.00	21.16	20.47	20.95@20.97	20.95
August	20.96	21.04	20.93	20.82@20.85	20.80
September	20.95	20.95	20.95	20.70 Bid	20.79
October	20.75	20.84	20.54	20.60@20.64	20.98
November	..	..	..	20.62 Bid	20.70
December	20.82	20.95	20.63	20.67@20.71	20.78
January	20.78	20.97	20.72	20.71@20.75	20.81
March	20.96	21.14	20.88	20.90@	20.98

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 25 points higher, at 21.55c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 20.70c; New Orleans, 20.75c; Mobile, 20.25c; Savannah, 20.88c; Augusta, 20.88c; Memphis, 20.75c; Houston, 20.80c. The day's cotton statistics follow:

	Tuesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	5,187	7,669	11,599
Exports	20,812	478	16,251
Port stocks	920,191	940,264	1,120,107
Interior receipts	6,710	4,735	7,294
Interior shipments	10,949	8,909	12,452
New York arrivals	8,287	.....	.....
New York stocks	51,240	50,967	154,002

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton large business doing; sales, 12,000 bales; speculation and export, 1,000; American, 10,000. Imports none. Middling upland, 13.63d. Futures opened quiet, 3 to 6 points higher. Closed firm, at a net advance of 19@27 points. May-June, 13.23d; July-August, 13.07d; October-November, 12.55d; January, February, 12.38d; March-April, 12.23d.

Manchester: Yarns—The higher prices asked checks business. Cloths dull.

Iron and Steel Institute Meets Here.

The American Iron and Steel Institute will hold the first session of its annual meeting at the Waldorf tomorrow morning. Elbert H. Gary, President, will deliver the opening address and afterward technical papers will be read. At night the annual banquet, which is expected to be attended by several hundred steel men from all parts of the country, will be held in the grand ballroom. The convention schedule for Saturday provides for sightseeing trips about the city for the greater part of the day.

NEW SECURITIES LISTED.

Governing Committee of Stock Exchange Takes Favorable Action.

The Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange acted favorably yesterday on these applications for listing securities: $19,021,700 stamped certificates for cumulative preferred and $2,557,200 additional common stock of the International Paper Company; $9,186,400 common stock of the United Paper Board Company; $8,455,000 preferred and 338,819 shares of common stock of the California Packing Corporation; $1,000,000 preferred and $6,800,000 common stock of the American Sumatra Tobacco Company; $6,600,000 6 per cent. preferred and $12,000,000 common stock, as well as $4,790,000 ten-year convertible 6 per cent. notes and $1,904,500 first mortgage 5 per cent. five-year notes of the Elk Horn Coal Corporation; trust certificates for 358,624 shares of the Tennessee Copper and Chemical Company, and $2,000,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. convertible bonds of the Tennessee Copper Company; $8,402,500 preferred stock of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad; $3,772,400 preferred and $11,801,600 common stock of S. H. Kress & Co., and $1,700,000 additional first refunding mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of the Washington Water Power Company.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 23.—Thirty-three new corporations, having aggregate capital of $1,175,000, were chartered today. They include:

Meldrum Motor Corp., Buffalo, manufacture motors, engines, aeroplanes, $25,000; A. S. Meldrum, J. F. Hattan, A. E. More, Buffalo.

The East Fourteenth Street, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; L. H. Tasker, J. B. Stillwell, S. R. Smith, Freeport.

Lund & Fink, Inc., Manhattan, general wholesale and produce business, $10,000; C. H. Ferling, N. P. Lund, B. P. Funk, 418 East 77th St.

Number Eleven Realty Co., Inc., Manhattan, realty, builders, and construction, $5,000; H. B. Goodstein, J. Bernhart, L. Heyman, 253 East 88th St.

Whinihan Bros. & Co., Buffalo, selling and repairing auto tires, $5,000; S. M. and P. Whinihan, C. B. Brittin, Buffalo.

The Kennedy-Foster Co., Inc., Huntington, general mercantile business, wagon and carriage materials, $20,000; F. J. and E. R. Foster, W. C. Pospisil, 528 East 88th St.

Ridgewood Highlands Building and Developing Co., Inc., Queens, real estate and contracting, $15,000; A. and J. Denton, L. T. Gresser, Jamaica.

Pinnacle Pictures, Inc., Manhattan, manufacture films and manage theatres, $20,000; H. A. Rosenberg, H. Taffer, F. Nordenchild, 19 Cedar St.

Fredburn Construction Corp., Manhattan, reinforced concrete and structural steel buildings, $20,000; L. H. Friedman, S. Bernstein, M. Posner, 1,547 Broadway.

Milton Point Coal and Lumber Corp., Manhattan, coal, lumber, construction materials, $100,000; H. M. Durning, S. S. Westervelt, L. A. Mosworthy, 62 Cedar St.

Wm. T. Hayward Co., Manhattan, window shades and rollers, $250,000; F. W. Morell, F. A. Delatour, W. D. Hayward, 198 Washington Park, Brooklyn.

Harry J. Bloom, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; J. W. Ferriss, E. J. Blagyer, H. J. Bloom, 450 Audubon Av.

S. M. Gillert & Co., Inc., Manhattan, women's and misses' clothing, $200,000; B. Whitlock, S. and B. Gillert, 1,333 Broadway.

Arcade & Attica Railroad Corp., $300,000; T. H. Quinn, F. W. Briggs, G. E. Hague, Arcade.

Twilight Bus Line, Inc., Rhinebeck, maintain and operate stage route, $5,000; A. J. and M. H. and M. M. Abendschein, Rhinebeck.

The Burg Brush Co., Inc., Troy, manufacture brushes, $10,000; L. and E. Weinberg, M. Greenberg, Troy, N. Y.

Union Mills, Inc., Hudson, textiles, threads, yarn, 15,000 shares preferred stock $100 each, 75,000 shares no par value, active capital $125,000; A. Denzau, J. M. Ferry, G. H. Makepeace, 120 Broadway.

Industrial Barge Corp., Inwood, construct steamboats, lighters, engines, &c., $25,000; R. Narelle, W. J. Kraus, H. H. Entze, 1,832 Bath Av., Brooklyn.

Color Trade Journal Inc., Eddyville, publishers, printers, advertising, $10,000; J. J. Sullivan, P. B. Scarff, N. V. Rothenberg, 35 Nassau

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 Atlas Portland Cement Com.
100 Automatic Sprinkler of America
25 Childs (Rest.) Pfd.
50 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
50 Domaconna Paper Pfd.
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
15 Farmers Loan & Trust Stock
20 Germania Insurance
25 Mercantile Trust & Deposit Stock
100 Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Com.
50 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
100 Telautograph Corporation
100 Thompson-Starrett Com.
100 Vulcan Detinning Pfd.
100 Woodward Iron Pfd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 Balt. & Cumb. Val. R. R. Ext.
100 Brooklyn Tel. & Messenger
25 Babcock & Wilcox
100 Clinchfield Coal Com.
100 Donnaconna Paper Pfd.
25 Fidelity-Phenix Insurance
25 German American Insurance
25 Ingersoll-Rand Com.
50 Lloyds Plate Glass Ins.
100 National Fuel Gas
25 Phoenix Dodge Com.
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Pacific Gas & Electric

MICHAELIS & CO.
61 BROADWAY-NEW YORK
Phones: Rector 6220 to 6286

American Light & Trac.
Pacific Gas & Electric
Republic Railway & Light

H.F.McConnell & Co.

25 Pine St. Tel. 0064 John New York

MacAndrews & Forbes
Kirby Lumber
Mahoning Investments

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.

Phone Broad 5140. 30 Broad St., New York
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Canadian Municipal Bonds

Circular on request

A. H. Martens & Co.

(Members Toronto Stock Exchange)
61 Broadway, New York

Safe Preferred Stocks yield 7% at present low prices.

Suggestions Upon Request.

STUART ROBSON & CO.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
15 William St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 2725.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930.....	97	98½
2s, coupon, 1930.....	97	98½
3s, registered, 1918.....	99	101
3s, coupon, 1918	99	101
3s, registered, 1946.....	..	99
3s, coupon, 1946.....	..	99
3s, conversion, 1947.....	..	99
4s, registered, 1925.....106½		107
4s, coupon, 1925 .....105½		108
2s, Panama, 1938, reg...	97	98½
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	98½
3s, Panama, 1961, reg...	90	96
3s, Panama, '61, coupon,	90	96

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yester-day. Bid.	Tues-day. Ask.			Yester-day. Bid.	Tues-day. Ask.
6s	Sept., 1917....100⅜		100½	4s	May, 1910....	99⅝	..
4½s	June, 1965....105		106	4s	Nov., 1918....	99⅝	..
4½s	Mar., 1963....105		105⅝	3½s	Nov., 1954....	88	..
4½s	Nov., 1957....105		105⅛	3½s	May, 1954....	87	..
4½s	May, 1957....105		105⅛	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s	Nov., 1917....100		..	4½s	1924-1930 ....4.15	4.00	4.15
4½s	June, 1917....100		..	4½s	1918-1923 ....4.15	4.00	4.15
4½s	April, 1966....100⅜		101¼	4½s	1924-1932 ....4.15	..	4.15
4½s	Mar., 1964....100⅛		101¼	4½s	1921-1923 ....4.15	..	4.15
4½s	Mar., 1962....100⅜		101¼	4½s	April, 1920....4.10	..	4.10
4½s	Sept., 1961....100⅜		101¼	4½s	1917-1918 ....4.10	..	4.10
4s	May, 1959....99⅝		100¼	4s	1940-1953 ....4.25	4.15	4.25
4s	Nov., 1958....99⅝		100¼	3½s	1930-1939 ....4.25	4.15	4.25
4s	Nov., 1955....98⅝		99¼	3½s	1922-1929 ....4.20	4.05	4.20
4s	Nov., 1936....98¼		98¼	3s	1926-1930 ....4.20	4.05	4.20

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
700	‡Aetna Exp.	2⅞	2¾	2¾
200	‡A. C. of De.	2¾	2¾	2¾
14,000	‡Air Red....	77	72	77
250	Am. S. Co...	36	36	36
3,500	Am. Sm. Sec.	31¼	30	30½
600	B.-Am.T.Co., Ord. B....	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝
400	‡But. Jud....	43	41	43
1,150	‡Car & P.	3½	3	3½
2,700	Car. Steel.	12	11⅝	11⅝
200	‡Cent. Fdry.	26	25½	25½
200	‡Cent. F. pf.	46	45	46
100	‡Cal. Mot....	11	11	11
200	Chev. Mot...	98	97	97
1,000	Cur. Aero....	26⅜	25	26⅜
300	East. Steel...	116	115	116
7,200	‡Elly. P.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,125	Em. Phon...	8¼	7⅞	8¼
700	Ev. H. Inc.	22½	22½	22½
1,150	H. & B.-C.Co.	39½	38½	39
100	‡Cal. Mot. pf.	100	100	100
1,200	‡I. T.Cp.,w.i.	½	½	½
2,000	‡Do pf.....	1½	1½	1½
100	‡J. Ox P.,n.	16	16	16
100	‡Lake K. Pet.	107	107	101
700	‡Lake T. B.	9⅝	8⅝	8⅝
100	‡Lima Loco.	56	56	56

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

8,200	Anglo-Am....	18	17½	17½
25	Illinois P. L.	220	220	220

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

2,500	‡Allen Oil ..	50	50	50
8,500	‡Am. Oil & G.	2⅞	2½	2⅝
	(a prosp.)..	65	65	65
1,000	‡Cas. Oil R.	12⅜	12¼	12¼
2,000	‡Cos. Oil & G.	12¼	12¼	12¼
1,200	‡Cros. Pet.	1¼	1¼	1¼
	(a prosp.)..	34	34	34
4,800	‡Elk B. Pet.	11¾	11¼	11¾
2,500	‡Elk. O. & G.	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
	(a prosp.)..	8	8	8
9,500	‡Esmer. Oil.	1½	1½	1½
6,000	‡Federal Oil.	6¼	5½	6
400	‡Houston Oil	22¾	22½	22½
2,500	‡Int. Petrol.	14⅛	13½	14⅛
900	Kenova Oil.	⅞	⅞	⅞
	(a prosp.).	¼	¼	¼
31,900	Keystone C.	6⅞	6¾	6¾
1,900	‡Last C. Oil	52	50	52
29	‡Merritt Oil.	29¼	28	28¼
28,600	Metro. Pet.	1⅝	1½	1⅝
5,000	‡Midw. Oil.	80	77	78

MINING STOCKS.

2,600	Alaska - Brit. Col. Metals	⅝	⅜	⅝
1,700	Alaska Mex.	1	1	1
5,100	‡‡Alaska Std.	35	30	35
2,300	‡‡Atlanta ..	10¼	10	10
5,000	‡Austin Ama.	1½	1¼	1¼
8,800	Big Ledge ..	2½	2	2½
500	BinghamMin.	12	11⅞	12
5,000	Bos. & Mon.	66	62	64
1,500	Butte Cop. & Z. ctfs.	11	10¾	10¾
500	Butte-Det		1⅞	1⅞
200	Butte-N. Y.	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
3,200	‡‡Caledonia..	57	55	57
14,000	‡Chlu.& Jer.	2	1⅞	1⅞
2,500	Canada Cop.	2¼	2	2
3,500	‡Cashboy	7½	7½	7½
200	Cerro Gordo.	2½	2	2½
2,000	Coco Silver.	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,500	Con.Ariz.Sm.	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
4,000	Con. Copper..	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝
500	‡Con.-H'st'd.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
700	Cres.Con.Gold	5¾	5½	5¾
5,900	Crystal Cop.	91	88	90
500	D'dee - Ariz., (a pros.)..	1⅜	⅞	1⅜
5,800	‡Emma Con.	3⅛	2¾	3⅛
6,550	‡‡FerberCop.	58	50	58
3,500	FirstNat.Cop.	3	2¾	2⅞
2,300	‡Globe Dom.	½	½	½
1,500	‡G'dfieldCon.	50	49	49
4,700	‡G'dman Sec.	5⅛	5	5⅛
5,000	‡Greenmonst.	1¾	1¾	1¾
3,000	‡Hargraves..	13	13	13
200	Howe Sound.	6¼	6¼	6¼
200	Insp.Needles, (a pros.)..	¼	¼	¼
20,000	Jer. Verde.	1⅞	1¾	1¾
	(a pros.)..	2	2	2
3,500	‡Jim Butler	85	80	84
1,500	Josevig-Ken., (a pros.)..	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,500	‡Jumbo Ext.	38	37	38
2,000	‡Kerr Lake..	13	13	13
500	Lomn Prieta.	1¼	1¼	1¼
12,000	La. Con	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,200	Magma Cop.	49	48	48
1,000	‡Magmatic..	24	22	22
7,000	‡Magnate..	89	86	88
500	Mason Val....	6¼	6	6¼
4,800	‡Marsh Min.	21	20	21
700	Mines Hold'g	1¾	1⅝	1¾
$10,000	‡Am. S. 5s.	91	91	91
10,000	‡B. S. 5s 2-yr. notes.	98¼	98¼	98½

Bonds.

*Odd lots. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Ask.
Am. B. M. Co.	8	12	8	12
A.-Br. Mfg.pf.	30	35	30	35
Am. Druggist.	10	15	10	15
Am. Int.Corp.	48	49	48	49
Am. S. T. pf.	77	90	77	90
Am. S. Ist pf.	96	98	96	98
Am. Vivarium.	2	3	2½	3
Atl'c Steel..	125	140	125	140
Brit.-Am.Tob. Ordinary ..	17⅜	18½	17¼	18⅛
Cuban Steel.	93	96	93	96
Cal. P. Corp.	35¾	36½	35⅝	36⅝
Can. N. Gas..	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
Charcoal Iron	8½	8½	8½	8¾
Char. Iron pf.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Cramp Shin...	88½	90	88½	90
Electric Gun..	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Emer. Motor.	1	1	1	1
Fell Engine..	7	7	7	7
Grant M. Car.	4½	5½	4½	5¼
Hall Signal...	5½	6½	5½	6½
Do pf.....	12	14	12	14
Hendee Mfg..	30	34	30	34
Holly Sug. Cp.	45	46	45	46
Int. A. & F..	27	..	27	..
Interc. Rub...	10	10½	10	10¼
Kath. Br. pf..	1½	2½	1½	2½
Kres. (S. S.) pf. n.	105	110	105	110
K. T. & R. pf.	17¼	17¾	17¼	17⅝
Lake Tor. Bt. 1st pf	8¼	9½	9	10
L. Val. C. S..	78	85	78	85

INDUSTRIALS. *Continued.*	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Ask.
Lukens Steel.	38	42	38	42
Lukens St. pf.	101½	102	101½	102
Man. Fi. Sup.	40	46	44	48
Do pf	94	99	94	98
Marconi of A.	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
Marlin Arms.	85	88	85	88
Mitchel Mot.	45	50	45	50
Motor Prod..	45	50	43	46
Nat. Auto Cp.	15	25	15	25
N. A. P. & P.	4¼	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
P. T. & M. Cp	13	15	12	15
Pierce-Arr. pf.	100	105	100	105
Pyrene Mfg...	10	12	10	12
Poole E. & S.	72	78	72	78
Rel. Mot. T.	17½	20	17½	20
Rep. Truck...	69	71	69	71
Do pf	94	95	94	95
Smith, (A. O.)	32½	35	32½	35
Do pf	94½	98	94½	98
St.L.R.M.&P.	32	34	32	34
Un. Sugar....	36⅜	38½	36⅜	38½
U. S. L. & H.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Do pf.....	2	3	2	3
OIL STOCKS.				
Alpha O. & G.	50	60	50	60
Am. Vent. Oil	22	24	22	24
Atl. Pet.....	6	7	6	7
Cos. O.&G.pf.	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
Pierce Oil...	12½	13	12½	12⅝
Tide Wat. Oil.	188	195	181	186
Vac. Gas Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
BOND.				
Pierce Oil ...	81	84	81	84

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Nearly 118,000 shares of United States Steel common were dealt in on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The general market, which had been strong earlier, was reactionary toward the close, reflecting profit taking in volume. Commission houses handled a large business during the day, with the dealings in odd lots on a particularly broad scale. Seventy-five different stocks were represented in the transactions.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Allis-Chalm.	27⅜	27⅜	27½
150	Am. Bt.Sug.	91⅝	91⅛	91½
650	Am. Can....	48¾	48¼	48¾
200	Am.Can& Fd.	71¾	70¼	70⅝
90	Am. H.& L.	13	12⅝	13
980	Am. Loco..	71⅝	70	70
1,110	Am.Sm.&R.	106⅛	103⅜	103⅜
50	Am. Sugar.	110	110	110
80	Am. Wool..	52⅜	51	51
30	Am. Zinc..	33¼	32¾	32¾
5,250	Anaconda..	83½	82½	82½
40	A.,T.&S.Fe.	102¼	102	102¼
300	A.,G.& W.I.	106	104¼	104¼
910	B'dwin Loc.	61	59¾	59¾
40	Balt. & O..	71	70¾	70¾
1,110	Beth. Stg.,B.	132⅛	130⅞	131⅛
10	B'klyn R.T.	60	60	60
20	Butte&Sup.	45¾	45¼	45¾
150	Cal. Petrol.	21	20¾	20¾
1,940	Cent. Leath.	92¼	90¾	90¾
50	Ches. & O..	58⅞	58½	58½
350	C.,M.&St.P.	74⅜	73⅝	73⅞
70	Chile Cop..	23	22¾	22¾
300	Chino Cop..	57⅝	57¼	58¼
250	Col. Fuel&I.	54	52⅝	53
100	Con. Gas..	107¼	107	107¾
30	Colum. Gas.	41¾	41¼	41¾
1,870	Corn Prod..	28¾	28¼	28¾
1,450	Cruc. Steel.	72⅜	70½	70½
550	Cuba C.Sug.	44⅜	43¾	45½
40	D.& R.G.pf.	20¾	20½	20½
50	Dist. Secur.	17	16⅝	16⅝
390	Erie	25½	24¾	24¾
30	Gen. Motors.	103¾	103	103
280	Gt. Nor.Ore	34⅝	33½	33½
500	Insp. Cop..	62⅜	61⅝	61⅝
250	Int. Mer.M.	28⅝	27¾	27¾
1,890	Int. M.M.pf.	81¾	79¾	80⅝
200	Int. Nickel.	41¼	40¾	40¾
1,510	Kennecott..	41⅞	40¾	40⅝
210	Lack. Steel.	96½	95¾	96¼
80	Maxwell M.	49¾	49¼	49¼
1,840	Mex. Petrol.	95½	94	94¼
30	‡Lak. Steel..	41	40¾	41
11,500	Man. Tran..	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000	‡Max. Mun..	2¼	2	2
570	‡Natl. Acme.	32¾	31	32
4,000	‡Natl. Con..	35⅞	34⅝	35⅛
100	‡N. Y. Ship.	40½	40¼	40¼
100	N. Y. Trans.	16½	16¼	16½
100	‡Pierce-Ar...	41	41	41
900	‡Prud. Pic..	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
400	S. & T.T.pf.	10¼	10	10¼
800	‡St. Jos. L..	18¼	18⅛	18⅞
1,500	‡Stand. Mot.	14¾	13⅞	13⅝
675	‡Steel A.Cp.	7	6¾	6⅞
50,400	S. B., v. t. c.	33	31½	32¼
6,500	T. F., v. t. c.	2	1⅞	2
300	‡Todd Ship..	85	84	84
900	‡U. S. Co...	5¼	4¾	4⅞
12,410	‡Un. Motors	81½	80¼	80¼
200	‡Un.P. Board	30½	30	30½
200	‡Up. Sugar..	36½	36¼	36¼
100	‡U. Zinc S..	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
150	‡W. I. Synd.	42	41	42
700	W.F.Cp.,v. t. c.	⅝	⅝	⅝
	ctfs.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,500	‡W.-M.A.Cp.	7¼	6½	6½
600	‡Do pf....	55	52	52
3,000	‡Zinc C. Co.	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞

Bonds.

$20,000	‡R.G. n.5s	78½	78	78
17,000	‡Rus. G.6½s	86½	85	85
15,000	‡So.Ry.5%n.	97⅜	97⅝	97⅝

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
170	Cities Service	286¾	284	285	288
650	Cities Service pf....	86	84½	84¾	85¼
500	Cities Service, new....	33	32½	32¾	33
25	Interstate Electric pf.	95	95	90	95

—Closing—

Closing quotations for issues which are not included in the above table of transactions:

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	20	23
Adiron. Elec. Pow. pf..	76	79
American Gas.....	118	120
Am. Gas & Electric....	122	124
Am. Gas. & Elec. pf....	48	50
Am. Light & Traction..	312	316
Am. Light & Trac. pf..	110	112
Am. Power & Light....	68½	70
Am. Power & Light pf.	89	90
Am. Public Utilities...	30	34
Am. Pub. Utilities pf..	64	67
Am. W. W. & E....	7	8
Am. W. W. & E. partic.	26	28
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	77	80
Appalachian Power	5	7
Appalachian Power pf.	30	35
Carolina Power & Light	30	35
Carolina Pr. & Lt. pf..	96	100
Cent. States Electric...	13	15
Cent. States Elec. pf...	76	78
Colorado Power	26	29
Colorado Power pf....	99	102
Columbus Electric pf..	89	85
Consumers' P. pf.....	95	99
Commonwealth P. & L.	74	76
Dayton Power & L. pf.	88	93
Electric P. & S. pf....	99½	100
Electric Properties....	62	63
El Paso Electric.....	105	109
El Paso Electric pf....	98	..
Empire Dis. Elec. pf...	90	94
Empire Gas & Fuel....	99	100
Federal Light & Trac..	11	13
Federal Light & T. pf..	44	48
Galveston-Hous. Elec..	7	30
Galveston-H. Elec. pf.	73	75
Gas & Elec. Securities.	300	325
Gas & Electric Sec. pf.	94	100
Interstate Elec. Corp...	32	42
Lincoln Gas & Electric.	47	49
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	72	74
Appa. Power 5s, 1932..	76	80
Cent. P & L. 1st 6s....	95	98
Central Ill. Light 5s...	96½	98
Cin., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1951	87	90
Col. G. & E. 1st 5s, '27.	88	90
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27.	80	83
Com'wealth P. (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1943	..	97
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937.	95	99
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	..	96
Cum. Co. Sec. & Ltg. 1st 5s, 1004	101¼	101¾
Defiance G. & E. 5s, '42	89	92
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s.	95	98
East. Ohio 1st 5s.....	99	102
East. Texas El. 5s, 1937	95	96
El Paso Electric 5s....	95	96
Empire Gas & F. 6s....	98¼	100
Empire Ref. 6s, 1927...	98	100
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s....	87½	90
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s....	90	93
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46.	83	86
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25.	95	99
Kan. Pub. Svc. 5s, '41.	89	92
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36..	90	95
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s.'41	90	96
Mich. Light 5s, 1946...	97½	99
Middle West U. 6s, '25.	98	99
Man. G. & R. & L. 5s..	99½	100
Miss. R. P. Co. 1st 5s..	69	71
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	88	92
Nat. Cond. & C. 6s, '27.	99	100
Miss. River Power.....	9	10
Miss. River Power pf..	32	36
Northern Ohio Electric.	35	38
Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	75	79
North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
North Ont. L. & P. pf.	55	60
Northern States Power.	88	90
Northern States P. pf..	98	100
North. Texas Electric..	52	56
North. Texas Elec. pf..	80	84
Ozark Power & Water.	38	42
Pacific Gas & Electric.	56	56½
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	89½	90½
Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf...	90	101
Public Service Inv. pf..	80	84
Puget Sound Traction..	22	26
Puget Sound Trac. pf..	70	74
Republic Ry. & Light..	29	30
Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	65	68
Sierra Pacific Elec. pf.	70	75
Southern Cal. Edison..	86	89
South. Cal. Edison pf..	105	107
Southwest. P. & L. pf.	97½	100
Stand. Gas & Electric..	10	12
Stand. Gas & Elec. pf..	35	36
Tampa Electric.....	122	127
Tenn. Ry., L. & Power..	5	6¼
Tenn. Ry., L. & P. pf..	27	26
Tenn. Power & Lt. pf..	87	100
Tri-City R. L. pf.....	85	90
Un. Gas & El. 1st pf...	65	73
United Gas Improve...	89	89¼
United Light & Rys	41	42
Un. L. & Rys. 1st pf...	68	70
West. P. Tr. & W. P..	14	17
W. P. Tr. & W. P. pf..	65	70
Western Power	14	15
Western Power pf.....	50	51
Western Penn. pf.....	105	107
Wisconsin Edison	50	53
Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	99	102

Bonds.

Nat. Sec. p. l. 6s.....	89¼	92	
Nat. Sec. deb.....	48	53	
Nat. Sec. income.....	10	13	
Nev.-Cal. Elec. 6s, '46.	96	99	
New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51.	87	90	
N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s.'31	80	86	
Nor. States P. 6s, 1926.	98½	99¼	
Nor. States P. 5s, 1941.	94	96	
Nor. Tex. El. col. tr. 5s	90	92	
Ohio Fuel 5s, 1936....	100¼	102	
P.,G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s.'31	95	100	
Portland Gen. Elec. 5s..	99	101	
Puget Sd. Trac. notes..	98	100	
Seattle Elec. Co. 5s...	91	93	
Stand. Gas & Elec. 6% notes, 1935.....	96	98	
Stand. G. of N. J. 5s,'46	94	96	
Sou. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1939..	95	97	
Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953.....	89	92	
Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1926.....	84	90	
Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926.....	97	99	
United Util. cv. 6s, '43.	96	98¼	
U. S. E. L. & P. 6s,'26.111		115	
Utah Securities 5s.....	92½	93¼	
W. W. Light 6s, 1925..	96	98	
Western Power 1st 5s..	96	98	
West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s.	91½	93¼	
West. Pen. Pow. 5s,'46	77	80	
Wis. Edison 6s, 1924..	93	97	
Yadkin River Pow. 5s.	83	87	

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Adventure ..	3⅜	3¼	3¼
76	Ahmeek	101	100	101
190	Alaska Gold.	6¼	6	6
50	Algomah	75c	75c	75c
170	Allouez	65⅝	65	65
310	Am. Zinc	33	32½	32½
150	Do pf	65¼	65⅛	65⅛
	6 Anaconda..	83	83	83
1,275	Ariz. Com....	14⅜	14	14
1,540	Butte & Bal.	80c	70c	70c
200	Cal. & Ariz.	82¼	82	82¼
25	Cal. & Hec..	547	543	543
20	Centennial	19	18½	19
1	Chino	58	58	58
1,148	Con. Range..	65½	64½	65
220	Davis-Daly..	5⅛	5	5⅛
320	East Butte..	13	13	13
350	Granby	83¼	83	83½
10	Greene Can.	44	44	44
50	Hancock	16	16	16
700	Island Creek	68¼	67½	67½
10	Do pf	92¼	92¼	92¼

STRAIN IS TELLING ON SUNDAY'S VOICE

But "I've Got Napoleon Backed Off the Boards," Says Evangelist of His Sleeping.

NEED $50,000 FOR EXPENSES

Receipts at the Tabernacle So Far Are Only Half Enough for the Campaign.

"The most stupendous, gigantic folly that ever entered the mind of a man or woman is the supposition that it pays to do wrong," said Billy Sunday last night in the Tabernacle. His text was "Be sure your sin will find you out."

Sunday's voice is beginning to show some effects of the strain of six weeks' speaking in the big auditorium. He declared he would not know what to do if he lost his voice, because he was unfitted for any other kind of work. But his general health, he added, was never better.

"I work harder and sleep less than any other man," asserted the evangelist before beginning his sermon. "I believe they said Napoleon got only four hours of sleep. Well, I've got Napoleon backed off the boards."

In the course of his evening sermon Sunday said the only failure man could make in this world was a moral failure—the wages of sin.

"Sin is the one thing in the universe which can permanently damage a man and eternally damn him," continued the evangelist. "At the least, your good name or your character must pay the price. No man or woman can escape from his or her sins. Every sin you have ever committed or ever will commit will bring you to account and you will have to pay for it."

Sunday told stories of conversions brought about by his preaching, of thieves reformed and repentant robbers returning stolen property. Following a personal appeal for the continuation of his work here after the campaign closes Sunday made this reference to his future:

"I sometimes wonder how long I may be permitted to go on in this work. Five years? Yes, possibly. Ten years? Well, probably. Fifteen years? No. I don't expect to be preaching fifteen years from now. But I am ready for whatever is ahead of me. I am not worrying about the future. That is what it means to be a Christian."

In his criticism of individuals, places, or organizations Sunday said he did not want it understood that he was condemning everything and everybody for the evils or the faults of some.

"That is true of New York and of her people as of any other city and people," said he. "New York is one of the cleanest large cities I ever saw. It is a marvel how you do it. A great big town like this makes me wonder as I look and try to realize all that it means."

On the platform with Sunday last night were Judge Elbert H. Gary and Mrs. Gary, who were accompanied by a number of friends. Large delegations were in the audience from the Chatham and Phenix National Bank, the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and the Church of the Puritans. There were 1,538 trail hitters at the two meetings.

It was learned yesterday that the expense of the "trail-hitting campaign" here approximates $100,000 thus far, while the receipts were half of that amount. Arthur M. Harris, urging greater liberality in contributions, announced that $50,000 is required to pay all expenses.

In Sunday's words, he jabbed the verbal "harpoon of righteousness" into the subject of Salome's dance and "woman's hate" during the course of his afternoon sermon based on the Biblical story of Herodias, whom he depicted as a character similar to the modern tango pirate in arranging dances for evil purposes. Sunday scored the "booze" supper that formed part of the celebration of Herodias, which he said "flowed as freely then as in some revels in New York today." The difference between hate and love was compared by Sunday to the sequel of the beheading of John the Baptist to satisfy the revenge of a woman.

Mrs. Sunday continues to gain strength, and her physicians are confident of her speedy recovery. Her daughter, Mrs. Helen Haines, and Billy Sunday visited her at the sanitarium yesterday. Lieut. Gen. Bridges and Major H. S. Clay of the British Military Commission sent a bouquet of flowers to Mrs. Sunday, with a note expressing sympathy and best wishes.

Sunday will address the students and faculty of the College of the City of New York at the last student assembly of the term in the Great Hall of the college at noon today. President Mezes will award student council insignia to deserving students. Sidney M. Wittner, President of the Council, will also speak.

SHARK STEAK IN FOOD SHOW

Museum Opens Exhibition—Bounties for Farm Work Suggested.

An exhibition of the latest researches in food values and economies was opened at the American Museum of Natural History yesterday. It was announced that members of the museum staff had tried shark meat and found it tasty. A shark steak was shown ready to be cooked. Dried vegetables were also exhibited, and there were illustrations of the extravagance of buying in small quantities.

A meeting at the Museum in the evening inaugurated the exhibition. Dr. Graham Lusk, Professor of Physiology at Cornell University, in a paper upon "Food for Our Allies and Ourselves," suggested the paying of bounties to men who enlisted for work on farms as bounties were paid to soldiers in the civil war. George W. Perkins, Hermann M. Biggs, and Walter B. James were other speakers. The President of the Museum, Henry Fairfield Osborn, presided.

PRAISES WAR IN SERMON.

Patriotism Marks General Theological Baccalaureate.

Praise for "young Americans who think it their duty 'to make the world safe for democracy'" was given last night by the Right Rev. Charles Fiske, Bishop Coadjutor General of Central New York, in his baccalaureate sermon to the thirty-five members of the graduating class of the General Theological Seminary. Telling how fifteen men from the seminary had already enlisted or gone to France to do ambulance work, the Bishop praised the President and urged all to support him. Flags were draped in all corners of the chapel where the Bishop made his address.

It was not necessary for those in the ministry or those studying for it to display their love of country by enlisting as soldiers, he said, because their work could be done in other ways that required as much courage as did the life of the soldier.

DR. WAITE WRITES POETRY.

Dentist Who Killed His Parents-in-Law Calm on Eve of His Execution.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, May 23.—Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, who is to be executed tomorrow night, spent today humming tunes, writing poems, and talking to his brother and a clergyman.

The young dentist who killed his father-in-law and mother-in-law has spent the time since he came to the death house in writing. Dr. M. N. Peterson, the Presbyterian chaplain of the prison, who is attending Waite in his cell, will accompany him to the electric chair. All the arrangements have been completed for the execution.

THE TEACHING STAFF.

Eligible Lists for License No. 1 and Other Grades.

There has been placed, as of May 1, 1917, upon the eligible list of man holding license as assistant teacher of English in high schools the name of Edward S. Dera, with a rating of 74.

There have been placed, as of April 27, 1917, upon the eligible lists of teachers holding license for promotion the names of the following:

DRAWING AND CONSTRUCTIVE WORK.

Rose H. Sieber, 50, Bronx.....84.4
Josephine A. Donvan, 52, Bronx.....80.4
†Janet Crawis, 84, Manhattan.....79.65
Melanie Thompson, 141, Manhattan.....79.175
Elsie Heyman, 58, Brooklyn.....78.725
Isaure F. Morley, 86, Brooklyn.....78.55
Helen Drew, 50, Brooklyn.....78.05
Anna Maloy, 16, Richmond.....77.7
Helen Macdonald, 17, Manhattan.....77.6
Inez C. King, 89, Queens.....77.35
Florence V. Gough, 185, Brooklyn.....77.15
Florence M. Mix, 190, Manhattan.....77.05
Lillian R. Hanigan, 99, Brooklyn.....76.825
Helen J. Cosgrove, 37, Brooklyn.....75.85
Charlotte D. Arnold, 183, Brooklyn.....75.425
Emma F. Duffy, 18, Richmond.....74.675
Gertrude R. Buckley, 148, Brooklyn.....74.375
Anna E. Borklund, 89, Bronx.....74.1

ENGLISH.

Grace M. McGowan, 126, Brooklyn.....81.837
Edna M. Westlake, 16, Brooklyn.....81.043
Ida H. Harrison, 166, Brooklyn.....79.85
Jessie A. Cosgrove, 37, Brooklyn.....78.375
Mary O'Halloran, 17, Manhattan.....78.287
Katharine E. Redden, 126, Brooklyn.....77.075

GEOGRAPHY AND SCIENCE.

Matthew J. Murray, 19, Brooklyn.....77.825

HISTORY AND CIVICS.

John H. Stauff, on list, License 1.....76.75

PHYSICAL TRAINING.

Henry M. Goldstein, 75, Manhattan.....85.175
Joseph H. G. Schneider, 159, Manhattan.82
Herman J. Greenberg, 55, Brooklyn.....76.475
Theodore T. Weiss, 3, Bronx.....70.25
Leo Bernheim, 51, Bronx.....69.375
Margaret L. Bavier, 76, Manhattan.....83.85
Luella M. Burchan, 6, Bronx.....83.2
Bertha Feldman, 54B, Brooklyn.....82.05
Julia Ullmann, 2, Bronx.....81.375
Marguerite Halsted, 160, Brooklyn.....81.825
Genevieve A. O'Connell, 20, Bronx.....79.7
Millie Greenbaum, 74, Manhattan.....79.675
Josephine M. Desio, 23, Queens.....78.4
Leah F. Kislik, 78, Manhattan.....78.15
Flora L. Cutting, 90P, Manhattan.....78.1
Ruth A. Landau, 103, Manhattan.....77.95
Emma V. Jordan, 17, Manhattan.....77.05
Gertrude Clear, 65, Manhattan.....76.075
Helen Zenker, 97, Manhattan.....75.85
Isabel Adams, 55, Queens.....75.775
Helen Haag, 43, Bronx.....75.75
Minnie Mabel, 185, Brooklyn.....75.7
Edith E. Ker, 9, Bronx.....75.675
Alice Danaher, 27, Bronx.....75.475
Anna V. Jordan, 17, Manhattan.....75.1
Catherine C. Malone, 183, Manhattan.....74.875
Minnie Hirschowitz, 122, Brooklyn.....74.55
Viola Chapman, Brooklyn.....72.875
Emma G. Traenkle, 40, Bronx.....69.85

There has been placed, as of April 1, 1917, upon the eligible list of men holding License No. 1 the name of William F. Bauer, with a rating of 76.125.

There have been placed, as of the dates respectively indicated on the eligible list of men holding License No. 1 the names of the following:

Placement as of April 1, 1917.

*H. M. Graham..84.333
*M. H. Popper..84.05
†P. E.H.Richter..83.35
†E. M. Shrewsbury.....83.076
Mrs. Maude D. Meany.....81.5

Placement as of May 1, 1917.

*Frances B. Akerstrom.....77.75

*Replacement on temporary license.
†Replacement on permanent license.

There have been placed, as of May 16, 1917, upon the eligible list of men holding License No. 1 the names of the following:

H. F. Cunningham.....83.312
C. A. Gramet...81.812
R. C. Grimshaw..81.791
B. Weberman...80.896
J. J. Cosgrove..79.791
Felix Kramer...79.391
Joseph Katz.....79.145
A. B. Speel.....78.72
A. Wolfson.....78.637
W. J. Ryan.....78.433
J. Brotherton...78.195
Isidor Rogin.....77.625
C. Chalmowitz..77.062
S. Rogoff.....75.75
J. L. Lightcap..75.479
F. Weberpals...74.695

There have been placed, as of May 16, 1917, upon the eligible list of women holding License No. 1, the names of the following:

LICENSE NO. 1.

Ida M. Bruseke..89.566
Rachel Shufro..88.85
A. Svenningsen..87.583
A. M. Stauf.....86.816
I. A. Gottlieb...86.3
M. D. Henning..85.633
A. C. Morley...85.45
M. L. Herschkowitz.....85.4
F. E. Blake.....85.216
I. Steinlauf.....85.01
I. M. McGeary..84.883
Mary J. Murphy..84.7
Bessie Wright...84.533
A. E. Edward..84.433
Lena Gurr.....84.383
Irma O. Fischer..84.266
T. S. Battenfeld..83.95
K. E. Sharkey.....83.8
M. A. Bamberger..83.7
Sadie Puccinelli..83.616
Agnes Sinclair...83.333
L. L. Katz.....83.283
Anna Zahn.....88.216
H. C. Bowen...83.116
J. Steigman.....88.1
J. Scheinberg.....83.016
G. M. Fraser...82.966
A. C. Haessler...82.95
Hannah M. Ebe..82.866
Addie B. Jacobs..82.8
Helen Keator...82.8
Ethel I. Gibson..82.633
Grace McGinnis..82.566
Anna J. Powers..82.3
Dora Polsky.....82.283
Margaret Kurz...82.25
Irene I. Adams...82.1
Anna L. Foaner..82.033
E. C. Brauer...81.966
Sarah Levine...81.95
V. L. O'Brien...81.95
Katie Eisenberg..81.983
E. Heidelberger..81.916
F. Watterson.....81.9
G. A. Enkel.....81.883
Elizabeth Kent..81.833
G. G. Bergida..81.85
R. M. Ringel...81.83
C. M. Turns...81.85
E. Cooperman...81.833
Mary E. Weller..81.8
Olga A. Carlson..81.783
Anna Wittes...81.75
A. H. Friedman..81.733
M. C. Murphy..81.733
M. F. Sawtelle..81.716
Rose Kramer...81.65
Edna May Lapp..81.65
F. Bernstein...81.616
I. B. Rosenthal..81.516
C. F. O'Hara...81.5
M. M. Stiefel...81.5
Ethel C. Weiss..81.083
Lena Brodofsky..78.066
Anna H. Levy...78.033
G. V. Dawson..78.016
M. M. Proudman.78
A. Rosenblum....78
Henkel.....77.966
L. F. Moody.....77.9
Maanal Coons..77.883
C. M. Door.....77.85
Emma Goodman..77.85
M. G. Darroch..77.833
H. I. Murphy...77.833
Rose Block.....77.816
V. Curry.....77.808
R. Coolman.....77.75
F. B. Bartram..77.733
B. Rosenblatt...77.7
Alma E. Pundt..77.683
E. R. Samber...77.65
L. M. Krentzman 77.616
E. A. Lohman...77.616
M. Pollitzer...77.616
Bertha Dicker...77.533
K. A. Kohler...77.533
Lena Levine.....77.533
Tessie Camus....77.5
C. M. Egner.....77.5
E. Mergenthaler.77.5
A. M. Nolan.....77.483
L. Speakmaster..77.466
M. Swinton.....77.4
Carolyn Smith...77.383
M. Weinheimer..77.383
S. Schatzoff.....77.35
Nettie Sokoloff..77.35
Edith Graham...77.333
K. H. Warner...77.3
H. E. Valleily...77.3
Lily Voege.....77.25
M. E. Fanning..77.233
Mary J. Clark...77.133
Florence Gluck..77.133
Irene G. Paret...77.133
L. M. Lauter...77.033
L. C. Staudenbaur 77.016
Elsie A. Wright..77.016
Maude Bradder..77
C. D. Mack.....77
M. Werner.....77
Laura Block....76.983
F. R. Markowitz..76.983
I. Sullivan.....76.933
G. E. Keyes.....76.966
F. Orange.....76.95
A. Kenny.....76.933
K. K. Bresal.....76.916
Hebe Mayer.....76.916
L. Schuliter.....76.9
Frances Wolff...76.9
Tilla Levine....76.858
A. F. C. Ross...76.85
H. O. Hansbery..76.833
Sarah Eichel....76.816
Koopersmith..76.816
C. F. Webersinn.76.8
Sadie Davidson..76.766
Etta M. Cohen..76.733
Anna McKeon....76.733
Rose Frieden....76.716
K. G. Greenberg.76.716
Edna Ureles.....76.716
A. Arovwitz.....76.7
Anna Ward.....76.7
Anna Sattler....76.683
M. L. Ackerman..76.633
H. R. Blair.....76.6
M. E. White.....76.6
H. V. Hurley....76.55
M. G. Cappeller..76.533
R. M. G. Barrnes.76.483
D. Rappaport....76.416
R. Wiseltier....76.4
M. Litchman....76.35
Y. Sheridan.....76.3
R. Coorman.....76.283
J. M. Fisher....76.266
E. F. Hall.....76.266
M. Schlesinger..76.266
M. Garcia.....76.216
G. Franklin....76.183
E. R. Callanan..76.15
Edith Leon.....76.083
Alvina Rapp....76.083
Edna Johnson...76.066
Louise Kerr.....76.05
Rose Rosenberg..76.033
Sadie Weiner....76.033
R. W. Ahrens...76.016
Anna Murphy....76
F. Baskin.....75.966
E. A. Minogue...75.983
Anna Basson....75.9
R. H. Lee.....75.9
H. B. Cohn.....75.85
M. L. Disbrow...75.85
Rose Bessen....75.833
Rebe Coreun....75.816
G. A. Rourke...75.766
E. E. Nelson....75.75
Anna Farrell....75.733
M. C. McLarney..75.733
H. V. Melvin....75.733
L. Sweeney.....75.716
Agnes P. Smith..75.7
M. Earl.....75.666
G. L. Thompson..75.65
M. M. Albrecht..75.633
B. E. Kanzer....75.633
Mrs. Namara....75.55
L. Weissberger..75.55
Gladys E. Wood..75.55
F. L. A. Baker...75.516
Pearl Adelman...75.5
M. B. Newton....75.5
C. H. Donovan...75.483
Anna Keller.....75.45
Elsie B. Smith...75.433
Harriet Karpel...75.366
H. A. Markowitz 76.366
Mary McNary....75.333
C. G. Levine....75.316
M. M. Peterson..75.25
T. R. Gulifoyle..75.166
Ella McNelis....75.15
Grace J. Geiger..75.083
Pauline Kerin...75.083
F. C. McGowan...75.033
T. J. Lewine....75.016
Madeleine Chute.75
S. M. McAuliffe..74.916
Mildred H. Lonk..74.9

CLARK ANTIQUES, $18,485.

C. T. Ulrich Pays $520 for a Set of English Windsor Arm Chairs.

At the sale of antiques and early English and American furniture collected by Thomas B. Clarke and others, at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, returns were $12,245, making a grand total to date of $18,485. C. T. Ulrich paid some of the higher prices of the sale, a set of English Windsor double-tier arm chairs going to him, among other things, for $520. A pair of similar chairs with bandy legs and Dutch feet went to Mr. Ulrich for $190, and he paid $310 for an English oak draw-top table.

An English mantle mirror with carved wooden frame and elaborate cresting with bird figures on either side of an urn holding flowers, went to Frank Partridge for $225; James paid $270 for a set of six English Windsor side chairs, and $200 for a round Chippendale drop-leaf table of mahogany with cabriole legs carved with the shell pattern in relief, and claw feet. An eighteenth century tall clock of walnut and mahogany with brass works and face marked "Thomson, Chester," went to Bernet, agent, for $300, and a set of four American Windsor arm chairs to J. H. Colbert for $140.

An American highboy of maple went to T. Shelley for $180; Lorenz, agent, paid $200 for an American Windsor long bench with back, and J. L. Bruce $320 for an English oak trencher table cut with the initials of school boys and dating about 1650.

This afternoon the sale will be concluded with a lot of Eastern tiles and plaques, Chinese porcelains, wood carvings, prints, and lithographs.

WOMEN TO TAKE CENSUS.

Suffragists Volunteer to Make Military Enumeration in Westchester.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 23.—The Westchester County Commission of General Safety announced today that 15,000 women had volunteered their services to take the military census in Westchester County from June 11 to 25.

The enumeration work in the county is to be done through the Westchester Branch of the New York State Woman's Suffrage Party with the co-operation of volunteers and under the personal direction of Mrs. William Belknap of Oscawana. The task is a large one for the suffragists, as more than 200,000 people will have to be enrolled.

A number of wealthy women have offered their automobiles to the workers who have to cover the farming districts in the northern part of the county.

MARIE DRESSLER SUED.

Alice Neilson and Grace Filkins Go to Court Over Stock Deal.

Marie Dressler, actress, and her husband, James H. Dalton, were sued in the Supreme Court yesterday for $4,500 by Miss Alice Neilson, operatic soprano, and for $1,800 by Grace Filkins, wife of Rear Admiral Marix, U. S. N., retired, on the ground that they induced the plaintiffs to buy worthless stock by representing that the corporations issuing the stock promised large returns. Miss Neilson bought 9,000 $10 shares of the Ulida Copper Company of California and Miss Filkins took 200 shares of the Federal Primer Company, which she alleged was represented as having large war orders. They bought the stock in 1915.

Miss Dressler and her husband denied that they knew that the stock bought by the plaintiffs was worthless.

W. P. Kingsley Marries.

The marriage of Miss Virginia Pulleyn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Joseph Pulleyn, and Walton Pearl Kingsley, son of Mr. and Mrs. Darwin P. Kingsley, took place yesterday afternoon at 3:30, at the home of the bride's parents, 302 West 107th Street. The Rev. Father McSorley officiated.

Mr. Kingsley's father is President of the New York Life Insurance Company.

RECORDED LEASES.

DELANCEY ST, 304, n e corner Lewis St, store and cellar; Henry Albers to Gertrude Goldstein, 175 East Broadway, 5 years from May 1, 1917; attorney Sigmund Honig. $660

7TH AV, 106-110, 7th loft; O. R. M. Realty Co. to Jireh Food Company, on the premises, 2 4-12 years from March 1, 1917; attorney Isidor M. Kats, 184 Nassau St.....$2,500

85TH ST, 50-55 West, all; Adam Engel to Moretti Restaurant Company, on the premises, 3 11-12 years from June 1, 1917; attorney Chas. Zerbarini, 346 Broadway.....$6,300

42D ST, 50 East, store 11, on first floor; Aug. Meckscher to William and George R. Arras, (Arras Bros.), 6,000 Broadway, corner 242d St., 15 10-12 years from July 1, 1917; attorney Charles J. Breek, 45 Broadway....$18,500

117TH ST, 215 West, all; Helen F. Davis to Theo. Kallikoon, Inc., 146 St. Nicholas Av., 5 years from Feb. 1, 1917; attorney, Edward Willmann, 165 Broadway.....$600

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,524; Bethlehem Steel Co. against Eugene Higgins et al., March 8, 1917, (by bond).....$7,629

Bronx.

BRONXWOOD AV, n e corner of 228th St, 105x114; Joseph Elias & Co. against Bronxville Realty Corporation et al., April 4, 1917.....$893

228TH ST, n s, 65 ft e of Bronxwood Av, 21fx200; John Thatcher & Son against Liberty Lace and Netting Works et al., April 9, 1917.....$6,188

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

One of the largest of the many recent residence sales in the upper Fifth Avenue home section was closed yesterday in the sale of the city residence of the late James J. Hill, President of the Great Northern Railroad and other interests. The house is at 8 East Sixty-fifth Street, a few doors east of Fifth Avenue, covering a plot forty-three feet front by 100.5 deep.

It was sold by the United Security Company, the holding corporation of the Hill property of which his son, Lewis N. Hill is President. The house and land were held at $900,000. The deal was closed through Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

The house was built about twelve years ago by Mrs. William H. Bliss and two years later it was purchased by Mr. Hill. Mrs. Bliss, deeming the house too large for her use, purchased at that time the two adjoining plots at 4 and 6 East Sixty-fifth Street and 635 Fifth Avenue, abutting the Sixty-fifth Street plot. She then sold the avenue property with the condition on the rear of the lot to protect the light of the street house and erected her own residence at No. 6, which she now occupies. A house was also built on the 4 East Sixty-fifth Street plot, leaving the rear vacant, and this was sold by Mrs. Bliss to Alfred Wagstaff.

Shortly after Mr. Hill bought the large Sixty-fifth Street dwelling he acquired the former Duncan house in the rear at 7 and 9 East Sixty-fourth Street, fronting on the lane with the intention of erecting an art gallery. It was not done and the plot, seventy feet front, still remains vacant. Mr. Hill also bought the adjoining plot at 10 East Sixty-fifth Street and rebuilt the house for his daughter, Mrs. Michael Gavin.

Mrs. James J. Hill recently vacated the Sixty-fifth Street home and leased a large apartment at 635 Park Avenue, corner of Sixty-sixth Street through the Douglas L. Elliman firm.

Buy Site for New West Side Warehouse.

As a site for a ten-story warehouse the H. M. Weill Company, sold for Jane C. Long, 257 and 259 West Fifty-second Street, for George Bascomb 261 and 263 West Fifty-second Street, and 256 to 258, 260 and 262 West Fifty-third Street, to the Forster Realty Company, John C. Forster, President.

Ground will be broken for the new structure at once. It has been leased from the plans for a long term of years to William Wenzel, who was connected for four years with the Hasegor Storage Warehouse Company, formerly Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Street and Eighth Avenue, New York City.

Brewery Buildings Sold for Movie Studio.

The former Clausen-Flanagan brewery buildings at 303 to 323 East Forty-seventh Street, northeast corner of Second Avenue, have been purchased by J. W. Mahan from the brewing company and will be converted into a moving picture studio. The property has a frontage of 100.5 feet on Second Avenue by 350 feet on Forty-seventh Street. It is now covered with twelve old buildings, which will be remodeled by Mr. Mahan into a one-story moving picture studio. A short time ago Mr. Mahan bought the abutting studio building at 318 to 322 East Forty-seventh Street, which he leased to Norma Talmate.

Operators Buy the Meick Building.

The estate of Samuel Hirsch sold to Fisher & Irving I. Lewine, operators, the Meick Building, an eight-story commercial structure on a Sailors' Snug Harbor leasehold, at the southeast corner of University Place and Eighth Street.

The structure, which was built about sixteen years ago, occupies a plot 75.2 by 118 feet. William S. Bahm negotiated the sale.

Resale on Amsterdam Avenue.

The vacant lot, 25 by 100 feet, on the west side of Amsterdam Avenue, 99.11 feet south of 180th Street, has been resold by the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company to Milton See. The property was taken over in foreclosure proceedings last month.

Tenement Deals.

The Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company sold to an investing client of Harry Sugarman, 1,489 Amsterdam Avenue, a five-story tenement with stores, on a lot 25 by 100.

The Farles Realties, Inc., bought 144 and 146 West Nineteenth Street, two four-story tenements, 44 by 93.6 by irregular, which were sold on Jan. 19 at foreclosure, to the Wentworth Realty Company, a party in interest, for $68,500 in a suit brought by A. H. Levy against the Charles I. Weinstein Realty Company. The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company has secured a first mortgage of $45,000 at 5 per cent. for five years.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

Smith & Mitchell sold for Richard Kuno the private dwelling, 109 West 130th Street, on a lot 20 by 100, to I. V. Kohen.

The Andrew Little estate sold 249 East Fiftieth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 18.6 by 100.5, for $8,500, to George Geffers, who owns the similar house at 247, adjoining.

Harry Sugarman sold for the Ambeck Realty Company 251 West 127th Street, near Seventh Avenue, a three-story private residence, on a lot 17.2x100.

Bronx Sales.

N. Morrison sold for N. Benenson a four-story apartment house at 2,304 Beaumont Avenue to a client for investment.

Herman Knepper purchased for a client from Isidor Silver and Isidore Strauss 1,776 Bathgate Avenue, a three-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100.

Isaac Stangarty bought from Scheindel Bucksdorf 743 Kelly Street, a two-story dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, near 156th Street.

The northwest corner of 192d Street and Jerome Avenue, acquired by the Lawyers Title and Trust Company in foreclosure, was immediately resold to Aaron Miller. William S. Baker negotiated the sale.

Brooklyn.

Ernest A. Howard sold 97 Sixth Avenue, corner Prospect Place, a three-story and basement brownstone dwelling, for the Otterson estate to a client, who will occupy after extensive alterations are made.

Staten Island.

W. S. E. Hall sold for Mrs. Clemence C. Van Romondt of Manhattan a dwelling on Manor Road and Kingsley Avenue, Westerleigh, Staten Island, to William J. Quinlin, Jr.

Westchester County.

Butler & Baldwin sold for Marie Fudji, to the Feature Film Corporation, the property, 786 to 790 McLean Avenue, Yonkers. The purchaser intends to alter the building for manufacturing purposes.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley sold for Oliver M. Oake the residence in course of construction at Cedar Knolls, Bronxville, to Mrs. Beatrice Massey, formerly of Detroit, Mich.

George Howe sold a plot of ground in Van Cortlandt Crest, Yonkers, to Mrs. Lucy R. Cautley, who will build a bungalow for her occupancy. The same broker also sold a house on West Brookside Drive, Larchmont Gardens, Larchmont, to Mr. and Mrs. McDonough, who will occupy.

Manhattan and Bronx Properties at Auction.

Joseph P. Day will offer at public auction, at noon today, in the Vesey Street salesroom, the close several estates, the hotel at the northwest corner of Irving Place and Fifteenth Street, 40.6 by 80; two buildings, 67 and 69 Lexington Avenue, 39.7 by 100; two business buildings, 12 and 14 Union Square; as well as two large Bronx waterfront sites, with frontage on East River; two Bronx manufacturing sites, each covering block front, and fifty building lots in the lower East Bronx, along the line of the new Southern Boulevard extension.

Commercial Leases.

Cross & Brown Company leased for the O. B. Potter Properties the four-story and basement building, 239 and 241 West Fifty-sixth Street, 80 by 100, to the United Motors Service Company for a term of years.

James Slater leased the building 102 West Twenty-ninth Street, city, to a client of Charles G. Keller for a long term of years. Alterations will be made at once converting the ground floor and second floor into a store and loft for business purposes.

Henry Hof leased the store and basement at premises 204 East Thirty-fifth Street to Joseph & Adler for Seligman Hannau for a term of years.

Realty Notes.

Plans have been filed for a two-story garage on the northeast corner of First Avenue and Sixty-second Street, 71.7 by 131.6, for L. Schumacher. The architect, A. Steinart, places the cost at $35,000.

The Almy Realty Corporation has been incorporated at Albany with a capital of $2,100,000. The Directors are connected with the law firm of Joline, Larkin & Rathbone, who filed the corporation papers.

Louis Markel has closed the deal for the leasing of the eight-story Hotel Roland at 56 East Fifty-ninth Street from the estate of Roland Jones. The lease is for fifteen years at an aggregate rental of about $500,000, and was negotiated by Lakin & Dinkelspiel. Extensive alterations will be made to the structure.

John Crawford was associated with Kenneth Ives & Co. in the sale of the sixty-acre property at Fairfield, Conn., known as Spring Farm, for Mrs. Henry Tobin to Joseph F. Feder.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

59th St, 38 West, s s, 245 ft. e of 8th Av, 20x100.5, 4-story building; adjourned sine die.

116th St, 243-245 West, n s, 200 ft. e of 5th Av, 40x100.11, 6-story flat and stores; Carter Phelps against Mary Hershfield et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $56,287.16; taxes, &c., $677.89; to the plaintiff for $45,000.

114th St, 37 West, n s, 495 ft. w of 5th Av, 25x100.11, 5-story flat; M. S. Lamson against Anna Deutsch et al.; Gordon & R., attorneys; due, $75,190.43; taxes, &c., $546.10; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

83d St, 441 East, n s, 218 ft w of Av A, 24.11x102.2, 5-story tenement; Emily Fuller and another against Jacob Horowitz et al.; Amend & A., attorneys; due, $14,502.49; taxes, &c., $886.40; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

By Henry Brady.

Av C, 201, w s, 51 ft. n of 12th St, 25x70, 4-story tenement and store; Rudolph Seldner, executor, against Regun Realty Co. et al.; action 2; Lorraz Realty Corp. to Francis McDermott, 315 ft w of 92d St, may $109,500; attorney, Guarantee Title and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

HUDSON ST, 543, w s, 63.1 ft s of Perry St, 18.10x73.6x17.9x70.2; Hudson St, 545, w s, 44.2 ft s of Perry St, 18.10x79.2x17.9x84.9; Margaret Blakley, individually and as executrix, to Samuel G. Blakley, 502 South 6th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., son of party of first part, all liens, May 23, being part of his interest in estate; address, 661 West 180th St.....$22,000

By Charles A. Berrian.

West St, 420, e s, 73.3 ft n of Perry St, 23x71.6, four-story building, with store; Joseph Roth and another against Madison Avenue Real Estate Co. et al.; Colner & C., attorneys; due, $2,293.94; to Sarah D. Donovan, for $16,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Spring St, 113, n s, 75 ft w of Mercer St, 37.6x100, five-story lofts and stores; Mutual Life Insurance Co. against Eugene Rothschild et al; F. L. Allen, attorney; due, $40,-996.57; taxes, &c., $2,321.04; to the plaintiff for $29,750.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By George Price.

Jerome Av, n w corner of 192d St, 286.1x100x irregular, vacant; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. against Bronxwood Avenue Construction Corporation et al; Dean, T. & M., attorneys; due, $204,402.26; taxes, &c., $2,-218.66; to the plaintiff for $210,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

1st Av, n e corner of 62d St, for a two-story garage, 71.7x131.6; L. Schumacher, 1,128 1st Av, owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $35,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.
story store and offices: M. A. Fitzgerald.

62 Cedar St, owner; H. P. A. Montgomery and J. T. Riggs, 105 West 40th St, architects; cost, $25,000.

Gramercy Park, 2, to a four-story dwelling; R. C. Lee, 4 West 40th St, owner; A. Emsbury, 182 Madison Av, architect; cost, $8,000.

White St, 28, to a six-story store and loft; F. M. Lupton, Inc., 80 Lafayette St, owner; O. Whitenack, 231 West 18th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

17th St, 314 West, to a four-story school; city, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, 500 Park Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Broadway, n w corner of 37th St, to a two-

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 106th St, 47.10x100; Warlock Corp. to Palher Realty Co., 233 Broadway, 20x100.5, 4-story building; adjourned sine die. 11th St, 243-245 West, n s, 200 ft. e of 5th Av, 40x100.11, 6-story flat and stores; Carter Phelps against Mary Hershfield et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $56,287.16; taxes, &c., $677.89; to the plaintiff for $45,000.

114th St, 37 West, n s, 495 ft. w of 5th Av, 25x100.11, 5-story flat; M. S. Lamson against Anna Deutsch et al.; Gordon & R., attorneys; due, $75,190.43; taxes, &c., $546.10; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

83d St, 441 East, n s, 218 ft w of Av A, 24.11x102.2, 5-story tenement; Emily Fuller and another against Jacob Horowitz et al.; Amend & A., attorneys; due, $14,502.49; taxes, &c., $886.40; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

By Henry Brady.

Av C, 201, w s, 51 ft. n of 12th St, 25x70, 4-story tenement and store; Rudolph Seldner, executor, against Regun Realty Co. et al.; action 2; due, $11,802.19; taxes, &c., $281.82; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Willett St, 70, e s, 70 ft. s of Rivington St, 30.2x100.4x irreg, 2-story synagogue and 5-story tenement; A. A. Alexander et al. against Rensselaer Verbrudderungs Verein et al.; Dean, T. & M., attorneys; due, $34,-215.05; taxes, &c., $885.35; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Charles A. Berrian.

West St, 420, e s, 73.3 ft n of Perry St, 23x71.6, four-story building, with store; Joseph Roth and another against Madison Avenue Real Estate Co. et al; Colner & C., attorneys; due, $2,293.94; to Sarah D. Donovan, for $16,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Spring St, 113, n s, 75 ft w of Mercer St, 37.6x100, five-story lofts and stores; Mutual Life Insurance Co. against Eugene Rothschild et al; F. L. Allen, attorney; due, $40,-996.57; taxes, &c., $2,321.04; to the plaintiff for $29,750.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By George Price.

Jerome Av, n w corner of 192d St, 286.1x100x irregular, vacant; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. against Bronxwood Avenue Construction Corporation et al; Dean, T. & M., attorneys; due, $204,402.26; taxes, &c., $2,-218.66; to the plaintiff for $210,500.

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Gramercy Park, 2, to a four-story dwelling; R. C. Lee, 4 West 40th St, owner; A. Emsbury, 182 Madison Av, architect; cost, $8,000.

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17th St, 314 West, to a four-story school; city, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, 500 Park Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Broadway, n w corner of 37th St, to a two-

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

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11th St, 243-245 West, n s, 200 ft. e of 5th Av, 40x100.11, 6-story flat and stores; Carter Phelps against Mary Hershfield et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $56,287.16; taxes, &c., $677.89; to the plaintiff for $45,000.

114th St, 37 West, n s, 495 ft. w of 5th Av, 25x100.11, 5-story flat; M. S. Lamson against Anna Deutsch et

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

WADSWORTH AV, 140, n w corner of 180th St, 119.6x90x irregular; May 22; George L. Hill Co. to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, and another, due as per bond, 6 p. c., prior mtg $180,000; attorney, Frederick Lees, 35 Nassau St.....$9,000

2D AV w s, 76.4 ft s of 106th St, 25.8x75, May 21; Abr. Kleinberg to Eastern District Savings Bank of Brooklyn, 1,024 Gates Av, Brooklyn, due Nov. 1, 1922; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$9,000

8TH AV, 530 to 534, e s, 89.6 ft s of 52d St, 58.3x180.3, w s of Broadway x63.5x107.11 to beginning, May 22; Theodore B. Hidden, trustee, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond, prior mtg $117,000.....$24,000

19TH ST, 144-46, West, s s, 197 ft e of 7th Av, 44x98.3x46.3x98.6, May 21; Farles Realties, Inc., to Charles G. Trautwein, trustee, 28 Sunnyside Drive, Yonkers, N. Y., due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$45,000

SAME PROPERTY, May 22; same to Morris Bergmann, 1,066 Carroll St, Brooklyn, and Emil Reich, 58 1st St, New York City, due May 8, 1918, 6 p. c., prior mtg $45,000; attorney, Herman Gottlieb, 299 Broadway.....$10,000

57TH ST, 14 West, s s, 275 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5, May 23; Henri Bendel, Inc. to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Geller, Roiston & Horan, 22 Exchange Place.....$175,000

109TH ST, 16 East, s s, 220 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; 109th St, 18 East, s s, 245 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11, May 22; August and August C. Weber, as committee, to William Osman, 242 East 52d St, 5 years; attorney, Lewis S. Goebel, 41 Park Row.....$12,000

150TH ST, 561 and 563 West, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 50x99.11, May 23; Daniel D. Davis Construction Co. to Morris Bergmann, 1,066 Carroll St, Brooklyn, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$10,000

Bronx.

GRAND AV, e s, 482.8 ft s of Burnside Av, 25x90; Herman Goldberger to New York Cooperative Building and Loan Association, 35 West 125th St, May 25, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, William Langdon, 2 Rector St.....$5,500

LOT 84, Map of Land at Unionport and Maples, 25x100; Maria Deriet to John Crozier, 1,617 Overing St, May 22, 3 years; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., 2,215 Westchester Av.....$1,000

WEST FARMS ROAD, n w s, at e s of Vyse Av, runs n 158± s e 86± s w 132.7± Vywest Building Corporation to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, May 22, due as per bond; attorney, Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway.....$60,000

UNIONPORT ROAD, 123.4 ft n of Westchester Av, 108x110x89x150; Isaac R. Rex to Thomas E. Messemer and another, 677 Dawson St, May 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$3,000

206TH ST, n s, 128.2 ft e of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25x86.11; Adolph Mousson to Hedurg Schwentner, 2,656 Decatur Av, May 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Herman G. Loew, 299 Broadway.....$1,500

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON ST, 101; Arthur L. Livemore, trustee, against Harry Guistein et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, D. V. Cahill.

7TH AV, 2,308; Union Trust Co. of N. Y. against Minnie Tolleris et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Miller, King, Lane & Trafford.

28TH ST, 513 to 519 West; L. A. Storch & Co. against Marginal Realty Corp., et al., action to foreclose mechanics' lien; attorney, B. Berger.

88TH ST, 70 West; West Side Savings Bank against Walworth Ward et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. Rowan.

88TH ST, 68 West; West Side Savings Bank against Walworth Ward et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. Rowan.

119TH ST, n s, 193 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.11; Ella H. Powell against Louis D. Greenberg et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

124TH ST, 248 East; Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co. against Philip A. Schindler, exr., et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

164TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x104; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of N. Y. against Charles Geiger et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. L. Allen.

Bronx.

SUMMIT AV, w s, 761.5 ft s of 165th St, 50x87.5; Rector, Church Warden, and Vestry of St. Alban's Church against McDermott & Hanigan et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Murray, Ingersoll, Hoge & Humphrey.

VYSE AV, w s, 200 ft s of 173d St, 25x100; Mary A. Curtiss against Moses L. Finkelstein et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Hirsh, Newman & Reass.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

JOHN ST, 15; Estey Bros. Co. against John V. Cockcroft, owner and contractor...$2,000

SAME PROPERTY; Gould & Vanderbank against same.....$4,868

SAME PROPERTY; Weber & Jones against same.....$1,152

JOHN ST, 15; J. D. Johnson Co., Inc., against John V. Cockcroft, owner and contractor; F. Bronson Monell, contractor.$1,484

SAME PROPERTY; Hugh M. Taylor against John V. Cockcroft, owner and contractor; F. Bronson Monell, contractor.....$4,164

JOHN ST, 15; McDougall & Potter Co. against John V. Cockcroft, owner and contractor.....$2,736

SAME PROPERTY; Justin C. O'Brien Co., Inc., against same.....$8,816

SAME PROPERTY; Ray Daisley & Co., Inc., against same.....$584

SAME PROPERTY; J. & F. Holler against same.....$984

10TH ST, 225 and 227 East; Mortis Kramer against Herman Levinsohn, owner and contractor.....$2,108

11TH AV, s w corner of 45th St, 100x100; A. E. Klotz Fireproofing Co. against Lindemann & Sons, owners; Joseph Lindsay, contractor.....$98

12TH ST, 329 West; Buchalter-Friedman Co., Inc., against Arkell R. McMichael, owner; Laitman & Aronsohn, contractors.....$450

18TH ST, s s, whole front between Broadway and 7th Av, 98x100x60x100; Julius Guttmann against Broadway and 7th Av Co., Inc., et al., owners; Arthur Brounet, contractor.....$740

20TH ST, n s, 234 ft e of 12th Av, 25x100; Hyman Zerman against Robert Ray et al., executors, owners; L. G. House Engineering Co., Inc., contractor.....$105

Bronx.

CROTONA PARKWAY, s e corner of Elsmere Place, 100.7x205.1; Hyman Zerman against Edmund Francis Realty Co., Inc., owner; Fried-Gissing Construction Co., Ltd., and Edmund Francis Realty Co., Inc., contractors.....$125

ELSMERE PLACE, 915; Hyman Zerman against Edmund Francis Realty Co., Inc., owner; Fried-Gissing Construction Co., Ltd., and Edmund Francis Realty Co., Inc., contractors.....$3,590

180TH ST, n e corner of Sheridan Av, 100x100; Frank Wellette against Charles T. Streeter Construction Co., Charles T. Streeter, and John Kenny, owners; Charles T. Streeter Construction Co. and Charles T. Streeter, contractors.....$8,500

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

Bronx.

WEST FARMS ROAD, n w side, at intersection of e s of Vyse Av, 182.6x158.2; Manhattan Mortgage Co. loans Vywest Building Corporation, to erect one five-story apartment, (10 payments).....$60,000

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORGENTHAU JR & CO.
MORTGAGES
25 PINE STREET

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

To-Day

at 12 o'Clock Noon, at Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., New York City.

Special Sales Day

AUCTION SALE OF

Business Buildings
Bronx Waterfront Sites
Bronx Factory Sites
Bronx Building Lots
Hotel

Phone for particulars, or, better still, come to the sale.

Phone 744 Cort. Joseph P. Day Auctioneer. 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TIMES SQUARE SECTION
ADJOINING COR. B'WAY
PLOT 100 X 100
B'WAY CONNECTION
IF DESIRED.
JOHN N. GOLDING,
9 PINE ST.,
5TH AVE., COR. 45TH ST.

To the Steel and Iron Automobile, Shipbuilding and Railroad Interests

Engineers, Machinists, Allied Industries and Their Employees

When the war started three years ago nobody wanted U. S. Steel at $40 per share; nobody could see its value.

Today it is selling at $127 a share, paying extra dividends, and everybody wishes he had bought it.

You have accumulated wonderful profits during the past three years.

You are bound to have tremendous prosperity during the coming years.

The most dangerous period in the life of an individual, a corporation or institution is when it is prosperous. It is then that one is apt to make mistakes because one "knows it all."

Nobody wants Real Estate now. In three years from now everybody will probably want it, and pay big prices for it.

Put aside *now* in Real Estate some of your profits. Property along the new White Plains Extension of the Subway is a safe, conservative investment; it cannot get away from you, you control it and you know as times goes on it is bound to increase in value—the same as it always has along new subway lines.

Unprotected Auction Sale of 1445 Lots

on and adjacent to Boston Post Road and White Plains Road

Lorillard Spencer Estate

for the Heirs and New York Public Library

Saturday, June 2d, on property

Titles Insured Free by N. Y. Mortgage & Title Co.

Send for Booklet

75% at 5% or 60% at 3½% } can remain on mortgage

J. Clarence Davies, 149th Street and 3d Avenue
Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau Street
Agents and Auctioneers

Government Bonds or Subscriptions Taken in Payment of Lots

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Eighth Avenue Corner Bargain

We offer at bargain price, to settle an Estate, the S. W. corner of 8th Ave. and 19th St.

A five-story business building on lot 69.8x104.

Can give immediate possession, and will make very easy terms.

No exchange considered.

Full commission to brokers.

Loton H. Slawson Company
171 Madison Avenue N. Y. City

SACRIFICE SALE

A client has taken in trade eleven parcels located in Brooklyn and Manhattan; six have been resold, and those remaining will be sold at exceptionally low prices. Each property leased to one tenant; equities range from $4,000 upward. Opportunity to secure bargain.

BYRNE & BAUMANN,
30 East 42nd St.

PRIVATE HOUSES
For Sale or To Rent
MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY
56 West 45th St. (Tel. Vanderbilt 2028.)

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pretty Brick Houses

Mapleton Park
"The Beautiful"

Flooded with Sunshine, Health, Happiness and Hygiene.

Homes of Artistic Design and Finish. Refined surroundings. Handy to beaches. 24 minutes' ride from City Hall, N. Y. Prices, $4,500 to $6,750. Send for Easy Payment Plan. The most attractive proposition in Brooklyn.

ALCO BUILDING COMPANY
Take Sea Beach Subway from City Hall, N. Y., to 22d Av. Station. Office opposite station.
New York Office, 217 B'way. Phone Cortlandt 7440.

You Can Save Enough to Invest $1050 IN LIBERTY BONDS By Buying One of These New One-Family Brick Houses.

20 ft. wide, lot 100 ft. deep; steam heat, electric light; large porch.

Lots sold for.....$1,500
Houses would cost to build..4,500
Value.....$6,000

WILL SELL FOR $4950
AUTO DRIVEWAY, IF DESIRED, $250 MORE.

SEE THEM TODAY.
They cannot be duplicated later.

54th Street, bet. 11th and 12th Aves.
West End Line (4th Ave. Subway) to 55th St.
REALTY ASSOCIATES, OWNERS.

MILL BASIN

Jamaica Bay's new industrial centre and great addition to New York's waterfront. Send for descriptive booklet, "MILL BASIN."

Atlantic, Gulf & Pacific Co.,
Room 2406
Park Row Building, New York City

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

OVERLOOKING THE SOUND

House of ten rooms and 2 baths; open fireplace; sleeping porches; hot-water heat; gas; electricity; sewer, water, &c.; privilege of restricted bathing beach, dock, anchorage, &c.; large grounds; 27 minutes from Herald Square; short distance to station; restricted locality; reasonable terms if desired; bargain for cash. B. Stephenson, 243 W. 34th St., N. Y. City.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Worth Investigating

An exceptional opportunity. Nearly new 10-room house with bath. House in fine condition—good neighborhood. Plot 60x100. Golf, Country Club. Tennis Court very handy. Five minutes to station. 27 minutes to New York. Price $6,000; convenient terms. House alone couldn't be duplicated at this figure today. W. V. Champlin, 838 Riverside Drive, New York.

Forest Hills Gardens

"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."
15 Minutes from Penn. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 West 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.
Send for Booklet T.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pelham Manor on Sound

FOR SALE

Colonial House, 10 rooms, three baths; near water and station; restricted neighborhood; easy terms to responsible party.

FOR RENT

Apartments seven rooms, three baths; beautiful outlook, choicest section, $1,000 upward.

Also a few 2 and 3 room suites.

A. W. COLE, Owner, 114 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Tel 1991—Pelham. N. Y., Chelsea—720.

BIGGEST REAL ESTATE OFFICE IN THE WORLD.

Headquarters for Westchester and Long Island Real Estate.
ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION
Country Life Exposition, Grand Central Terminal.
(Take Special Elevator on Suburban Ramp.)

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

At Scarsdale

Attractive place, 10 acres, with lake; Colonial dwelling, 11 rooms, 3 baths; all improvements; two-car garage, with chauffeur's apartment; high elevation. Further particulars,

FOX REALTY COMPANY,
51 EAST 42D ST.

New Chester Hill House for Rent

Near station, high and grammar schools; 10 rooms, 2 baths, parquet floors, steam heat, stucco exterior; fireproof garage under house; inclosed breakfast and sleeping porches; ready for occupancy June 1; privilege of tennis court; rent $1,500; price $13,500.

Anderson Realty Co. Near New Haven Sta., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Country Home for sale or lease, because of death of owner, furnished or unfurnished; 28 minutes from Grand Central; overlooking Hudson; 10 rooms, 2 sleeping porches, 2 baths; garage, chauffeur's room.

SPUYTEN DUYVIL, 231ST STREET.
TELEPHONE KINGSBRIDGE 183.

COLONIAL HEIGHTS.

Only 30 minutes from Grand Central on the Harlem Division. For sale, new Dutch Colonial house; 8 large rooms, 2 baths, 2 fireplaces; large porch; garage; plot 100x115. Full particulars, L. H. TASKER, 154 Nassau St., New York.

Country Homes, Farms, Estates.

White Plains, Scarsdale, Pleasantville, Katonah, Bedford, Mt. Kisco sections. FURNISHED & UNFURNISHED RENTALS.
Phone 4616 White Plains, N. Y.
Clark, Lee, Tibbits Co.

35 Minutes from Grand Central.

Greystone-on-Hudson, overlooking Palisades; all-year home, 12 rooms, 5 baths; large corner plot; garage for 2 cars. For sale or will lease for five years. Harrington, 33 Old Broadway, N. Y.

SCARSDALE, GREENACRES.

For Sale or Summer Rental.

English house, new; 8 rooms, 3 baths, sleeping porch, garage; short walk to Hartsdale Station and golf club. P. O. Box 343, Hartsdale, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN

Gentleman's Country Home, 70 acres, buildings all new and up-to-date; 10-room dwelling, tenant house, outbuildings; elevation; beautiful views. Commuting distance N. J. Central. Cost $35,000; sacrifice one-half. Address Owner, Room 703, 141 Broadway, N. Y.

MONTCLAIR

$9,000 Unusual opportunity; new white Colonial house; centre hall; large living room with fireplace; sun porch; dining room; butlery; all gas kitchen; 4 bedrooms, sleeping porch, tiled bath; steam; electric; good size plot; choice neighborhood. Murdoch, op. Yackawanna. Ph. 676 Mtc.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Private All Year Home on Inland Lake

BIG BARGAIN $7,250

Will sell on your own terms; has actual lake ownership, which includes all privileges; House is near Boulevard; grounds 125x180 ft., beautifully planted; a charming home of nine rooms and two baths, the huge living room with fireplace, a very handsome llvable room, dining room, the kitchen and pantry fully equipped; there are six fine bedrooms, two baths and big storage room; unusual country advantages and every city convenience are here; a fine country club, school, churches, and lakes are within a short distance of the house; commutation to New York City; this is a real bargain, and you could not equal it anywhere for less than two or three thousand more.

I have photographs and will send full particulars. Address F. B. WELLS, 170 Broadway. Tel. 1321 Cortlandt

Equity Sacrifice.

Business reasons force me to sell—am willing to lose money to sell now.

Ask $8,500

and will give any reasonable terms to reliable purchaser.

Is in parklike surroundings, high in hills, but not isolated; good neighbors, refined people. Fine public schools and churches are nearby. Excellent commuting service to N. Y. City, with express stations. You could not find a more charming home; has particularly well planned interior, no lost space; has 10 large rooms, two baths; the grounds are 100 by 165 feet, with sweeping views of sparkling lakes. There is a big living room with old fashioned open fireplace and every city convenience. There are two golf clubs, also a country club. You could make no mistake in purchasing this home, and the price I ask is about the cost of the house alone. Telephone me Cort.—1523, or address

W. C. BARRY, 168 B'way, N. Y. Room 1312.

SACRIFICE

At Montclair, N. J.—Mountainside Home of field stone and stucco construction—unusual architecture—10 rooms and 3 baths. Indirect steam heating system, oak floors, fireproof garage. Pergola connecting residence and log cabin for children. Bounded by beautiful estates, nestled amid towering shade trees and commanding the glory of the evening sunsets and western hills. Cost $24,000. Owner will sacrifice.

Frank Hughes-Taylor Company
Real Estate Brokers.
At Lackawanna Ter., Montclair, N. J.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WONDERFUL BARGAIN
$12.50 PER LOT

Twenty-two lots, 45,000 square feet, $12.50 per lot; will sell all for $275; all you need is $25 cash, balance $8 per month; the property is high and dry; short walk to station and river; boating, bathing, and fishing nearby; excellent soil for fruit, berries, and vegetables; splendid climate for poultry raising; plenty of work on nearby millionaires' estates. Why live in crowded city when you can enjoy and own your own home in good, healthy country for less money than you pay rent? Call or write for free tickets to inspect this property. B ESTATE, 243 W. 34th St., N. Y. City.

Just Like the Adirondacks Only Fifty Minutes from New York

ONLY fifty minutes by train, one hour by automobile over perfect roads, to beautiful log cabins set deep in the woods.

The "Wilderness" is for sale, 224 acres in the heart of the historic Sleepy Hollow Country, adjoining the golf course, near the most luxurious country club in the world, five minutes from Briarcliff Lodge. Beautiful panoramic view of the Hudson, from the Palisades to the lower Catskills.

The owner's house and guest house with big open fireplaces and three baths each, dining and social halls, servants' quarters, water tower and garage are all built in the style of log cabins from special wood; seven buildings in all and two tenant farmers' homes on property.

One-half mile of Macadam road leading to house, beautiful lake for swimming in summer, skating in winter, perfect sewerage system, tennis courts and everything which goes to make up a complete gentleman's estate, and only fifty minutes from the hot city to the cool woods.

Telephone or write at once for price and further particulars to

KENNETH IVES
7 East 42nd Street,
New York City.
Or your own Broker.

HEALTH—PLEASURE—PROFIT

is YOURS by purchasing at

Absolute Auction May 31—June 1 and 2

A Home or Bungalow Site at Great Neck, L. I.
25 Minutes from Penn. Terminal, N. Y.

On the property of the Great Neck Villa Co., a select development of about 25 all year residences. All city improvements; 10 minutes' easy walk from railroad station.

High rolling ground, winding roads, with beautiful views over surrounding country and many plots with water views over the Sound. Plots large enough for garage and vegetable gardens.

Easy Terms, 10% down, monthly installments, or 70% mortgage

Examine Property at my expense.

Write, Phone or Call for Particulars.

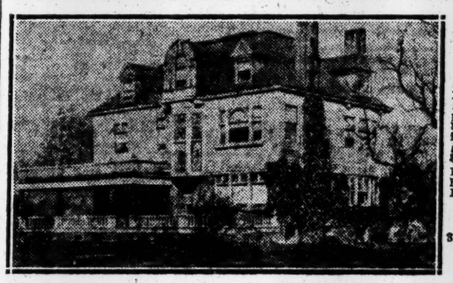
GEORGE G. BAKER, Auctioneer, 501 Fifth Ave.
Phone Vanderbilt 3942.

On the Sound At GREENWICH

A cool shore residence with reviving, light breezes and tonic salt air, may be rented completely furnished, including linen and silver, from June 1st to Dec. 1st, for $4,500.

House contains 20 rooms, 6 master's bedrooms, 3 baths; 8 servants' rooms and bath. Garage for 4 cars, with living apartment above; 3 acres with flower and vegetable gardens and great shade trees to the water's edge. Convenient to station. Brokers protected.

LADD & NICHOLS
Real Estate
TEL. 1717 GREENWICH, CONN.



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In Bloomfield, N. J. 11 rooms, hardwood floors, 3 open fireplaces and mantels, beamed ceilings, built-in sideboard, stained glass windows; $14,000.

Barn, 1 acre ground. Easy commutation by D., L. & W. or Erie.

GEO. R. EWAN,
329 Belleville Ave., Bloomfield, N. J.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEPONSIT

Right on the Atlantic. Safe Private Beach. Every possible city convenience with all the charm of the seashore. Wisely restricted, no undesirable element—and

Within Easy Commuting Distance

Finely appointed club house, excellent fishing, land and aquatic sports. Exceedingly liberal terms. There is positively nothing approachig NEPONSIT on the Atlantic Coast. A few nicely furnished homes for rent.

Take Advantage of War Time Prices

NEPONSIT REALTY COMPANY
Suite 509, 1 W. 34th St., New York City

TO SETTLE AN ESTATE

We are offering a number of very desirable building plots, at greatly reduced prices, in beautiful DOUGLASS MANOR. These plots are located in the very best part of the Manor, some having a shore frontage. Douglass Manor is only 25 minutes from Penn. Station, 34th, with good, clean electric train service. For further information apply to

MEIGHAN & MAGILL,
30 E. 42nd St., N. Y. C.
Phone 3495 Murray Hill.

CHICKEN FARM

with 5-room house and outbuildings; chicken house; fine soil; suitable for poultry and pigeon raising and truck farming; beautiful grove of trees; house contains water, range, tubs, full size cellar, porch, &c.; ideal location; near station and trolley to town where there is a large demand for all products; about an hour out; in a pretty north shore town; $15 a month and small amount down from an interested, responsible party. Baker, Box 249 Times Downtown.

SEASHORE BUNGALOW

Large rooms, bathroom, up-to-date in every detail; water, gas, electricity; select neighborhood; large garden plot; five minutes' walk to restricted bathing beach; greatest bargain of the year for $3,200; house alone would cost $1,000 more if built at today's prices; only 40 minutes out; will sell on easy terms to responsible party as low as $250 cash, balance same as rent. B. Jones, Room 610, 141 Broadway, N. Y.

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EAST RIVER WATER FRONT

Nine acres in Astoria, opposite 110th Street, Manhattan; near express station on dual subway system; five-cent fare to all parts of the city; 18 minutes from Grand Central subway station. Ideal location for an institution or a large building operation. Can sell now at a bargain.

RICKERT-FINLAY REALTY CO.
1 West 34th St. Tel. 5600—Greeley

ROCKAWAY PARK.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

White stucco cement house; beautiful situation; electricity, gas, hot water, heat, large porch on ocean side; seven bedrooms, three bathrooms, living and dining rooms; bathhouse in cellar, with shower; must be seen to be appreciated. Apply owner, Arthur J. O'Keeffe, 45 John St., N. Y. Telephone 2580 John, or 69 Fiske Place, Brooklyn; telephone 9269 Prospect.

QUALITY COTTAGES

$3,500, with upstairs sleeping porch, 6 rooms and bath; lots 100 by 195 feet deep; open fireplace, steam heat, rich decorations, gas, large pantry, verandas, the last word in style, durability, and finish; station 5 minutes' walk, near bay; all the pleasures of the water; 25 miles out, South Shore; easiest terms, same as rental.

A. B. M'CORD, Bellmore, L. I.

Commuting Estate Bargain

Magnificent five-acre estate, overlooking Bay; beautiful grounds, handsomely landscaped; residence 15 rooms, 4 baths; stables, garage, poultry houses, numerous outbuildings; perfect condition; near golf, country clubs; $30,000, worth double.

HARVEY B. NEWINS,
WOOLWORTH BUILDING., NEW YORK.

IDEAL BUNGALOW

Owner's loss your profit; cozy 5-room bungalow, well built; full cellar; poultry houses, outbuildings; 70,000 square feet; shaded property; few minutes to station and trolley and beautiful harbor; must be sold within ten days; take $150 cash first payment; balance $15 per month; perfect title. B., Bungalow, 245 W. 34th St., N. Y. City.

$1650 For small farm, good roomy house, garden plot, makes ideal home for party wanting small place for chickens and vegetables; large town, near depot, trolley and water; $100 cash and $12 monthly to responsible party. B., Owner, 105 Flatbush Ave., B'klyn.

LEAVING CITY

MUST SELL 2 lots on improved street, Hollis Manor, L. I., 25 minutes from Pennsylvania Depot; sacrifice, quick sale. Address X 360 Times Annex.

NEW APARTMENT HOUSE.
N. W. Cor. West End Av. & 104th St.
In course of completion.

The most modern idea in residential building construction.

NOW RENTING FROM THE PLANS
Apartments of
6, 7 & 8 ROOMS, 2 & 3 BATHS

Large foyers, abundance of light and closet room. Southern exposure, etc.

Plans can be seen on premises daily, including Sunday.

Full list of apartments, 4 to 12 rooms, $660 to $4,200 per annum, for rent from October 1st in other high-class houses under our management and ownership can be had by writing, telephoning or calling at the main office of

PATERNO BROS., Owners,
JOSEPH PATERNO, Pres. ANTHONY A. PATERNO, Sec'y
Office, 601 West 115th St., at Broadway. Open Sunday.
Tel. 1114 Morningside.

Apartments of the Highest Type

Absolutely Fireproof—Every Modern Improvement
Leasing Now for Oct. First. A Few Are Now Available.

The Gramont
215 W. 98th St.
N. E. Cor. B'way.
One 6—One 7 Room Apartment

Gramont Annex
207 W. 98th St.
Adjacent B'way.
One Four Room Apartment

The Alameda
255 W. 84th St.
N. E. Cor. B'way.
One 5—One 6 Room Apartment

The San Jose
500 West End Ave.
N. E. Cor. 84th St.
One Six Room Apartment

No apartments in the city can boast of superior advantages, exclusiveness, transit facilities, size of rooms, location. With plenty of light, and abundant closet space.

Ownership Management.
A1 References Indispensable.

The Langham

73d St.—Central Park West—74th St.

Situated in one of the most exclusive locations in the city, this building combines the luxury and elegance of the finest private residences with the comfort, convenience and service of an apartment.

Suites of 9 Rooms & Upward
REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES, OR
L. J. Phillips & Co., Agents
72d St. & Columbus Ave. Telephone Columbus 2750

A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 EAST 42ND ST.
OFFER TO RENT FROM NEXT OCTOBER A FEW DESIRABLE APARTMENTS AT
119 WEST 71ST ST. 6 ROOMS & 2 BATHS $1750
140 WEST 71ST ST. 8 ROOMS & 3 BATHS $2300
4 ROOMS & BATH $950 DOCTOR'S APARTMENT 3 ROOMS $800

3 and 4 Story Private Dwellings
NOS. 107-109-111-113-121-139
WEST 73RD STREET
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION ON FOUR
POSSESSION OCT. 1ST 1917 ON OTHERS
RENTS $1600 TO $1800
APPLY ON PREMISES OR TO ABOVE ADDRESS

Rose Court

NEW 5 STORY APARTMENT
603 ACADEMY ST.,
N. E. COR. SHERMAN AVE.

3-4-5 Room Apts. Every convenience, including hall service, exceptionally well built house; ideally located, near Dyckman St. Subway Station. $32 to $50

REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IDEAL HOME

Price $5,500, including garage. Cash required $500. Owing to business changes, must sell; house has seven large rooms and cosy inglenook, with open fireplace, large closets, sanitary gas kitchen, tiled bathroom; large piazza; located on large plot; 30 minutes from New York; good transportation. Schools, clubs, churches. All the conveniences, sewer, water, gas, electricity. This is not a speculative built house, but was built by owner by day's work for his own occupancy. Full particulars,

A. A. CHRISTIE.
Room 518, 47 West 34th St.

Gentleman's Suburban Home

In highest, healthiest, part of the beautiful Orange Mountains; 20 acr eEstate, with large residence, numerous outbuildings, &c.; to settle estate; no reasonable offer refused; an exceptional opportunity to quick buyer. For particulars apply

Samuel H. Martin,
1,974 Broadway, N. Y. C.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Suburban Estate

A charming home and fine farm within commuting distance, will be sold by the owner, moving to another home, at a price which makes it the most attractive proposition I have in this section; details and map on request.

Howard Goldsmith,
Nyack-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

SUMMER HOMES.

Furnished.

Summer Rental

Estate of 300 acres in exclusive Mt. Kisco district. Large old-fashioned Colonial house, surrounded by shade trees and gardens, extended views of hills and water; exceptionally cool. House contains living room, 30x50; 6 large master bedrooms and 4 baths, 6 servants' rooms and bath; house completely remodeled last year, and beautifully furnished; cottage containing 3 servants' sleeping rooms; garage, with 3 sleeping rooms. This property never offered for rent before; $6,000 for season; immediate possession.

LEWIS S. PRESTON
Tel. 7475 Cortlandt. 165 B'way.

NEW HAMBURG, N. Y.

Desirable six-room furnished cottage on bank of the Hudson; river view; five minutes to H. R. R. R. or steamboat dock; June 1 to Oct. 1, $1.75; adults. Tel. Audubon 1190, Apt. 2A.

SUMMER HOMES.

Furnished.

Furnished Bungalow for Rent

ON BELGRADE LAKES, MAINE.

Four double rooms, 2 maids' rooms, 2 baths; living rooms, open fireplace; garage with chauffeur's room and bath; boat house, motor boat, canoe and rowboat; 200 feet from lake shore in 5 acres of woodland and clearing; tennis court; furnishings complete. On Bar Harbor Express Line. Apply or address Charles Edwin Fox, Stock Exchange Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

HOTEL LASALLE
80 EAST SIXTIETH STREET
New York's Highest Type Apartment-Hotel

October Leases are now being made
Apartments of 1 2, 3 or more large rooms (furnished or unfurnished) Restaurant service equal to the finest Hotels. The LaSalle is under the supervision of M. E. Sniffen of Millbrook Inn, Dutchess County, and late of Hotel Hawthorne, New York.

Apply to Weld & Sugdam, Agents, 50 East 42nd St.
Phone Murray Hill 815, or your own broker

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LOFT
WITH FINE LIGHT.
7,500 sq. ft. to Floor.
247-253 W. 19th St.
New Subway Station, 18th St. and 7th Av.
Modern, well-kept building, 100% sprinkler system; suitable any business.
To Lease at Reasonable Rent.
Apply Superintendent, or Revel Realty & Securities Co., Owner, 51 Chambers St. Phone 732—Worth. Or your own broker.

439-441 Lafayette St.
Near Astor Place, 2nd and 4th (top)
LOFTS—50 x 80.
Heat; freight and passenger elevators; fireproof building. Immediate possession.
Wm. H. Whiting & Co.
41 PARK ROW. TEL. 5900 CORT.

GARAGE Vicinity Grand Central Palace

Owner will build for a responsible party on long term lease 6-story modern fireproof garage about 7,700 square feet. Full particulars from

NEHRING BROTHERS
St. Nicholas Av. & 174th St.

133 WEST 72D STREET
MODERN BUILDING FOR
PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS
Single and Double Suites.
Inquire Superintendent.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
S. E. CORNER IRVING PL. AND 16TH STREET

Store, basement and two connecting lofts; up to the minute building; maximum of light, minimum rental, surrounded by concerns of international reputation.

35,000 square feet or less available, most centrally and conveniently located, all subways, "L" and crosstown cars close by.

If you are looking for a location insuring the exclusiveness, individuality, dignity and prominence of an entire building, see this space.

Full Commission to Brokers.

IRVING H. WOLFE, 225 WEST 39TH ST. Tel. Bryant 6506.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

ALWYN COVRT

One of the Finest Residential Buildings in the World. Includes Every Modern Improvement & Convenience.

Suites of 10 Rooms and 5 Bathrooms
Also 12 Rooms and 5 Bathrooms

Larger Arrangements if Desired.

For entertaining, these apartments are unsurpassed. A big, spacious living room, 30x19, with open fireplace, adjoins the music room, salon, reception hall and conservatory, making it possible with the special arrangement of folding doors to throw all of these rooms together. The Chambers are of good proportions and, facing directly outside, have an abundance of air and sunshine.

THE SERVICE AT ALWYN COURT EQUALS THAT FOUND IN NEW YORK'S BEST HOTELS.

Inspection Invited
Renting Agent on Premises.
182 West 58th Street

Strathmore House

Riverside Drive
At 113th Street
Southeast Corner

9 Rooms and 3 Baths,
12 Rooms, 4 Baths,
$3,000-$4,000

Splendid view of river. Large, sunny rooms. Exceptionally large closets. Decoration to suit.

Owner on Premises.
Telephone 488 Morningside.

815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 75TH ST.
New Building
Ready for Occupancy About Sept. 1st.
7 & 8 ROOMS
3 Baths
$2,500 to $3,600
Renting Agent on premises. Phone 6989 Lenox

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
Doctor's Offices
Suitable for Nose or Throat Specialist.
2 Rooms, Bath.
34 West 51st St.
EUGENE A. WALSH
66 East 123d Street,
or Premises. Phone 1517 Harlem.

666 St. Nicholas Ave. South of 145th St.
New Elevator Apartments
3 ROOMS and Bath, $38
All Modern Appointments and Conveniences.

528 Riverside Drive,
OPPOSITE GRANT'S TOMB.
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms, $50-$80.
Large, Beautiful Rooms; Every Convenience

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

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THE WOOLSEY
141 EAST 44TH ST.
2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette.
Unfurnished, $62.50; Furnished, $85 to $100
Inquire on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

BRONX.

CRESTON ARMS
Open for Inspection
3-4 ROOMS
With Every Modern Convenience
2,420 Creston Ave.,
South of Fordham Road.
MODERATE RENTALS.
Agent on Premises or
E. G. SMITH, 188th St., Creston Ave.

MORRIS AVE. and 181ST ST.
ONE BLOCK FROM NEW SUBWAY.
3-4 EXTRA LARGE ROOM APARTMENTS TO LEASE; UP TO DATE. **$25-$35**
NEW BUILDINGS

THE LORINGTON
2,226 LORING PLACE,
Near New York University Hall of Fame.
High-class apartments, 4 and 5 rooms, parquet floors, tiled kitchen, hall service, and highest class modern improvements; exclusive neighborhood; attractive rents; concession.

Bedford Park-Mosholu Arms Apts.
199th St., Briggs to Bainbridge Ave.
5 ROOMS $56;
6 ROOMS $63.
Class of tenants restricted.

BROOKLYN.

RARE OPPORTUNITY
Owners of several high-class apartment houses, located in several high-class residential sections, having few vacancies, are desirous of filling them at liberal concessions.

These apartments are well managed, new, and up to date, with good transit facilities. Address INDUCEMENT, 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite. Rates, $70 monthly and up; also weekly rates. Breakfast and dinner, $3 weekly (optional).
HOTEL NORLETON, 128 West 73d St.
One block from subway express and elevated station. All cars and bus lines. References.

SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.
Cool, Clean and Convenient.
Hotel with Restaurant, Furnished 1-2 and 3-Room Apartments and Private Baths with Showers. Monticello, 35 West 64th St.

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"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND
IS A WISE MOVE."

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For Sale or Rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

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REAL ESTATE,
5 BEEKMAN ST. Tel. Cortland 1132.
710 MADISON AV. Tel. Plaza 4951.
Complete Apartment House Guide of Fifth and Park Avenue Apartments Sent on Request.
DOUGLAS L. ELLIMAN & CO.,
414 Madison Avenue, at 48th St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Easy housekeeping homes on Crown St., between Bedford and Rogers Ave.; both sides of street built up; two stories, 7 rooms and bath; driveway in rear. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Manhattan Beach lots; swept by ocean breezes; with all improvements in and paid for; can be bought NOW at $510 each. Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

ATTRACTIVE Summer and ALL-YEAR HOMES now ready for inspection at HOWARD BEACH ESTATES, the seaside country home community within the city; 30 minutes from Broadway; all improvements; restricted; water frontage; bathing, boating, fishing; investigate before buying elsewhere. Office, 51 Chambers St. Phone Worth 3556.

$150 cash buys my seven-room house, bath, heat, and all improvements; electricity, gas, &c.; large plot, good soil for vegetables and poultry; will take balance $18 per month; the property must be sold at once; perfect title. LANE, BOX 275 Times Downtown.

Will sacrifice corner plot, 48x100, City Line, Jamaica, near Fulton St. elevated extension, Braden, 2,080 Grand Av., Bronx.

KEW GARDENS.—New house, 9 rooms, 2 baths. 6028 Murray Hill. 39 Richmond Hill.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful home, South Yonkers; high ground, extensive view, overlooking Van Cortlandt Park; modern, new stucco house, 10 rooms, two baths, sleeping porch, wide veranda; quartered oak trim, parquet floors, large fireplace, all improvements; sun parlor, well heated; garage; ground 75x100; large trees; must be seen to appreciate; two minutes walk to Caryl station; $11,000, terms to suit, or will rent for $85 monthly. E. A. Fairbanks, 54 Manhattan St. Tel. 8824 Morningside.

Country home for sale or lease because of death of owner, furnished or unfurnished; 28 minutes from Grand Central; overlooking Hudson; 10 rooms, 2 sleeping porches, 2 baths; garage; chauffeur's room. Spuyten Duyvil, 231st St. Telephone Kingsbridge 183.

RIVER VIEW MANOR—Established community of homes, every city convenience, high elevation, no malaria, no mosquitoes; well designed and constructed houses; $7,000 and up. Hastings Homes Co., 41 Park Row.

$500 and your present monthly rental will buy your home at Mamaroneck, New Rochelle and Larchmont, N. Y. Country Home League, 40 W. 32d St. Phone 9860 Madison.

Dwelling arranged for two families; all improvements; grounds 100x200; garage if necessary; located at North Yonkers. Robert Ellis, 2,280 Sedgwick Av., Bronx.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

BEAUTIFUL new seashore bungalow, 5 rooms, bath; California style; all large, airy rooms, nicely finished; open brick fireplace; paneled walls, beamed ceilings, steam heat, water, gas, &c.; connecting bath with bedroom; combination kitchen; large porch, overlooking bay; fine view; one block from private bathing beach; great for all water sports; near trolley and in good neighborhood; schools, stores, churches nearby; only 40 minutes from New York; owner will sacrifice to quick buyer for $250 down, $18 monthly. For further information write Bungalow Owner, 280 Times Downtown.

Residence on corner plot, 100x100; ten rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, steam heat and electric light; porch and window screens; restricted neighborhood; 33 minutes from Wall St., 3 minutes to station or trolley; $45 per month; with garage and extra ground, $48. Gross, owner, 111 Water St., city. Telephone Hanover 757.

$30 LOTS at Huntington, full sized, 25x100 feet each; high land; good investment; near trolley and main road to depot and N. Y.; 10,000 population; schools, stores, water, &c.; $2 down and $1 monthly; title guaranteed. Free R. R. tickets. Write or call A. Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$1,500 for old house and half acre, (20,800 square feet;) needs few repairs; makes good country home; plenty of ground for vegetables and berries; only $75 cash and $10 monthly; near water. Write for detailed information. Johnson, 259 Times Downtown.

For sale or for rent cheap picnic park at Woodside; also suitable for a factory; ground 75 by 200, with two buildings; price and plans; for rent very reasonable. Inquire at 23 Steinway Av., Long Island City.

FREEPORT WATERFRONT.
Bungalows and houses, $2,500 up; also building plots on Randall Bay and Woodcleft Bay; low prices, easy terms; send for circular. JOHN J. RANDALL CO., Freeport, L. I.

SMALL HILLTOP BUNGALOW.—Fine view; garden plot, &c.; near depot and harbor; makes pretty Summer home; $1,100 cash, balance easy. Hilltop Bungalow, 264 Times Downtown.

Summer Rentals.—Cottages and estates. Huntington, North Shore and Shelter Island. Daniel Gerard, 1,270 B'way. (33d St.,) N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF SOLD THIS WEEK, $200 down and small monthly payments, like rent buys my beautiful suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; 1c. fare; craftsman design; 6 large rooms and tiled bath; parquet floors, beamed ceiling, open fireplace and built-in bookcases in living rooms; hardwood trim; bedroom in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, sewer; near station and public school; 70 trains daily; trolley also. JOHN A. BALDWIN, 80 Malden Lane, N. Y. Tel. 1598 John.

Ideal home, $4,800; large plot of 7,500 square feet; six rooms and bath; sleeping and dining porch; large veranda; hardwood floors; open fireplace; tiled bath; fine shade trees; sewer, water, gas, electricity; four minutes from railroad station; 40 trains daily; commutation, $5.90, up or down town; refined, restricted surroundings; no rentals; most attractive suburb in the State. Call, write, or phone Owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Tel. Gregley 4535.

$2,700 to $3,300 buys my modern homes and bungalows; worth $500 more; can be sold cheap because contracts for materials, etc., were made last Fall; buyer gets that benefit; six rooms, bath, gas, electricity, steam, beam ceiling; half hour out on Erie; near station and trolley; high elevation; restricted; small payment down, balance like rent. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

SAFETY FIRST! SAFETY FIRST!
Plainfield, 25 miles west, 100 daily trains, 45 minutes to Manhattan; 30,000 population, safe from war, disease, discomfort; safe investment to buy a new house among big trees; baths, silver and light fixtures and everything to correspond; only $7,500, on easy terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

OWNER OFFERS MONTCLAIR HOME.
Eight rooms and bath; all improvements; hot water heat; lot, 50x125; refined neighborhood; will sell or exchange for two-family house in Jersey; bargain awaits a quick buyer. Address owner, Box 57, 7 Halsey St., Newark. Telephone Market 3246.

A NEW SIX-ROOM HOUSE.
Every improvements; plot 40x150; three minutes station, half hour downtown; restricted residence section; $3,800; reasonable terms.
LONG & MILLER,
Tel. 4088 Cortlandt. 13 Park Row.

DANDY FARM.
154 acres, Basking Ridge; two houses, large barns, three wells; splendid views; $4,000 worth timber; bargain.
LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.

MONTCLAIR.—Will sacrifice $9,000 residence for $7,500; 9 rooms, 2 baths, 6 bedrooms, sleeping porch, latest appointments; only $500 cash required. Frank Hughes Taylor Company, at Lackawanna Ter., Montclair, N. J.

A beautiful home; every modern improvement; best bargain in the market; no agents. Owner, Box F M M 240 Times Downtown.

HILL TOP SUBURBAN HOME SITE.—Near station; 50x200; water, electricity; grand views; $500 on terms. Room 1701, 141 B'way.

To Let.—Modern six-room house, select. A. Lefort, Norman Place, Tenafly, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

This office specializes in Connecticut inland and shorefront acreage, old houses with histories, big fireplaces, and Dutch ovens; also hilltops with fine views; what you want may be here. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

FRONTING ON TWIN LAKES.
Charming estate of 26 acres; buildings cost $15,000, all in perfect repair; beautiful lake front; details and pictures mailed on request; price, $9,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Want Jersey farm, between Perth Amboy and New Brunswick, in exchange for Brooklyn income property, subject to one mortgage; equity $15,000. Will add cash. Louis Jakobson, 115 Broadway, Manhattan.

Frequently the demand for The New York Times exceeds the supply. This is likely to occur *oftener* in the future, because of conditions of paper manufacture, and regular readers are cautioned to order their copies of The New York Times delivered or reserved.
—Advt.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

MANUFACTURING PLANT FOR SALE.
Located at Lockport, New York, two and three story stone and brick buildings, about fifty thousand square feet floor space, shafting and motive power plant, lowest electric power rates in the world, plenty cheap labor, excellent shipping facilities; this plant is suitable for light or heavy manufacturing purposes, is sound and substantial and in good shape throughout; ready for occupancy; price for immediate sale, $47,500. Wire or write WALTER MILLETT, Lockport, N. Y.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS.
FIRMS HAVING GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS, REQUIRING TEMPORARY ADDITIONAL SPACE, CAN FIND UNUSUAL BARGAIN CONSISTING OF 7,500 SQUARE FEET NET FROM JUNE 1 TO FEB. 1; MANUFACTURING PERMITTED; USE OF FIXTURES INCLUDED. APPLY 906 BROADWAY, (CORNER 20TH ST.,) FIFTH FLOOR.

Large, light, attractive parlor floor studio, 16 x28, with small connecting office and large closets, $75. Inquire Hertwig, 25 East 57th St.

Opportunity for milliner or corsetiere to share space with long-established dressmaking business in 46th St., opposite Ritz-Carlton; references required. X 374 Times Annex.

Fog Rent.—Desk room; stenography and telephone service; reasonable rental charge; Broadway, near Franklin. C 331 Times Downtown.

Lofts to sublease, with or without complete cloak and suit plant; very reasonable. Schachner & Braunstein, 6 West 18th St. Telephone Chelsea 987.

LOFT, ONE FLIGHT, FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING; SUITABLE FOR TAILORS, MILLINERY, ELECTRICIAN, PHOTOGRAPHER. 148 EAST 57TH ST.

Desk room to let in light outside office, one block from subway express station. 108 Park Av., corner 41st St., Room, 611. Brick Sales Co.

Large, light, airy office in the heart of the jewelry section; rent $300. Apply Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Phone John 5700.

Cloak and suit, light loft, 50x100, for immediate possession. Farragut 2088.

Part of loft to sublet; $70 monthly. Cooper & Grapes, 145 West 28th St.

HOUSES TO LET.

Out of Town.—Unfurnished.

Twin dwellings, ($27 each,) Waldwick, N. J.; improvements, cultivated plots; near Erie trolley; 50 minutes Broadway. Tyndall, 141 Broadway.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Westchester County.

Fine furnished house at Rye-on-Sound for the season; 300 feet from beach. Particulars, telephone Morningside 4958.

Tarrytown.—10 rooms; handsomely furnished; best neighborhood; reasonable. L. Birdsall, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Long Island.

Bungalows on the dunes at Easthampton, Long Island; four bedrooms, two baths, living room attractively furnished, service included; meals at the Sea Spray, adjoining. For particulars apply to HENRY S. TEIBELL, owner, 120 Broadway, New York Phone Rector 10,000.

Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.—July-August seven rooms, sleeping porch, veranda; fully screened; open fires; cool suburb; 13 minutes Herald Square; $180, (2 months.) Telephone Madison Square 8890.

EDGEMERE — Beautiful, completely furnished home, directly at "ocean front"; ten rooms and bath; newly renovated. Apply George H. Sherman, 19 West 46th St.

For Rent—Eight rooms in two-family house; detached residential house, all improvements; cool, airy 7 rooms, bath, furnished; south and west exposure; on small park. Telephone Riverside 6980 Steele.

94TH, 204 WEST.—Delightful 4 room housekeeping apartment to let from June 1 until September; reasonable. Telephone River 2488.

94TH, 306 WEST.—Sublet Summer months, 6-room elevator apartment; exceptionally well furnished; $110 monthly. Orr.

98TH ST., (Near Broadway.)—Two front rooms, kitchen and bath apartment; attractively and comfortably furnished; newest, most desirable; vacant June 1. Riverside 8221.

99TH ST., 319 WEST. (One Door from Riverside, Sixth Floor Front.)—Beautifully furnished two baths; June to September or October; reasonable. Apt. 23.

100TH ST., 318 WEST.—(Apartment 8E,) eight rooms and three baths; use of good library; Chickering piano; Oriental rugs; southern, western and northern exposure; view of Hudson River; furnished or unfurnished; June 1 to Sept. 20 or Oct. 1; lease can be continued for unfurnished apartment after Oct. 1.

101ST, 229 WEST, Corner Broadway.—Five beautiful, cool rooms; complete housekeeping; sacrifice until October; $85 monthly; immediate possession. Helm.

113TH, 507 WEST.—Special Summer rates; 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms, furnished complete, with rare and exquisite taste, including silver and linen. Inquire Apartment 1A. Phone 8240 Morningside.

113TH, Near Riverside.—An unusual opportunity small family adults rent for Summer months, six-room, two-bath apartment, fully and handsomely furnished; inspection invited by appointment. B 186 Times.

114TH, 609 WEST.—Sublet front apartments, 4 or 5 large rooms, beautifully furnished; attractive price for Summer. Johnson.

116TH, 616 WEST.—Six southern rooms; view Hudson; June-October; reasonable. Apt. 9B.

117TH, 455 WEST.—Seven rooms, beautifully furnished; also unfurnished; bath. Apt. 10G.

128TH ST., 246 WEST.—5 rooms, southern exposure; elevator, phone, improvements; furnished, $30; unfurnished, $40, or will sell furniture. Superintendent.

160TH, 400 WEST.—3 rooms and bath, furnished, in elevator apartment, to sublet for Summer months; references. Manowitch.

180TH, 561 WEST, (2G.)—Comfortable furnished four-room apartment until Fall.

APARTMENTS—SUBLET.
Handsomely furnished; any period. Summer rates.
EXCLUSIVE REALTY SPECIALISTS,
176 West 72d. Phone 848 Columbus.

APARTMENTS, Attractively Furnished, THE FAL-CO., 505 8th Ave. Mur. Hill 4883.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions in rent unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and exceptionally clean apt.
THE WILSONIA,
226, 227, 229 W. 60th St., near Broadway.
Two, 3, 4 rooms and kitchenette; 1 and 2 baths; $45 and up monthly; $12 and up weekly; linens, dishes, silver, and cooking utensils furnished; phone and elevator service; maid service optional; references essential.

ATTRACTIVE
4-room apartment, overlooking Hudson, for Summer months, reasonable; references. 884 Riverside Drive, Apt. 1B.

BROADWAY AND 107TH.—Handsomely furnished seven-room apartment; complete in every detail; facing south, east, west; $140 monthly. Tunis, The Nevada. Columbus 4270.

BROADWAY AND 69TH.—Spencer Arms; to sublet June 1 to Oct. 1, elegantly furnished apartment, unfurnished if desired, 2 large rooms, foyer and bath; all outside rooms.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 50.—Sublet for Summer, furnished apartment, 9 rooms, 2 baths, overlooking Central Park. Apply Apartment 10, south, or Superintendent on premises.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 446, (3d floor north.)—Beautiful two-room suite, sunshiny, cool, electricity; private.

36 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH.
2, 3, 5, 8 ROOMS.
George K. Rose, Manager.

FOUR rooms, exquisitely furnished, Plaza district, housekeeping. Telephone for details, Columbus 3974.

FURNISHED apartment, seven rooms and two baths, for rent for Summer; located on Grand Concourse; convenient to New York Central train service; moderate rental to small family. Phone Young, 7100 Murray Hill, for information.

FURNISHED apartments to rent; list on request. See Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St. Tele. 7240 Columbus.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS
Concessional prices from now until October, $75-$500 month; long, short leases.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
30 E. 42d. Telephone Vanderbilt 1440

MARBLE HILL AV., 2.—Elevator apartment; city and country; one block west Broadway subway; 225th St. station; 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; completely furnished; piano, linen, silver; $45 monthly. Telephone Marble 775, Apt. 5B.

NINE ROOMS, THREE BATHS.
350 West 85th St.—Particularly desirable west apartment, beautifully furnished. Inquire Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 400, Apt. 2L.—Seven rooms, two baths; river view. 1161 Morningside.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

91ST, 160 EAST.—Two rooms, kitchenette, and bath; beautifully furnished. Lenox 2430.

AN ATTRACTIVE apartment, 3 rooms and 3 baths, to rent for the Summer months, below 59th St., at a very moderate rental. Apply Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 6200.

APARTMENTS, attractively furnished, two rooms, bath, block from Subway, $12.50 weekly up. HOTEL BENTON, 35 East 27th St. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St.

GRAMERCY DISTRICT.—Four months or year, artistic 8-room apartment; antique mahogany, four fireplaces; steam; electricity, gas; fine library, living, and dining rooms 21 feet; cool Summer; warm Winter. Phone appointment, 4426 Stuyvesant.

HATFIELD HOUSE,
108 East 29th.
One, two, three rooms, bath; hotel service; Summer rates.

LEXINGTON AV., 231.—Four-room apartment, southwest exposure; handsomely furnished; 34th St. district; no children; call mornings. J. Romain Brown, 299 Madison Av.

MADISON AV., 1,062.—Sublet June-October; privilege renting permanently, unfurnished; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; rent $50. Lenox 8682.

MADISON AV., 222, (36th.)—Two or three large rooms and bath, kitchenette; $110.

OPPORTUNITY single woman of wealth to enjoy privileges of elegantly furnished apartment, overlooking Park, as a home with a professional woman; references given and required. Telephone Murray Hill 5286.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH ST, 56 WEST.—3 rooms, bath; kitchen, elevator, beautifully furnished. Apt. 1B.

36TH ST., West, (Between 5th and 6th.)—Unusual 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; artistically furnished; Pianola, library; suitable two; June-October; by appointment. Phone mornings, 4655 Greeley.

37TH, 17 WEST.—Attractive apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette and 2 baths; exceptional rates to Oct. 1; references.

42D ST., 25 WEST, (Elite.)—Attractively furnished apartments, $40-$400. Vanderbilt 4416.

45TH ST., 341 WEST, (just off Broadway.)—New elevator housekeeping furnished apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms; tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, Kitchenettes; highest references indispensable; $50 up monthly. Tel. Bry. 8255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—A completely furnished bachelor apartment; three rooms and bath; high-class elevator house; free maid service, electric light, and linen included in rent, $95 monthly; conveniently located.

53D ST., corner B'way, (1864 B'way.)—2, 3, 5 extra large, light rooms; complete for housekeeping; neatly furnished, electric lights, telephone and elevator service; only respectable people need apply.

57TH, 58 WEST.—Three choice corner rooms, bath; piano; elevator; references. Baxter.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Neatly furnished 2 or 3 rooms; bath, kitchenette; monthly or yearly.

76TH, WEST.—Completely furnished 4 rooms and 2 baths in apartment hotel, with complete hotel service; from June 15 to Oct. 15; rent reasonable; references required. Particulars Room 1006, 93 Nassau St. Phone 3182 Cortlandt.

79TH ST., 315 WEST.—Sublet, furnished, 7 rooms and bath; southern exposure; at great sacrifice. Apartment 4E.

85TH, 353 WEST.—Beautifully, completely furnished 8-room, 2-bath apartment; possession May 29. Particulars, Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

87TH, 309 WEST, Apt. 2-C.—High-class hotel apartment; 2 rooms, bath; maid service; exquisitely furnished. Superintendent.

86TH ST. AND BROADWAY.—8 rooms, elevator apartment; Sept. or longer; exclusive. Riverside 781.

92D, 214 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Attractively furnished corner apartment, 6th floor; 7 rooms, 11 outside windows; piano, Victrola, &c.; rent until Sept. 15, $450. Call before 2 o'clock, Apt. 6C.

93D, 102 WEST.—Sublet, June, October, exceptionally cool, airy 7 rooms, bath, furnished; south and west exposure; on small park. Telephone Riverside 6980 Steele.

94TH ST., 338 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; hotel service; Summer rates.

96TH ST., 333 PARK AVENUE.
5 ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, $35.00.
333 PARK AVENUE.
5 ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, $38.00.
945 PARK AVENUE.
5 ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, $38.00.
1,273 LEXINGTON AVENUE.

MADISON AV., 924, (73d.)—2-3 rooms; latest improvements; rental, $45-$60.

Unfurnished—West Side.

218T STREET, 234-8 WEST.
Four, five, and six rooms and bath. Elevator, &c.; $510 to $720. See Supt.

87TH, 17 WEST.—Attractive, cool parlor floor, suitable for studio or apartment; bath, kitchenette, if desired; unusual rates to Oct. 1; references.

57TH, 829 WEST.—Three front rooms, with large bath, in handsome house; beautiful location; exceptional apartment for bachelor; rent very reasonable. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Six large, light rooms and bath, all improvements, moderate.

86TH ST., 320 WEST.—TO SUBLET, IMMEDIATELY, 6 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, UNFURNISHED APARTMENT, 7TH FLOOR, IN MODERN BUILDING; $2,200 PER ANNUM. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT OR TELEPHONE SCHUYLER 2880.

97TH, 316 WEST.—Seven rooms, bath, front; light and airy; sacrifice for $65 monthly from June 15; unusual opportunity. Miller.

139TH, 515 WEST.—6 outside rooms, $40. See Superintendent.

161ST, near Riverside Drive.—4, 5 and 6 rooms; $45 to $70; 8 rooms, corner, $115. Apply office, 900 Riverside Drive. Telephone Audubon 4657.

181ST ST., 875 WEST.—Four rooms; outside; choice location. Apply Apartment 8E.

182D, 521 WEST.—Six rooms and bath; best apartment in house; steam heat, hot water; low rent; sunshine and fresh air; look at this attractive apartment. Superintendent on premises.

CONCOURSE, 2,593.—Modern 6-room, second floor apartment. Inquire Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 640. — Would sublet from June 1 until Oct. 1 at reduced rental elegant apartment, unfurnished, 7 rooms and 2 baths. Apartment 7-A.

RIVIERA,
790 Riverside Drive,
High-class elevator apartments,
4-5-6 large, light rooms,
with all improvements.
$65 WEST END AV.
New building, northwest corner 104th St.; now leasing from plans, 6, 7 and 8 rooms; 2 and 3 baths. Full particulars from Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

RESPONSIBLE client wants handsomely furnished apartment, 10 rooms, 4 master bedrooms, 2, 3 maids' rooms; east side, below 72d; $4,000, $5,000 year, 1 to 3 years' lease, possession October. Clark Realty, 20 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

WANTED, APARTMENTS—ALL SIZES. EXCLUSIVE REALTY, 176 W. 72d. Col. 848.

WANTED—Two rooms, kitchen, not over $40; two adults; reference. B 188 Times.

Unfurnished.

Am looking for 8 to 10 room apartment, unfurnished, 50th to 80th St., preferably west side; want large rooms, three baths; will take lease or sublease for year, option of renewal; $2,000 a year; please send description. B 110 Times.

MAN AND WIFE, highest references, want unfurnished two or three room apartment; reasonable rent; long lease. B 161 Times.

STUDIO, unfurnished, bath, skylight; between 80th and 59th Sts.; price. B 144 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

117TH, 28 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Large, medium rooms; select house; references.

218T, 137 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Single, en suite, private baths, overlooking Park; breakfast.

41ST, 11 EAST.—Large, cool, comfortable room; breakfast optional; Summer rates.

54TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, electricity, bath, $6; another, $4; gentlemen.

49TH, 58 EAST.—High-class accommodations; business gentlemen; private home, excellent location; references.

53D ST., 56 EAST, near Park.—Large comfortable room; all conveniences; Summer rates; breakfast.

53D, 58 EAST.—Large room; newly furnished; all conveniences; gentleman only; breakfast optional.

57TH.—Desirable two-room suite, bath adjoining; exclusive; two gentlemen. Plaza 9087.

60TH, 138 EAST.—Attractive rooms; all conveniences; trained nurses and students preferred.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Large, small rooms, furnished, unfurnished; music allowed.

West Side.

22D ST., 302 WEST.—Allerton House for bachelors; congenial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new, fireproof building; billiard room; running water every room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly; rooms for two, $8 to $9.50 weekly each.

23D, 238 WEST.—Large room, private bath, $7; single, $3.50; gentlemen.

37TH ST., 29 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, electricity, telephone, service; $10 monthly.

39TH ST., 61 WEST.—Refined hotel for gentlemen; $4 up; transients, 75c. up.

47TH, 115 WEST.
ROOMS WITH BATH; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Large room, private bath; permanent; also small room. Circle 1810.

50TH, 79 WEST.—Newly furnished, pleasant rooms; electricity; references.

51ST, 332 WEST.—Neatly furnished suite of two rooms; central location; gentlemen. Watson.

55TH, 45 WEST.—Large rooms, sanitary private baths; small room, modern furniture; continuous hot-water supply; electricity, telephone; references required.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large room; running water, shower; bath adjacent; $5 per week if permanent; gentleman; reference.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room, gentleman; electric light, running water; reasonable.

57TH, 322 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Newly furnished, single and double; elevator, electricity; private family; gentlemen. Thompson.

57TH ST., 200 WEST.—Two attractive rooms in exclusive elevator apartment; references. Sewell.

58TH, 317 WEST.—Attractively furnished two large connecting front rooms, also 3 rooms, housekeeping suite, completely furnished. Curtis.

71ST, 106 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large and small rooms, convenient to all cars.

71ST, 19 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms or apartment; exclusive home; location unexcelled.

71ST, 314 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite; studio, individual bath; exclusive neighborhood; references; moderate.

71ST ST., 10 WEST.—Two rooms, second floor; separately or en suite; private house; moderate terms; all conveniences.

71ST, 206 WEST, (Broadway.)—Large back parlor, private bath; room, adjoining bath; telephone.

71ST, 130 WEST.—Hall room, quiet house, near all car lines.

72D, 330 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure, adjoining bath; also single room; private home, facing Hudson River and Drive.

TWO LARGE, ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, completely furnished, kitchenette and bath, June to October, moderate, on West 40th St. H 94 Times.

TOWN AND COUNTRY RENTING AGENCY specializes in furnished apartments. 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5365.

WEST END AV., 823, (Corner of 100th St.)—Attractively furnished seven-room apartment, two baths, to let, from June 1 to Sept. 15; most desirable Summer location. Williams. Tel. Riverside 1770.

WEST END AVE., 992.—Beautifully furnished apartments, 3 rooms, 2 baths; to sublet June 1 to Oct. 1, with privilege to lease from October on. Apt. 22.

WEST END AV., 740.—Beautifully furnished 5 rooms; elegant building; magnificent entrance; 9th floor; June to Sept. 15th. Supt.

WEST END AV., 826.—Exclusive nonie, single or en suite; service; breakfast; gentleman.

WEST END AV., 740. (Della Robbia.)—Four rooms; completely furnished; piano. Meek. Apartment 4B.

WEST END AV.—3 rooms, two bedrooms; handsome furnishings; sacrifice. Columbus 3374.

7 ROOMS.
Ground Floor Corner.
PRICE, $2,500.
601 West End Avenue.

Brooklyn.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED 5-room apt., Wash. Av., Brooklyn; cool, bright, new, quiet, convenient; $65; ref. required. Phone Prospect 6038J.

Unfurnished—East Side.

21ST ST., 131 EAST.—Top floor, charming old-fashioned house; three rooms, kitchenette, bath, open fire; $45; best references required.

86TH ST., EAST, (Near Park Av.)—High-class apartments, 2 rooms and 3 baths; southern exposure; sublet for immediate occupancy; rent reasonable. Telephone W. S. Macomber, 6375 Hanover.

5 ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, $35.00.
933 PARK AVENUE.
5 ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, $38.00.
945 PARK AVENUE.
5 ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, $38.00.
1,273 LEXINGTON AVENUE.

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Four, five, and six rooms and bath. Elevator, &c.; $510 to $720. See Supt.

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RIVIERA,
790 Riverside Drive,
High-class elevator apartments,
4-5

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

MERCER, 1916, 22-T2, six-passenger, sporting model; elegant condition. Roskam-Scott Co., Broadway at 63d.

MITCHELL, 1916, late model; full equipment, slip covers; 3,900 miles; extra tires; sacrifice. Club Garage, 103 West 108th St.

NATIONAL, 1916, six-passenger, touring car Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 and 12 West 62d St.

NATIONAL 12-16 Chummy Roadster; like new; cheap; Blue Ribbon, 1,700 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE Roadster, 1916; disappearing seats; bargain. Harry Brenner, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

OVERLAND, 1916, seven-passenger, touring car Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 and 12 West 62d St.

OWEN MAGNETIC 1917
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GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY.
665 FIFTH AVE. PLAZA 4837.

PACKARD "2-38," NEWLY PAINTED.
PACKARD "3-38," GOOD SHAPE.
PACKARD "4-38," WIRE WHEELS.
All these cars in first-class condition. Ready for demonstration.
BLUE RIBBON AUTO EXCHANGE,
1,700 BROADWAY, FOURTH FLOOR.

PACKARD.—$1,850 buys Packard Twin "3" touring car, 135; run less than 5,000 miles; cannot be told from new. 161 Clymer St., near Williamsburg Bridge, Brooklyn.

PACKARD—1914 sedan; fully equipped; beautiful; many extras; cash $700. Denner Woolens, 26 East St. Phone Orchard 216.

PACKARD, 1916, 1-35, phaeton, touring car. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 and 12 West 62d St.

PIERCE-ARROW, 6-48
7-passenger touring; self-starter; electric lights, fully equipped; only used 2 seasons; excellent condition; price $1,250; a real bargain. See MANAGER, 161 Clymer St., 2 blocks from Williamsburg Bridge, Brooklyn.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, MERCER Roadster.
DODGE Touring. CADILLAC Touring.
CHANDLER Roadster. OVERLAND Touring.
One-Man Tops, Bodies, Top Envelopes.
20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, 5th floor.

SELL YOUR CAR AT AUCTION; QUICK DECISIONS; SATISFACTORY RESULTS. VAN TASSEL & KEARNEY SALES RING, 130-132 EAST 13TH ST.

SIMPLEX, 1914, 38 H. P.,
SEVEN-PASSENGER TOURING.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY.
665 FIFTH AVE. PLAZA 4837.

STEARNS - KNIGHT, eight-cylinder, 1916, seven-passenger touring; two disappearing seats facing forward. Fleetwood paneled body, one-man top, ventilating windshield, Westinghouse lighting and starting, newly painted gun metal gray, satin finish; sold with new car guarantee. Stearns Used-Car Department, 417 West 55th St.

STEARNS Knight, L-4 brougham, recently overhauled by Stearns Company; desirable town car; many extras; ready for immediate delivery; $1,100. C 340 Times Downtown.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 1916; beautiful, 5-passenger, 4-cylinder touring; appearance and condition like new; has slip covers, electric starter, lights; $775. 150 West 55th St.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1916 five-passenger; run only 5,000 miles; new shoes; paint; excellent slip covers. Taylor, 154 West 124th. Morningside 175.

STUDEBAKER SIX TOURING, 1916.
Light 5-passenger; electric self-starter, lights; mechanically perfect. 180 West 55th.

STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY.
665 FIFTH AVE. PLAZA 4837.

STUTZ 1916, four-passenger Bearcat, perfect condition, full equipment; no dealers. David Lorence, 649 Broadway, N. Y. Spring 7570.

STUTZ 1917; bulldog; six passenger; owner must sell. 136 West 52d, basement.

S. G. V. roadster; thoroughly overhauled mechanically and repainted; Silvertown tires; $700. Box B 163 Times.

USED CARS.
1917 National Twin Six, 7-pass., touring.
1916 Cole "8," 7-passenger, touring.
1914 Peerless, 7-passenger, touring.
1911 "30" Packard, 7-passenger, touring.
1914 Cadillac, 5-passenger, touring.
1916 Packard Twin Six, 25 and 35, touring.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO., 250 W. 54th.
172 Malbone St., near Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Telephone Flatbush 8384.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC.—Beautiful new eight; Imperial limousine; monthly preferred; reasonable. Mead, Riverside 6200.

CADILLAC and Packard by the hour or month; very reasonable. Mead, Riverside 6200.

LOZIER six, touring car, by day, week, month, or Summer season; private car, very stylish appearance, perfect condition; careful, abstemious chauffeur-mechanic chauffeur, in his present employment seven years. Rupert, Royal Garage, 211 West 55th St. Phone Riverside 770.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, month; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 42d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD.—Beautiful Packard cars by day or monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD—5-passenger touring car to rent by the month; terms reasonable; owner experienced driver. Phone 2768W Newtown.

PACKARD touring car for hire; reasonable; owner driving. Call, write Byrne, 40 East 80th St. Tel. 5994 Lenox.

PACKARD.—Beautiful new Packard touring, $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Morningside 7385.

PACKARD.—Elegant limousine for Summer season; excellent service; reasonable price. B 155 Times.

PACKARD Touring Cars for hire, hour, week, month; careful driver; reasonable. Lenox 4163.

PACKARD Twin and Sixes, limousine, touring, hour, day; monthly preferred. 1582 Plaza.

PACKARD landaulet, beautiful appearance; rent monthly, day, or hour. Tel. 6224 Col.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED—Four or five passenger car for private use; give very lowest price and full particulars. J 401 Times Downtown.

BUICK runabout, (used); give full particulars, price, &c. B 480 Times Annex.

Automobile Instruction.

ATKINSON Superior instructors guarantee AUTO you expert knowledge. Inspect SCHOOL equipment or write for booklet. 236 West 50. Ladies' classes.

Auto School. Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. building. Telephone Columbus 602 W. 57th St. 7920. Spec. classes for ladies.

STEWART Booklet explains WHY AUTOMOBILE our course is BEST. Inspect SCHOOL our plant and be convinced. 225 W. 57th St. Ladies' classes.

COSMOPOLITAN [Practical, Thorough, modern] AUTO SCHOOL, erase, 1780 Broadway. Ladies', 231 WEST 50TH ST. also Ford. Booklet.

Automobile Supplies.

THE GWILLIAM COMPANY,
BALL AND ROLLER BEARINGS,
Gurney and New Departure Service Sta.
253 W. 58th St., (at B'way.) Tel. 8356 Col.

SITUATIONS WANTED---Female

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE, ACCOUNTANT OFFICE MANAGER, PRIVATE SECRETARY.
Woman with fifteen years' high-class financial experience; expert accountant; capable executive; able to handle varied interests; investments, stocks, bonds; highest references. J 389 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Typist, Correspondent.—Six years' experience; legible penman, quick figurer; trial balance rendered; $15; excellent references. P 400 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer; experienced double entry, trial balance; unquestionable references; $15. R 245 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Complete charge; many years' experience; controlling accounts; A1 references; $25. J 370 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; accurate at figures; knowledge stenography, typewriting; $18. H 112 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; experienced; trial balance, controlling accounts; $15. Feinman, 656 So. Boulevard.

BOOKKEEPER.—Christian; 8 years' practical experience; references; $18. J 360 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; five years' experience; thoroughly competent; best references; $15. J 384 Times Downtown.

COMPANION or GOVERNESS. — French teacher wishes position for Summer. Jaques, 41 East 80th St.

DRESSMAKER, by day, artistic, expert fitter; also remodeling; reasonable; references. B 187 Times.

FRENCH YOUNG LADY, 20, of refined family, six years in this country, high school education, wants position as assistant bookkeeper and translator or switchboard operator and typist; highest references. T. A., 84 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS OR COMPANION. — Young lady, Normal graduate, desires position July and August; musical, literary; moderate salary. Y 228 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS,—German, English, kindergarten; physical care; age, 32; salary, $45. M. D., 160 East 37th.

HOUSEWORKER, English Protestant; good cook, laundress, or where chambermaid and waitress are; references. Care Wilson, 203 West 66th.

LITERARY STENOGRAPHER, competent, wishes to work one or several evenings a week for author or journalist; small salary. H 103 Times.

NURSE.—Norwegian girl, graduate infant nurse, experienced, good reference, wishes care of infant; wages $45. Write or call by 'phone 3983 Riverside. Strandoo, 146 West 104th.

NURSE, trained, of three years' training and an R. N., wishes position in private hospital or in doctor's office. Write to A. Sheehan, 79 West 30th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS. — Mrs. George Greene, 21 E. 77th St., (Lenox 7536,) wishes to place an excellent nursery governess.

SECRETARY.
Accountant, stenographer, 10 years' experience, seeks position as secretary of office manager. B 112 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Lady several years corporation desires similar placement; references. J 377 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, college graduate, vast experience, seeks responsible position; $17. K 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY.—Age, 24; Christian; 9 years' good, practical experience; efficient; capable interviewing people; good speller; academic education; wide-awake; absolutely reliable; $16. P 383 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 24; secretary, confidential assistant, bookkeeper; cultured; eight years' technical experience; capable assuming entire charge; live wire; capable making good; references; $18. R 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Age 23; clean cut; 4 years' mechanical experience; knowledge bookkeeping; good penman; high school graduate; exceptionally neat; highest credentials; $12. J 262 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; switchboard operator; Christian; good references; $12. R 267 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school graduate; thoroughly competent; $15. R 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, expert, wishes part hours' employment evenings. Y 227 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced and capable; familiar office work; $15. J 376 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; rapid workmanlike; excellent references; $12. J 391 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several months' experience; good education; neat Christian girl; $7. J 385 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; good spelling, typist, grammarian; $14-$20. Miss S., 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; excellent references; thoroughly competent; salary, $15. J 381 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, quick, accurate, neat-appearing; familiar with office details; $12. J 386 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; 2½ years' experience; salary $12. Weinberger, 441 West 124th St.

SWEDISH, educated young woman, physical culturist, specialty of children, wounded professional masseuse, wishes occupation in the country during June or to travel with and care for a lady; six years' New York practice; recommendation from leading physicians. Address "Companion," Y 215 Times Annex.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Capable handling busy board; refined Christian; $8-$10. J 383 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and typist; experienced; $10. J 374 Times Downtown.

TRAINED NURSE.—Companion and nurse to lady, or care of invalid or nervous patient, or child; no objection to travel. B 154 Times.

TYPEWRITING, evenings; knowledge of legal work. D. I., 343 Glenmore Av., Brooklyn.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Colored, neat girls, investigated references, with places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

STENOGRAPHERS, competent, $10-$18; looking for vacancies. Phone Vanderbilt 3591. Stenographers Employment Service, 505 5th Av.

COOKS, waitresses, chambermaids, housework. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, cashier; thorough understanding of modern accounting and statistical systems; can prepare any financial statement; at present employed, seeks change; salary commensurate; can furnish bond. Box 86, Bayside, Long Island.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, audited, systematized; financial statements; bookkeeping for firms not employing bookkeepers; terms moderate. S. Cohen, 41 West 23d St. Telephone Gramercy 3436.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits; $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, systematized, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 6800.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 52 Broadway, Room 832. Telephone Broad 7227.

ACCOUNTANT, Office Manager.—Competent executive, long experience, desires position with growing concern. A. L., 210 E. 21st St.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, (20,) desires position; reliable, accurate; thorough knowledge accounting. R 242 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert bookkeeper, wishes employment evenings; references. M 195 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN,
26, now employed, seeks position with manufacturing concern; college graduate; hard worker; selling experience; $25. Brooklyn.

BOY desires employment; competency irreproachable; ability unsurpassed; recommendations furnished. C 348 Times Downtown.

BUILDERS, NOTICE. — Young man, eight years' architectural experience, draftsman, superintendent, technical schooling, executive ability, desires position. B 165 Times.

BUSINESS MAN with connections in Chile, South America, is open to consider proposition from import, export house; take charge of department; will share profits; speaks English, Spanish, with equal facility. B 143 Times.

BUYER.—Leather goods buyer; 5 years' experience; is open for engagement for large jobbing or dept. store. B 140 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. C. Latertreen, care Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4050.

CHAUFFEUR, married, experienced on all makes of cars; reliable and strictly sober; Jersey and New York licenses. J. G. W., 127 West 99th, care of garage.

CHAUFFEUR.—Lady leaving town wishes to place chauffeur with any one desiring his services; good driver. Phone Riverside 3617.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic wishes position; has first-class references. Lessig, 444 West 57th. Telephone 1311 Circle.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; mechanic; all cars; 15 years' experience; 5 years' references. M. J. Donnolly, 346 East 87th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Swede, wishes position; private family; highest references. Hagberg, 669 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, good mechanic, wishes position; private, commercial; references. Telephone Plaza 6683.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; mechanic; careful driver; city, country. Hull, 141 West 64th. Col. 5402.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private; capable taking care of car. Mechanic, 8 West 119th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Drives any make; 2 years' experience; references. K 124 Times.

CREDIT INVESTIGATOR and commercial reporter with executive experience, employed at present, desires change. J 393 Times Downtown.

EDUCATED MAN, (38,) educated, honest, trustworthy, with references; able to attend to most any business; wants steady position. Marks, 87, Huntington Station, L. I.

ESTIMATOR, five years with subcontractors; proved selling ability; salary. Krieger, 3,781 3d Av.

EXECUTIVE, high-grade salesman seeks change; capable part time; thoroughly experienced in selling end automobile industry. B 120 Times.

GARAGE MAN, expert mechanic, with executive ability, open for position. J 307 Times Downtown.

GERMAN.—Honest, sober, highly educated seafarer 9 months with United Electric Co.; steady employment with advancement. B 65 Times.

JAPANESE, first-class butler, valet, wants position; small family; city, country. M. M., 47 Prospect Place, City.

JAPANESE VALET, cook; thoroughly experienced; splendid references; sleep in, out. B 154 Times.

MAN, discharged guardsman, dependent relatives, position as private guard or charge of shipping, &c. H. E., 2,960 3d Av.

MANAGER-SECRETARY, (32); thoroughly experienced, broad-gauged American; exceptional correspondent, stenographer, organizer; prominent corporations fifteen years. R 208 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, accountant, American, married; four years' experience with corporation. B 162 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY or executive position wanted; have had campaign and publicity experience, both political and money raising; understand stenography; 35, married. B 158 Times.

REAL ESTATE MANAGER.
Man 38 years old, with 20 years' experience in handling high-class properties, seeks position to represent owner's interests; highest credentials. B 158 Times.

RELIABLE, INTELLIGENT YOUNG MAN, (19,) familiar with multigraph addressograph, and general office work, wants position with chance for advancement; 4 years' experience; references. B 156 Times.

RENT COLLECTOR, (27,) office manager, former builder; expert removing violations. R 270 Times Downtown.

RUSSIAN, age 30, good references, French college education, extensive business experience in Russia and Far East, at present employed by large American manufacturer, desires to obtain position with opportunity to become representative in foreign trade. Address Export, 204 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, (24,) high school graduate, rapid and accurate; six years' experience manufacturing and publishing concerns; excellent references. Address "Aggressive," R 255 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, neat, accurate typist; rapid dictation; good personality, willing worker; $15. Mr. N., Candler Building, Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced young woman desires position that offers advancement; moderate. Irene Schleicher, 37 East 58th. Phone 2994 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced rapid bookkeeper, wishes position; not afraid hard work. J 371 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, general office work; college graduate; experienced; best references. B 173 Times.

STEWARD. — Experienced; club or hotel; city or country; A1 references. B 160 Times.

STUDENT, (Russian,) looks for half-day job; knowledge of French, Polish. B 148 Times.

SWISS, 28, textile and commercial, high school graduate, speaking and writing Spanish, French, Italian, German; is open for position; are you interested? B 172 Times.

TUTOR, (25,) wants position; English composition, poise and physical instruction. J 382 Times Downtown.

VALET.—Young man wishes position as valet; first-class references. Apply H. M., 864 Lexington Av.

YOUNG MAN, 22, one who is capable, energetic, and reliable, six years' practical business experience, seeks position with advancement; A1 references. Martin, J 380 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, energetic, not afraid to work, dependent, wishes position with advancement; must change. J 339 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—3½ years' experience, typist, office assistant, quick, accurate, at figures; high school education. B 145 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, good at figures, desires position with firm offering advancement. J 375 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, educated, conscientious, well recommended, desires permanent position. J 394 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge bookkeeping, desires position reliable concern; best references. B 176 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, desires work any kind evenings; auditing work preferred. H 102 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, supporting mother, desires position, anything; salary, $15. B 147 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, willing worker; 3 years' experience office work. J 378 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABOUT A MONTH ago we advertised in this newspaper for women of business intelligence to interview credit men on the Credit Guide; we thought a woman should do as well as our average man making about $5,000; out of twenty applicants we selected three who are making good; five more are wanted; applications in detail; salary and commission. Y 226 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.
SALARY $540 TO $1,200.
Men and women, 18 years and over who have had one year's training at a business school, two years at a commercial high school, or one year's business experience, or the equivalent of such training.
Applications received at Room 1400 Municipal Building to June 7 at 4 P. M. Examination will be held as follows: 1p, Arithmetic, 2p, Handwriting, 2p. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to Municipal Civil Service Commission.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Experienced women with executive ability; state age, salary desired, and references. Y 202 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; experienced mercantile line; salary $15 to start. H 110 Times.

BOOK SALESWOMAN, experienced, for a $50 per week proposition; suited to present national conditions; sales steadily increasing; salary and commission. The King-Richardson Co., Boston, Mass.

CARETAKER wanted, man and wife, for West 11th St.; man to work out. Apply evenings, Mrs. Pearson, 44 West 77th St.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.—Bright young girl as comptometer operator, with about one and one-half years' experience; one familiar with steel industry preferred; splendid opportunity for right girl. C 337 Times Downtown.

ELLIOTT-FISHER BILL CLERK; MUST BE GOOD FIGURER. ADDRESS "PERMANENT," 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FILING CLERKS.—Those with experience with large commercial agency; applications in writing. Y 221 Times Annex.

FINISHER, waist and skirt, wanted; first-class. 51 West 92d St.

HELPERS AND WARD MAIDS.—For seaside hospital. Apply 72 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined woman, mothers helper; competent; seamstress. 637 West 181st, Apartment 37.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young girl wanted, small family, no children; must be neat and willing; good home and wages for the right party; no laundry, and help if needed. B 188 Times.

LAUNDRESS.—Private family, to go to the country; must have good references; wife, stating wages wanted and particulars. E., Box 19, 21 East 14th.

MOTHER'S HELP wanted; three girls, 6, 8, and 10; New Rochelle; state age, ability, reference, and compensation expected. Address M. H., J 365 Times Downtown.

NURSE or nursery governess, German or French, to take care of two children, 3 and 7 years; permanent position and good salary if you have experience and good references. Phone Bushwick 3586. C. L. Baumann.

NURSE.—Take care of two children from 6 A. M. to 7 P. M.; no housework; Swedish or Scandinavian preferred. Call Kalman Costume Co. 41 East 21st St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Girl to take care of mail, assist with filing and general office work. B 102 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Young lady to take care of switchboard and to assist in general office work. American Electric Railways Association, 8 West 40th St.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Woman over 30, possessing more than ordinary tact, ability, to call on our list of mothers and explain successful character building plan for children; permanent position; straight salary and extra bonuses. Room 711, 170 West 84th St.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, young girl, for office; must be well educated, intelligent, accurate, from good American family; reference; desirably Russian. Times Building, 1409. E. Kluchansky. Tel. Bryant 1089.

STENOGRAPHER.—One thoroughly competent to take difficult dictation and transcribe rapidly and accurately; one with initiative and executive ability; excellent chance for advancement; salary $15 weekly. Address, stating age, experience, references, and phone number, Y 224 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and first-class typist in the office of public accountants, with wide carriage tabulating experience; state age and salary desired, references and experience in confidence. Auditors, H 111 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST, two years' experience, required; must be bright, neat and intelligent, to interview visitors; state age, experience and salary expected. H, 92 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, with some experience preferred; references required. Werbro Ribbon Mfg Co., 19 East 24th St.

TYPIST.—Competent, experienced; not a stenographer; salary $10 to start. Phone Murray Hill 8120. Cashier, between 4-6 today.

TYPIST for advertising department; salary $8. King & Applebaum, 39 West 32d.

YOUNG LADY wanted in large manufacturing concern, for collection department, to make out statements, drafts, and handle collection letters; knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting essential; only those having had previous experience in this particular work need apply; state age, experience, references, &c. C 345 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, experienced, to take care of two little girls, 5-8 years; good wages, good home; treated as a member of the family. Call Thursday, 10 A. M., Heimann, 520 West 114th.

YOUNG Spanish lady wanted, having had experience in importer's office and capable of conducting Spanish correspondence without supervision. Address "J. H.," P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

Employment Agencies.

STANDARD COMMERCIAL BUREAU, (Agency,) 185 Madison Av., at 34th St.—Worth-while positions with worth-while uptown and downtown firms for worth-while young business girls, beginners or experienced; no registration fee, just a standard. Miss Shelley, Prop.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY, ROOM 512.
CHAS. P HASSON, MANAGER.
Applications accepted from high-grade, experienced women. Stenographers, (3,) experienced, $15. Typist, $12. Clerks, (3,) $15.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, Americans, beginners and experienced. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

WOMEN WORKERS!!

OFFICE MANAGER.—CAPABLE WOMAN, $1,500 PER ANNUM.
BOOKKEEPERS — SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS OPENINGS AT $1,200 PER ANNUM.
STENOGRAPHIC-BOOKKEEPERS, $12 TO $20 WEEKLY.
STENOGRAPHERS—UNUSUALLY LARGE NUMBER HIGH-CLASS OPENINGS, $12 PER WEEK TO $1,800 PER ANNUM.

THE DEMAND FOR TYPISTS, CLERKS, TELEPHONE OPERATORS, ETC., BOTH EXPERIENCED AND INEXPERIENCED, STILL CONTINUES!

CALL 9 TO 1 DAILY.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
ROOM 726, 30 CHURCH STREET,
NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHERS—Several, $10-$12-$15; assistant bookkeeper, $12. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, register free. F. X. Goggin Agency, 200 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerks; permanent. Doyle Agency, 154 Nassau; 39 East 42d.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllable Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Special Summer rates. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. BOYD'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

$10
this week only, day or night, pays for complete course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 23-27 West 34th St.

NURSES.
Harlem School of Nursing, Incorporated; all branches; surgery, massage, &c.; separately; no age limit. 160 West 121st.

Filing—Secretarial Course.—Instruction in day and evening classes; positions secured. New York School of Filing, Singer Building, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.—By C. P. A. firm; must be high-grade man in every respect, with broad experience; knowledge of manufacturing costs desirable; exceptional opportunity for right man; state full particulars regarding qualifications, stating salary expected to commence. J 395 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, capable, wanted in public accountants' office; state experience, age, and salary. J 396 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING ACCOUNT MANAGER.—New York Agency wants young, wide-awake man for work in Detroit; copy and layout experience essential; knowledge of auto field desired; $40 weekly, with chance for more on the side; full details. B 182 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, Experienced, on high-class magazine receiving support both because of its excellence and the vital importance of the women it represents; men of international prominence connected; straight commission; big earnings to real salesmen. Y 204 Times Annex.

AUDITOR with general accounting experience and familiar with subscription and circulation departments of magazines; excellent opportunity for capable man; reply fully stating commencing salary expected. J 396 Times Downtown.

BIG COMMISSION.
And perpetual renewal income selling our $10 yearly accident and sickness policy; pays $5,000 death, $25 weekly benefits. Write Fred J. Schaefer & Co., 1,123 Broadway, N. Y.

BILLING CLERK.—Young man, not over 20 years old; must be bright, accurate, and rapid; Elliot-Fisher machine. Apply Chas. W. Williams & Co., 309 Lafayette St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; must be familiar with Wall Street methods; give references and details of past connections. Write Room 74, 45 Broadway, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—State age, experience, and salary wanted; references required. J 398 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; state qualifications, references, and salary. H 108 Times.

BOYS for office work; must be 16 years old; we promote from the bottom; boys who enter our employ have opportunities to advance themselves in position and salary. Call 10 A. M. Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

BOY wanted in busy office; must be capable, quick, and willing; boy who can operate typewriter and do filing preferred. X 398 Times Annex.

BOY wanted, bright, to enter stockbrokerage business at bottom; high school graduate preferred. J 400 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in large publishing house; must be neat and polite; $6 per week to start; rapid advancement. J. B., 48 Times.

BOYS wanted; bright, active, for pages in large downtown bank; state schooling, age, past positions, &c. J 392 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted; an office boy; state age, references, and salary expected. Address Empire, J 390 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for general office work; good chance for advancement to a bright, reliable boy. B 151 Times.

BOYS wanted; good opportunity for advancement. Wholesale Shoes, 146 Duane St., N. Y. C.

BUYER for wash goods and silks wanted by department store in town of 70,000 in Pennsylvania; must be live wire with a successful record; call for interview 5:30 Thursday evening. Ben F. Levis, Resident Buyer, 72 Madison Av.

CORRESPONDENCE CLERK and office salesman; automobile tires; good chance advancement; satisfactory references required. B 183 Times.

CREDIT—COLLECTION MANAGER.
We need a high-grade collection correspondent. He should know something about credits. But the man we want must have common business sense and be able to express it clearly, briefly, and effectively in his letters. For the man who can CONTINUE TO GROW we have a splendid opening. Y 226 Times Annex.

DESIGNERS, &c.—Wanted, competent designers and detailed draftsman on jigs and fixtures for small interchangeable parts; also A1 toolmakers on same items of work. Apply between 9-12, 1-4. Colt's Patent Fire-arms Mfg. Co., Room 2,522 Woolworth Building.

DESIGNER, WITH ORIGINAL IDEAS, WANTED BY PROMINENT MANUFACTURER OF BOYS' WASH SUITS; MUST BE EXPERIENCED MARKER. B 135 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, wanted, experienced in either light machine design or jigs, fixtures, punches, and dies. M 98 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, TOOL DESIGNERS wanted. Apply American Machine and Foundry Co., 5,520 2d Av., Brooklyn.

ESTIMATOR and solicitor on fire-escape and iron work; salary and commission. H 106 Times.

EXPERT RENTER and manager wanted for office building; must have long experience and best references; salary $100 month. Call Browning, 110 West 40th St.

FOREMAN WANTED IN CITY ON GOVERNMENT WORK; CAPABLE OF HANDLING ABOUT 150 OPERATORS ON SEWING MACHINES; EXPERIENCE ON OVERALLS OR KINDRED WORK VALUABLE; STATE EXPERIENCE, AGE, NATIONALITY; AMERICAN PREFERRED. ADDRESS OVERALL MANUFACTURER, J 399 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FOREMAN.—Machine shop foreman wanted, by old established firm, located in Brooklyn, manufacturing technical instruments, a man to take charge of the machine department, consisting of engine lathes and turret lathes, hand and automatic screw machine, milling machine, shapers and some bench work; must be well posted on the operation of the machinery mentioned to produce an satisfactory results; only sober and steady men need apply; no labor trouble; reply, stating age, references, nationality and salary expected. G. A. W., Bush Terminal Post Office, Brooklyn.

INVESTIGATOR, or young attorney, American, in law department of casualty insurance company to investigate and prepare cases for trial. Must be willing to start at moderate salary with chance of advancement. Write fully, giving age, experience, qualifications, salary, etc. B 241 Times Downtown.

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERS.

Firm of industrial engineers wishes to receive applications for prospective employment from men of practical experience in industrial engineering work who are now employed but desire to make a change, also from progressive men employed in manufacturing concerns who are desirous of entering the engineering field. Must be willing to travel. Excellent opportunity for the right men. Apply to C 343 Times Downtown.

ITALIAN SALESMEN, ATTENTION!
WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY FOR ENERGETIC GOOD MAN WITH SELLING ABILITY; VERY BEST REAL ESTATE PROPOSITION WHICH IS OFFERED TODAY IN THIS COUNTRY; SALARY OR COMMISSION; WRITE AT ONCE SO YOU DON'T MISS YOUR CHANCE.
DUNBAR LAND COMPANY,
DUNBAR, W. VA.

JANITOR, (white,) wanted, for institution; must be single, strictly temperate, handy with tools; not over 45 years of age; salary $600 per year, with board, room and washing; will have care of furnace, garden and grounds; must be able to make simple repairs; will have one assistant; A1 references as to character and reliability required. Address Superintendent, 610 Elm St., New Haven, Conn.

JANITOR.—Man and wife for steam-heated flat; small repairs required; three basement rooms and $10 monthly; references. Estate, B 145 Times.

LUBRICATING GREASES.—Wanted, experienced maker of all kinds of lubricating greases; state experience and salary expected. Z 252 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY wanted, one just leaving school preferred; must have good references. C 347 Times Downtown.

PATTERNMAKER, men's athletic underwear. Apply this afternoon, 12 White St. I. Gitenstein.

PHOTO ENGRAVER-SALESMAN. — First-class man with experience; salary based on sales. Apply by letter, The Gill Engraving Company, 140 6th Av.

PORTER and elevator assistant; middle-aged man; American; strong; must have good references; permanent job for right party. Wholesale Shoes, 146 Duane St., N. Y. C.

PRINTING SALESMAN.—One with good connections, for first-class shop, on commission basis; state full particulars in first letter. H 107 Times.

RELIABLE BROKER handle stock shipbuilding company; own timber limits. B 164 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED
To follow most phenomenal advertising campaign ever launched; we give direct leads, training, transportation, and drawing account against commission; must be 25-40 years old and refer to past employers; we are paying $50-$150 per week to good salesmen; sale is conducive to permanency. Encyclopaedia Britannica, 120 West 32d St.

SALESMAN WANTED.
A corporation of many years' standing, with expanding business, must have AI salesman for Eastern territory; will give every possible co-operation, including drawing account, but demand good character, high-class appearance, and genuine salesmanship ability; state age, experience; advancement assured good men. M 116 Times.

SALESMAN.—Well known manufacturing corporation offers permanent position with good future to young man willing to work on specialty proposition; consumer in New York City territory on commission basis, with small drawing account; selling experience unnecessary; state qualifications, age, and experience to receive consideration. J 397 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—A thoroughly competent salesman of sport goods to represent an up-to-date house manufacturing everything to wear in the sport garment line for women; only those having an A1 following need apply; commission basis; confidential. Y 229 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, dress, for Middle West and Pacific Coast; to handle line of serge and silk dresses; only those with good following need apply; salary or commission. R. D., 221 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Opportunity with national financial institution for man with large acquaintance among substantial people; principally commission. Manager, J 366 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to represent Consolidated Exchange firm, to sell dividend paying securities on commission basis; whole or part time. J. E. Levi & Co., 50 Broad St., N. Y.

SALESMAN who can land quantity business for modern stamping, plating, and finishing plant; commission. Apply between 9 and 10, Room 912, 456 4th Av.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, two; permanent positions; straight commission. 111 Broadway, Room 720.

STENOGRAPHER. — Scientific organization desires services of a stenographer who has had some previous office experience; salary, $15. B 180 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, about 18 years, of good address; American; state references and salary expected. B 179 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN in touch with investors who would be interested in oil-producing company; not wildcat or promotion; small amount being offered; commission basis only. B 98 Times.

YOUNG MAN for office assistant in factory; near Passaic; knowledge of stenography desirable; good opportunity to learn business and advance; starting salary $10; state age, education, nationality, experience. J 387 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by export house, with general knowledge of dry goods, to act as assistant buyer; state experience and salary expected. Y 214 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN as mailing clerk by corporation of long standing; opportunity to develop in the business; references will be required. B 150 Times.

$10,000 A YEAR SALESMAN.

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5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

Amount	Appraisal
$2,600	$4,200
4,250	6,500
5,000	7,500
12,500	19,000
20,000	32,000

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
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CAPITAL EXPECTS BRAZIL IN WAR

Declaration of Hostilities Against Germany Regarded as a Question Merely of Days.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—Brazil's entry into the war is regarded here as a question merely of days. Those who have watched South American developments closely believe that the sinking of the steamer Tijuca may provide the incident required to place the more pacific members of the Brazilian Congress in the list of those willing to vote for active hostilities against Germany.

President Braz asked Congress yesterday to revoke the declaration of neutrality, and, if Congress accepts his suggestion, a formal declaration of war probably will follow immediately. Brazil was one of the first South American countries to sever relations with Germany.

The text of the President's message emphasizing Brazil's traditional policy of continental solidarity and friendship for the United States was received by cable today at the State Department, and at the Brazilian Embassy. The Embassy translation follows:

"In my message of the 3d of this month I stated that by decree of April 25, Brazil declared its neutrality in the war between the United States of America and the Government of the German Empire This I did, although the diplomatic and commercial relations with Germany had been suspended under the rule until then admitted and in obedience to the decree of Aug. 4, 1914, that embodies the principles of two conventions signed by Brazil at The Hague and referring to the rights and duties of nations and persons neutral. Only I have not used in that document the expressions commonly employed in similar acts, and simply ordered that the authorities should observe the rules of neutrality until they receive contrary orders.

"The Government could not go further, but the Brazilian nation, through her legislative organ, without warlike intention, but with firmness, may take in consideration the fact that one of the belligerents is an integral part of the American continent, and to that belligerent we are united by a traditional friendship and the same political thought for the defense of vital interests in America and the principles accepted in international law.

"Such has always been the attitude of Brazil in similar cases. The republic maintains itself faithful to its traditions in external politics, and cannot repudiate today the thoughts that inspired the note of protest of the Empire of Brazil on May 15, 1806, when a European fleet bombarded a city in South America. Already at that time we thought that the nations of the continent, whose wealth and population are mostly on their extended and undefended seacoasts, are more interested than others in the maintenance of the dictates of modern civilization that constitute their principal and more efficient protection.

"Accentuating in sum that this policy of continental solidarity is not the policy of the present Government nor of the present régime, but the traditional policy of the Brazilian nation, I submit the matter to the judgment of the National Congress and feel sure that whatever resolution is adopted it will make still firmer the understanding that fortunately exists between Brazil and the United States."

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LIBERAL REWARD.—Lost, Broadway, between 51st-57th, purse with $44, working girl's life savings. 8th floor, 1,764 B'way.

LOST.—Solitaire diamond ring, between 1¼ and 1½ karats; one long diamond dinner ring for little finger, diamonds graduating from centre; one solitaire pearl ring in cup setting with three small diamonds on each side in band; platinum lavalliere with three graduated diamonds in dropped pendant; all tied in lady's handkerchief; liberal reward. Mrs. T. L. Johnson, Jr., 299 Lenox Road, Brooklyn. Flatbush 5055.

LOST—Diamond ring and platinum wedding ring and an amethyst ring on Baltimore & Ohio train from Baltimore to New York last Sunday; finder please return to Mrs. Alfred Atkins, 411 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. Reward.

LOST—Seventeen stone diamond and platinum barpin on way from Hotel Biltmore to Pennsylvania R. R. station in taxi on afternoon of May 21; liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to E. M. Gattle & Co., 630 5th Av.

LOST—During Joffre celebration, pearl and diamond cluster earring, between 50th St. and 5th Av., and the Pennsylvania Station, or on Long Island train; $50 reward. Howard & Co., 14 East 47th.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe pin, May 17, Broadway car or between New York Theatre, Astor Hotel, Stern's, Lafayette Hotel or McAlpin; $75 reward. Johnston, 31 West 63d St. Columbus 2429.

LOST—Gold watch, with silk fob and fraternity pin, initials W. H. J., Hotel Biltmore, Tuesday evening; liberal reward offered; return Lost and Found Dept., Hotel Biltmore.

LOST—Actors' Fund Fair, Monday night, diamond star brooch, 31 stones; liberal reward. Return to Berenice Yernace, 229 West 105th. Riverside 5906.

LOST—Diamond bar pin; opens in centre when pressed at sides; $150 reward; no questions asked. Mrs. S. Goldsmith, 875 Park Av.

LOST—Diamond turquoise brooch, heirloom, 110th St., Lexington to Lenox Avs.; liberal reward. Lewis, 131 West 110th, Apt. 6B.

LOST—Mink collar, on St. Nicholas Av., between 149th and 110th Sts.; reward offered. S. J. Levy, 476 Broadway.

LOST.—About May 20, square platinum ring, diamond in centre and on each of four corners; reward. Y 222 Times Annex.

LOST.—Silver cigarette case, initials, F. A. B., lost on train from Chicago; return 37 Madison Av.; reward.

LOST—Gold ring; coat of arms engraved on it; reward. Address or call Interboro, 317 Fulton St., Jamaica.

LOST—Gold mesh watch fob, cameo locket; $20 reward. Larkin, 319 West 14th.

$10 REWARD.

LOST—Left in rear car of 6:15 P. M. Croton local Grand Central on Saturday, May 19, at Glenwood station, a camera, 3A folding Kodak in case. Return same to Miss E. Higgs, 98 Ravine Av., Yonkers.

$230 REWARD and no questions asked, for return of diamond and sapphire brooch, lost May 21, between 61st St. and Madison Av. and 38th St. and 5th Av. Dreicer & Co., Incorporated, 550 5th Av.

LOST — Solitaire diamond ring, 1½ carats. Return 327 West 86th, receive reward.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Fox terrier, black head; Saturday; clover leaf on back, blind one eye; reward. 118 West 81st. Schuyler 5825.

LINES APPLY FOR 2-CENT TRANSFERS

Shonts Says Company Cannot Pay Dividends Nor Even Full Interest.

B. R. T. REVENUES FALLING

Six-Cent Fare Plan Is Dropped as Roads Unite In Application for More Revenue.

Formal applications for authority to charge 2 cents for first transfers were filed with the Public Service Commission yesterday by all of the companies operating surface railroad lines in Manhattan, Brooklyn, and Queens, with the exception of the Third and Second Avenue lines in this borough. The latter will probably file their applications within the next few days. Reasons for the applications were practically the same, large increases in wages and the cost of material being two of the features.

The application of the New York Railways Company, which operates nearly all of the lines in this borough, was prepared by J. L. Quackenbush, counsel for the company, and was signed by T. P. Shonts, the President. It fixed the value of the whole property at $109,206,000, but the company was willing to accept the valuation of the commission made in October, 1910, $85,801,000, plus $3,199,000 worth of improvements made since that date. On this valuation, the application said, the annual average return for five years ended Dec. 31, 1916, was equivalent only to 4.23 per cent. and added that "such a return is insufficient and unreasonable."

It was further set forth that the company had stock of the par value of $17,495,000 outstanding, while the Guaranty Trust Company held a first real estate and refunding mortgage to secure the issue of thirty-year 4 per cent. gold bonds of the value of $18,069,947, all of which were outstanding. In addition the Farmers Loan and Trust Company held an adjustment mortgage to secure an issue of thirty-year 5 per cent. income gold bonds, of which $30,625,977 were outstanding. Besides these liabilities the company was responsible for outstanding bonds of the value of $9,850,000 and of other liabilities of smaller amounts.

The company said that it had "never paid a dividend on it capital, nor has its income in any calendar year been sufficient to pay the full 5 per cent. interest on the adjustment income bonds." The actual return for the year ended Dec. 31 last, "or true net income from operation," was $2,431,416.98. This total was obtained, it was explained, by deducting from the gross earnings from all sources only operating expenses and taxes, and without deducting the rents paid for leases, interest on funded debt, or other fixed charges.

Could Not Pay Interest.

For the five years ended Dec. 31 last the annual average return, or true net income, from operation, was $3,786,814.64. If the return had been sufficient to permit payment of interest at the full rate of 5 per cent. on the adjustment bonds, in addition to operating expenses and other fixed charges, the company explained, the income would have been $4,433,823.09. And if it had been sufficient to pay also 6 per cent. on the outstanding stock it would have been $5,480,626.60.

The company said that for the nine months ended March 31, 1917, the net income was insufficient to pay any interest on its adjustment income bonds, and was also insufficient to pay the interest due and to become due upon the outstanding first real estate and refunding 4 per cent. mortgage bonds. During the nine months this deficiency amounted to $464,271.44.

The total number of passengers carried by the system for the year ended Dec. 31, 1916, was 325,752,271. Of this number 15,184,304 were revenue passengers, or "those for whose transportation petitioner received some measure of compensation because of joint rate arrangements with other carriers, and 62,466,223 were full transfer passengers." During the four years ended Dec. 31 the annual average total number of passengers carried was 371,266,155. Of these 13,906,081 were revenue transfer passengers and 106,315,339 were "free transfer passengers."

"A charge of 2 cents," the application said, "for the first transfer taken under the existing transfer system, (with the right to subsequent re-transfers without charge, as at present,) would probably furnish sufficient additional revenue to enable the company to meet its fixed interest charges and thereby avoid the disintegration of the consolidated railroad."

The average fare received is said to be 3.53 cents, as against 3.49 cents for the four previous years. The company said it should receive at least 7 per cent. on its investment and an addition of 1 per cent. for surplus and contingencies, and that on the commission's valuation of the property the return should not be less than $7,120,000, or 8 per cent. on $89,000,000.

The application in behalf of the Brooklyn lines was submitted by T. S. Williams, President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. It is slightly different from the others in the matter of displaying a willingness on the part of the company to give transfers for a continuous trip to passengers between their homes and their business, but not for trips across town, a system which was described as an "abuse." By order of the Public Service Commission the company has been compelled to extend its transfer privileges in many directions and a curtailment of these privileges is asked for if authority to charge 2 cents for transfers is denied.

Free Rides Are Blamed.

"During the three fiscal years preceding July 1, 1914," the company's application said, "the average annual increase in passenger revenue of the companies affected was $634,796. During the three years following the average annual increase, (with May and June of the current year estimated,) has been only $119,826, an average yearly decrease in growth of $314,970. The normal addition to population should have produced an increase of revenue of about 6 per cent. a year. The actual increase has been less than 1 per cent."

Figures submitted showed that the number of passengers had increased from 484,365,009 in 1913 to 516,365,587 in 1916, or more than 32,000,000. In 1913 the average fare per passenger was 3.82 cents, and in 1916 it was 3.28 cents.

"The explanation of these adverse results," said the company, "is found, of course, in the vastly increased free rides represented by transfer passengers. In 1913 the number of transfers received was 146,776,547; in 1916 it was 188,175,299, and in 1917 (May and June estimated) it will be at least 173,000,000. Under the present order of the commission transfer passengers are increasing at the rate of over 8,000,000 a year and cash passengers are barely increasing at all."

Lack of increase in paying passengers is attributed in part to the new subways and elevated lines, but the company says that the real reason for the decrease in cash returns is the free transfers. On the entire Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, the application said, wages during the calendar year of 1916 cost $659,000 more than in the previous year, when they were also high; power cost $243,000 more, maintenance $182,390, and taxes $533,082. Important railroad supplies advanced from 26 per cent. to 460 per cent.

Loss in Queens Growing.

The petition of the New York & Queens County Railway Company said that the net investment in road and equipment was $8,427,115. The total operating expense for the year ended June 30, 1916, was $1,435,764, and there was a deficit for the year of $294,570. During the fiscal year 28,373,608 passengers were carried and the total number of transfers collected was 8,064,862, making the average fare per passenger 3.80 cents, which is less than the cost of carrying such passenger. Since the opening of the new Astoria and Corona rapid transit lines the loss to the company has increased.

The petitions will be turned over to William L. Ransom, counsel to the commission, who will outline a method of conducting the necessary investigation. This report will probably be submitted to the commission tomorrow, and the hearings may begin about a week later.

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FIFTH AVENUE AT 32nd STREET

PRINCETON DEGREES FOR ALLIED ENVOYS

University's Commencement Will Be Marked by Features Due to War.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 23.—The Ambassadors and Ministers now representing the allied nations at Washington, as well as Secretary of State Lansing and Herbert C. Hoover, will be present at Princeton's 170th commencement on June 16, to receive honorary degrees and participate in the patriotic demonstration that will be held. The usual commencement festivities will give way, and military enthusiasm will pervade all the exercises. All class reunions will be "dry," and there will be no bands or costumes.

Princeton alumni are hoping that President Wilson may be able to accept the invitation which has been extended to him to attend. The diplomatists who will receive the degree of Doctor of Laws are Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, Ambassador from Great Britain; M. Jean Jules Jusserand, Ambassador from France; Count Vincenzo Macchi di Cellere, Ambassador from Italy; Aimaro Sato, Ambassador from Japan; M. de Cartier de Marchiennes, Minister from Belgium; Viscount de Alte, Minister from Portugal; Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, and Herbert Clark Hoover, Chairman of American Commission for Relief in Belgium.

The degrees will be conferred on the steps of Nassau Hall, the building where the first accredited Minister to the United States, Peter J. Van Berckel from Holland, was received. After the ceremony the guests will proceed to Poe Field, where there will be an exhibition of drilling by the Princeton battalion and flying by the aviation corps. From 5 to 7 P. M. President and Mrs. Hibben will hold a reception at Prospect.

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WORDS LEAD THEM TO JAIL.

Court Refuses Stay to Men Who Objected to War.

Certificates of reasonable doubt, which would release the defendants on bail pending appeal from their convictions, were denied yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum in two "free speech" cases. George L. Gilson, under sentence of six months for distributing pamphlets "calculated to inflame the passions of patriotic persons and provoke breaches of the peace" at a public meeting, was one of the petitioners. The other was Henry Jager, under a three months' sentence for calling Paul Strashun a "perjurer, skunk, and liar," at an open-air discussion of the war.

Harry Weinberger, counsel for the American Free Speech Defense League, appeared for both defendants, and contended that if the sentences were upheld all newspaper editors could be prosecuted for selling pro-war articles to Quakers and pacifists, but the court said that Gilson should not have interfered with a patriotic meeting by giving anti-war pamphlets to those who disagreed with him. Jager's arrest was due to the fact that at a Madison Square meeting he accused Paul Strashun of testifying in court that Jager had called President Wilson a "murderer," whereupon Strashun got up and denied it. Jager then made the remarks for which he was sentenced. Under the court's ruling Gilson and Jager must begin to serve their terms at once, with the likelihood that they will finish their sentences before their cases are reached on appeal.

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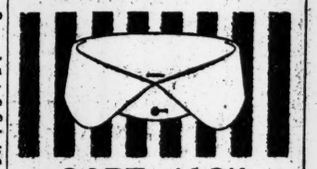
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$5,000.00 increasing to $7,500 for loss of life, sight or limbs, from ordinary accidents.
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$100.00 monthly (*one day to one year*) for loss of time from illness.
$100.00 monthly (*one day to four years*) for loss of time from accidents.
$200.00 monthly (*one day to four years*) for loss of time from travel accidents.
$1000.00 increasing to $1500.00 for loss of life, sight or limbs from ordinary accidents.
$2000.00 increasing to $3000.00 for loss of life, sight or limbs from travel accidents.

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